

Project	IEEE 802.16j Mobile Multihop Relay Task Group	
Title	MPDU Construction adhoc – Minutes of the fourth conference call	
Date	2007-05-04	
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Abstract	<i>Minutes of the fourth conference call of the MPDU Construction adhoc held on April 25 2007.</i>	
Purpose	<i>Information</i>	
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MPDU Construction adhoc: Minutes of the fourth conference call

Jeffrey Z. Tao
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Minutes of the fourth Relay TG MPDU construction adhoc conference call
Wednesday April 25 2007
(13:00 GMT, 7:00 PDT, 8:00 CDT, 9:00 EDT, 21:00 P.R.C/R.O.C, 22:00 Japan)

Chair: Jeffrey (Zhifeng) Tao

Participants:

<i>Kanchei (Ken) Loa</i>	<i>Hang Zhang</i>	<i>Yuefeng Zhou</i>
<i>Chie-Ming Chou</i>	<i>Mike Hart</i>	<i>Haihong Zheng</i>
<i>Yousuf Saifullah</i>	<i>Youn-Tai Lee</i>	<i>Seleznev Sergey</i>
<i>Guoqiang Wang (G. Q.)</i>	<i>Cancan Huang</i>	<i>D. J. Shyy</i>

The meeting was started at 13:00 GMT on April 25 2007 and chaired by Jeffrey Z. Tao. The meeting was primarily focused on the discussion of security implication of certain MPDU format design, and also the resolution of remaining comments.

1. Roll call

Roll call was conducted at the beginning of the adhoc and participants listed above were identified.

2. Contribution discussion

1. Security implication of MPDU design

- a. *K. Loa* reiterated the general concern he had regarding the security implication of MPDU format design.
 - i. Protection of MPDU header for both management and data packet
 - ii. Protection of subheader
 - iii. Protection of the ACK message proposed in 07/285
- b. *J. Tao* noted that the tunnel definition in the current baseline revision 3 does not preclude the possibility of a tunnel-in-tunnel setting. Nevertheless, it is yet to be confirmed whether this is the initial intent of the authors or it's an artifact due to the language presentation.
- c. *K. Loa* explained that more security threat may be imposed, if a CID encapsulation type of format is used, wherein the forwarding is directly based upon the CID contained in the MAC header. He further suggested entertaining the idea of having two levels of security. One is at the individual MPDU level, using 802.16e security feature. The other is at the tunnel header level.
- d. *H. Zhang* further raised the question of whether a RS can be trusted if it has been authenticated and admitted into the network. She suggested that this is essentially a general question related to the security model assumed in the TG, and should be discussed in conjunction with security adhoc or in the TG.
- e. *Y. Saifullah* asked *K. Loa* if the security problem would still arise, if explicit path management method is used. Or the security problem is only for the tunnel mode.
- f. *H. Zhang* argued that *K. Loa*'s concern is valid for every forwarding scheme in the current baseline, regardless of whether it is in the tunnel or non-tunnel mode. In the explicit path management case, even though the routing table is established in a secure way, if the

intermediate RS tampers with the CID in the MAC header, the traffic will still be routed to a different path.

- g. *J. Tao* stated that 07/198r8 will not be affected by any security architecture finally selected by the relay TG, as it only establishes a high level view of MPDU format design without specifying the detailed bit assignment in the "RSV" field.
- h. *K. Loa* stated that his intent is to initiate this discussion and make the floor aware of this potential security issue. He agreed that 09/198r8 is agnostic to the security architecture and thus his support to 09/198r8 does not change. He also noted that 09/198r8 in fact can provide format support to additional security feature, if needed at all.

2. Security issue related to the ACK mechanism proposed in 07/285

- a. *Y. Zhou* restated his concern that same level of security should be assured for both the management message and its associated acknowledgement. However, the proposed ACK header does not contain HMAC/CMAC.
- b. *C. Huang* clarified that the ACK header proposed in 07/285 is an optional feature. Moreover, he provided several examples in the current 802.16e, wherein MAC signaling header is used for acknowledgment purpose. This represents a tradeoff between the bandwidth saving and security.
- c. *M. Hart* commented that it has not been explicitly stated in the current version of 07/285 that it is an optional feature. Moreover, he suggested the authors to further specify in the contribution a signaling/negotiation procedure to enable and disable this optional ACK. Also, it is desirable to have an exhaustive list of those management messages, for which this proposed ACK can be applied.

3. Comments related to 07/267r2

- a. During the last teleconf, no sufficient time was given to the participants to review the updated version of this contribution.
- b. *H. Zheng* provided some comments to the authors on the mailing list after the last teleconf. No final consensus has been built since then regarding this contribution.
- c. The *authors* of 07/267r2 are strongly encouraged to address the comments made by *H. Zheng*.

4. Comments related to 07/256r1

- a. *M. Chion* provided some comments to the authors after the last teleconf on the mailing list.
- b. The contribution has been updated by the authors to address the comments.
- c. The new revision was uploaded to the server before this teleconf.

5. Security issue related to QoS subheader proposed in 07/195r3

- a. *H. Zhang et al.* has split the 07/195r3 into 07/195r4 and 07/309, per the recommendation yielded in the last teleconf.
- b. *H. Zhang* stated that the security concern is applicable not only for this QoS subheader, but also for all other existent or new subheaders in 16j.
- c. *H. Zheng* argued that the security concern is particularly acute for this QoS subheader, as it will be read and used by all the intermediate RSs on the route.
- d. *H. Zheng* further questioned the efficacy and necessity of introducing such a QoS subheader. On one hand, the 8 levels of QoS may not be sufficient for scheduler to make any meaningful decision. On the other, the subheader may incur non-negligible overhead, as it will be carried by each and every MPDU.
- e. *Y. Saifullah* questioned that if the intention of introducing a QoS subheader is to reduce the complexity of scheduler at RS, a centralized scheduling approach may be a desirable alternative.
- f. *H. Zhang* questioned the practical feasibility and efficacy of centralized scheduling for an MMR network with more than 3 hops.

- g. *J. Tao* sought confirmation from *H. Zhang* that the 07/195 is intended for both tunnel and non-tunnel scenario.
- h. *H. Zhang* further clarified that the approach proposed in 07/195r4 can be considered as a special instantiation of tunneling mechanism, wherein only 1 transport tunnel connection is established between an access RS and the BS, instead of one transport tunnel connection per QoS requirement.

3. Action items

- 1. 07/285
 - a. The *authors* will explicitly state in the contribution whether the proposed ACK is optional or not;
 - b. The *authors* will specify in the contribution a signaling/negotiation procedure to enable and disable this ACK, if it is an optional feature;
 - c. It is also desirable to provide an exhaustive list of those management messages in the contribution, to which this proposed ACK can be applied.
- 2. 07/267r2
 - a. The *authors* of 07/267r2 are strongly encouraged to address the comments from *H. Zheng*.
- 3. 07/256r1
 - a. *M. Chion* will review 07/256r1 to assure the comments have been addressed by the authors.

The teleconference was adjourned at 15:10 GMT.