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Title	Modifications on MR_Code-REP message for transparent RS systems	
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Re:	IEEE 802.16j-07/019: "Call for Technical Comments Regarding IEEE Project 802.16j"	
Abstract	This contribution proposes the modifications of MR_Code-REP message defined in baseline document IEEE 802.16j-06/026r4.	
Purpose	Text proposal for 802.16j Baseline Document.	
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Modifications on MR_Code-REP message for transparent RS systems

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1. Introduction

In an MR system with transparent RSs, the CDMA BR ranging code sent by MS might be received by the MR-BS and multiple RSs near the MS as shown in Figure 1. In order to decide the most appropriate path to communicate with the MS, every transparent RS must report the information of the received CDMA BR ranging code to the MR-BS as long as the CDMA BR ranging code can be decoded successfully. However, the schemes defined in 6.3.6.7.2.1 of the baseline document IEEE 802.16j-06/026r4 are applicable to non-transparent RS only because the MR_Code-REP message does not contain sufficient information. In order to resolve the problem with minimum modifications on the baseline document, we propose to modify the MR_Code-REP message to accommodate the transparent RSs.

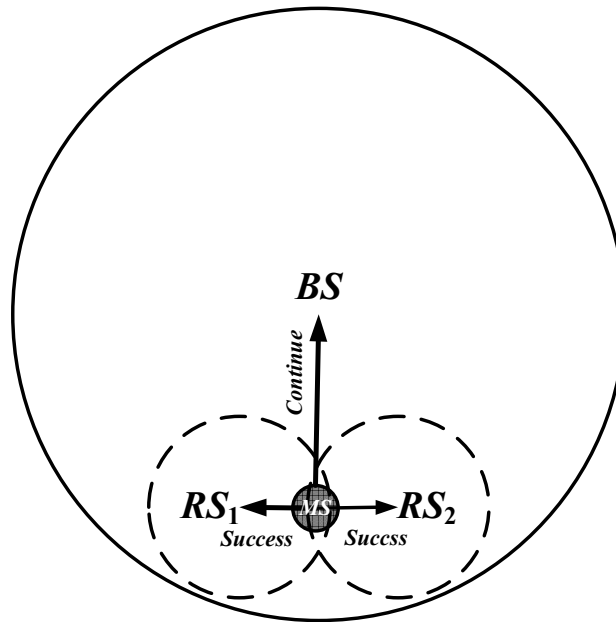


Figure 1 Examples of MR-BS and multiple RSs receiving MS ranging code in transparent RS system

In order to facilitate the incorporation of this proposal into IEEE 802.16j standard, specific changes to the baseline working document IEEE 802.16j-06/026r4 are listed below.

2. Spec Changes

6.3.2.3.64 MR_Code-REP message

[Change the following text in line 42 of page 34 as indicated]

This message is transmitted using the RS's basic CID. ~~See 11.X for MR_CODE_REP_TLV~~

Table 183c—MR eCode report (MR_CODEode-REP) message format

Syntax	Size	Notes
MR_Code- REP_Message_Format() {	-	-
Management Message Type = 69	8	TBA
while(data remain) {		
<u>Frame Number Index</u>	8 bits	<u>LSBs of relevant frame number</u>
<u>Ranging Code</u>	8 bits	<u>Indicates the CDMA Code sent by the MS.</u>
<u>Ranging Symbol</u>	8 bits	<u>Indicates the OFDMA symbol used by the MS.</u>
<u>Ranging subchannel</u>	7 bits	<u>Identifies the Ranging subchannel used by the MS.</u>
If(transparent mode)		<u>MR-BS should identify RS operation mode from the basic CID.</u>
<u>INC TA</u>	1 bit	<u>Timing adjust (0 = absent, 1 = present)</u>
<u>INC PLA</u>	1 bit	<u>Power level adjust (0 = absent, 1 = present)</u>
<u>INC OFA</u>	1 bit	<u>Offset frequency adjust (0 = absent, 1 = present)</u>
<u>Channel Measurement</u>	6 bits	<u>The mean CINR as measured on CDMA ranging code.</u>
If(INC TA = 1) {	=	=
<u>Timing Adjust</u>	32 bits	<u>Tx timing offset adjustment (signed 32-bit).</u>
}	=	=
If(INC PLA = 1) {	=	=
<u>Power Level Adjust</u>	8 bits	<u>Tx Power level adjustment (signed 8-bit, 0.25 dB units).</u>
}	=	=
If(INC OFA = 1) {	=	=
<u>Offset Frequency Adjust</u>	32 bits	<u>Tx frequency offset adjustment (signed 32-bit, Hz units).</u>
}	=	=
} else {	=	=
<u>reserved</u>	1 bit	<u>Shall be zero</u>
}		
}		
MR_CODE_REP_TLVs	Variable	
}		

Channel Measurement

The mean CINR as measured on CDMA ranging code shall be quantized in 1 dB increments, ranging from a minimum of -10 dB (encoded 0x00) to a maximum of 53 dB (encoded 0x3F). (see 8.4.11.3)

Timing Adjust

The amount of time required to adjust MS/RS transmission so the bursts will arrive at the expected time instance at the access station. Units are PHY specific (see 10.3).

Power Level Adjust

Specifies the relative change in transmission power level that the MS/RS is to make in order that transmissions arrive at the access station at the desired power. When subchannelization is employed, the subscriber shall interpret the power offset adjustment as a required change to the transmitted power density.

Offset Frequency Adjust

Specifies the relative change in transmission frequency that the MS/RS is to make in order to better match the access station. (This is fine-frequency adjustment within a channel, not reassignment to a different channel.)

[Delete the following section in page 189 as indicated]

11.23 MR Code Report management message encodings

Name	Type (1 byte)	Length h	Value (Variable length)
Code attributes	TBA	4	Bits 31:22—Used to indicate the OFDM time symbol reference that was used to transmit the ranging code. Bits 21:16—Used to indicate the OFDMA subchannel reference that was used to transmit the ranging code. Bits 15:8—Used to indicate the ranging code index that was sent by the SS or RS. Bits 7:0—The 8 least significant bits of the frame number of the OFDMA frame where the SS sent the ranging code