

Project	IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group < http://ieee802.org/16 >	
Title	Discussion on the CTS duration	
Date Submitted	2006-07-10	
Source(s)	Wu Xuyong, Huawei Huawei Industrial Base, Bantian, Longgang, Shenzhen 518129 P.R.C	Voice: +86-755-28972327 Fax: wuxuyong@huawei.com
Re:	80216h-06_016: Second Working Group Review: P802.16h Working Document (2006-06-05)	
Abstract	Discussion on the CTS duration, regarding the QOS and Fairness	
Purpose	Consolidate the WirelessMAN-CX mechanisms.	
Notice	This document has been prepared to assist IEEE 802.16. It is offered as a basis for discussion and is not binding on the contributing individual(s) or organization(s). The material in this document is subject to change in form and content after further study. The contributor(s) reserve(s) the right to add, amend or withdraw material contained herein.	
Release	The contributor grants a free, irrevocable license to the IEEE to incorporate material contained in this contribution, and any modifications thereof, in the creation of an IEEE Standards publication; to copyright in the IEEE's name any IEEE Standards publication even though it may include portions of this contribution; and at the IEEE's sole discretion to permit others to reproduce in whole or in part the resulting IEEE Standards publication. The contributor also acknowledges and accepts that this contribution may be made public by IEEE 802.16.	
Patent Policy and Procedures	The contributor is familiar with the IEEE 802.16 Patent Policy and Procedures < http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/policy.html >, including the statement "IEEE standards may include the known use of patent(s), including patent applications, provided the IEEE receives assurance from the patent holder or applicant with respect to patents essential for compliance with both mandatory and optional portions of the standard." Early disclosure to the Working Group of patent information that might be relevant to the standard is essential to reduce the possibility for delays in the development process and increase the likelihood that the draft publication will be approved for publication. Please notify the Chair < mailto:chair@wirelessman.org > as early as possible, in written or electronic form, if patented technology (or technology under patent application) might be incorporated into a draft standard being developed within the IEEE 802.16 Working Group. The Chair will disclose this notification via the IEEE 802.16 web site < http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/notices >.	

Discussion on the CTS duration

Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.

Overview

There is some discussion in the 16h-CX-OVR ad-hoc about the CTS/CSI/CMI duration, this paper are to discuss some possibility of the issues according to the proposed parameter, regarding the QOS and fairness.

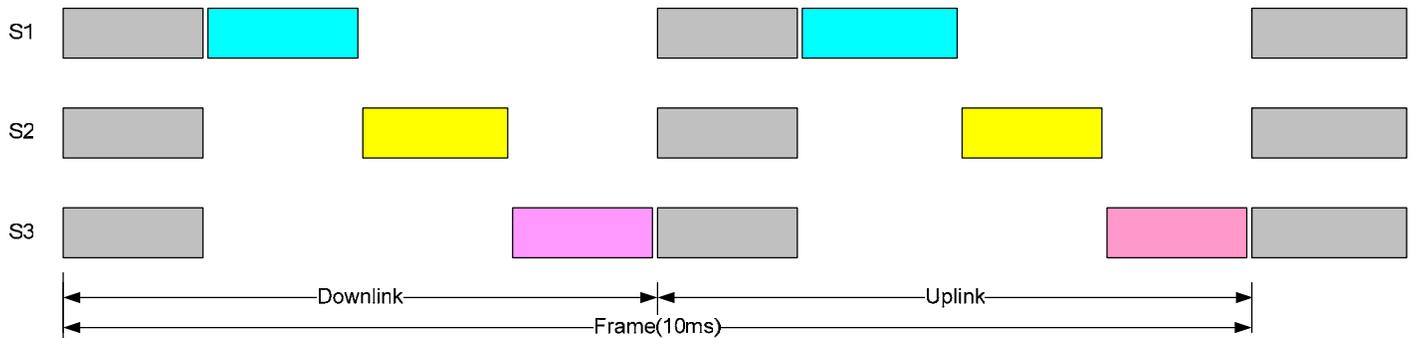
There is no certain conclusion about this topic, just to rise the discussion.

Reference:

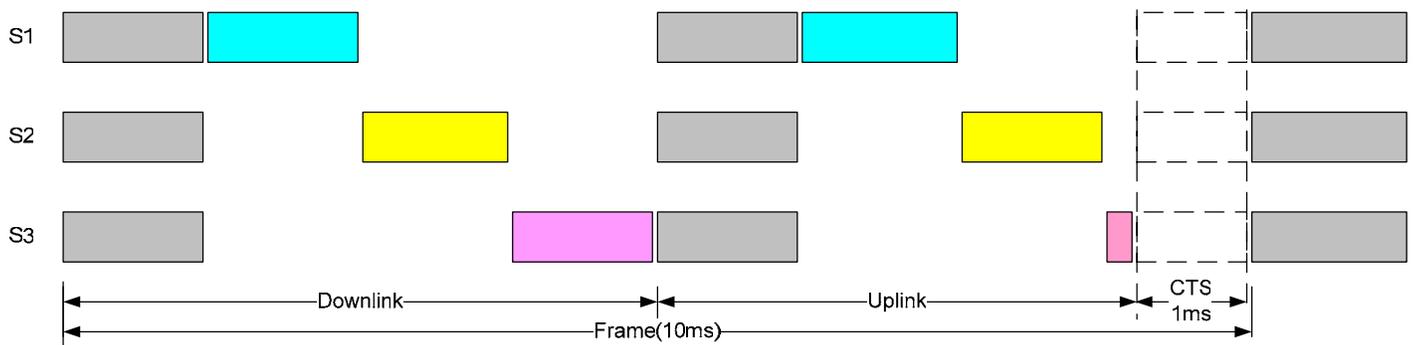
- [1] *IEEE 802.16h-06/014: 802.16h License-Exempt Task Group Meeting Minutes (2006-05-31)*
- [2] *IEEE 802.16h-06/015: Working Document for P802.16h (2006-05-31)*
- [3] *IEEE 802.16h-06/016: Second Working Group Review: P802.16h Working Document (2006-06-05)*

Discussion

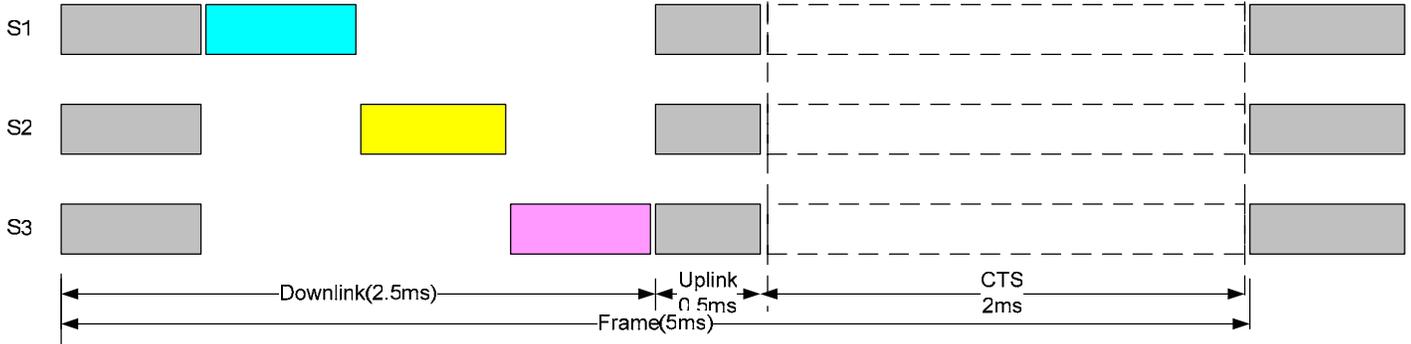
Normal structure of TDD frame containing 3 master subframe (using type 1 inside the working document) is shown below:



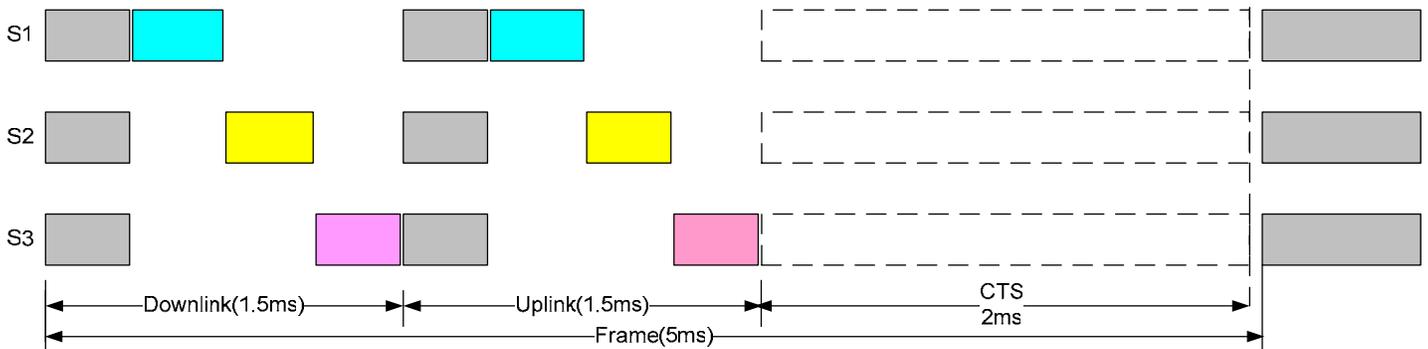
If the CTS/CSI/CMI interval duration is 1ms, and no other changes on the synchronized subframe boundary, the rough structure of the frame containing the CTS/CSI/CMI interval is shown below:



The S3 master subframe in this frame are shortened significantly and may affect the QOS capability of S3 without fairness with other systems. If we consider severer case, using 2ms CTS/CSI/CMI duration inside the 5ms frame. The structure may looks like the following figure:



This scheme hurt more on the performance on QOS and fairness on all the systems involved. One possible solution might be evenly shrink all the subframe to vacate the CTS/CSI/CMI duration. E.g.:



This may solved the fairness issue and part of the QOS capability but still will cause some issue of QOS and implementation.

Conclusion and further discussion needed:

To lower down the QOS and fairness affection, we may:

- 1) Make the coexistence interval shorter,
- 2) Better to evenly decrease the duration of each subframe within the frames containing coexistence interval.

However, the duration of CTS are still in discussion. As a simple calculation, counting on current BS_NURBC message (96bits for IPv4), if the symbol carrying one bit is 10us in width, the message will occupy about 1.2ms by 120 symbols (8 bits for type/length/check each plus the 96bits value), regardless the gap on the boundary of data and CTS/CSI/CMI and the SOF/EOF symbols.

So if the CSI is 1ms, every BS_NURBC message may need no less than 2 ICSI interval, or use 1 ICSI interval of 2ms. The structure inside CSI signaling TLV and CSI frame is shown in 15.3.1.1.2 in C80216h-06_048.