### [Mobility Management for Mobile Multi-hop Relay Networks]

#### IEEE 802.16 Presentation Submission Template (Rev. 8.3) Document Number: IEEE C802.16mmr-05/003r1 Date Submitted: 2005-09-12 Source: Yu-Ching Hsu, Pai-Feng Tsai, Chang-Lung Hsiao, and Wem-Ho Sheen Voice: 886-3-5914608 CCL/ITRI 886-3-Fax: 5820310 Bldg. 51-501, 195 Sec. 4, Chung Hsing Rd. Chutung, E-mail: YuChing@itri.org.tw HsinChu, Taiwan 310, R.O.C. Venue: IEEE 802.16 Session #39, Taipei, Taiwan. **Base Document:** None. Purpose: This is a response to IEEE 802.16mmr-05/001(call for contributions: IEEE 802.16's Study Group on Mobile Multi-hop Relay) to present a

recommendation on the mobility management mechanism.

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### Network Architecture



## Assumptions

- BS knows location of FRSs and the infrastructure topology
- For MS, FRS acts as BS
- For BS, FRS acts as MS
- Within a *BS Cell*, all CIDs are assigned and managed by BS
  - The CIDs include basic CID, primary CID, secondary CID, and transport CID
- FRS does not assign CIDs to MS

# Information Requirement for Mobility Management

Info. of	MAC	CIDs	Associated	IP address
MS	Address of	assigned to	RS	
Nodes	MS	MS		
BS				
	•	•	•	•
Parent RS				
	•		0	0
Associated				
RS			0	0

# Principles of the Concept for Mobility Management

- BS has to record the associated RS of an MSS
  - A newly defined TLV in RNG-REQ needs to be appended to carry the information of the associated RS when it relays the message toward the BS
- The RSs along the branch from BS to MSS have to record the MAC address and the CIDs of MSSs, so that they can relay MSS' messages
- Intra-BS HO, the CIDs of the MSS have not to be updated
  - The RSs along the old branch have to delete the CIDs of the MSS
  - The RSs along the new branch have to obtain and record the MAC address and CIDs of the MSS
- Inter-BS HO, the CIDs of the MSS have to be updated
  - The RSs along the branch in old BS cell have to delete the CIDs of the MSS
  - The RSs along the branch in new BS cell have to obtain and record the MAC address and new CIDs
- RS does not involve the security procedures
  - AK, TEK are still assigned and managed by BS within a BS cell

## **Example for Ranging Process**



- Conclusion 1: a new TLV should be defined in RNG-REQ to carry the ID of associated FRS
- Conclusion 2: BS1 assigns Basic CID and Primary CID to MS in RNG-RSP
- Conclusion 3: FRS1 sends Timing and Power adjust information to MS1

## Example for Intra-BS Handoff



- Conclusion 1: The value of CID has not to be changed when intra-BS HO occurs
- Conclusion 2: a new MAC management message should be defined to trigger FRS 1 to remove CID 5 from its table (temporarily named RLY\_DEL)
- Conclusion 3: a new MAC management message should be defined to trigger FRS 2 to add CID 5 into its table (temporarily named RLY\_ADD)

## Example for Inter-BS Handoff



- Conclusion 1: The value of CID has to be changed when inter-BS HO occurs
- Conclusion 2: RLY\_DEL could be reused to trigger FRS 2 to remove CID 5 from its table
- Conclusion 3: RLY\_ADD could be reused to trigger FRS 3 to add CID 9 into its table

### Other Issues and Conclusions

- ✓ A new TLV should be defined to be in RNG-REQ message
- ✓ A new message, RLY\_DEL, should be defined to remove leaving CIDs in FRS
- ✓ A new message, RLY\_ADD, should be defined to add coming CIDs in FRS
- ? Should FRS send MOB\_NBR-ADV to notify MS of the neighboring RS and BS?