

Project	IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group < http://ieee802.org/16 >	
Title	OA&M Message Requirements for 802.16g	
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Re:	Call for Contributions	
Abstract	Review and adopt suggestion into the 802.16 draft standard	
Purpose	To propose call detail logging from the network to be included as OA&M messages that need to be supported in 802.16g	
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Some general considerations of the network management plane

1. Open interfaces: The AI shall support open interfaces between the base station and any upstream network entities. Any interfaces that may be implemented shall use IETF protocols or 3GPP/3GPP2 standardized as appropriate.
2. Complex networks shall create sufficient data that sophisticated data mining and performance management programs can perform drill down for root cause and further system optimization.

14.2.6.2 User Performance Measurements Support

Mobility creates a dynamic environment for the network that will require constant monitoring and optimization. To accomplish these tasks it is important that the network has a reasonable idea of how mobile stations are performing while moving through the network. Therefore, the air interface shall support the collection of the following metrics so that a network operator can effectively monitor the performance of the 802.16 air interfaces.

CDLs are generally used to answer questions about a specific call that has completed, used to spot large numbers of call failures or short duration calls that are associated with specific equipment and to provide an indication as to why specific types of call failures (e.g. RF Losses) occurred. Performance management statistics provide an overall view of system performance (e.g. number of calls, equipment usage) and aggregate failures so that problem areas can be spotted. Call processing exception reports provide information about failures associated with a specific call. Information from both the CDL and from exception reports may be necessary to diagnose a call. A Call Detail Log (CDL) is generated by the access point (AP) or anchor point if soft handoff is used, when its participation in a call ends with the generation of one of a set of designated call final classes (CFCs). The CDL are sent up to the OMC periodically. These statistics should be made available via PM data forwarding mechanisms as defined by 3GPP (32-series) & 3GPP2 (S.S0028)

Access information

Network details – access serving BS ID

RF details –

first MOB_SCAN-REPORT,

first REP-RSP,

total timing adjustment

Access system time

Device information

Entry type – origination / termination, hard hand-in, cell update

QoS Class – Best Effort, Gaming, VoIP, ...

CC status

Service level prediction

SS ID (mac id?)

IP address

Summary call quality information

Forward /Reverse packet retransmission (error) rate

Forward / Reverse average throughput

Constellation usage

Average latency

Average jitter

RF information

Last REP-RSP

Last MOB_SCAN-REPORT

Last sector information

BS Transmit power

BS Reverse RSSI

Last sector vector -NOTE: not sure what to call this but with smart antennas the location of the user to build a traffic distribution map is very useful.

Direction

Distance

RTT

Call release information

Release system time

Call final class