Moving RS Operation

IEEE 802.16 Presentation Submission Template (Rev. 8.3)

Document Number:

IEEE C802.16j-06/235

Date Submitted:

2006-11-06

Source:

Hang Zhang, G.Q. Wang ,Peiying Zhu, Wen Tong,

David Steer, Gamini Senarath, Derek Yu, Mark Naden Voice: +16137631315

Nortel Fax:

3500 Carling Avenue] E-mail: wentong@nortel.com

Ottawa, Ontario K2H 8E9]

Venue:

Dallas TX, USA

Base Document:

P802.16j Baseline Document (IEEE 802.16j-06/026)

Purpose:

To discuss and adopt the proposal

Notice:

This document has been prepared to assist IEEE 802.16. It is offered as a basis for discussion and is not binding on the contributing individual(s) or organization(s). The material in this document is subject to change in form and content after further study. The contributor(s) reserve(s) the right to add, amend or withdraw material contained herein.

Release:

The contributor grants a free, irrevocable license to the IEEE to incorporate material contained in this contribution, and any modifications thereof, in the creation of an IEEE Standards publication; to copyright in the IEEE's name any IEEE Standards publication even though it may include portions of this contribution; and at the IEEE's sole discretion to permit others to reproduce in whole or in part the resulting IEEE Standards publication. The contributor also acknowledges and accepts that this contribution may be made public by IEEE 802.16.

IEEE 802.16 Patent Policy:

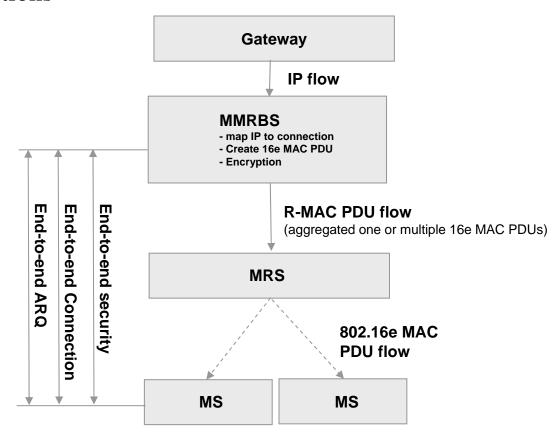
The contributor is familiar with the IEEE 802.16 Patent Policy and Procedures http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/policy.html, including the statement "IEEE standards may include the known use of patent(s), including patent applications, provided the IEEE receives assurance from the patent holder or applicant with respect to patents essential for compliance with both mandatory and optional portions of the standard." Early disclosure to the Working Group of patent information that might be relevant to the standard is essential to reduce the possibility for delays in the development process and increase the likelihood that the draft publication will be approved for publication. Please notify the Chair mailto:chair@wirelessman.org as early as possible, in written or electronic form, if patented technology (or technology under patent application) might be incorporated into a draft standard being developed within the IEEE 802.16 Working Group. The Chair will disclose this notification via the IEEE 802.16 web site http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/notices>.

Introduction

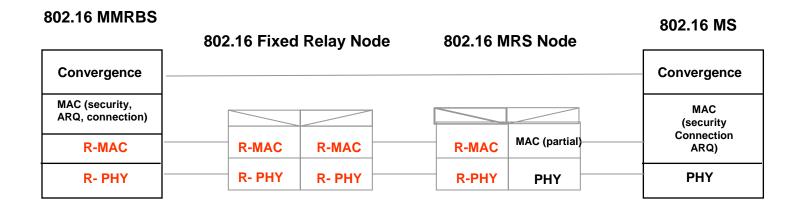
- In this contribution, we propose two modes of a moving RS operation
 - Moving RS (MRS) mode
 - End-to-end connection is established between MMRBS and MS
 - DL data packet of MSs are routed from network to BS and BS map them on MSs' connections
 - RS forwards the packet to MS
 - Moving BS (MBS) mode
 - A MS's connections are established between the MS and its associated moving RS
 - A moving RS's connections are established between the moving RS and its associated MMRBS
 - DL data of a MS, which is associated with a moving RS, is routed to the MRS over the connection between MMRS and the MRS; The data then is mapped to the connection of the MS by MRS

Architecture of MRS Mode

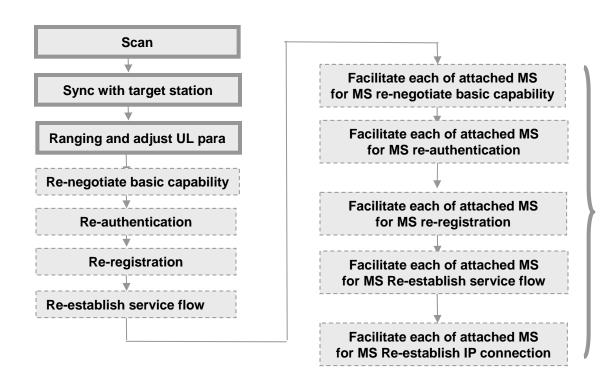
- End-to-end connection is established between MMRBS and MS
- MMRBS (multi-hop mobile relay BS) maps the those service data flows to MSs' connections



Protocol Stack of MRS Mode



HO Operation of MRS) Mode



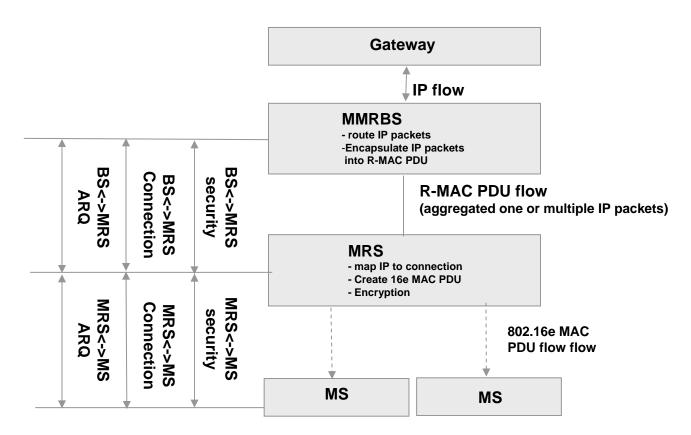
- 1. Could occupy significant bandwidth during a non-optimized HO
- 2. Could cause significant complexity in SFID/CID update

• Highlight

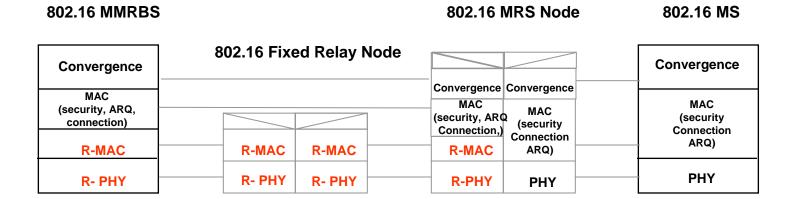
- At each non-optimized HO, a MRS must facilitate each attached MS for renegotiation of basic capability, re-registration and re-establish service flows
- At each of optimized HO
 - SFID/CID change for all MSs attached to a MRS may be required
 - Context (ARQ state, timer, etc) transfer between serving BS and target BS through backhaul is required (for all of MSs attached to a MRS)

Architecture of MBS Mode

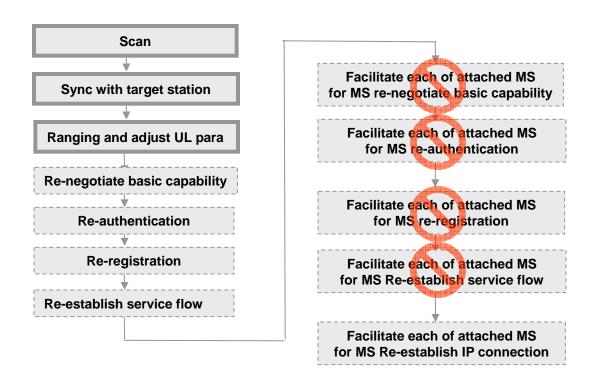
- A transport connection is established between MMRBS and MRS (dedicated for MSs' traffic relaying)
- Connections of MSs are established between MRS and MSs
- All service data flows associated with MSs served by MRS are mapped to the MRS's transport connection
- MRS maps the those service data flows to each of MSs' connection



Protocol Stack of MBS Mode



HO Operation of MBS Mode



- Highlight
 - Procedures of facilitating each attached MS for re-negotiation of basic capability, re-registration and re-establish service flows can be fully avoided. The re-authentication of each of attached MSs may be avoided
- Silent benefits
 - Avoid SFID/CID change for each MS associated with a MRS
 - Avoid context (ARQ state, timer, etc) transfer between serving MMRBS and target MMRBS through backhaul for each MS associated with a MRS

Summary

- We suggest that 802.16j support MRS and MBS modes
- The mode supported can be negotiated during RS network entry