2004-03-08 IEEE C802.16e-04/36r1

Project	IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group <a href="http://ieee802.org/16">http://ieee802.org/16</a>
Title	HO Overview Section Cleanup 3 – HO Decision & Initiation Section
Date Submitted	2004-03-08
Source(s)	Phillip Barber Voice: +1 (972) 365-6314 Broadband Mobile Technologies, Inc. Fax: +1 (925) 396-0269 8302 Sebastian Inlet [mailto:pbarber@BroadbandMobileTech.com] Frisco, Tx 75035
Re:	Response to IEEE 802.16e-04/06 (Call for Contributions on IEEE 802.16e/D1)
Abstract	HO Overview Section Cleanup 3 – HO Decision & Initiation Section
Purpose	Correct overview section flow and language in HO Overview Section
Notice	This document has been prepared to assist IEEE 802.16. It is offered as a basis for discussion and is not binding on the contributing individual(s) or organization(s). The material in this document is subject to change in form and content after further study. The contributor(s) reserve(s) the right to add, amend or withdraw material contained herein.
Release	The contributor grants a free, irrevocable license to the IEEE to incorporate material contained in this contribution, and any modifications thereof, in the creation of an IEEE Standards publication; to copyright in the IEEE's name any IEEE Standards publication even though it may include portions of this contribution; and at the IEEE's sole discretion to permit others to reproduce in whole or in part the resulting IEEE Standards publication. The contributor also acknowledges and accepts that this contribution may be made public by IEEE 802.16.
Patent Policy and Procedures	The contributor is familiar with the IEEE 802.16 Patent Policy and Procedures <a href="http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/policy.html">http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/policy.html</a> , including the statement "IEEE standards may include the known use of patent(s), including patent applications, provided the IEEE receives assurance from the patent holder or applicant with respect to patents essential for compliance with both mandatory and optional portions of the standard." Early disclosure to the Working Group of patent information that might be relevant to the standard is essential to reduce the possibility for delays in the development process and increase the likelihood that the draft publication will be approved for publication. Please notify the Chair <a href="mailto:chair@wirelessman.org">mailto:chair@wirelessman.org</a> > as early as possible, in written or electronic form, if patented technology (or technology under patent application) might be incorporated into a draft standard being developed within the IEEE 802.16 Working Group. The Chair will disclose this notification via the IEEE 802.16 web site <a href="http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/notices">http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/notices</a> .

2004-03-08 IEEE C802.16e-04/36r1

## **HO Overview Section Cleanup 3**

Phillip Barber Broadband Mobile Technologies

## Problem:

As currently defined, mechanics for hand-over are incomplete or poorly defined. Elements are out of order.

## Remedy:

Revise hand-over process overview to more logical format and increase language clarity.

## Remedy 1:

Include overview discussion of the HO decision mechanism and consummation to HO initiation. Merge previous disparate sections dealing with cell selection and backbone communications contributing to HO decision and initiation. Incorporate HO rejection concepts in the Decision/Initiation section. Provide language clarifying status of MSS post- HO-IND.

[Modify 1.4.1.2.2.2 HO initiation, pages 11&12, lines 57-15, relocate modified/normative text for section to section 6.4 Data/Control Plane; editor will make appropriate allocation of numbering (??) for subsection:] 1.4.1.2.2.26.4.??.2 HO Decision & Initiation initiation

A hand-over begins with a decision for an MSS to hand-over its air interface, service flow, and network attachment from a Serving BS to a Target BS. The decision may originate either at the MSS, the Serving BS, or on the network. The HO Decision consummates with a notification of MSS intent to hand-over through either Either an MSS or a BS may initiate a HO by transmitting the MOB\_MSSHO-REQ or MOB\_BSHO-REQ MAC Management messages. The HO notification is recommended, but not required. The HO notification may originate with either the Serving BS or MSS. Acknowledgement with MOB\_xxxHO-RSP of a notification is required. It is anticipated that in most situations the MSS will be the initiator of the HO, but sometimes a BS may be the initiator of a HO to facilitate load sharing among BS or because of uplink connection quality.

An MSS may scan neighbor BS presented in the MOB\_NBR ADV message before transmitting MOB\_MSSHO-REQ message. When MOB\_MSSHO-REQ is sent by an MSS, the MSS may indicate one or more possible Target BS. MSS may evaluate possible Target BS through previously performed scanning, ranging, and Association activity.

When MOB\_BSHO-REQ is sent by a Serving BS, the Serving BS may indicate one or morethe recommended Target BS. Serving BS criteria for recommendation of Target BS may include factors like expected Target BS QoS performance to MSS requirements(based on their capability to meet the MSS QoS requirements). Serving BS may obtain expected Target BS QoS performance indication through the exchange of backbone messaging with Neighbor BS (see section Backbone network HO procedures). Serving BS and Neighbor BS backbone transfer of MSS operational information need not be made in conjunction with any specific contemplated HO and may precede any MOB\_xxxHO-REQ. The MOB\_MSSHO-REQ message may also include an indication of the estimated time for performing the HO.

MSS actual pursuit of hand-over to Target BS in MOB\_xxxHO-RSP is recommended, but not required. MSS may elect to attempt hand-over to a different Target BS, a Target BS that may or may not have been included in MOB\_xxxHO-RSP, with the understanding that the different Target BS may not receive notification of the pending hand-over from the Serving BS over the backbone network prior to MSS Initial Ranging of Target BS (see section Backbone network HO procedures). If the MSS signals rejection of Serving BS instruction to HO

2004-03-08 IEEE C802.16e-04/36r1

through HO\_type field in the MOB\_MSSHO-RSP set value of 10 (HO reject option), the BS may reconfigure the Target BS list and retransmit MOB\_BSHO-RSP message including a new Target BS list.

At the BS side, before sending MOB\_BSHO REQ or after receiving a MOB\_MSSHO REQ message, the BS may acquire from the neighbor BS information regarding their capability of serving the requesting MSS. Serving The BS may further choose to notify one or more Target neighboring BS over (through the backbone network) of MSS intent to the impending hand-over to Target BS (see section Backbone network HO procedures). Serving BS may also send MSS information to Target BS over the backbone that can expedite hand-over. See Annex C for specifications of the communication through the backbone network, and the information exchanged between BSs.

After receiving MOB\_MSSHO-REQ or MOB\_BSHO-REQ message, the receiving party shall respond with a MOB\_BSHO-RSP or MOB\_MSSHO-RSP MAC message. The MOB\_BSHO-RSP and MOB\_MSSHORSP messages shall include an estimation of the time (Estimated HO time) when the HO would take. Once MSS sends MOB\_HO-IND with option HO\_IND\_type = 00 indicating commitment to HO and intent to release the Serving BS, the MSS is released from any obligation to monitor Serving BS DL traffic, for as long as MSS attachment to Serving BS persists, or until such time as MSS may cancel the pending HO.