Project	IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group < <u>http://ieee802.org/16</u> >		
Title	Enhanced MAC Support for MIMO OFDMA		
Date Submitted	2004-05-19		
Source(s)	Wonil Roh, Seungjoo Maeng, Jiho Jang, Panyuh Joo, Jaeho Jeon, Soon Young Yoon, Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.wonil.roh@samsung.com Voice: +82-31-279-3868 		
Re:	In response to Comment #65, 191, 192, 233 as a combined reply comment		
Abstract	Enhanced MAC Support for MIMO OFDMA		
Purpose	Adoption of proposed changes into P802.16e		
Notice	This document has been prepared to assist IEEE 802.16. It is offered as a basis for discussion and is not binding on the contributing individual(s) or organization(s). The material in this document is subject to change in form and content after further study. The contributor(s) reserve(s) the right to add, amend or withdraw material contained herein.		
Release	The contributor grants a free, irrevocable license to the IEEE to incorporate material contained in this contribution, and any modifications thereof, in the creation of an IEEE Standards publication; to copyright in the IEEE's name any IEEE Standards publication even though it may include portions of this contribution; and at the IEEE's sole discretion to permit others to reproduce in whole or in part the resulting IEEE Standards publication. The contributor also acknowledges and accepts that this contribution may be made public by IEEE 802.16.		
Patent Policy and Procedures	The contributor is familiar with the IEEE 802.16 Patent Policy and Procedures http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/policy.html , including the statement "IEEE standards may include the known use of patent(s), including patent applications, provided the IEEE receives assurance from the patent holder or applicant with respect to patents essential for compliance with both mandatory and optional portions of the standard." Early disclosure to the Working Group of patent information that might be relevant to the standard is essential to reduce the possibility for delays in the development process and increase the likelihood that the draft publication will be approved for publication. Please notify the Chair mailto:chair@wirelessman.org > as early as possible, in written or electronic form, if patented technology (or technology under patent application) might be incorporated into a draft standard being developed within the IEEE 802.16 Working Group. The Chair will disclose this notification via the IEEE 802.16 web site <a href="http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/paten</td>		

Enhanced MAC Support for MIMO OFDMA

Wonil Roh, Seungjoo Maeng, Jiho Jang, Panyuh Joo, Jaeho Jeon, Soonyoung Yoon, **Samsung Electronics** Peiying Zhu, Mo-Han Fong, Wen Tong, **Nortel Networks**

1 Motivation

Current standard specification [1] does not provide a clear picture of MIMO operation, particularly with the currently available CQICH feedback. Several recent contributions and comments, including [2], tried to tackle this problem, but still lack in terms of completeness and effectiveness. In this contribution, an effort to make MIMO operation with CQICH more transparent and comprehensive is made. First, we provide MAC support for the two optional permutation zones with the corresponding MAP IE changes in Section 2.1. Then, in Section 2.2, the focus is shifted to the closed-loop MIMO with CQI feedbacks, which a mechanism that enables allocation of multiple CQICH to a MIMO SS is introduced in order to better support mobile MIMO users.

2 Specific Text Changes

2.1 MIMO Enhancements for the optional FUSC and the optional AMC zones

In this subclause, enhancements to MIMO mode for the two optional zones are made and some editorial changes in the MAP IEs are proposed.

[Modify the following section in page 526 of P802.16-REVd/D5.]

8.4.5.3.4 Space-Time Coding (STC) Transmit diversity (TD)/Zone switch IE format for DL

In the DL-MAP, a BS may transmit DIUC=15 with the <u>STCTD</u>_ZONE_IE() to indicate that the subsequent allocations shall use a specific permutation, or be <u>STCtransmit diversity</u> encoded. The downlink frame shall start in PUSC mode with IDcell=0 and no transmit diversity. Allocations subsequent to this IE shall use the permutation and transmit diversity mode it instructs.

Syntax	Size (bits)	Notes
<pre>STCTD_ZONE_IE() {</pre>		
Extended DIUC	4	STCTD/ZONE=0x01
Length	4	Length = $0x02$
Permutation	2	00 = PUSC permutation 01 = FUSC permutation 10 = Optional FUSC permutation 11 = Optional adjacent subcarrier permutation
Use All SC indicator	1	0 = Do not use all subchannels 1 = Use all subchannels
<u>STC</u> Transmit Diversity	2	00 = No <u>STC</u> transmit diversity 01 = STC using 2 antennas 10 = STC using 4 antennas 11 = FHDC using 2 antennas

Table 277-OFDMA downlink TI	D_ZONE IE format
-----------------------------	------------------

Matrix indicator	2	Antenna STC/FHDC matrix (see 8.4.8) 00 = Matrix A 01 = Matrix B 10 = Matrix C (applicable to 4 antennas only) 11 = Reserved
IDcell	6	
Reserved	<u>3</u> 2	Shall be set to zero
}		

Permutation

Indicates the permutation that shall be used by the transmitter for allocations following this IE. Permutation changes are only allowed on a zone boundary. The IDcell indicated by the IE shall be used as the basis of the permutation (see 8.4.6.1).

Use All SC indicator

When set, this indicator indicates transmission on all available subchannels. For FUSC permutation, transmission is always on all subchannels.

<u>STC</u> Transmit Diversity

Indicates the <u>STCTransmit Diversity</u> mode that shall be used by the transmitter for allocations following this IE (see 8.4.8). All allocations without <u>STCTransmit Diversity</u> shall be transmitted only from one antenna (antenna 0). All allocations with <u>STCTransmit Diversity</u> the BS shall transmit from both its antennas.

[Modify the Table 281 in page 528 of P802.16-REVd/D5.]

8.4.5.3.8 MIMO DL Basic IE Format

Syntax	Size (bits)	Notes
MIMO_DL_Basic_IE() {		
Extended DIUC	4	0x05
Length	4	Length in bytes
Num_Region	4	
For (i=0;i <num_region;i++) td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></num_region;i++)>		
OFDMA Symbol offset	10	
Subchannel offset	5	
Boosting	3	
No. OFDMA symbols	9	
No. Subchannels	5	
Matrix indicator	2	STC matrix (see 8.4.8.1.4) <u>STC</u> Transmit_divesity = <u>STC</u> transmit diversity mode indicated in the latest <u>STCTD</u> _Zone_IE(). if (<u>STCTransmit_diversity</u> ==01) { 00 = Matrix A 01 = Matrix B 10-11 = Reserved }

Table 281 - MIMO DL basic IE format

		elseif (<u>STCTransmit_diversity == 10) { 00 = Matrix A 01 = Matrix B 10 = Matrix C 11 = Reserved }</u>
Num_layer	2	
for (j=0;j <num_layer;j++) td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></num_layer;j++)>		
If $(INC_CID == 1)$ {		
CID }	16	
Layer_index	2	
DIUC	4	0-11 burst profiles
}		
}		
1		

[Modify the Table 282 in page 530 of P802.16-REVd/D5.]

8.4.5.3.9 MIMO DL Enhanced IE Format

Syntax	Size (bits)	Notes
MIMO_DL_Enhanced_IE() {		
Extended DIUC	4	0x06
Length	4	Length in bytes
Num_Region	4	
for (i=0;i <num_region;i++) td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></num_region;i++)>		
OFDMA Symbol offset	10	
Subchannel offset	5	
Boosting	3	
No. OFDMA symbols	9	
No. Subchannels	5	
Matrix indicator	2	STC matrix (see 8.4.8.1.4)
		<pre>STCTransmit_divesity = STCtransmit diversity mode indicated in the latest STCTD_Zone_IE(). if (STCTransmit_diversity ==01) { 00 = Matrix A 01 = Matrix B</pre>
		10-11 = Reserved } elseif (<u>STC^{Transmit_diversity == 10)}</u> {

Table 282 – MIMO DL enhanced IE format

		00 = Matrix A 01 = Matrix B 10 = Matrix C 11 = Reserved
		}
Num_layer	2	
for (j=0;j <num_layer;j++) td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></num_layer;j++)>		
If $(INC_CID == 1)$ {		
CQICH_ID }	variable	Index to uniquely identify the CQICH resources assigned to the SS The size of this field is dependent on system parameter defined in DCD.
Layer_index	2	
DIUC	4	0-11 burst profiles
}		
}		
1		

2.2 Fast and dynamic CQICH allocation for MIMO-OFDMA

Due to the inherent latency in decoding of the MAC subheaders, FAST_FEEDBACK allocation should be made at MAP instead of subheaders. In addition, with the current amount of CQI feedback for each CQI-allocated SS, the closed-loop MIMO may not work as intended due to slow adaptation with just 4 bits, that is, the channel measurements and antenna weights can not be adjusted fast enough to account for fast fading. This problem may be alleviated to a certain extent by reducing the required feedback with some efficient feedback mechanism, which would still limit the gain by multiple antennas for a highly mobile SS. The need to allocate multiple CQICH to some certain MIMO capable SS's, therefore, arises. In this contribution we propose a mechanism that enables allocation of multiple CQICHs to a certain SS when conditions are met.

The actual information fed back on CQICH may also be changed from single-input single-output (SISO) cases. In the mandatory FUSC zone for SISO systems, the average DL channel power shall be quantized and its level is fed back on 4-bit CQICH. For MIMO systems in FUSC zones the same DL channel average power shall be fed back for each BS transmit antenna, which may be used to enable rate control for each antenna. In the adjacent-subcarrier zone (or AMC zone), however, instead of the received SNR itself CQICH may deliver the optimum antenna weights for BS antennas which are calculated at SS using DL preambles and shall maximize the received SNR(or SINR) at SS. Some hybrid schemes are also possible for AMC zones. In this sub-clause all the aforementioned features are implemented and their respective changes are noted.

[Modify the Table 296 in Section 84.5.4.10.3 in page 544 of P802.16-REVd/D5.]

8.4.5.4.10.3 Mode Selection Feedback

Value	Description
0b0000	STTD and PUSC/FUSC permutation
0b0001	STTD and adjacent-subcarrier permutation
0b0010	SM and PUSC/FUSC permutation

Table 296 – Encoding of payload bits for Fast-feedback slot

0b0011	SM and adjacent-subcarrier permutation
<u>0b0100</u>	Closed-loop SM and PUSC/FUSC permutation
<u>0b0101</u>	Closed-loop SM and adjacent-subcarrier permutation
<u>0b0110</u>	Closed-loop SM + Beamforming and adjacent-subcarrier permutation
<u>0b0111</u>	<u>TD + Beamforming and adjacent-subcarrier permutation</u>
<u>0b1000</u> 0100 - 1111	Reserved

[Insert the following section in page 547 of P802.16-REVd/D5.]

8.4.5.4.12.1 CQICH Enhanced Allocation IE Format

Table zzz – CQICH Enhanced allocation IE format

Syntax	Size (bits)	Notes
CQICH Enhanced Alloc IE() {		
Extended DIUC	<u>4</u>	<u>0x09</u>
Length	<u>4</u>	Length in bytes of following fields
CQICH ID	<u>variable</u>	Index to uniquely identify the CQICH resource assigned to the SS
Period (=p)	2	A CQI feedback is transmitted on the CQICH every 2^p frames
Frame offset	<u>3</u>	The SS starts reporting at the frame of which the number has the same 3 LSB as the specified frame offset. If the current frame is specified, the SS should start reporting in 8 frames
Duration (=d)	3	<u>A CQI feedback is transmitted on the CQI channels</u> indexed by the CQICH ID for 10 x 2 ^d frames. If d == 0, the CQI-CH is de-allocated. If d == 111, the SS should report until the BS command for the SS to stop.
Feedback_type	2	00 = Fast DL measurement 01 = Layer specific channel strengths 10 = Antenna weight associated with specific antenna (See Figure 231) 11 = MIMO mode and permutation zone feedback
CQICH_Num	2	Number of CQICHs assigned to this CQICH ID is (CQICH Num +1)
for (i=0;i <cqich_num;i++) td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></cqich_num;i++)>		
<u>Allocation indexoffset</u>	<u>6</u>	Index to the fast feedback channel region marked by <u>UIUC=0</u>
<u>if (Feedback_type !=11) {</u> <u>MIMO_permutation_feedback cycle }</u>	2	00 = No MIMO and permutation mode feedback 01 = the MIMO and permutation mode indication shall be transmitted on the CQICH indexed by the CQICH ID every 4 frames. The first indication is sent on the 8th CQICH frame. 10 = the MIMO mode and permutation mode

		indication shall be transmitted on the CQICH indexed by the CQICH_ID every 8 frames. The first indication is sent on the 8th CQICH frame. 11 = the MIMO mode and permutation mode indication shall be transmitted on the CQICH indexed by the CQICH_ID every 16 frames. The first indication is sent on the 16th CQICH frame,
Padding	<u>variable</u>	The padding bits is used to ensure the IE size is integer number of bytes.
1		

References

[1] IEEE P802.16-REVd/D5-2004 Air Interface For Fixed Broadband Wireless Access Systems

[2] IEEE C802.16d-04/80r1 Leiba et al, MAC Enhancements to Support OFDMA MIMO