

Project	IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group < http://ieee802.org/16 >	
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Re:	IEEE 802.16-08/007: "IEEE 802.16 Working Group Letter Ballot Recirc #28b: Announcement"	
Abstract	This contribution proposes to reedit the paragraphs of subclause 6.3.10.3.1.1	
Purpose	Text proposal for 802.16j Draft Document.	
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Comments on MS network entry via RS group

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Introduction

This contribution proposes to reedit the paragraphs of subclause 6.3.10.3.1.1 since some of the mechanism has been described twice.

In order to facilitate the incorporation of this proposal into IEEE 802.16j standard, specific changes to the draft standard P802.16j/D3 are listed below.

Spec changes

[Modified the following text as indicated:]

6.3.10.3.1.1 MR-BS and RS behavior during contention-based initial ranging

When an SS performs initial ranging in systems with transparent RSs attached to non-transparent RSs that have unique BSIDs, then the MR-BS, superordinate station (a non-transparent RS), and transparent RSs shall perform the following steps:

- The transparent RSs shall monitor the Ranging Channel specified in the UL-MAP broadcasted by the superordinate station, for initial ranging codes. When the RS detects one or more codes in a frame received on the access link, it shall send the codes it receives with sufficient strength and their adjustment information (e.g. time, power, frequency corrections) in an MR Code-REP message on the RS basic CID to the superordinate station.
- When superordinate station first receives a CDMA ranging code directly or via an MR Code-REP message, it shall set the T48 timer and wait for other MR Code-REP messages to arrive with the same ranging code attributes from other subordinate RSs. Once the T48 timer expires, and the adjustments are required, the superordinate station shall request or allocate bandwidth on the access downlink on which to send a RNG-RSP to the SS. When the ranging code requires no further adjustment, the superordinate station shall request or allocate bandwidth on the access uplink on which the SS can transmit a RNG-REQ containing its MAC address by following the procedure in 6.3.6.7.2.1.

When an SS performs initial ranging in systems ~~operating in centralized scheduling mode~~ with some nontransparent RSs sharing BSIDs, then the superordinate station (the MR-BS or a non-transparent RS with unique BSID ~~operating in centralized scheduling mode~~), and the non-transparent RSs sharing BSIDs shall perform the same steps outlined in the previous paragraph but with the following modifications:

- If management messages are relayed on the uplink, the MR-BS shall precede the CDMA_Allocation_IE with an UL_Burst_Receive_IE containing the access RS's basic CID or multicast management CID in the RS_Access-MAP message that is sent to the RSs. The access RSs and the superordinate station shall remove the UL_Burst_Receive_IE when composing the (compressed) UL-MAP which the RSs broadcast. A non-transparent RS, whose CID matches the RS basic CID or the multicast management CID of the UL_Burst_Receive_IE, shall receive the RNG-REQ on a burst specified by the CDMA_Allocation_IE and relay it to the MR-BS on the RS basic CID.
- If adjustments are required, the superordinate station shall transmit the RNG-RSP to the SS directly or to non-transparent RSs with the RS basic CID or the multicast management CID, which shall relay the received RNG-RSP to the MS with the ranging CID.

~~When an SS performs initial ranging in systems with transparent RSs attached to superordinate station as non-~~

~~transparent RS with unique BSID operated in distributed scheduling mode, or when an SS performs initial ranging in systems with non-transparent RSs using shared BSIDs with other access stations, then superordinate station (MR-BS or non-transparent RS in centralized scheduling mode), and those non-transparent RSs with shared BSIDs shall perform the same steps as transparent RSs with the following modifications:~~

- ~~— The non-transparent RS operated in distributed scheduling mode shall perform adjustments directly with the SS with no interaction with the MR-BS. Instead of forwarding a MR_Code REP to the MR-BS, the RS may decide on the most appropriate adjustments.~~
- ~~— When the non-transparent RS operated in distributed scheduling mode receives a ranging code successfully, the communication between the RS and the MR-BS shall follow the procedures defined in this section for initial ranging in systems using non-transparent RSs with unique BSIDs and RSs operating in distributed scheduling mode, with the exception that, if the MAC messages are relayed between the distributed mode RS and the MS/SS, this RS shall provide bandwidth allocations for relaying the MAC messages between itself and the MSs/SS.~~