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Source(s)	Kanchei (Ken) Loa, Yi-Hsueh Tsai, Yung-Ting Lee, Hua-Chiang Yin, Shiann-Tsong Sheu, Youn-Tai Lee, Voice: +886-2-27399616 Fax: +886-2-23782328 loa@nmi.iii.org.tw		
	Institute for Information Industry 8F, No. 218, Sec. 2, Dunhua S. Rd., Taipei City 106, Taiwan		
Re:	IEEE 802.16j-07/019: "Call for Technical Comments Regarding IEEE Project 802.16j"		
Abstract	This contribution proposes optional R-MAP message format for transparent RS systems		
Purpose	Text proposal for 802.16j Baseline Document.		
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Optional R-MAP for Transparent RS Systems

Kanchei (Ken) Loa, Yi-Hsueh Tsai, Yung-Ting Lee, Hua-Chiang Yin, Shiann-Tsong Sheu, Youn-Tai Lee Institute for Information Industry (III)

Introduction

In order to reduce the overhead of transparent RS, this contribution proposes the format of optional R-MAP for transparent RS systems. Optional R-MAP is used for a parent station (MR-BS or RS) to signal the resource assignment for transparent RS. In order to facilitate the incorporation of this proposal into IEEE 802.16j standard, specific changes to the baseline working document IEEE 802.16j-06/026r4 are listed below.

Proposed text change

[Add the following subclause 6.3.2.3.91 in line 53 of page 65] 6.3.2.3.91 Optional R-MAP message

This message may be used for a MR-BS or RS to signal the resource assignments and other control information to its subordinated transparent RS(s). The placement of optional R-MAP messages within a frame is same as SUB-DL-UL-MAP shown in Figure 23b. The INC_CID flag shall be reset to 0 in the beginning of optional R-MAP message. Optional R-MAP message presented in Table xxx shall be sent without a generic MAC header.

<u>Table xxx</u>. Optional R-MAP Message Format.

<u>Syntax</u>	Size	<u>Notes</u>
Optional R-MAP message format {	_	
R-MAP indicator	3 bits	Set to 0b111.
RCID_Type	2 bit	0b00 = Normal CID
		0b01 = RCID11
		0b10 = RCID7
		0b11 = RCID3
MAP message length	<u>11 bits</u>	Length of R-MAP in bytes
DL IE count	6 bits	Number of DL IE in the burst.
<u>UL IE count</u>	6 bits	Number of UL IE in the burst.
for $(i = 0; i < DL \text{ IE count}; i++)$		
DL-MAP IE()		
}		
for $(i = 0; i < UL \text{ IE count}; i++)$		
<u>UL-MAP IE()</u>		
}		
While (map data remains)		
R-link specific IE()	<u>variable</u>	see 8.4.5.9
}		
Padding	<u>variable</u>	Padding to reach byte boundary
}		

R-MAP indicator

The value of 0b111 means this message is an optional R-MAP, where the MAP version in HARQ/Sub-MAP/R-MAP Pointer IE (see 8.4.5.3.10) shall be 0b11.

RCID_TYPE

The RCID type used for RCID IEs specified in optional R-MAP IEs that are described in optional R-MAP.

MAP message length

This value specifies the length of the Optional R-MAP message beginning with the byte containing the Optional R-MAP indicator and ending with the last byte of the Optional R-MAP message. The length includes the computed 32-bit CRC value.

DL IE count

The number of DL-MAP IEs.

UL IE count

The number of UL-MAP IEs.

CRC

A CRC-32 value is appended to the end of the R-MAP message. The CRC is computed across all bytes of the message starting with the byte containing the R-MAP indicator through the last byte of the map as specified by the Map message length field. The CRC calculation is the same as that used for standard MAC messages.

8.4.5.3 DL-MAP IE format

[Modified the Table 380 in page 150 as indexes]

Table 380—OFDMA DL-MAP IE format

Table 380—OFDMA DL-MAP IE format			
Syntax	Size	Notes	
DL-MAP_IE() {			
DIUC	4 bits		
if (DIUC == 14 {			
Extended-2 DIUC dependent IE	variable		
} else if (DIUC == 15) {			
Extended DIUC dependent IE	variable	See subclauses following 8.4.5.3.1	
} else {			
if (INC_CID == 1) {		The DL-MAP starts with INC_CID =0. INC_CID is	
		toggled between 0 and 1 by the CID-SWITCH_IE()	
		(8.4.5.3.7)	
If(included in optional R-MAP) {			
<u>N_RCID</u>	4 bits	Number of CIDs assigned for this IE	
for (n=0; n < N_RCID; n++) {			
RCID_IE()	<u>variable</u>	For optional R-MAP, reduced CID format is used	
1			
} else {			
N_CID	8 bits	Number of CIDs assigned for this IE	
for (n=0; n< N_CID; n++) {			
If (included in SUB-DL-UL-MAP) {			
RCID_IE()	variable	For SUB-DL-UL-MAP, reduced CID format is used	
} else {			
CID	16 bits	Represents the assignment of the IE to a broadcast,	
		multicast, or unicast address.	
}			
}			
<u>}</u>			
}			
OFDMA Symbol offset	8 bits		
if (Permutation = $0b11$ and (AMC type is $2x3$			
or 1x6)) {			
Subchannel offset	8 bits		

Boosting	3 bits	000: normal (not boosted); 001: +6dB; 010: -6dB; 011: +9dB; 100: +3dB; 101: -3dB; 110: -9dB; 111: -12dB;
No. OFDMA triple symbol	5 bits	Number of OFDMA symbols is given in multiples of 3 symbols
No. Subchannels	6 bits	
} else {		
Subchannel offset	6 bits	
Boosting	3 bits	000: normal (not boosted); 001: +6dB; 010: -6dB; 011: +9dB; 100: +3dB; 101: -3dB; 110: -9dB; 111: -12dB;
No. OFDMA Symbols	7 bits	
No. Subchannels	6 bits	
Repetition Coding Indication	2 bits	0b00 – No repetition coding 0b01 – Repetition coding of 2 used 0b10 – Repetition coding of 4 used 0b11 – Repetition coding of 6 used
}		

[Modified the subclause 8.4.5.3.10 in page 153 as indexes]

8.4.5.3.10 HARQ-and/Sub-MAP/R-MAP Pointer IE

This IE shall only be used by a BS supporting HARQ for MSs supporting HARQ, or providing optional R-MAP for transparent RS. There shall be at most four HARQ MAP Pointer IEs in the DL-MAP. Table 285 shows the format for the HARQ and/Sub-MAP/R-MAP Pointer IE.

Table 285—HARQ-and/Sub-MAP/R-MAP Pointer IE format

Syntax		Notes
	(bit)	
HARQ-and/Sub-MAP/R-MAP_Pointer_IE() {	_	_
Extended DIUC	4	$HARQ-MAP/R-MAP_Pointer_IE = 0x07$
Length	4	
While (data remains) {	_	_
DIUC	4	Indicates the AMC level of the burst containing a
		HARQ MAP or optional R-MAP message
No. Slots	8	The number of slots allocated for the burst
		containing a HARQ MAP or optional R-MAP
		message
Repetition Coding Indication	2	0b00: No repetition coding
		0b01: Repetition coding of 2 used
		0b10: Repetition coding of 4 used
		0b10: Repetition coding of 6 used
MAP Version	2	0b00: HARQ MAPv1
		0b01: Submap
		0b10: Submap with CID mask included
		0b11: Reserved Optional R-MAP

If (MAP Version $== 0b10$) {		_
Idle users	1	Bursts for idle users included in the submap
Sleep users	1	Bursts for sleep users included in the submap
CID Mask Length	2	0b00: 12 bits
		0b01: 20 bits
		0b10: 36 bits
		0b11: 52 bits
CID mask	N	n = The number of bits of CID mask is determined
		by CID Mask Length. When the MAP message
		pointed by this pointer IE includes any MAP IE for
		an awake mode MS, the bit index corresponding to
		((Basic CID of the MS) MOD n) in this CID Mask
		field shall be set to 1. Otherwise, it may be set to 0.
1	_	
}		_
Reserved		For a byte alignment of IE. Shall be set to zero
}	_	_

DIUC

Indicates the burst profile used for the HARQ MAP/Optional R-MAP message.

No. Slots

The number of OFDMA slots allocated for the burst containing a HARQ MAP or optional R-MAP message. The HARQ MAP <u>Sub-MAP</u> or optional R-MAP message shall directly follows the DL MAP, the number of the slots allocated for the HARQ MAP or optional R-MAP message.

MAP Version

Indicates the version theof HARQ MAP or optional R-MAP.

8.4.5.4 UL-MAP IE format

[Modified the Table 287 in page 154 as indexes]

Table 287—OFDMA UL-MAP IE format

Tuolo 207 Of Divit CE IVIII TE format			
Syntax	Size	Notes	
UL-MAP_IE() {		_	
If(included in optional R-MAP) {	_		
RCID_IE()	<u>variable</u>	For optional R-MAP, reduced CID format is used	
<u>} else {</u>	_		
CID	16 bits		
1	_		
UIUC	4 bits		
if (UIUC == 11) {			
Extended UIUC 2 dependent IE	variable	See 8.4.5.4.4.2	
} else if (UIUC == 12) {			
OFDMA Symbol offset	8 bits	The offset of the OFDMA symbol in which the region starts, the offset value is defined in units of OFDMA symbols and is relevant to the Allocation Start Time field given in the UL-MAP message.	
Subchannel offset	7 bits	The lowest index subchannel used for region, starting from subchannel 0.	
No. OFDMA Symbols	7 bits	The number of OFDMA symbols that are used for the region.	

No. Subchannels	7 bits	The number of subchannels with subsequent indices that are
		used for the region.
Ranging Method	2 bits	0b00: Initial ranging over two symbols
		0b01: Initial ranging over four symbols
		0b10: BR/periodic ranging over one symbol
		0b11: BR/periodic ranging over three symbols
Dedicated ranging indicator	1 bit	0: The OFDMA region and ranging method defined are used
		for the purpose of normal ranging
		1: The OFDMA region and ranging method defined are used
		for the purpose of ranging using dedicated CDMA code and
		transmission opportunities assigned in the MOB_PAG-ADV
		message or in the MOB_SCN-RSP message.
} else if (UIUC == 13) {		_
PAPR_Reduction_and_Safety_Zone_	variable	
Allocation_IE()		
} else if (UIUC == 14) {		_
CDMA_Allocation_IE()	variable	
} else if (UIUC == 15) {		_
Extended UIUC-dependent IE	variable	See subclauses following 8.4.5.4.3
} else if (UIUC == 0) {	—	_
FAST-FEEDBACK_Allocation_IE()	variable	
} else {		
Duration	10 bits	In OFDMA slots (see 8.4.3.1)
Repetition Coding Indication	2 bits	0b00 – No repetition coding
		0b01 – Repetition coding of 2 used
		0b10 – Repetition coding of 4 used
		0b11 – Repetition coding of 6 used
If (AAS or AMC UL Zone) {		AAS/AMC Allocations include absolute slot offset.
Slot offset	12 bits	Offset from start of the AAS or AMC zone for
		this allocation, specified in slots.
}	_	_
}	_	_
}	_	_