Proposal for MS handover procedure in an MR network

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Proposal for MS handover procedure in an MR network

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Outline

- Definition
- Handover scenarios
- Cell-based HO

Definition

Transparent RS:

 An RS that does not transmit its own preamble, FCH and MAC management messages on a broadcast connection on the access DL.

Non-transparent RS:

 An RS that transmits its own preamble, FCH and MAC management messages on a broadcast connection on the access DL.

Ref: C80216j-06/290

Virtual Cell (VC) based HO

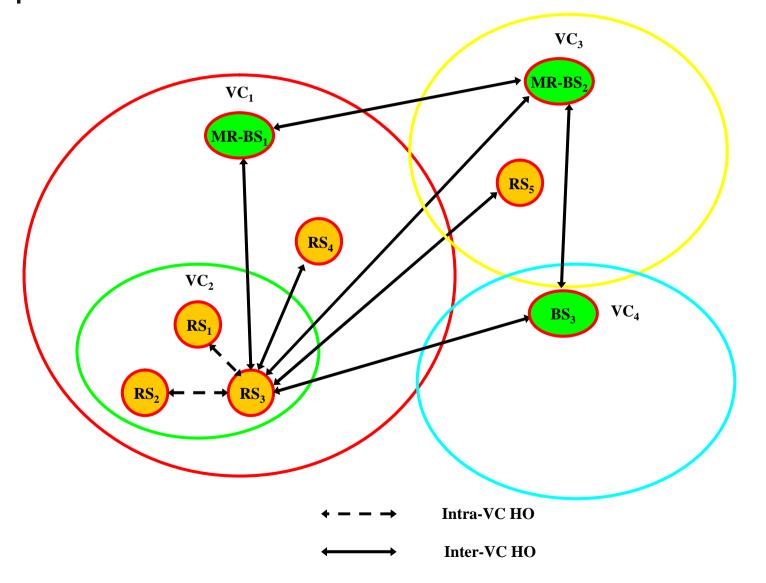
Definition

- virtual cell (VC): one or more stations that share the same frame header. A VC can consist of a MR-BS and its subordinate transparent RSs, or a number of non-transparent RSs, which transmit the same frame header, and their subordinate transparent RSs. Note that RSs belonging to the same VC may not have to transmit data bursts simultaneously.
- VC head: the station that performs the resource allocation for a VC. A VC head is an MR-BS (or a non-transparent RS) if a centralized (or decentralized) resource allocation is adopted for the VC.

Each virtual cell comprise

- An MR-BS with zero or more subordinate transparent RSs or non-transparent RSs (with same header)
- A non-transparent RS with zero or more subordinate transparent RSs or non-transparent RSs (with same header)





VC-based HO

- Two cases of HO
 - Intra-VC HO:
 - access and the target stations belong to the same VC
 - HO is occurred among the stations (MR-BS or RSs) with same frame header (preamble/FCH/ MAP)
 - Inter-VC HO:
 - access and the target stations belong to different VCs
 - HO is occurred among the stations (MR-BSs, BSs, or RSs) with different frame header (preamble/FCH/MAP)

Intra-VC HO and Inter-VC HO should work together

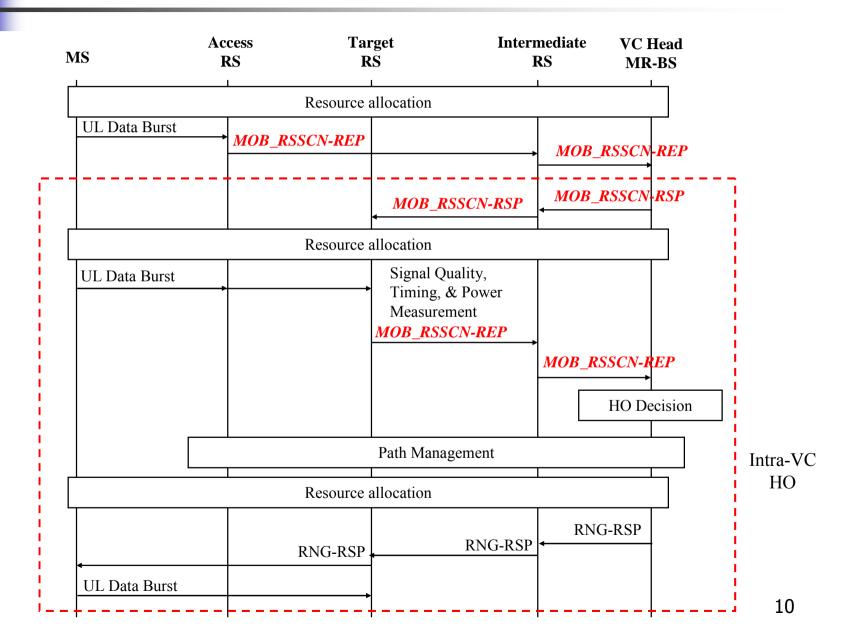


Intra-VC HO

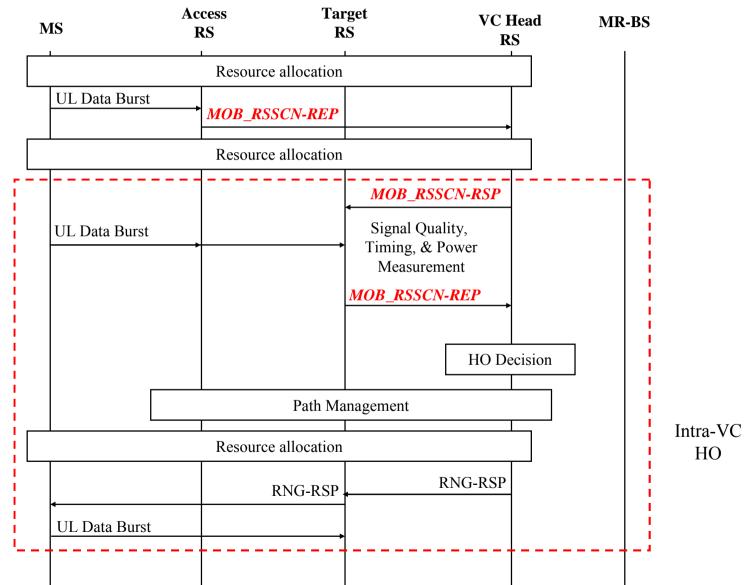
• Intra-VC HO:

- MS is not aware of the HO and HO decision result can be directly achieved by resource allocation.
 - Centralized HO decision if MR-BS is the VC head
 - Decentralized HO decision if RS is the VC head
- Intra-VC HO procedure shall be triggered by the VC head.
 - The VC head may receive access RS the measurement of the MS either by event-triggered or periodically.
- Measurement
 - The VC Head requests the involved RSs to perform measurement
 - Measurement is performed by the involved RSs and is reported via assigned dedicated channels
 - Measurement is done for the data burst

Intra-VC HO (Centralized HO Decision)



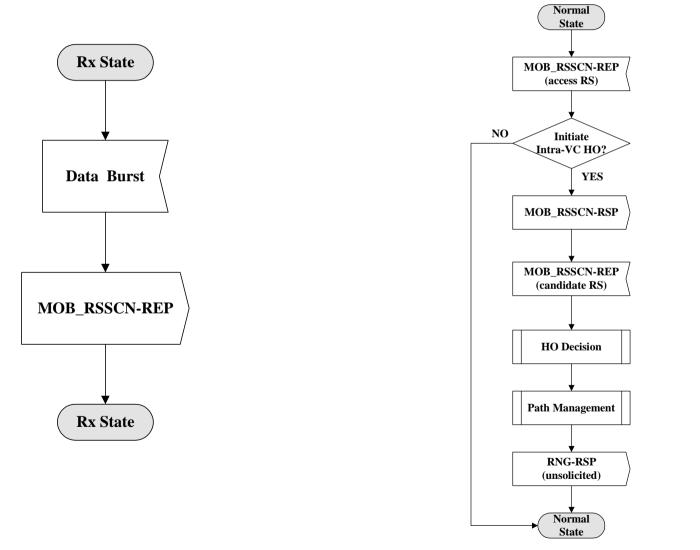
Intra-VC HO (Decentralized HO Decision)



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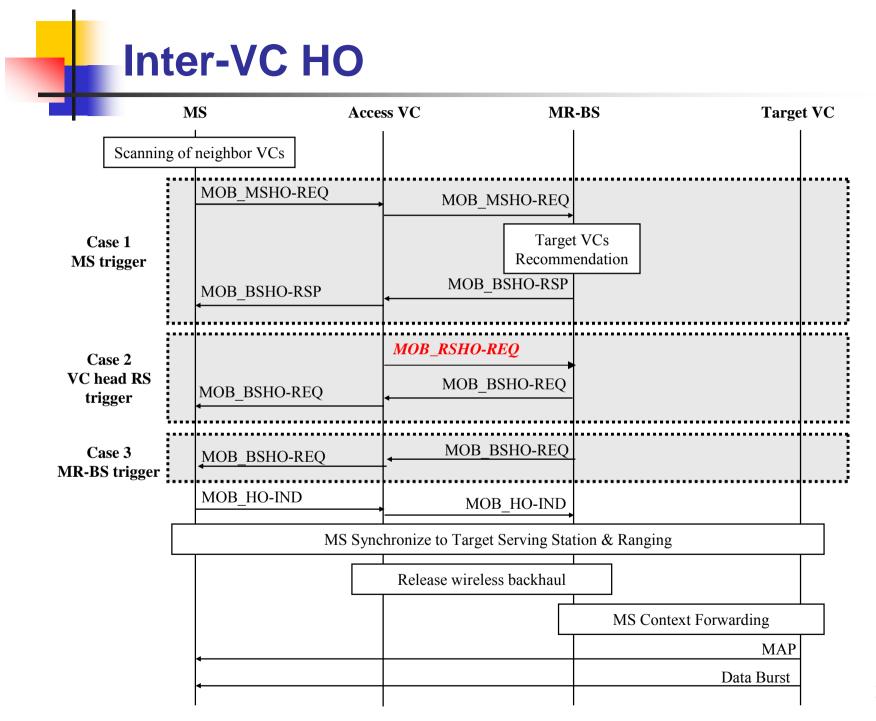
Access RS state flow diagram
VC head state flow diagram



Inter-VC HO

Inter-VC HO:

- Triggered by
 - the MS, or
 - The VC Head RS/MR-BS
- MS is aware of the HO and legacy 802.16e HO procedure is reused.
- Measurement
 - Measurement is performed by MS
 - Measurement is done for the preamble
- The path selection and target access station decision algorithms may be required to establish wireless backhaul links



Summary

Intra-VC HO

- Centralized
 - Resource is centralized controlled by MR-BS.
 - RS scanning is requested by MR-BS.
 - HO decision (or, channel switching) is made by MR-BS
- Decentralized
 - Resource is governed by VC Head RS.
 - RS scanning is requested by VC Head RS.
 - HO decision (or, channel switching) is made by VC Head RS.

Inter-VC HO

- Inter-VC HO may be initiated either at MS, VC head RS, or MR-BS.
- Inter-VC communication can only be supported through MR-BS so that legacy Centralized
 - All RSs are transparent for the HO procedure, i.e., RSs only perform message forwarding.
- Decentralized
 - VC Head RS should be able to decode the MOB_MSHO-REQ sent by MS
 - The HO decision may need to be approved by MR-BS.
 - The complexity and overhead are almost the same as centralized control HO.

Proposal

Proposed HO solution for 802.16j

- Intra-VC HO decision shall be executed at VC head.
 - VC head may be an RS or MR-BS dependent on resource allocation manner.
- Inter-VC HO procedure can reuse the legacy dot16e HO procedure.
 - In some instances, the VC head RS can initiate inter-VC HO.

New message to be defined

- MOB_RSSCN-REP/MOB_RSSCN-RSP
- MOB_RSHO-REQ

MOB_RSSCN-REP

8 bits	
<u>8 bits</u>	Number of CID to be
	reported
<u>16 bits</u>	Basic CID of MS
<u>16 bits</u>	The value shall be
	interpreted as an unsigned
	byte with units of 0.25 dB,
	such that 0x00 is
	interpreted as -103.75
	dBm, an RS shall be able to
	<u>report values in the range –</u>
	<u>103.75 dBm to -40 dBm.</u>
	8 bits 8 bits 16 bits 16 bits

MOB_RSSCN-RSP

MOB RSSCN-RSP Message format(){		
Management Message Type=70	8 bits	
N CID	8 bits	Number of CID to be
	0 0105	scanned
For (j=0; j <n cid;="" j++){<="" td=""><td></td><td><u>scanned</u></td></n>		<u>scanned</u>
	_	
Basic CID	<u>16 bits</u>	Basic CID of MS
	4.1.1	
<u>Scan Frame</u>	<u>4 bits</u>	The data burst of the MS is
		scanned from the frame in
		which this message was
		received at the RS that
		performing scanning. A
		value of zero means that
		scanning is performed in the
		<u>next frame.</u>
Report Frame	<u>4 bits</u>	The scanning result is
		reported from the frame in
		which the scanning is
		performed by the RS. A
		value of zero means that
		MOB_RSSCN-REP is sent
		by the RS in the frame next
		to the scanning frame.
}		<u></u>



MOB_RSHO-REQ_Message_format(){		<u></u>
Management Message Type=71	<u>8 bits</u>	
N_CID	<u>8 bits</u>	Number of CID to be
		triggered inter-VC HO
<u>For (j=0; j<n_cid; j++)<="" u="">{</n_cid;></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>
Basic CID	<u>16 bits</u>	Basic CID of MS
<u>}</u>		<u></u>
<u>}</u>		<u></u>