

Project	IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group < http://ieee802.org/16 >	
Title	Text and Equations To Specify The OFDM/OFDMA Signal	
Date Submitted	2002-02-23	
Source(s)	Jerry Krinock Radia Communications, Inc. 275 N. Mathilda, Suite A Sunnyvale, CA 94086 USA	Voice: 408-830-9726 extension 239 Fax: 408-245-0990 mailto:jkrinock@radiacommunications.com
Re:	IEEE 802.16 Working Group, Letter Ballot #4, IEEE P802.16a/D2-2002	
Abstract	In the current draft of IEEE 802.16a, we spend many pages explaining what gets modulated onto the OFDM subcarriers, but we do not explain what is a subcarrier and how it is related to the assigned center frequency. This contribution provides text to correct the situation.	
Purpose	The information should be considered in resolving comments to IEEE P802.16a/D2-2002.	
Notice	This document has been prepared to assist IEEE 802.16. It is offered as a basis for discussion and is not binding on the contributing individual(s) or organization(s). The material in this document is subject to change in form and content after further study. The contributor(s) reserve(s) the right to add, amend or withdraw material contained herein.	
Release	The contributor grants a free, irrevocable license to the IEEE to incorporate material contained in this contribution, and any modifications thereof, in the creation of an IEEE Standards publication; to copyright in the IEEE's name any IEEE Standards publication even though it may include portions of this contribution; and at the IEEE's sole discretion to permit others to reproduce in whole or in part the resulting IEEE Standards publication. The contributor also acknowledges and accepts that this contribution may be made public by IEEE 802.16.	
Patent Policy and Procedures	The contributor is familiar with the IEEE 802.16 Patent Policy and Procedures (Version 1.0) < http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/policy.html >, including the statement "IEEE standards may include the known use of patent(s), including patent applications, if there is technical justification in the opinion of the standards-developing committee and provided the IEEE receives assurance from the patent holder that it will license applicants under reasonable terms and conditions for the purpose of implementing the standard." Early disclosure to the Working Group of patent information that might be relevant to the standard is essential to reduce the possibility for delays in the development process and increase the likelihood that the draft publication will be approved for publication. Please notify the Chair < mailto:r.b.marks@ieee.org > as early as possible, in written or electronic form, of any patents (granted or under application) that may cover technology that is under consideration by or has been approved by IEEE 802.16. The Chair will disclose this notification via the IEEE 802.16 web site < http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/notices >.	

Text and Equations To Specify The OFDM/OFDMA Signal

Jerry Krinock
Radia Communications, Inc.

1. Introduction

In the current draft of IEEE 802.16a, we spend many pages explaining what gets modulated onto the OFDM subcarriers, but we do not explain what is a subcarrier and how it is related to the assigned center frequency. This contribution provides text to correct that situation.

2. Added Clause Explicitly Describing The Transmitted Signal

8.3.5.2.3.3 Transmitted Signal

Equation (1) specifies the transmitted signal voltage to the antenna, as a function of time, during any OFDM symbol.

$$s(t) = \text{Re} \left\{ e^{j2\pi t f_c t} \sum_{\substack{k = -N_{used}/2 \\ k \neq 0}}^{N_{used}/2} a_k \cdot e^{j2\pi k \Delta f (t - T_g)} \right\} \quad (1)$$

where

t = time, elapsed since the beginning of the subject OFDM symbol, with $0 < t < T_S$.

a_k = a complex number; the data to be transmitted on the carrier whose frequency offset index is k , during the subject OFDM symbol. It specifies a point in a QAM constellation.

T_g = guard time

T_S = OFDM symbol duration, including guard time

Δf = carrier frequency spacing

3. Revision of Clause 8.3.5.5.3 Including Table 212

8.3.5.5.3 Parameters of Transmitted Signal

The parameters of the transmitted OFDM signal, transmitted as in 8.3.5.2.3.3, are given in Table 1.

Table 1 – Parameters of Transmitted OFDM Signal

Parameter	Value
N_{FFT}	256
N_{used}	200
$F_S/(BW)$	7/6
Number of Lower-Frequency Guard Carriers	27
Number of Higher-Frequency Guard Carriers	28
Frequency Offset Indices of Guard Carriers	-128, -127, ..., -101, +101, +102, ..., +127
Frequency Offset Indices of BasicConstantLocationPilots	-84,-60,-36,-12,12,36,60,84

4. Addition to clause 8.3.5.6.3

In the sequel, carriers are identified by a carrier index; however in order to construct the OFDMA signal as in 8.3.5.2.3.3 the frequency offset index is required. The frequency offset index of a particular carrier is specified terms of its carrier index by equation (2).

$$k_{foi} = \begin{cases} k_{ci} - N_{used}/2, & k_{ci} < N_{used}/2 \\ k_{ci} - N_{used}/2 + 1, & k_{ci} \geq N_{used}/2 \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

where

k_{foi} = frequency offset index

k_{ci} = carrier index

N_{used} = number of used carriers