

Project	<b>IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group</b> < <a href="http://ieee802.org/16">http://ieee802.org/16</a> >	
Title	<b>Multiple MAP Support</b>	
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Re:		
Abstract	<b>Add MAP Format Indicator in the Frame Prefix of OFDMA PHY</b>	
Purpose	Adoption of proposed changes into P802.16e /D4-2004	
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## 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Problem 1

~~Current OFDMA PHY specifies that either DL-MAP Message or Compressed MAP may appear at the head of the frame.~~

~~However, the MSS can detect the format of the MAP Message only after it decodes the first bytes of the MAP Message. This may slow down the decoding process of the MAP message.~~

### 1.2 Problem 2

H-ARQ enabled MSS should receive H-ARQ MAP Message. However, the MSS can receive the H-ARQ MAP Message only after receiving and decoding of the DL-MAP Message or Compressed MAP Message. In current spec. a MSS which uses H-ARQ must decode two bursts for MAP message, one for DL-MAP and the other for H-ARQ MAP.

This severally increases the MAP decoding overhead of the H-ARQ enabled terminals.

### 1.3 Problem 3

Current definition of H-ARQ does not include some fields required for system operation such as PHY synchronization fields and DCD count. And the definition allows that the H-ARQ MAP message can only located at the behind of the DL-MAP message.

Hence, we propose some text change.

### 1.4 Remedy

~~Put the MAP format indicator at the end of the Frame Prefix.~~

~~This approach does not make any backward compatibility problem because there are already reserved 4 bits at the end of the Frame Prefix and reduce the MAP message decoding overhead.~~

The proposed text enables that the H-ARQ MAP can appear directly after FCH hence reduce the MAP size and number of burst to decode for MAP. Put the MAP format indicator at the end of the Frame Prefix.

~~This approach does not make any backward compatibility problem because there are already reserved 4 bits at the end of the Frame Prefix and reduce the MAP message decoding overhead.~~

Adopt text change.

### 1.5 Overhead Comparison of MAPs

#### 1.5.1 Assumption

H-ARQ MAP  
 Number of MAP\_IEs for data burst  
 DL-MAP & UL-MAP

#### 1.5.2 Case 1: Using DL-MAP Message for H-ARQ MAP

DL-MAP Message	
MAC header	48 bits
Type	8 bits
PHY sync.	32 bits
DCD count	8 bits

BS ID	48 bits
H-ARQ MAP Pointer IEs	28 bits
UL-MAP Message	
MAC header	48 bits
Type	8 bits
Up ch. ID	8 bits
UCD count	8 bits
Alloc. Start T	32 bits
H-ARQ MAP	
Basic field	20 bits
=====	
	296 bits

### 1.5.3 Case 2: Using Compressed DL-MAP Message for H-ARQ MAP

Compressed DL-MAP Message (0 MAP-IE)	
Header	16 bits
PHY sync.	32 bits
DCD count	8 bits
BS ID	48 bits
H-ARQ MAP Pointer IEs	28 bits
Compressed UL-MAP Message	
UCD count	8 bits
Alloc. Start T	32 bits
H-ARQ MAP	
Basic field	20 bits
=====	
	168 bits

### 1.5.4 Case 3: Using Proposed Scheme 1 for H-ARQ MAP

H-ARQ MAP	
Basic field	20 bits
<a href="#">Frame Setup Compact DL-MAP IE format</a>	
UL-MAP Type	3 bits
UL-MAP sub-type	5 bits
Length	4 bits
PHY Sync Field	32 bits
DCD Count	8 bits
Base Station ID	48 bits
UCD Count	8 bits
Allocation Start Time	32 bits
=====	
	160 bits

**1.5.5 Case 4: Using Proposed Scheme 2 for H-ARQ MAP**

H-ARQ MAP

Basic field	20 bits
<u>Reduced Frame Setup Compact DL-MAP IE format</u>	
UL-MAP Type	3 bits
UL-MAP sub-type	5 bits
Length	4 bits
Reduced Frame Number	8 bits
Reduced DCD Count	4 bits
Reduced Base Station ID	8 bits
Reduced UCD Count	4 bits
=====	
	56 bits

	Regular	Compressed
Original	DL-MAP: 296 bits	Compressed: 168 bits
Proposed	Proposed 1: 160 bits	Proposed 2: 56 bits

**2 Proposed Text**

*In page 111, Change the following section*

**8.4.4.3 DL Frame Prefix**

*{Apply the following changes to Tables 266 in section 8.4.4.3:}*

**Table 266a—DL Frame Prefix format**

Syntax	Size	Notes
<del>DL_Frame_Prefix_Format()</del> {		
<del>Used-subchannel bitmap</del>	6 bits	Bit #0: Subchannels 0-11 are used <u>Subchannel group 0</u> Bit #1: Subchannels 12-19 are used <u>Subchannel group 1</u> Bit #2: Subchannels 20-31 are used <u>Subchannel group 2</u> Bit #3: Subchannels 32-39 are used <u>Subchannel group 3</u> Bit #4: Subchannels 40-51 are used <u>Subchannel group 4</u> Bit #5: Subchannels 52-59 are used <u>Subchannel group 5</u>
<del>Ranging_Change_Indication</del>	1 bit	
<del>Repetition_Coding_Indication</del>	2 bits	00—No repetition coding on DL-MAP 01—Repetition coding of 2 used on DL-MAP 10—Repetition coding of 4 used on DL-MAP 11—Repetition coding of 6 used on DL-MAP
<del>Coding_Indication</del>	3 bits	0b000—CC encoding used on DL-MAP 0b001—BTC encoding used on DL-MAP 0b010—CTC encoding used on DL-MAP 0b011—ZT CC used on DL-MAP 0b100 to 0b111—Reserved
<del>DL_Map_Length</del>	8 bits	
<del>MAP_Type_Change_bit</del>	1 bits	0: MAP Type is not changed

		<del>1</del> : MAP Type is changed
<del>Reserved</del>	4 bits <del>3 bits</del>	
<del>†</del>		

**MAP Message Format**

~~This value indicates the change of the MAP Message type. The value of 0 indicates that the MAP type is same as previous frame. The value should be set to 0 if the FFT size is 2048.~~

*In page 28, add the following section*

**6.3.2.3.43 H-ARQ MAP message**

*[Make the following changes to section 6.3.2.3.43:]*

**6.3.2.3.43 H-ARQ MAP message**

This section describes the H-ARQ MAP message, which is designed for H-ARQ enabled SS. This IE shall only be used by a BS supporting H-ARQ, for SS supporting H-ARQ. In the frame when a BS serve only the H-ARQ enabled MSS, the H-ARQ MAP may appear directly after Frame Prefix without DL-MAP to reduce overhead. However, the BS shall also support DL-MAP or Compressed MAP for ordinary MSS. Any MSS can detect MAP type by checking 3 MSB of first byte in the MAP burst.

*In page 31, add the following section*

**6.3.2.3.43.6.7 Frame Setup Compact DL-MAP IE**

*[Add new section 6.3.2.3.43.6.7:]*

**6.3.2.3.43.6.7 Frame Setup Compact DL-MAP IE**

A Compact MAP message that appears directly after FCH without DL-MAP should include the Frame Setup Compact DL-MAP IE at the front of the message.

**Table ??— Frame Setup Compact DL-MAP IE format**

<u>Syntax</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Notes</u>
<u>Frame Setup Compact DL-MAP IE () {</u>		
<u>UL-MAP Type =7</u>	<u>3 bits</u>	<u>Extension</u>
<u>UL-MAP sub-type</u>	<u>5 bits</u>	<u>= 0b00010</u>
<u>Length</u>	<u>4 bits</u>	
<u>PHY Synchronization Field</u>	<u>variable</u>	
<u>DCD Count</u>	<u>8 bits</u>	
<u>Base Station ID</u>	<u>48 bits</u>	
<u>UCD Count</u>	<u>8 bits</u>	
<u>Allocation Start Time</u>	<u>32 bits</u>	
<u>}</u>		

**6.3.2.3.43.6.8 Reduced Frame Setup Compact DL-MAP IE**

*[Add new section 6.3.2.3.43.6.8:]*

**6.3.2.3.43.6.8 Reduced Frame Setup Compact DL-MAP IE**

A Compact MAP message that appears directly after FCH without DL-MAP may include the Reduced Frame Setup Compact DL-MAP IE instead of the Frame Setup Compact DL-MAP IE to reduce the size of the message. If no Frame Setup Compact DL-MAP IE exists in a frame all fields in the Frame Setup Compact DL-MAP IE should be considered as same as previous frame. Only the frame number is increased by 1.

**Table ??—Reduced Frame Setup Compact DL-MAP IE format**

<u>Syntax</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Notes</u>
<u>Reduced Frame Setup Compact DL-MAP IE ()</u>		
<u>UL-MAP Type =7</u>	<u>3 bits</u>	<u>Extension</u>
<u>UL-MAP sub-type</u>	<u>5 bits</u>	<u>= 0b00011</u>
<u>Length</u>	<u>4 bits</u>	
<u>Reduced Frame Number</u>	<u>8 bits</u>	<u>LSB 4 bits of Frame Number</u>
<u>Reduced DCD Count</u>	<u>4 bits</u>	<u>LSB 4 bits of DCD Count</u>
<u>Reduced Base Station ID</u>	<u>8 bits</u>	<u>LSB 4 bits of BS ID</u>
<u>Reduced UCD Count</u>	<u>4 bits</u>	<u>LSB 4 bits of UCD Count</u>
<u>}</u>		