Project	IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group < <u>http://ieee802.org/16</u> >
Title	Discussion on implementing the energy pulse
Date Submitted	2006-07-10
Source(s)	Wu Xuyong, HuaweiVoice: +86-755-28972327HuaweiFax:Huawei Industrial Base, Bantian, Longgang, Shenzhen 518129 P.R.Cwuxuyong@huawei.com
Re:	80216h-06_016: Second Working Group Review: P802.16h Working Document (2006-06-05)
Abstract	Discuss the changes to be made about the energy pulse in implementation from non- WirelessMAN-CX scheme into WirelessMAN-CX scheme.
Purpose	To show the feasibility of implementation on energy pulse.
Notice	This document has been prepared to assist IEEE 802.16. It is offered as a basis for discussion and is not binding on the contributing individual(s) or organization(s). The material in this document is subject to change in form and content after further study. The contributor(s) reserve(s) the right to add, amend or withdraw material contained herein.
Release	The contributor grants a free, irrevocable license to the IEEE to incorporate material contained in this contribution, and any modifications thereof, in the creation of an IEEE Standards publication; to copyright in the IEEE's name any IEEE Standards publication even though it may include portions of this contribution; and at the IEEE's sole discretion to permit others to reproduce in whole or in part the resulting IEEE Standards publication. The contributor also acknowledges and accepts that this contribution may be made public by IEEE 802.16.
Patent Policy and Procedures	The contributor is familiar with the IEEE 802.16 Patent Policy and Procedures < <u>http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/policy.html</u> >, including the statement "IEEE standards may include the known use of patent(s), including patent applications, provided the IEEE receives assurance from the patent holder or applicant with respect to patents essential for compliance with both mandatory and optional portions of the standard." Early disclosure to the Working Group of patent information that might be relevant to the standard is essential to reduce the possibility for delays in the development process and increase the likelihood that the draft publication will be approved for publication. Please notify the Chair < <u>mailto:chair@wirelessman.org</u> > as early as possible, in written or electronic form, if patented technology (or technology under patent application) might be incorporated into a draft standard being developed within the IEEE 802.16 Working Group. The Chair will disclose this notification via the IEEE 802.16 web site < <u>http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/notices</u> >.

Discussion on implementing the energy pulse

Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.

Overview

Last meeting we've start to discuss the issues in how we can implement the energy pulse approach with current PHY scheme. Considering IEEE802.16 PHY, the most thing we are concern is base band, therefore, in most time when we said PHY, we are talking about base band actually.

This paper are showing the idea that we are not going to make any base band change in implementing the energy pulse mechanism dealing with coexistence interference identification, but to add some function specific for the coexistence purpose into MAC and RF part in current non-WirelessMAN-CX scheme. These changes are not to change any base band scheme.

We have no proposed text in this paper yet, but we can discuss whether we have the necessity to propose some text into the WD or draft.

Reference:

- [1] IEEE 802.16h-06/014: 802.16h License-Exempt Task Group Meeting Minutes (2006-05-31)
- [2] IEEE 802.16h-06/015: Working Document for P802.16h (2006-05-31)
- [3] IEEE 802.16h-06/016: Second Working Group Review: P802.16h Working Document (2006-06-05)
- [4] RECOMMENDATION ITU-R M.1652 (2003)
- [5] DFS Dynamic Frequency Selection Testing Update Cetecom (2005)

In this paper, we are mostly discuss on using time domain energy pulse, just to show the scheme of changes from non-WirelessMAN-CX system to WirelessMAN-CX system. Another assumption in this paper is that we talk about energy pulse mechanism implementation scheme in downlink only, and uplink scheme is very similar and not discussed in this paper.

Firstly, let's see the normal scheme of non-WirelessMAN-CX system. It's can be easily devide into MAC, BB and IF/RF part, as shown in the figure below:

NonCX-BS/SS

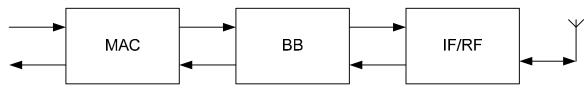


Figure1. non-WirelessMAN-CX system scheme

When we try to implement the WirelessMAN-CX functionality, we may think about enhance some coexistence function into MAC, but only the MAC changes are not enough naturally. The MAC need to control the IF/RF part in order to detect, scan, or even send out some signaling in behavior rather different with non-WirelessMAN-CX systems. For example DFS need the MAC and IF/RF do more than what non-WirelessMAN-CX system, regardless whether to implement energy pulse approach. *The energy pulse method is born with the similarity of aspect with the DFS mechanism*.

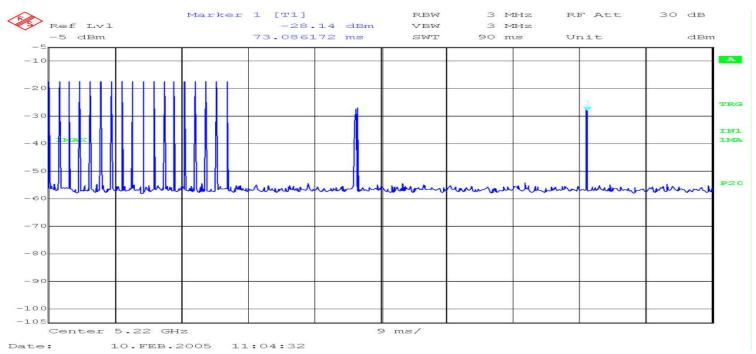


Figure 2-Radar Signal 1, according to EN 301 893 and FCC (Source: Cetecom)

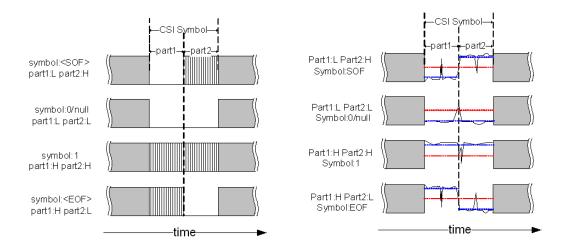


Figure 3 – Energy pulse time domain signal inside current WD

And the difference is energy pulse method inside 16h now makes the energy pulse carry some additional information, this difference does not significantly change the functionality and requirement on the IF/RF part, and say nothing of BB.

The following figure shows the difference between WirelessMAN-CX and Non-WirelessMAN-CX with highlight on the scheme, *And no changes in the base band part was needed accordingly.*

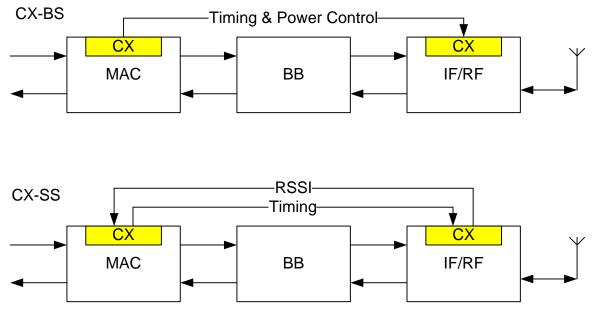


Figure 3. WirelessMAN-CX system scheme

The timing and spectrum parameter spec of the energy pulse are still needed to be consolidated inside 16h task group. Test in real environment may help.