

Project	IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group < http://ieee802.org/16 >	
Title	Channel models for 30km and 50km range	
Date Submitted	2001-9-6	
Source(s)	Avi Freedman, Hexagon Ltd. Voice: + 972 -3- 5101128 avif@hexagonltd.com Ali S. Sadri, BOPS Inc. Voice: + 1(919) 433-4130 sadri@bops.com Amir Sarajedini, BeamReach Voice: + 1(919) 433-4130 ASarajedini@BeamReachNetworks.com David Trinkwon, Transcomm Voice: trinkwon@compuserve.com Eyal Verbin, Marconi Voice: Eyal.Verbin@marconi.com Ofer Kelman, Marconi Voice: Ofer.Kelman@marconi.com Jun Shen, Aperto Networks Voice: jshen@apertonet.com wendyk@apertonet.com wkcheng@apertonet.com	
	Marianna Goldhammer, Alvarion Voice: mariannag@breezecom.co.il Marc McHenry, Shared Spectrum Co. Voice: +1 703-761-2818 mmchenry@sharedspectrum.com Uzi Padan, InnoWave Wireless Systems Voice: +972 -3- 926 3548 Uzi.Padan@innowave-ws.com Zion Hadad, Runcom Technologies Voice: + 972 - 3- 9258440 zionh@runcom.co.il Yigal Leiba, Runcom Technologies Voice: + 972 -3 - 9258440 yigall@runcom.co.il	
Re:		
Abstract	This document suggests an additional model for TG3, for long range deployments	
Purpose	Add a long-range channel model to the existing SUI models.	
Notice	This document has been prepared to assist IEEE 802.16. It is offered as a basis for discussion and is not binding on the contributing individual(s) or organization(s). The material in this document is subject to change in form and content after further study. The contributor(s) reserve(s) the right to add, amend or withdraw material contained herein.	
Release	The contributor grants a free, irrevocable license to the IEEE to incorporate text contained in this contribution, and any modifications thereof, in the creation of an IEEE Standards publication; to copyright in the IEEE's name any IEEE Standards publication even though it may include portions of this contribution; and at the IEEE's sole discretion to permit others to reproduce in whole or in part the resulting IEEE Standards publication. The contributor also acknowledges and accepts that this contribution may be made public by IEEE 802.16.	

Patent
Policy and
Procedures

The contributor is familiar with the IEEE 802.16 Patent Policy and Procedures (Version 1.0) <<http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/policy.html>>, including the statement “IEEE standards may include the known use of patent(s), including patent applications, if there is technical justification in the opinion of the standards-developing committee and provided the IEEE receives assurance from the patent holder that it will license applicants under reasonable terms and conditions for the purpose of implementing the standard.”

Early disclosure to the Working Group of patent information that might be relevant to the standard is essential to reduce the possibility for delays in the development process and increase the likelihood that the draft publication will be approved for publication. Please notify the Chair <<mailto:r.b.marks@ieee.org>> as early as possible, in written or electronic form, of any patents (granted or under application) that may cover technology that is under consideration by or has been approved by IEEE 802.16. The Chair will disclose this notification via the IEEE 802.16 web site <<http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/notices>>.

Channel models for long range deployment

Introduction

The scenarios for which TG3 channel models, described in [1], were developed refer to cells of 7km size, which are considered to be typical for those types of applications. However, as mentioned in [2] and [3], super-cell configurations are also possible, especially in the initial phase of deployment. For those cases there is a need to define channel models for 30km and 50km size cells. In this document such models, based on an extrapolation of the SUI models [1], are suggested. For details refer to [4].

Extrapolation of the Values

Using the formulas, and methods suggested in [1], the following values for the delay spread, and K – factors should be expected:

$$\tau_{rms}(R) = \tau_{rms}(7km) \left(\frac{R}{7km} \right)^\varepsilon$$

$$K(R) = K(7km) \left(\frac{R}{7km} \right)^\gamma$$

Where R is the maximal cell radius, and ε between 0.5 and 1, and $\gamma = -0.5$. Those formulas also apply to the coefficients of the SUI channel models. As demonstrated in [4], the total reflection area as well as the maximal possible delay decrease as the cell range increases, so we chose the value of ε to be 0.75 for the 30km range and $\varepsilon=0.6$ for 50km range.

Extrapolated Models for 30km cells

The values of the taps delay and the taps K-factor for 30km cells are summarized in the following tables. Those values can be used for long range simulation, using the same procedures used for short range scenarios.

Extrapolated SUI-1 Channel Model - 30km				
	Tap 1	Tap 2	Tap 3	Units
Delay	0	1.19	2.68	μs
Power - Omni Antenna	0	-15	-20	dB
90% K-Factor (omni)	2	0	0	
75% K-Factor (omni)	7	0	0	
Power - 30 Antenna	0	-21	-32	dB
90% K-Factor (30 deg)	7	0	0	
75% K-Factor (30 deg)	26	0	0	

Extrapolated SUI-2 Channel Model- 30km				
	Tap 1	Tap 2	Tap 3	Units
Delay	0	1.2	3.3	μs
Power - Omni Antenna	0	-12	-15	dB
90% K-Factor (omni)	1	0	0	
75% K-Factor (omni)	4	0	0	
Power - 30 Antenna	0	-18	-27	dB
90% K-Factor (30 deg)	4	0	0	
75% K-Factor (30 deg)	13	0	0	

Extrapolated SUI-3 Channel Model- 30km				
	Tap 1	Tap 2	Tap 3	Units
Delay	0	1.2	2.7	μs
Power - Omni Antenna	0	-5	-10	dB
90% K-Factor (omni)	0	0	0	
75% K-Factor (omni)	2	0	0	
Power - 30 Antenna	0	-11	-22	dB
90% K-Factor (30 deg)	1	0	0	
75% K-Factor (30 deg)	5	0	0	

Extrapolated SUI-4 Channel Model- 30km				
	Tap 1	Tap 2	Tap 3	Units
Delay	0	4.5	11.9	μs
Power - Omni Antenna	0	-4	-8	dB
90% K-Factor (omni)	0	0	0	
75% K-Factor (omni)	1	0	0	
Power - 30 Antenna	0	-10	-20	dB
90% K-Factor (30 deg)	1	0	0	
75% K-Factor (30 deg)	2	0	0	

Extrapolated SUI-5 Channel Model- 30km				
	Tap 1	Tap 2	Tap 3	Units
Delay	0	11.9	29.8	μs
Power - Omni Antenna	0	-5	-10	dB
90% K-Factor (omni)	0	0	0	
75% K-Factor (omni)	0	0	0	
50% K-Factor (omni)	1	0	0	
Power - 30 Antenna	0	-11	-22	dB
90% K-Factor (30 deg)	0	0	0	
75% K-Factor (30 deg)	1	0	0	
50% K-Factor (30 deg)	3	0	0	

Extrapolated SUI-6 Channel Model-30km				
	Tap 1	Tap 2	Tap 3	Units
Delay	0	41.7	59.6	ms
Power - Omni Antenna	0	-10	-24	dB
90% K-Factor (omni)	0	0	0	
75% K-Factor (omni)	0	0	0	
50% K-Factor (omni)	1	0	0	
Power - 30 Antenna	0	-16	-36	dB
90% K-Factor (30 deg)	0	0	0	
75% K-Factor (30 deg)	1	0	0	
50% K-Factor (30 deg)	2	0	0	

Extrapolated Models for 50km cells

The values of the taps delay and the taps K-factor for 50km cells are summarized in the following tables.

Extrapolated SUI-1 Channel Model – 50km				
	Tap 1	Tap 2	Tap 3	Units
Delay	0	1.30	2.93	μs
Power - Omni Antenna	0	-15	-20	dB
90% K-Factor (omni)	1	0	0	
75% K-Factor (omni)	5	0	0	
Power - 30 Antenna	0	-21	-32	dB
90% K-Factor (30 deg)	6	0	0	
75% K-Factor (30 deg)	19	0	0	

Extrapolated SUI-2 Channel Model –50km				
	Tap 1	Tap 2	Tap 3	Units
Delay	0	1.30	3.58	μs
Power - Omni Antenna	0	-12	-15	dB
90% K-Factor (omni)	1	0	0	
75% K-Factor (omni)	3	0	0	
Power - 30 Antenna	0	-18	-27	dB
90% K-Factor (30 deg)	3	0	0	
75% K-Factor (30 deg)	10	0	0	

Extrapolated SUI-3 Channel Model-50km				
	Tap 1	Tap 2	Tap 3	Units
Delay	0	1.30	2.93	μs
Power - Omni Antenna	0	-5	-10	dB
90% K-Factor (omni)	0	0	0	
75% K-Factor (omni)	1	0	0	
Power - 30 Antenna	0	-11	-22	dB
90% K-Factor (30 deg)	1	0	0	
75% K-Factor (30 deg)	4	0	0	

Extrapolated SUI-4 Channel Model –50km				
	Tap 1	Tap 2	Tap 3	Units
Delay	0	4.88	13.01	μs
Power - Omni Antenna	0	-4	-8	dB
90% K-Factor (omni)	0	0	0	
75% K-Factor (omni)	0	0	0	
Power - 30 Antenna	0	-10	-20	dB
90% K-Factor (30 deg)	0	0	0	
75% K-Factor (30 deg)	2	0	0	

Extrapolated SUI-5 Channel Model –50km				
	Tap 1	Tap 2	Tap 3	Units
Delay	0	13.01	32.53	μs
Power - Omni Antenna	0	-5	-10	dB
90% K-Factor (omni)	0	0	0	
75% K-Factor (omni)	0	0	0	
50% K-Factor (omni)	1	0	0	
Power - 30 Antenna	0	-11	-22	dB
90% K-Factor (30 deg)	0	0	0	
75% K-Factor (30 deg)	1	0	0	
50% K-Factor (30 deg)	2	0	0	

Extrapolated SUI-6 Channel Model –50km				
	Tap 1	Tap 2	Tap 3	Units
Delay	0	45.55	65.07	ms
Power - Omni Antenna	0	-10	-24	dB
90% K-Factor (omni)	0	0	0	
75% K-Factor (omni)	0	0	0	
50% K-Factor (omni)	0	0	0	
Power - 30 Antenna	0	-16	-36	dB
90% K-Factor (30 deg)	0	0	0	
75% K-Factor (30 deg)	1	0	0	
50% K-Factor (30 deg)	2	0	0	

References

- [1] IEEE 802.16.3c-01/29r2: Channel Models for Fixed Wireless Applications
- [2] IEEE 802.16.3-00/02r4: Functional Requirements for the 802.16.3 Interoperability Standard
- [3] IEEE 802.16.3c-01/50: An Operator's perspective
- [4] IEEE 802.16.3c-01/76 Channel models for long range deployments

