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Re:	RE: 802.16d-02/01	
Abstract	□	
Purpose	To aid TGC in the development of a TSS&TP document	
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### 0.0.0.1 Packet CS rows for Table 1

Packet:CS		PCS					
	Packet:CS usage	PCU	X				
	Classification	CLS	X	X	X		
	Classifier:DSx Signaling	CDS	X			X	X
	Payload header suppression	PHS	X	X		X	

## Packet CS TPs for the SS

### 0.0.0.2 Packet CS usage

Tests for verifying that packets are encapsulated correctly by the Packet CS implementation.

#### 0.0.0.2.1 Capabilities

**Table 1 – Packet CS usage, Capabilities**

TP/SS/PCS/PCU/CA-000	<p>Reference.</p> <p>Initial condition. SS has completed DSA transaction assigning the connection with CID=i to use the IPv4 CS. No PHS. All incoming packets classified to CID=i.</p> <p>Stimulus. SS receives IPv4 packets on its external interface. SS is granted enough bandwidth to transmit packet without fragmentation.</p> <p>Expected behavior. SS sends MAC PDU containing the PHSI field (=0) prepended by the CS followed by the IPv4 packet on CID=i.</p>
TP/SS/PCS/PCU/CA-001	<p>Reference.</p> <p>Initial condition. SS has completed DSA transaction assigning the connection with CID=i to use the IPv6 CS. No PHS. All incoming packets classified to CID=i.</p> <p>Stimulus. SS receives IPv6 packets on its external interface. SS is granted enough bandwidth to transmit packet without fragmentation.</p> <p>Expected behavior. SS sends MAC PDU containing the PHSI field (=0) prepended by the CS followed by the IPv6 packet on CID=i.</p>
TP/SS/PCS/PCU/CA-002	<p>Reference.</p> <p>Initial condition. SS has completed DSA transaction assigning the connection with CID=i to use the Ethernet CS. No PHS. All incoming packets classified to CID=i.</p> <p>Stimulus. SS receives Ethernet packets on its external interface. SS is granted enough bandwidth to transmit packet without fragmentation.</p> <p>Expected behavior. SS sends MAC PDU containing the PHSI field (=0) prepended by the CS followed by the Ethernet packet on CID=i.</p>

**Table 1 – Packet CS usage, Capabilities (Continued)**

<p>TP/SS/PCS/PCU/CA-003</p>	<p>Reference. Initial condition. SS has completed DSA transaction assigning the connection with CID=i to use the Ethernet with VLAN tagging CS. No PHS. All incoming packets classified to CID=i. Stimulus. SS receives VLAN tagged Ethernet packets on its external interface. SS is granted enough bandwidth to transmit packet without fragmentation. Expected behavior. SS sends MAC PDU containing the PHSI field (=0) prepended by the CS followed by the VLAN tagged Ethernet packet on CID=i.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/PCU/CA-004</p>	<p>Reference. Initial condition. SS has completed DSA transaction assigning the connection with CID=i to use the IPv4 over Ethernet CS. No PHS. All incoming packets classified to CID=i. Stimulus. SS receives Ethernet packets on its external interface. SS is granted enough bandwidth to transmit packet without fragmentation. Expected behavior. SS sends MAC PDU containing the PHSI field (=0) prepended by the CS followed by the Ethernet packet on CID=i.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/PCU/CA-005</p>	<p>Reference. Initial condition. SS has completed DSA transaction assigning the connection with CID=i to use the IPv6 over Ethernet CS. No PHS. All incoming packets classified to CID=i. Stimulus. SS receives Ethernet packets on its external interface. SS is granted enough bandwidth to transmit packet without fragmentation. Expected behavior. SS sends MAC PDU containing the PHSI field (=0) prepended by the CS followed by the Ethernet packet on CID=i.</p>

**0.0.0.2.2 Valid Behavior**

No valid behavior test purposes currently defined.

**0.0.0.2.3 Invalid Behavior**

No invalid behavior test purposes currently defined.

**0.0.0.2.4 Inopportune Behavior**

No inopportune behavior test purposes currently defined.

**0.0.0.2.5 Timer**

No timer tests are currently defined.

**0.0.0.2.6 Message Formats**

There are no MAC management messages involved in these tests.

### 0.0.0.3 Classification

#### 0.0.0.3.1 Capabilities

**Table 2 – Classification, capabilities**

<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/CA-000</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has completed DSA transaction assigning the □ connections with CID=i and CID=j to use the IPv4 CS. □ No PHS. □ Non-□ overlapping classifiers defined for CID=i and CID=j with equal priority.  Stimulus. IUT receives IP packets □ destined for either connection with CID=i or CID=j on its external □ interface.  Expected behavior. Packets matching classifier for CID=i are transmitted □ on CID=i and packets matching classifier for CID=j are transmitted on □ CID=j. □  Note: Test with different classifiers. Test all supported IPv4 classification □ parameters.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/CA-001</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has completed DSA transaction assigning the □ connections with CID=i and CID=j to use the IPv6 CS. □ No PHS. □ Non-□ overlapping classifiers defined for CID=i and CID=j with equal priority.  Stimulus. IUT receives IP packets □ destined for either connection with CID=i or CID=j on its external □ interface.  Expected behavior. Packets matching classifier for CID=i are transmitted □ on CID=i and packets matching classifier for CID=j are transmitted on □ CID=j. □  Note: Test with different classifiers. Test all supported IPv6 classification □ parameters.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/CA-002</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has completed DSA transaction assigning the □ connections with CID=i and CID=j to use the Ethernet CS. □ No PHS. □ Non-□ overlapping classifiers defined for CID=i and CID=j with equal □ priority.  Stimulus. IUT receives Ethernet packets □ destined for either connection □ with CID=i or CID=j on its external □ interface.  Expected behavior. Packets matching classifier for CID=i are transmitted □ on CID=i and packets matching classifier for CID=j are transmitted on □ CID=j. □  Note: Test with different classifiers. Test all supported Ethernet □ classification parameters.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/CA-003</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has completed DSA transaction assigning the □ connections with CID=i and CID=j to use the VLAN CS. □ No PHS. □ Non-□ overlapping classifiers defined for CID=i and CID=j with equal priority.  Stimulus. IUT receives VLAN packets □ destined for either connection with CID=i or CID=j on its external □ interface.  Expected behavior. Packets matching classifier for CID=i are transmitted □ on CID=i and packets matching classifier for CID=j are transmitted on □ CID=j. □  Note: Test with different classifiers. Test all supported Ethernet and VLAN □ classification parameters.</p>

**Table 2 – Classification, capabilities (Continued)**

<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/CA-004</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has completed DSA transaction assigning the □ connections with CID=i and CID=j to use the IPv4 over Ethernet CS. □ No PHS. □ Non-overlapping classifiers defined for CID=i and CID=j with equal priority.  Stimulus. IUT receives Ethernet packets □ carrying IPv4 destined for □ either connection with CID=i or CID=j on its external interface.  Expected behavior. Packets matching classifier for CID=i are transmitted □ on CID=i and packets matching classifier for CID=j are transmitted on □ CID=j. □  Note: Test with different classifiers. Test all supported Ethernet and IPv4 □ classification parameters.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/CA-005</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has completed DSA transaction assigning the □ connections with CID=i and CID=j to use the IPv6 over Ethernet CS. □ No PHS. □ Non-overlapping classifiers defined for CID=i and CID=j with equal priority.  Stimulus. IUT receives Ethernet packets □ carrying IPv4 destined for □ either connection with CID=i or CID=j on its external interface.  Expected behavior. Packets matching classifier for CID=i are transmitted □ on CID=i and packets matching classifier for CID=j are transmitted on □ CID=j. □  Note: Test with different classifiers. Test all supported Ethernet and IPv6 □ classification parameters.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/CA-006</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has completed DSA transaction assigning the □ connections with CID=i and CID=j to use the IPv4 over VLAN CS. □ No PHS. □ Non-overlapping classifiers defined for CID=i and CID=j with equal priority.  Stimulus. IUT receives Ethernet packets □ carrying IPv4 destined for □ either connection with CID=i or CID=j on its external interface.  Expected behavior. Packets matching classifier for CID=i are transmitted □ on CID=i and packets matching classifier for CID=j are transmitted on □ CID=j. □  Note: Test with different classifiers. Test all supported Ethernet, VLAN and □ IPv4 classification parameters.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/CA-007</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has completed DSA transaction assigning the □ connections with CID=i and CID=j to use the IPv6 over VLAN CS. □ No PHS. □ Non-overlapping classifiers defined for CID=i and CID=j with equal priority.  Stimulus. IUT receives Ethernet packets □ carrying IPv4 destined for □ either connection with CID=i or CID=j on its external interface.  Expected behavior. Packets matching classifier for CID=i are transmitted □ on CID=i and packets matching classifier for CID=j are transmitted on □ CID=j. □  Note: Test with different classifiers. Test all supported Ethernet, VLAN and □ IPv6 classification parameters.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/CA-008</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has completed DSA transaction assigning the □ connections with CID=i and CID=j to use the IPv4 CS. □ No PHS. □ Overlapping classifiers, Ci and Cj, defined for CID=i and CID=j with □ differing priority.  Stimulus. IUT receives IP packets □ matching classifiers Ci, Cj and (Ci AND Cj) on its external interface. □  Expected behavior. Packets matching classifier Ci but not Cj are □ transmitted on CID=i. Packets matching classifier Cj but not Ci are □ transmitted on CID=j. Packets matching both Ci and Cj are transported on □ the connection associated with the higher priority classifier. □  Note: Test with different classifiers with different priorities. Test all □ supported IPv4 classification parameters.</p>

**Table 2 – Classification, capabilities (Continued)**

<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/CA-009</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has completed DSA transaction assigning the □ connections with CID=i and CID=j to use the IPv6 CS. □ No PHS. □  Overlapping classifiers, Ci and Cj, defined for CID=i and CID=j with □ differing priority  Stimulus. IUT receives IP packets □ matching classifiers Ci, Cj and (Ci AND Cj) on its external interface. □  Expected behavior. Packets matching classifier Ci but not Cj are □ transmitted on CID=i. Packets matching classifier Cj but not Ci are □ transmitted on CID=j. Packets matching both Ci and Cj are transported on □ the connection associated with the higher priority classifier. □  Note: Test with different classifiers with different priorities. Test all □ supported IPv6 classification parameters.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/CA-010</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has completed DSA transaction assigning the □ connections with CID=i and CID=j to use the Ethernet CS. □ No PHS. □  Overlapping classifiers, Ci and Cj, defined for CID=i and CID=j with □ differing priority  Stimulus. IUT receives Ethernet packets □ matching classifiers Ci, Cj and □ (Ci AND Cj) on its external interface. □  Expected behavior. Packets matching classifier Ci but not Cj are □ transmitted on CID=i. Packets matching classifier Cj but not Ci are □ transmitted on CID=j. Packets matching both Ci and Cj are transported on □ the connection associated with the higher priority classifier. □  Note: Test with different classifiers with different priorities. Test all □ supported Ethernet classification parameters.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/CA-011</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has completed DSA transaction assigning the □ connections with CID=i and CID=j to use the VLAN CS. □ No PHS. □  Overlapping classifiers, Ci and Cj, defined for CID=i and CID=j with □ differing priority  Stimulus. IUT receives VLAN tagged Ethernet packets □ matching classifiers Ci, Cj and (Ci AND Cj) on its external interface. □  Expected behavior. Packets matching classifier Ci but not Cj are □ transmitted on CID=i. Packets matching classifier Cj but not Ci are □ transmitted on CID=j. Packets matching both Ci and Cj are transported on □ the connection associated with the higher priority classifier. □  Note: Test with different classifiers with different priorities. Test all □ supported Ethernet and VLAN classification parameters.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/CA-012</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has completed DSA transaction assigning the □ connections with CID=i and CID=j to use the IPv4 over Ethernet CS. □ No PHS. □  Overlapping classifiers, Ci and Cj, defined for CID=i and CID=j with □ differing priority  Stimulus. IUT receives □ packets □ matching classifiers Ci, Cj and (Ci AND Cj) on its external interface. □  Expected behavior. Packets matching classifier Ci but not Cj are □ transmitted on CID=i. Packets matching classifier Cj but not Ci are □ transmitted on CID=j. Packets matching both Ci and Cj are transported on □ the connection associated with the higher priority classifier. □  Note: Test with different classifiers with different priorities. Test all □ supported Ethernet and IPv4 classification parameters.</p>

**Table 2 – Classification, capabilities (Continued)**

<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/CA-013</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. □UT has completed DSA transaction assigning the □ connections with CID=i and CID=j to use the IPv6 over Ethernet CS. □No □ PHS. □Overlapping classifiers, Ci and Cj, defined for CID=i and CID=j with differing priority  Stimulus. □UT receives packets □matching classifiers Ci, Cj and (Ci AND □ Cj) on its external interface. □  Expected behavior. □Packets matching classifier Ci but not Cj are □ transmitted on CID=i. □Packets matching classifier Cj but not Ci are □ transmitted on CID=j. □Packets matching both Ci and Cj are transported on □ the connection associated with the higher priority classifier. □  Note: □Test with different classifiers with different priorities. □Test all □ supported Ethernet and IPv6 classification parameters.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/CA-014</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. □UT has completed DSA transaction assigning the □ connections with CID=i and CID=j to use the IPv4 over VLAN CS. □No □ PHS. □Overlapping classifiers, Ci and Cj, defined for CID=i and CID=j with differing priority  Stimulus. □UT receives packets □matching classifiers Ci, Cj and (Ci AND □ Cj) on its external interface. □  Expected behavior. □Packets matching classifier Ci but not Cj are □ transmitted on CID=i. □Packets matching classifier Cj but not Ci are □ transmitted on CID=j. □Packets matching both Ci and Cj are transported on □ the connection associated with the higher priority classifier. □  Note: □Test with different classifiers with different priorities. □Test all □ supported Ethernet, VLAN and IPv4 classification parameters.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/CA-015</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. □UT has completed DSA transaction assigning the □ connections with CID=i and CID=j to use the IPv6 over VLAN CS. □No □ PHS. □Overlapping classifiers, Ci and Cj, defined for CID=i and CID=j with differing priority  Stimulus. □UT receives packets □matching classifiers Ci, Cj and (Ci AND □ Cj) on its external interface. □  Expected behavior. □Packets matching classifier Ci but not Cj are □ transmitted on CID=i. □Packets matching classifier Cj but not Ci are □ transmitted on CID=j. □Packets matching both Ci and Cj are transported on □ the connection associated with the higher priority classifier. □  Note: □Test with different classifiers with different priorities. □Test all □ supported Ethernet, VLAN and IPv6 classification parameters.</p>

**0.0.0.3.2 Valid behavior**

**Table 3 – Classification, Valid Behavior**

<p>TP/SS/PCS/CLS/BV-000</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. □UT has completed DSA transaction assigning the at least □ one connection to use one of the packet CS. □No PHS. □At least one non- □ overlapping classifier defined for this connection. □No other user □ connections or classifiers defined.  Stimulus. □UT receives packets that don't match any existing classifier on □ its external interface.  Expected behavior. □Packets are discarded.  Note: □Test with different classifiers. □Test all supported classification □ parameters and supported CSs.</p>
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### 0.0.0.3.3 Invalid behavior

**Table 4 – Classification, Invalid Behavior**

TP/SS/PCS/CLS/BI-000	<p>Reference. □</p> <p>Initial condition. IUT has completed DSA transaction assigning the at least □ one connection to use one of the packet CS. □</p> <p>Stimulus. IUT receives invalid packets on its external interface.</p> <p>Expected behavior. Packets are discarded.</p> <p>Note: Test for the different flavors of the Packet CS.</p>
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### 0.0.0.3.4 Inopportune behavior

No tests for inopportune behavior have currently been identified.

### 0.0.0.3.5 Timer

No timer tests are currently defined.

### 0.0.0.3.6 Message Format

There are no MAC management messages involved in the Classification tests.

## 0.0.0.4 Classifier DSx signaling

### 0.0.0.4.1 Capabilities

**Table 5 – Classifier DSx signaling, Capabilities**

TP/SS/PCS/CDS/CA-000	<p>Reference. □</p> <p>Initial condition. IUT has transmitted TFTP-CPLT to BS. The number of classifiers established in IUT <math>\leq</math> Maximum Number of Classifiers reported in the SBC-RSP.</p> <p>Stimulus. IUT receives DSA-REQ establishing a bi-directional connection for a packet service and associating a valid classifier with the connection</p> <p>Expected behavior. IUT sends DSA-RSP and □</p> <p>Note: Test for the different flavors of the Packet CS.</p>
TP/SS/PCS/CDS/CA-001	<p>Reference. □</p> <p>Initial condition. IUT has transmitted TFTP-CPLT to BS. IUT has an active connection with classifiers. The number of classifiers <math>\leq</math> Maximum Number of Classifiers reported in the SBC-RSP.</p> <p>Stimulus. IUT receives DSC-REQ containing the Classifier-Add parameter requesting a new classifier to be associated with the connection. □</p> <p>Expected behavior. IUT completes DSC exchange successfully and packets are classified correctly.</p> <p>Note: Test for the different flavors of the Packet CS.</p>
TP/SS/PCS/CDS/CA-002	<p>Reference. □</p> <p>Initial condition. IUT has transmitted TFTP-CPLT to BS. IUT has an active connection with CID=i and the associated classifier Ci □</p> <p>Stimulus. IUT receives DSC-REQ with the action code Classifier Replace requesting that Ci be replaced with a new classifier Cj.</p> <p>Expected behavior. IUT completes DSC exchange successfully and packets matching Cj are transmitted of the connection with CID=i.</p> <p>Note: Test for the different flavors of the Packet CS. □</p>



**Table 5 – Classifier DSx signaling, Capabilities**

<p>TP/SS/PCS/CDS/CA-003</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has transmitted TFTP-CPLT to BS. IUT has an active connection, CID=i, with one non-default classifier, Ci. IUT has another active connection, CID=j, with the default classifier (matching every packet). □  Stimulus. IUT receives DSC-REQ requesting the deletion of Ci. □  Expected behavior. IUT completes DSC exchange successfully and packets matching the original Ci are transmitted over connection with CID=j. □  Note: Test for the different flavors of the Packet CS.</p>
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**0.0.0.4.2 Valid behavior**

No valid behavior tests currently defined.

**0.0.0.4.3 Invalid behavior**

No test purposes defined for Invalid Behavior.

**0.0.0.4.4 Inopportune behavior**

**Table 6 – Classifier DSx signaling, Inopportune Behavior**

<p>TP/SS/PCS/CDS/BO-000</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has transmitted TFTP-CPLT to BS.  Stimulus. IUT receives DSA-REQ establishing a downlink connection for a packet service and associating a classifier with the connection. □  Expected behavior. IUT sends DSA-RSP reporting an error.  Note: Test for the different flavors of the Packet CS.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/CDS/BO-001</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has transmitted TFTP-CPLT to BS.  Stimulus. IUT receives DSA-REQ establishing an uplink or bidirectional connection for a packet service and requesting a classifier be associated with the connection. Classifier includes parameters not supported by IUT.  Expected behavior. IUT sends DSA-RSP reporting an error.  Note: Test for the different flavors of the Packet CS.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/CDS/BO-002</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has transmitted TFTP-CPLT to BS. IUT has active connection(s) with classifiers. The number of classifiers equals Maximum Number of Classifiers reported in the SBC-RSP.  Stimulus. IUT receives DSA-REQ establishing an uplink or bidirectional connection for a packet service and requesting a new classifier to be associated with the connection. □  Expected behavior. IUT sends DSA-RSP reporting an error.  Note: Test for the different flavors of the Packet CS.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PCS/CDS/BO-003</p>	<p>Reference. □  Initial condition. IUT has transmitted TFTP-CPLT to BS. IUT has active connection(s) with classifiers. The number of classifiers equals Maximum Number of Classifiers reported in the SBC-RSP.  Stimulus. IUT receives DSC-REQ requesting a new classifier to be associated (Classifier-Add) with the connection. □  Expected behavior. IUT sends DSC-RSP reporting an error.  Note: Test for the different flavors of the Packet CS.</p>

#### 0.0.0.4.5 Timer

The tests defined in 6.2.5.1.5 and 6.2.5.2.5 apply.

#### 0.0.0.4.6 Message Formats

For all TP/SS/PCS/CDS tests ensure that messages transmitted by SS contain the correct parameters in the correct order.

### Packet CS TPs for the BS

#### 0.0.0.5 Packet CS usage

Tests for verifying that packets are encapsulated correctly by the Packet CS implementation.

##### 0.0.0.5.1 Capabilities

**Table 7 – Packet CS usage capabilities**

TP/BS/PCS/PCU/CA-000	<p>Reference.</p> <p>Initial condition. BS has completed DSA transaction with an SS assigning the connection with CID=i to use the IPv4 CS. No PHS. All incoming packets classified to CID=i.</p> <p>Stimulus. BS receives IPv4 packets on its external interface.</p> <p>Expected behavior. SS sends MAC PDU containing the PHSI field (=0) prepended by the CS followed by the IPv4 packet on CID=i.</p>
TP/BS/PCS/PCU/CA-001	<p>Reference.</p> <p>Initial condition. BS has completed DSA transaction with an SS assigning the connection with CID=i to use the IPv6 CS. No PHS. All incoming packets classified to CID=i.</p> <p>Stimulus. BS receives IPv6 packets on its external interface.</p> <p>Expected behavior. BS sends MAC PDU containing the PHSI field (=0) prepended by the CS followed by the IPv6 packet on CID=i.</p>
TP/BS/PCS/PCU/CA-002	<p>Reference.</p> <p>Initial condition. BS has completed DSA transaction with an SS assigning the connection with CID=i to use the Ethernet CS. No PHS. All incoming packets classified to CID=i.</p> <p>Stimulus. BS receives Ethernet packets on its external interface.</p> <p>Expected behavior. BS sends MAC PDU containing the PHSI field (=0) prepended by the CS followed by the Ethernet packet on CID=i.</p>
TP/BS/PCS/PCU/CA-003	<p>Reference.</p> <p>Initial condition. BS has completed DSA transaction with an SS assigning the connection with CID=i to use the Ethernet with VLAN tagging CS. No PHS. All incoming packets classified to CID=i.</p> <p>Stimulus. BS receives VLAN tagged Ethernet packets on its external interface.</p> <p>Expected behavior. BS sends MAC PDU containing the PHSI field (=0) prepended by the CS followed by the VLAN tagged Ethernet packet on CID=i.</p>
TP/BS/PCS/PCU/CA-004	<p>Reference.</p> <p>Initial condition. BS has completed DSA transaction with an SS assigning the connection with CID=i to use the IPv4 over Ethernet CS. No PHS. All incoming packets classified to CID=i.</p> <p>Stimulus. BS receives Ethernet packets on its external interface.</p> <p>Expected behavior. BS sends MAC PDU containing the PHSI field (=0) prepended by the CS followed by the Ethernet packet on CID=i.</p>

**Table 7 – Packet CS usage capabilities (Continued)**

TP/BS/PCS/PCU/CA-005	<p>Reference:</p> <p>Initial condition: BS has completed DSA transaction with an SS assigning the connection with CID=i to use the IPv6 over Ethernet CS.</p> <p>No PHS: All incoming packets classified to CID=i.</p> <p>Stimulus: BS receives Ethernet packets on its external interface.</p> <p>Expected behavior: BS sends MAC PDU containing the PHSI field (=0) prepended by the CS followed by the Ethernet packet on CID=i.</p>
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**0.0.0.6 Classifier signaling**

**0.0.0.6.1 Capabilities**

**Table 8 – Classifier DSx signaling, Capabilities**

TP/BS/PCS/CDS/CA-000	<p>Reference: □</p> <p>Initial condition: UUT has established at least one connection with an SS.</p> <p>Stimulus: UUT is induced to add a classifier to an existing connection.</p> <p>Expected behavior: UUT sends DSC-REQ with Classifier Add to said SS.</p>
TP/BS/PCS/CDS/CA-000	<p>Reference: □</p> <p>Initial condition: UUT has established at least one connection with an SS. The connection is associated with a classifier Ci.</p> <p>Stimulus: UUT is induced to delete the classifier Ci.</p> <p>Expected behavior: UUT sends DSC-REQ with Classifier Delete to said SS.</p>
TP/BS/PCS/CDS/CA-000	<p>Reference: □</p> <p>Initial condition: UUT has established at least one connection with an SS. The connection is associated with a classifier Ci.</p> <p>Stimulus: UUT is induced to change the properties of the classifier Ci.</p> <p>Expected behavior: UUT sends DSC-REQ with Classifier Replace to said SS.</p>

**0.0.0.6.2 Valid Behavior**

No valid behavior test purposes currently defined.

**0.0.0.6.3 Invalid Behavior**

No invalid behavior test purposes currently defined.

**0.0.0.6.4 Inopportune Behavior**

No inopportune behavior test purposes currently defined.

**0.0.0.6.5 Timer**

The tests defined in 6.4.5.1.5 and 6.4.5.2.5 apply.

**0.0.0.6.6 Message Formats**

For all TP/BS/PCS/CDS tests ensure that messages transmitted by BS contain the correct parameters in the correct order.

## 0.1 Major SS Capabilities and Functionalities for the PHY

### 0.1.1 Downlink Physical layer

All downlink test are performed using Peak Power mode for the Power Adjustment Rule. For devices that support the optional Average Power mode the downlink test shall be repeated using that mode.

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## 0.1.1.1 Forward Error Correction – Receiver

### 0.1.1.1.1 Capabilities

**Table 1 – Forward Error Correction – Receiver, Capabilities**

TP/SS/PHYDL/ RFEC/CA-000	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A121/4,9</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Data is transmitted in the downlink. The test BS commands the SS to use the most robust burst profile</p> <p>Stimulus: The attenuator is adjusted until the received power is <math>-98 \pm 10 \log(B)</math> dBm, where B is the symbol rate in Mbaud</p> <p>Expected behavior: The SS receives the data correctly</p>
TP/SS/PHYDL/ RFEC/CA-001	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A121/5</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Data is transmitted in the downlink. The test BS commands the SS to use burst profiles with RS parameter <math>t = 0, 4, 8</math> and 12 and no inner code. The attenuator is adjusted for an optimal reception</p> <p>Stimulus: Stimulus: The test BS transmits a burst using each burst profile with 0, 4, 8 or 12 erroneous bytes per codeword in the burst respectively.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The SS receives the data correctly</p>
TP/SS/PHYDL/ RFEC/CA0002	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A121/7</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use burst profiles with fixed codeword operation</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the downlink</p> <p>Expected behavior: The SS receives the data correctly</p>
TP/SS/PHYDL/ RFEC/CA-003	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A121/8</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use burst profiles with shortened fast codeword operation</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the downlink.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The SS receives the data correctly</p>
TP/SS/PHYDL/ RFEC/CA-004	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A121/20</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use burst profiles with RS Information Block length <math>t = 6, 128, 239</math> and <math>t = 8</math></p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the downlink</p> <p>Expected behavior: The SS receives the data correctly</p>

## 0.1.1.2 Receiver Modulation

### 0.1.1.2.1 Capabilities

Table 2 –

TP/SS/PHYDL/RMD/ CA-000	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A121/15, Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use burst profiles with QPSK modulation Stimulus: Data is transmitted with QPSK to the IUT in the TDM portion of the downlink frame. Expected behavior: The SS receives the data correctly
TP/SS/PHYDL/RMD/ CA-001	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A121/16 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use burst profiles with 16-QAM modulation Stimulus: Data is transmitted with 16-QAM to the IUT in the TDM portion of the downlink frame. Expected behavior: The SS receives the data correctly
TP/SS/PHYDL/RMD/ CA-002	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A121/17 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use burst profiles with 64-QAM modulation Stimulus: Data is transmitted with 64-QAM to the IUT in the TDM portion of the downlink frame. Expected behavior: The SS receives the data correctly
TP/SS/PHYDL/RMD/ CA-003	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A121/15, Table A121/13 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS command the SS to use TDMA burst profiles with QPSK modulation. Stimulus: BS sends UL-MAP in which IUT is commanded to transmit. Data is transmitted with QPSK to the IUT in the TDMA portion of the downlink frame at a time later than the end of the transmission turnaround time. Expected behavior: The SS receives the data transmitted in the TDMA portion of the frame correctly

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Table 2 –

<p>TP/SS/PHYDL/RMD/ CA-004</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A121/16, Table A121/13  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use TDMA burst profiles with 16-QAM modulation  Stimulus: BS sends UL-MAP in which IUT is commanded to transmit. Data is transmitted with QPSK to the IUT in the TDMA portion of the downlink frame at a time later than the end of the transmission Tx/Rx turnaround time.  Expected behavior: The SS receives the data correctly</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYDL/RMD/ CA-005</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A121/17, Table A121/13  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use TDMA burst profiles with 64-QAM modulation  Stimulus: BS sends UL-MAP in which IUT is commanded to transmit. Data is transmitted with QPSK to the IUT in the TDMA portion of the downlink frame at a time later than the end of the transmission Tx/Rx turnaround time.  Expected behavior: The SS receives the data correctly</p>

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## 0.1.2 Uplink Physical layer

### 0.1.2.1 Forward Error Correction-Tx

#### 0.1.2.1.1 Capabilities

**Table 3 – Forward Error Correction-Tx, Capabilities**

TP/SS/PHYUL/TFEC/ CA-000	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A122/3</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS.</p> <p>Stimulus: The test BS commands the SS to use a burst profile with RS parameter <math>r = 10</math> for initial ranging.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The SS sends a RNG-REQ messages in the initial ranging opportunity. The test BS receives the data correctly</p>
TP/SS/PHYUL/TFEC/ CA-001	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A122/4</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use burst profiles with RS parameter <math>r = 0, 4, 8</math> and <math>12</math>. The attenuator is adjusted for an optimal received signal</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink</p> <p>Expected behavior: The test BS receives the data correctly</p>
TP/SS/PHYUL/TFEC/ CA-002	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A122/6</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use burst profiles with fixed codeword operation</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink</p> <p>Expected behavior: The test BS receives the data correctly</p>
TP/SS/PHYUL/TFEC/ CA-003	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A122/7</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use burst profiles with shortened fast codeword operation</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The test BS receives the data correctly</p>



**Table 3 – Forward Error Correction-Tx, Capabilities**

TP/SS/PHYUL/TFEC/ CA-004	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A122/8 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use a burst profile with BCC inner code Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink Expected behavior: The test BS receives the data correctly
TP/SS/PHYUL/TFEC/ CA-005	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A122/20 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use burst profiles with Information Block length = 6, 128, 239 and 8 Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink Expected behavior: The test BS receives the data correctly

**0.1.2.2 Uplink transmissions****0.1.2.2.1 Capabilities****Table 4 – Uplink transmissions, capabilities**

TP/SS/PHYUL/UTX/ CA-000	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A122/13 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use burst profiles with QPSK modulation Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink Expected behavior: The test BS receives the data correctly
TP/SS/PHYUL/UTX/ CA-001	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A122/14 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use burst profiles with 16-QAM modulation Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink Expected behavior: The test BS receives the data correctly
TP/SS/PHYUL/UTX/ CA-002	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A122/15 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use burst profiles with 64-QAM modulation Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink Expected behavior: The test BS receives the data correctly

**Table 4 – Uplink transmissions, capabilities**

TP/SS/PHYUL/UTX/ CA-003	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A122/8</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use burst profiles with different preamble length</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink</p> <p>Expected behavior: The test BS receives the data correctly</p>
TP/SS/PHYUL/UTX/ CA-004	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A122/2</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS commands the SS to use burst profiles with different seed values for the randomization</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink</p> <p>Expected behavior: The test BS receives the data correctly</p>

**0.1.3 Minimum Performance - SS****0.1.3.1 Receiver Characteristics****0.1.3.1.1 Capabilities****Table 5 – Receiver Characteristics, Capabilities**

TP/SS/PHYMP/RXC/ CA-000	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A97/3</p> <p>Initial condition: The manufacturer declares the supported frequency bands. The SS is set in a CW test mode.</p> <p>Stimulus: The SS receives a CW signal from the BS through the air interface</p> <p>Expected behavior: The SS is able to lock to the frequencies which are multiples of 250 kHz</p>
TP/SS/PHYMP/RXC/ CA-001	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/2</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Data is transmitted in the downlink. The test BS commands the SS to use the most robust burst profile.</p> <p>Stimulus: The attenuator is adjusted until the minimum operable value is reached. The power of the signal is recorded. The attenuator is adjusted until the maximum operable power is reached. The power of the signal is again recorded.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The difference between the two power values is the Rx dynamic range and shall be <math>\geq 40</math> dB</p>

## 0.1.3.2 Transmitter Characteristics

### 0.1.3.2.1 Capabilities

**Table 6 – Transmitter Characteristics, Capabilities**

TP/SS/PHYMP/TXC/ CA-000	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/1</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Data is transmitted in the uplink. The test BS commands the SS to use the most robust burst profile.</p> <p>Stimulus: The test BS commands the SS to decrease its transmit power until the minimum operable value is reached. The power of the signal is recorded. The test BS commands the SS to increase its power until the maximum operable power is reached. The power of the signal is again recorded.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The difference between the two power values is the Tx dynamic range and shall be <math>\geq 40</math> dB</p>
TP/SS/PHYMP/TXC/ CA-001	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/3</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Data is transmitted in the uplink. The test BS commands the SS to use the most robust burst profile.</p> <p>Stimulus: The test BS commands the SS to increase its power until the maximum power level is achieved. The power is measured</p> <p>Expected behavior: The power shall be <math>\geq 15</math> dBm</p>
TP/SS/PHYMP/TXC/ CA-002	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/5.1</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Data is transmitted in the uplink. The test BS commands the SS to use the most robust burst profile and the bottom, medium and top values of the transmit power range. The transmit power is measured</p> <p>Stimulus: The test BS commands the SS to adjust its power level with step size <math>\pm [0.5 \text{ to } 2]</math> dB</p> <p>Expected behavior: The power is measured and the change in power shall be monotonically positive (negative)</p>
TP/SS/PHYMP/TXC/ CA-003	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/5.2</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Data is transmitted in the uplink. The test BS commands the SS to use the most robust burst profile and the bottom, medium and top values of the transmit power range. The transmit power is measured</p> <p>Stimulus: The test BS commands the SS to adjust its power level with step size <math>\pm [2 \text{ to } 5]</math> dB</p> <p>Expected behavior: The power is measured and the change in power shall be accurate to within <math>\pm 2</math> dB of the requested change.</p>

**Table 6 – Transmitter Characteristics, Capabilities**

TP/SS/PHYMP/TXC/ CA-004	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/5.3</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Data is transmitted in the uplink. The test BS commands the SS to use the most robust burst profile and the bottom, medium and top values of the transmit power range. The transmit power is measured</p> <p>Stimulus: The test BS commands the SS to adjust its power level with step size <math>\pm 5</math> dB</p> <p>Expected behavior: The power is measured and the change in power shall be accurate to within <math>\pm 3</math> dB of the requested change.</p>
TP/SS/PHYMP/TXC/ CA-005	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/7</p> <p>Initial condition: The manufacturer declares the supported symbol rate. The SS is operational</p> <p>Stimulus: None</p> <p>Expected behavior: The SS symbol clock is locked to the BS symbol clock</p>
TP/SS/PHYMP/TXC/ CA-006	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/51</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Data is transmitted in the uplink. The test BS commands the SS to use the most robust burst profile and the bottom, medium and top values of the transmit power range. The transmit power is measured</p> <p>Stimulus: The test BS commands the SS to adjust its power to an absolute level</p> <p>Expected behavior: The power is measured and the accuracy shall be <math>\pm 6</math> dB</p>

**0.1.3.2.2 Valid Behavior****Table 7 – Transmitter Characteristics, Valid Behavior**

TP/SS/PHYMP/TXC/ BV-000	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/12</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS.</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink and the test BS schedules one uplink burst in each frame.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The ramp up and down times are measured. The result shall be <math>\leq 24</math> symbols</p>
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Table 7 – Transmitter Characteristics, Valid Behavior

TP/SS/PHYMP/TXC/ BV-001	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/6</p> <p>Initial condition: The SS is operational and the jitter of the symbol clock is measured</p> <p>Stimulus: None</p> <p>Expected behavior: The peak-to-peak jitter of the symbol clock, measured over a 2 sec measurement period shall be less than 2 %</p>
TP/SS/PHYMP/TXC/ BV-002	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/8,9</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The test BS provides a gating signal which is active for the time the SS is scheduled to transmit. Time ranging has been performed. Data is transmitted in the uplink and the test BS schedules one uplink burst in each frame.</p> <p>Stimulus: The test BS defines the burst at different positions with 0.25 symbol time resolution by using unsolicited RNG-RSP messages</p> <p>Expected behavior: The difference between the actual position of the burst and the gating signal is measured and shall be less than 0.125 symbol time</p>
TP/SS/PHYMP/TXC/ BV-003	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/10</p> <p>Initial condition: The manufacturer declares the supported frequency bands. The SS is connected to the test BS which is set in the CW test mode. The SS is set in the CW test mode as well</p> <p>Stimulus: None</p> <p>Expected behavior: The SS shall lock in frequency to the BS for all declared frequency bands</p>
TP/SS/PHYMP/TXC/ BV-004	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/13</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. For TDD the test BS provides a gating signal which indicates the uplink subframe</p> <p>Stimulus: No data is transmitted in the uplink</p> <p>Expected behavior: The power at the SS output is measured. The measured value shall be <math>\leq -80</math> dBm/MHz.</p>
TP/SS/PHYMP/TXC/ BV-005	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/11</p> <p>Initial condition: The manufacturer declares the supported frequency bands. The test BS provides a gating signal which is active for the time the SS is scheduled to transmit. A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS.</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink at bottom (medium and top) values of the power range and the spectrum is measured</p> <p>Expected behavior: The spectrum of the transmitted signal shall not exceed the limits defined by the spectrum mask defined by the local regulator</p>

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### 0.1.3.3 Transition time from Tx to Rx and from Rx to Tx

**Table 8 – Transition times from Tx to Rx and from Rx to Tx**

<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/TT/ CA-000</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/26  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS.  Stimulus: The BS provides DL and UL Maps providing a transition time between the end of an uplink burst and the start of a downlink burst of 2 <math>\mu</math>s for TDD or 20 <math>\mu</math>s for F-FDD. Uplink data is generated  Expected behavior: The SS successfully receives downlink data and successfully transmits uplink data.</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/TT/ CA-001</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/26  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS.  Stimulus: The BS provides DL and UL Maps providing a transition time between the end of a downlink burst and the start of an uplink burst of 2 <math>\mu</math>s plus round trip delay for TDD or 20 <math>\mu</math>s plus round trip delay for F-FDD. Uplink data is generated  Expected behavior: The SS successfully receives downlink data and successfully transmits uplink data.</p>

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### 0.1.3.4 Modulation accuracy

For the modulation accuracy tests it is assumed that the receiver characteristics of the test BS are known and are better than those of an ordinary BS.

Table 9 –

<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/MA/ BV-000</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/14  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The equalizer in the test BS is disabled. A BS BER test is setup  Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink with QPSK modulation and the attenuator is adjusted until a BER of <math>10^{-3}</math> is recorded.  Expected behavior: The input power is measured and the modulation accuracy is calculated. The modulation accuracy shall be <math>\leq 12\%</math></p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/MA/ BV-001</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/15  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The equalizer in the test BS is disabled. A BS BER test is setup  Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink with 16-QAM modulation and the attenuator is adjusted until a BER of <math>10^{-3}</math> is recorded.  Expected behavior: The input power is measured and the modulation accuracy is calculated. The modulation accuracy shall be <math>\leq 6\%</math></p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/MA/ BV-002</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/17  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The equalizer in the test BS is enabled. A BS BER test is setup  Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink with QPSK modulation and the attenuator is adjusted until a BER of <math>10^{-3}</math> is recorded.  Expected behavior: The input power is measured and the modulation accuracy is calculated. The modulation accuracy shall be <math>\leq 10\%</math></p>

Table 9 –

<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/MA/ BV-003</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/18</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The equalizer in the test BS is enabled. A BS BER test is setup</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink with 16-QAM modulation and the attenuator is adjusted until a BER of <math>10^{-3}</math> is recorded.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The input power is measured and the modulation accuracy is calculated. The modulation accuracy shall be <math>\leq 3\%</math></p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/MA/ BV-004</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/19</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. The equalizer in the test BS is enabled. A BS BER test is setup</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink with 64-QAM modulation and the attenuator is adjusted until a BER of <math>10^{-3}</math> is recorded.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The input power is measured and the modulation accuracy is calculated. The modulation accuracy shall be <math>\leq 1.5\%</math></p>

### 0.1.3.5 BER performance threshold

It is assumed that the test BS has a modulation accuracy which is known and better than that of an ordinary BS. All measured input power values are corrected according to the transmitter characteristics. Only Valid Behavior tests are applicable.



## 0.1.3.5.1 Valid Behavior.

Table 10 – BER performance threshold, Valid Behavior

<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/BER/ BV-000</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/20  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS.  Stimulus: The test BS transmits data with QPSK modulation and known contents to the SS. Neither inner nor outer FEC is used.  The BER is computed from the data packets accepted by the SS.  The attenuator is adjusted until <math>BER=10^{-3}</math>  Expected behavior: The input power is measured and shall be <math>\leq -94 \pm 10 \log(B)</math>. B is the symbol rate in MBaud</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/BER/ BV-001</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/21  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS.  Stimulus: The test BS transmits data with 16-QAM modulation and known contents to the SS. Neither inner nor outer FEC is used. The BER is computed from the data packets accepted by the SS. The attenuator is adjusted until <math>BER=10^{-3}</math>.  Expected behavior: The input power is measured and shall be <math>\leq -87 \pm 10 \log(B)</math>. B is the symbol rate in MBaud</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/BER/ BV-002</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/22  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS.  Stimulus: The test BS transmits data with 64-QAM modulation and known contents to the SS. Neither inner nor outer FEC is used. The BER is computed from the data packets accepted by the SS. The attenuator is adjusted until <math>BER=10^{-3}</math>.  Expected behavior: The input power is measured and shall be <math>\leq -79 \pm 10 \log(B)</math>. B is the symbol rate in MBaud</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/BER/ BV-003</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/23  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS.  Stimulus: The test BS transmits data with QPSK modulation and known contents to the SS. Neither inner nor outer FEC is used.  The BER is computed from the data packets accepted by the SS.  The attenuator is adjusted until <math>BER=10^{-6}</math>.  Expected behavior: The input power is measured and shall be <math>\leq -90 \pm 10 \log(B)</math>. B is the symbol rate in MBaud</p>

Table 10 – BER performance threshold, Valid Behavior

<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/BER/ BV-004</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/24</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS.</p> <p>Stimulus: The test BS transmits data with 16-QAM modulation and known contents to the SS. Neither inner nor outer FEC is used. The BER is computed from the data packets accepted by the SS. The attenuator is adjusted until <math>BER=10^{-6}</math>.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The input power is measured and shall be <math>\leq -83 \mp 10 \log(B)</math>. B is the symbol rate in MBaud</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/BER/ BV-005</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/25</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS.</p> <p>Stimulus: The test BS transmits data with 64-QAM modulation and known contents to the SS. Neither inner nor outer FEC is used. The BER is computed from the data packets accepted by the SS. The attenuator is adjusted until <math>BER=10^{-6}</math>.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The input power is measured and shall be <math>\leq -74 \mp 10 \log(B)</math>. B is the symbol rate in MBaud</p>

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### 0.1.3.6 1<sup>st</sup> adjacent channel interference

#### 0.1.3.6.1 Valid Behavior

Table 11 –

<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-000</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/27  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink QPSK data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1<sup>st</sup> adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -9 dB</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-001</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/28  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink 16-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1<sup>st</sup> adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -2 dB</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-002</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/29  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink 64-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1<sup>st</sup> adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -5 dB</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-003</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/30  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink QPSK data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1<sup>st</sup> adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -5 dB</p>

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Table 11 – (continued)

<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-004</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/31  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink 16-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1st adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ ±2 dB</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-005</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/32  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink 64-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1st adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ ±9 dB</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-006</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/33  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink QPSK data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1st adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ ±5 dB</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-007</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/34  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink 16-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1st adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ ±2 dB</p>

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Table 11 – (continued)

<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-008</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/35</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink 64-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1st adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ +9 dB</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-009</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/36</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink QPSK data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1st adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ +1 dB</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-010</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/37</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink 16-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1st adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ +6 dB</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-011</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/38</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink 64-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1st adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ +13 dB</p>

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## 0.1.3.7 2nd adjacent channel interference

Table 12 –

TP/SS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-000	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/39</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink QPSK data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -34 dB</p>
TP/SS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-001	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/40</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink 16-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -27 dB</p>
TP/SS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-002	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/41</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink 64-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -20 dB</p>
TP/SS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-003	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/42</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink QPSK data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -30 dB</p>

Table 12 –

<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-004</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/43</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink 16-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -22 dB</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-005</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/44</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink 64-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -16 dB</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-006</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/45</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink QPSK data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -30 dB</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-007</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/46</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink 16-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -23 dB</p>

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Table 12 –

<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-008</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/47</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink 64-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ ±16 dB</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-009</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/48</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink QPSK data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ ±26 dB</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-010</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/49</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink 16-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ ±20 dB</p>
<p>TP/SS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-011</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A125/50</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the test BS and the SS. Downlink 64-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ ±12 dB</p>

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## 0.2 Major BS capabilities and Functionalities of the PHY

### 0.2.1 Downlink Physical layer

All downlink test are performed using Peak Power mode for the Power Adjustment Rule. For devices that support the optional Average Power mode the downlink test shall be repeated using that mode.

#### 0.2.1.1 Forward Error Correction– Receiver

**Table 13 – Forward Error Correction– Receiver, Capabilities**

TP/BS/PHYDL/TFEC/CA-000	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A240/4,9</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The test SS requests the BS to use the most robust burst profile</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the downlink.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The BS transmits using correct burst profile parameters.</p>
TP/BS/PHYDL/TFEC/CA-001	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A240/5</p> <p>Initial condition: Burst profiles with <math>t=0, 4, 8,</math> and <math>12</math> are in use in the system. A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The test SS requests the BS to use the burst profiles with RS parameter <math>t=0, 4, 8</math> and <math>12</math></p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the downlink</p> <p>Expected behavior: The BS transmits using correct burst profile parameters.</p>
TP/BS/PHYDL/TFEC/CA-002	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A240/7</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The test SS requests the BS to use burst profiles with fixed codeword operation</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the downlink</p> <p>Expected behavior: The BS transmits using correct burst profile parameters.</p>

**Table 13 – Forward Error Correction– Receiver, Capabilities (continued)**

TP/BS/PHYDL/TFEC/ CA-003	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A240/8 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The test SS requests the BS to use burst profiles with shortened last codeword operation Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the downlink Expected behavior: The BS transmits using correct burst profile parameters.
TP/BS/PHYDL/TFEC/ CA-004	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A240/21 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The test SS requests the BS to use burst profiles with Information Block length = 6, 128, 239 and 1 = 8 Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the downlink Expected behavior: The BS transmits using correct burst profile parameters.

**0.2.1.2 Transmitter Modulation Support****0.2.1.2.1 Capabilities****Table 14 – Transmitter Modulation Support, Capabilities**

TP/BS/PHYDL/TMD/ CA-000	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A240/15 Initial condition: The BS is configured to use burst profiles utilizing QPSK modulation for the downlink. The BS has an active connection with an SS. Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the TDM section of the downlink frame Expected behavior: The BS transmits using correct burst profile parameters.
TP/BS/PHYDL/TMD/ CA-001	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A240/16 Initial condition: The BS is configured to use burst profiles utilizing 16-QAM modulation for the downlink. The BS has an active connection with an SS. Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the TDM section of the downlink frame Expected behavior: The BS transmits using correct burst profile parameters.

**Table 14 – Transmitter Modulation Support, Capabilities (continued)**

TP/BS/PHYDL/TMD/ CA-002	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A240/17</p> <p>Initial condition: The BS is configured to use burst profiles utilizing 64-QAM modulation for the downlink. The BS has an active connection with an SS.</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the TDM section of the downlink frame</p> <p>Expected behavior: The BS transmits using correct burst profile parameters.</p>
TP/BS/PHYDL/TMD/ CA-003	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A240/15, A240/13</p> <p>Initial condition: The BS is configured to use burst profiles utilizing QPSK modulation for the downlink. The BS has an active connection with an SS.</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the TDMA section of the downlink frame</p> <p>Expected behavior: The BS transmits using correct burst profile parameters.</p>
TP/BS/PHYDL/TMD/ CA-004	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A240/16, A240/13</p> <p>Initial condition: The BS is configured to use burst profiles utilizing 16-QAM modulation for the downlink. The BS has an active connection with an SS.</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the TDMA section of the downlink frame</p> <p>Expected behavior: The BS transmits using correct burst profile parameters.</p>
TP/BS/PHYDL/TMD/ CA-005	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A240/17, A240/13</p> <p>Initial condition: The BS is configured to use burst profiles utilizing 64-QAM modulation for the downlink. The BS has an active connection with an SS.</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the TDMA section of the downlink frame</p> <p>Expected behavior: The BS transmits using correct burst profile parameters.</p>

## 0.2.2 Uplink Physical layer

### 0.2.2.1 Uplink transmissions

Tests to verify the reception of SS transmissions.

## 0.2.2.1.1 Capabilities

Table 15 – Reception of uplink transmissions, Capabilities

TP/BS/PHYUL/UTX/ CA-000	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A241/2 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Various UL Burst Profiles are defined differing only in their seed values. The test NMS requests the BS to use burst profiles with different seed values for the randomization. Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink Expected behavior: The BS receives the data correctly
TP/BS/PHYUL/UTX/ CA-001	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A241/3 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The test NMS requests the BS to use a burst profile with RS parameter $r=10$ . Stimulus: An Initial Ranging burst is transmitted in the uplink. Expected behavior: The BS receives the data correctly
TP/BS/PHYUL/UTX/ CA-002	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A241/4 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The test NMS requests the BS to use burst profiles with RS parameter $r=0, 4, 8$ and $12$ . Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink. Expected behavior: The BS receives the data correctly
TP/BS/PHYUL/UTX/ CA-003	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A241/6 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The test NMS requests the BS to use burst profiles with fixed codeword operation Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink Expected behavior: The BS receives the data correctly
TP/BS/PHYUL/UTX/ CA-004	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A241/7 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The test NMS requests the BS to use burst profiles with shortened last codeword operation Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink Expected behavior: The BS receives the data correctly
TP/BS/PHYUL/UTX/ CA-005	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A241/8 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The test NMS requests the BS to use a burst profile with BCC inner code. Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink. Expected behavior: The BS receives the data correctly

**Table 15 – Reception of uplink transmissions, Capabilities**

TP/BS/PHYUL/UTX/ CA-006	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A241/8 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The test NMS requests the BS to use a burst profile with different preamble length. Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink. Expected behavior: The BS receives the data correctly
TP/BS/PHYUL/UTX/ CA-007	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A241/13 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The test NMS requests the BS to use a burst profile with QPSK modulation Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink Expected behavior: The BS receives the data correctly
TP/BS/PHYUL/UTX/ CA-008	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A241/14 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The test NMS requests the BS to use a burst profile with 16-QAM modulation Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink Expected behavior: The BS receives the data correctly
TP/BS/PHYUL/UTX/ CA-009	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A241/15 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The test NMS requests the BS to use a burst profile with 64-QAM modulation Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink Expected behavior: The BS receives the data correctly
TP/BS/PHYUL/UTX/ CA-010	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A241/20 Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The test NMS requests the BS to use a burst profile with Information Block length = 6, 128, 239 and 8 Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink Expected behavior: The BS receives the data correctly

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## 0.2.3 Minimum Performance - BS

### 0.2.3.1 Transmitter Characteristics

#### 0.2.3.1.1 Capabilities

For the modulation accuracy tests it is assumed that the receiver characteristics of the test SS are known and are better than those of an ordinary SS.

**Table 16 – Transmitter Characteristics**

TP/BS/PHYMP/TXC/ CA-000	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table Initial condition: The manufacturer declares the supported frequency bands. The BS is set in a CW test mode. Stimulus: The BS is requested to generate different frequencies Expected behavior: The BS is able to generate frequencies which are multiples of 250 kHz
TP/BS/PHYMP/TXC/ CA-001	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A244/1 Initial condition: The BS is operational and the frequency and the jitter of the symbol clock is measured Stimulus: None Expected behavior: The symbol clock accuracy shall be within $\pm 15$ ppm of its nominal value. The peak-to-peak jitter of the symbol clock, measured over a 2 sec measurement period shall be less than 2%
TP/BS/PHYMP/TXC/ CA-002	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A244/2,3 Initial condition: The manufacturer declares the supported frequency bands. The BS is set in a CW test mode. Stimulus: The frequency is set to the center frequency of the channels in the band Expected behavior: The accuracy shall be better than $\pm 10$ ppm

#### 0.2.3.1.2 Valid behavior

**Table 17 – Transmitter Characteristics**

TP/BS/PHYMP/TXC/ BV-000	Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A244/4 Initial condition: The manufacturer declares the supported frequency bands. A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Stimulus: The downlink frame is filled with data Expected behavior: The spectrum of the transmitted signal shall not exceed the limits defined by the spectrum mask defined by the local regulator
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Table 17 – Transmitter Characteristics

TP/BS/PHYMP/TXC/ BV-001	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A244/5</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS.</p> <p>Stimulus: The downlink frame is filled with data</p> <p>Expected behavior: The spectrum of the transmitted signal is measured. The spurious frequencies shall not exceed the values given by the local regulator</p>
TP/BS/PHYMP/TXC/ BV-002	<p>Reference:</p> <p>Initial condition: The manufacturer declares the Tx power of the BS. A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The test SS requests the BS to use the most robust burst profile.</p> <p>Stimulus: The downlink is filled with data. The power is measured</p> <p>Expected behavior: The power shall be <math>\pm 2</math> dB</p>
TP/BS/PHYMP/TXC/ BV-003	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A244/6</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS.</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the uplink</p> <p>Expected behavior: The BS always allows <math>\geq 24</math> symbols ramp up and down times, including allowances for round trip delay when creating the maps.</p>
TP/BS/PHYMP/TXC/ BV-004	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A244/7</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The equalizer in the test SS is disabled. A SS BER test is setup</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the downlink with QPSK modulation and the attenuator is adjusted until a BER of <math>10^{-3}</math> is recorded.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The input power is measured and the modulation accuracy is calculated. The modulation accuracy shall be <math>\leq 12\%</math></p>
TP/BS/PHYMP/TXC/ BV-005	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A244/8</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The equalizer in the test SS is disabled. A SS BER test is setup</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the downlink with 16-QAM modulation and the attenuator is adjusted until a BER of <math>10^{-3}</math> is recorded.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The input power is measured and the modulation accuracy is calculated. The modulation accuracy shall be <math>\leq 6\%</math></p>

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**Table 17 – Transmitter Characteristics**

TP/BS/PHYMP/TXC/ BV-006	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A244/9</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The equalizer in the test SS is enabled. A SS BER test is setup</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the downlink with QPSK modulation and the attenuator is adjusted until a BER of <math>10^{-3}</math> is recorded.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The input power is measured and the modulation accuracy is calculated. The modulation accuracy shall be <math>\leq 10\%</math></p>
TP/BS/PHYMP/TXC/ BV-007	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A244/10</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The equalizer in the test SS is enabled. A SS BER test is setup</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the downlink with 16-QAM modulation and the attenuator is adjusted until a BER of <math>10^{-3}</math> is recorded.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The input power is measured and the modulation accuracy is calculated. The modulation accuracy shall be <math>\leq 3\%</math></p>
TP/BS/PHYMP/TXC/ BV-008	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A244/11</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. The equalizer in the test SS is enabled. A SS BER test is setup</p> <p>Stimulus: Data is transmitted in the downlink with 64-QAM modulation and the attenuator is adjusted until a BER of <math>10^{-3}</math> is recorded.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The input power is measured and the modulation accuracy is calculated. The modulation accuracy shall be <math>\leq 1.5\%</math></p>

**0.2.3.2 Receiver Characteristics****0.2.3.2.1 Capabilities****Table 18 – Receiver Characteristics, Capabilities**

TP/BS/PHYMP/RXC/ CA-01	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/1</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Data is transmitted in the uplink. The test NMS requests the BS to use the most robust burst profile.</p> <p>Stimulus: The attenuator is adjusted until the minimum operable value is reached. The power of the signal is recorded. The attenuator is adjusted until the maximum operable power is reached. The power of the signal is again recorded.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The difference between the two power values is the Rx dynamic range and shall be <math>\geq 27</math> dB</p>
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### 0.2.3.3 BER performance threshold

It is assumed that the test SS has a modulation accuracy which is known and better than that of an ordinary SS. All measured input power values are corrected according to the transmitter characteristics

Table 19 –

<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/BER/ BV-000</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/2  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS.  Stimulus: The test SS transmits data with QPSK modulation and known contents to the BS. Neither inner nor outer FEC is used. The BER is computed from the data packets accepted by the BS. The attenuator is adjusted until <math>BER=10^{-3}</math>.  Expected behavior: The input power is measured and shall be <math>\leq -94 \mp 10 \log(B)</math>. B is the symbol rate in MBaud</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/BER/ BV-001</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/3  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS.  Stimulus: The test SS transmits data with 16-QAM modulation and known contents to the BS. Neither inner nor outer FEC is used. The BER is computed from the data packets accepted by the BS. The attenuator is adjusted until <math>BER=10^{-3}</math>.  Expected behavior: The input power is measured and shall be <math>\leq -87 \mp 10 \log(B)</math>. B is the symbol rate in MBaud</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/BER/ BV-002</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/4  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS.  Stimulus: The test SS transmits data with 64-QAM modulation and known contents to the BS. Neither inner nor outer FEC is used. The BER is computed from the data packets accepted by the BS. The attenuator is adjusted until <math>BER=10^{-3}</math>.  Expected behavior: The input power is measured and shall be <math>\leq -79 \mp 10 \log(B)</math>. B is the symbol rate in MBaud</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/BER/ BV-003</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/5  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS.  Stimulus: The test SS transmits data with QPSK modulation and known contents to the BS. Neither inner nor outer FEC is used. The BER is computed from the data packets accepted by the BS. The attenuator is adjusted until <math>BER=10^{-6}</math>.  Expected behavior: The input power is measured and shall be <math>\leq -90 \mp 10 \log(B)</math>. B is the symbol rate in MBaud</p>

Table 19 –

<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/BER/ BV-004</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/6  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS.  Stimulus: The test SS transmits data with 16-QAM modulation and known contents to the BS. Neither inner nor outer FEC is used. The BER is computed from the data packets accepted by the BS. The attenuator is adjusted until <math>BER=10^{-6}</math>.  Expected behavior: The input power is measured and shall be <math>\leq -83 \mp 10 \log(B)</math>. B is the symbol rate in MBaud</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/BER/ BV-005</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/7  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS.  Stimulus: The test SS transmits data with 64-QAM modulation and known contents to the BS. Neither inner nor outer FEC is used. The BER is computed from the data packets accepted by the BS. The attenuator is adjusted until <math>BER=10^{-6}</math>.  Expected behavior: The input power is measured and shall be <math>\leq -74 \mp 10 \log(B)</math>. B is the symbol rate in MBaud</p>

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## 0.2.3.4 1st adjacent channel interference

Table 20 – First Adjacent Channel interference, Valid Behavior

<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-000</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/8  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink QPSK data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1<sup>st</sup> adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -9 dB</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-001</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/9  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink 16-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1<sup>st</sup> adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -2 dB</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-002</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/10  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink 64-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1<sup>st</sup> adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ +5 dB</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-003</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/11  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink QPSK data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1<sup>st</sup> adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -5 dB</p>

Table 20 – First Adjacent Channel interference, Valid Behavior (continued)

<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-004</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/12  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the SS. Uplink 16-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1st adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ +2 dB</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-005</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/13  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink 64-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1st adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ +9 dB</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-006</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/14  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the SS. Uplink QPSK data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1st adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -5 dB</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-007</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/15  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink 16-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1st adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ +2 dB</p>

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Table 20 – First Adjacent Channel interference, Valid Behavior (continued)

<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-008</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/16  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink 64-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1st adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ +9 dB</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-009</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/17  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink QPSK data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1st adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ +1 dB</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-010</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/18  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink 16-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1st adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ +6 dB</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/1AC/ BV-011</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/19  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink 64-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 1st adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ +13 dB</p>

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## 0.2.3.5 2nd adjacent channel interference

Table 21 – 2nd adjacent channel interference, Valid Behavior

TP/BS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-000	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/20</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink QPSK data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -34 dB</p>
TP/BS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-001	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/21</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink 16-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -27 dB</p>
TP/BS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-002	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/22</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink 64-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -20 dB</p>
TP/BS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-003	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/23</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink QPSK data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -30 dB</p>

Table 21 – 2nd adjacent channel interference, Valid Behavior (continued)

<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-004</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/24</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink 16-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -22 dB</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-005</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/25</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink 64-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-3</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-3</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -16 dB</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-006</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/26</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink QPSK data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -30 dB</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-007</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/27</p> <p>Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink 16-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.</p> <p>Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.</p> <p>Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -23 dB</p>

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Table 21 – 2nd adjacent channel interference, Valid Behavior (continued)

<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-008</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/28  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink 64-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 3 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -16 dB</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-009</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/29  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink QPSK data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -26 dB</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-010</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/30  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink 16-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -20 dB</p>
<p>TP/BS/PHYMP/2AC/ BV-011</p>	<p>Reference: IEEE 1802.16.1 Table A245/31  Initial condition: A connection is setup between the BS and the test SS. Uplink 64-QAM data is generated and the attenuator is adjusted for BER=10<sup>-6</sup>. The signal level is increased by 1 dB and the signal power is measured.  Stimulus: An interfering signal with the same modulation as the wanted signal is applied on the 2nd adjacent channel. The attenuator of the interferer is adjusted until BER=10<sup>-6</sup> is reached. The power of the interferer is measured.  Expected behavior: The C/I shall be ≤ -12 dB</p>

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