Project IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group <http://ieee802.org/16>

Title Simultaneous Reception and Transmission Support

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Re: IEEE 802.16j-07/007r2: “Call for Technical Comments and Contributions regarding IEEE Project 802.16j”

Abstract The document contains technical proposals for IEEE P802.16j that provides TLV for simultaneous reception and transmission support.

Purpose Text proposal for 802.16j Baseline Document

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Simultaneous Reception and Transmission Support

Introduction

So far, RS’ transmission of preamble and MAPs for MS of access link has been discussed. It is necessary to enhance coverage and improve performance. To do that, RS need to know preamble index and MAPs data. These can be received thru payload. And RS also needs some reference for synchronization, thus R-amble has been introduced. All these were based on an assumption that RS cannot transmit frame start preamble and MAPs while receiving.

But if RS can transmit frame start preamble and MAPs while receiving those, we can have some benefits from it. Then, RS can have three different methods for relaying.

1) Transmitting while receiving: RS transmits its own frame start preamble and MAPs to MS while receiving frame start preamble from BS for synchronization.
   - This method is helpful for RS processing using superordinate’s preamble.
2) Direct relaying: RS just amplifies and forwards received preamble and MAPs to MS.
   - This method is useful for virtual grouping and centralized scheduling.

In considering simultaneous transmission and reception, generally RS would consist of two sets of PA & LNA, which are major components, for each relay link from/to BS and access link from/to MS. But if the common hardware architecture is used, a RS could have only one PA, because only one way transmission exists at a time.

Proposed text changes

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[Insert the followings at section 11.8.3.7.xx]

This field indicates the availability of RS support for simultaneous Tx/Rx.

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+++++ end of text proposal ++++