Project	IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group < <u>http://ieee802.org/16</u> >
Title	Traffic Channel Definition for HARQ Burst Allocation in OFDMA PHY
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Source(s)	Hang Zhang, Mo-Han Fong, Peiying Zhu, Wen Tongmhfong@nortelnetworks.comNortel NetworksTel: +1-613-765-8983
Re:	IEEE P802.16e/D6-2005
Abstract	This contribution proposes to apply the semi-static traffic channel (or region) definition on the DL for HARQ burst allocation, similar to the way it is currently done for non-HARQ burst allocation. The objective is to reduce the overhead in DL HARQ burst allocation. This contribution also proposes to support multiple modes of HARQ within a data region.
Purpose	Review and Adopt the suggested changes into P802.16e/D6
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1 Introduction

As currently defined in the p802.16e/D6 draft, semi-static DL channel definition in DCD (DL Channel Definition TLV) is used to reduce the overhead in DL burst allocation for non-HARQ traffic. As explained in details in the contribution IEEE C802.16e-04/542r2 which was adopted in session #35, the use of semi-static DL channel definition eliminate the need to explicitly specify the 28-bit OFDMA symbol offset, subchannels offset, number of OFDMA symbols and number of subchannels for each DL burst allocation. Instead, a 6-bit channel ID (CHID) is used to identify a semi-static channel (or region) defined in the DCD. The reduction in overhead is non-negligible in particular for cases where non-bulk traffic (e.g. VoIP, HTTP) is supported.

In this contribution, we propose to apply the same channel definition concept to the HARQ burst allocation schemes adopted in session #35, i.e contributions IEEE C802.16e-05/23r5 and IEEE C802.16e-05/38r1. Similar benefit can be realized for the case of HARQ burst allocation, as in the case of non-HARQ burst allocation.

In addition, we also propose to define multiple HARQ modes within a data region. This will allow greater scheduling flexibility and optimization in actual deployment scenario where MSs may have different coding capabilities.

2 Proposed Text Change

Remedy 1: Add the support of semi-static channel definition (identified by CHID) to the non-MIMO HARQ burst allocation IEs.

[Modify Table 285m in p802.16e/D6 to include CHID. Add the MIMO support in HARQ_DL_MAP_IE as in IEEE C802.16e-05/38r1 which was adopted in session #35 but was not included in D6 text. Enhance the HARQ_DL_MAP_IE to enable the support of multiple HARQ modes within a data region]

Syntax	Size	Notes
HARQ DL MAP IE {		
Extended DIUC 2	4	Set to 0x1
Length	8	Length of the IE in bytes
RCID_Type	2 bits	00 = Normal CID 01 = RCID11 10 = RCID7 11 = RCID3
While (data remains) {		
CHID use indicator	<u>1 bit</u>	0: not use CHID 1: use CHID
If (CHID use indicator == 0) {		
OFDMA symbol offset	8 bits	Offset from the start of DL sub-frame
Subchannel offset	6 bits	
Number of OFDMA symbols	7 bits	
Number of subchannels	6 bits	
<u>}else {</u>		
<u>CHID</u>	<u>6 bits</u>	Index to the DL region defined in DL channel definition TLV in DCD
1		

Table 285m—HARQ DL MAP IE format

Boosting	<u>3 bits</u>	<u>000: normal (not boosted); 001: +6 dB; 010: -6 dB;</u> <u>011: +9 dB; 100: +3 dB; 101: -3 dB; 110: -9 dB;</u> <u>111: -12 dB</u>
<u>N_sub_burst</u>	<u>5 bits</u>	Number of sub-bursts in the 2D region
For (j=0; j< N sub burst; j++) {		
<u>Mode</u> If (Mode == 0) {	4 bits	Indicates the mode of this IE 0 = Chase HARQ 1 = Inremental redundancy HARQ for CTC 2 = Inremental redundancy HARQ for convolu- tional code 3 = MIMO Chase H-ARQ 4 = MIMO IR H-ARQ 5 = MIMO IR H-ARQ for convolution code 6 = MIMO STC H-ARQ 7-15 Reserved
	Variable	
DL HARQ Chase sub-burst IE()	variable	
} else if (Mode == 1) {		
DL HARQ IR CTC sub-burst IE()	Variable	
} else if (Mode == 2) {		
DL HARQ IR CC sub-burst IE()	Variable	
} else if (Mode == 3) {		
MIMO_DL_Chase_H-HARQ_Sub- Burst_IE()	Variable	
} else if (Mode == 4) {		
MIMO_DL_IR_H-ARQ_Sub-Burst_IE ()	Variable	
} else if (Mode == 5) {		
MIMO_DL_IR_H-ARQ_for_CC_Sub- Burst-IE()	Variable	
} else if (Mode == 6) {		
MIMO_DL_STC_H-ARQ_Sub-Burst_IE()	Variable	
}		
}		
1		
Padding	Variable	Padding to byte; shall be set to 0
}		

[Modify Table 285n in p802.16e/D6 to enable the support of multiple HARQ modes within a data region Introduce sub-burst offset to allow flexibility in the placement of the sub-burst within the data region]

Table 285n—DL HARQ Chase sub-burst IE format

Syntax	Size	Notes
DL HARQ Chase sub-burst IE() {		
Sub-burst offset indication	<u>1 bit</u>	
If (Sub-burst offset indication == 1) {		
Sub-burst offset	<u>10 bits</u>	Offset in slots with respect to the previous sub-burst defined in this data region. If this is the first sub-burst within the data region, this offset is with respect to slot 0 of the data region.
1		
DIUC	4 bits	
Repetition Coding Indication	2 bits	0b00 - No repetition coding 0b01 - Repetition coding of 2 used 0b10 - Repetition coding of 4 used 0b11 - Repetition coding of 6 used
RCID_IE()	Variable	
Duration	10 bits	Duration in slots
ACID	4 bits	
AI_SN	1 bit	
CQICH Control Indicator	1 bit	
If(CQICH Control Indicator == 1){		
Allocation Index	6 bits	Index to the channel in a frame the CQI report should be transmitted by the SS
Period (p)	3 bits	A CQI feedback is transmitted on the CQI chan- nels indexed by the (CQI Channel Index) by the SS in every 2p frames.
Frame offset	3 bits	The MSS starts reporting at the frame of which the number has the same 3 LSB as the specified frame offset. If the current frame is specified, the MSS should start reporting in 8 frames.
Duration (d)	4 bits	A CQI feedback is transmitted on the CQI chan- nels indexed by the (CQI Channel Index) by the SS for 2(d-1) frames. If d is 0b0000, the CQICH is de-allocated. If d is 0b1111, the MSS should report until the BS command for the MSS to stop.
}		
Dedicated DL Control Indicator	1 bit	
If (Dedicated DL Control Indicator ==1) {		
Dedicated DL Control IE ()	Variable	
}		

}	

[Modify Table 2850 in p802.16e/D6 to enable the support of multiple HARQ modes within a data region Introduce sub-burst offset to allow flexibility in the placement of the sub-burst within the data region]

Table 2850—DL HARQ IR CTC sub-burst IE format

Syntax	Size	Notes
DL HARQ IR CTC sub-burst IE() {		
Sub-burst offset indication	<u>1 bit</u>	
If (Sub-burst offset indication == 1) {		
Sub-burst offset	<u>10 bits</u>	Offset in slots with respect to the previous sub-burst defined in this data region. If this is the first sub-burst within the data region, this offset is with respect to slot 0 of the data region.
1		
RCID_IE()	Variable	
Nep	4 bits	
Nsch	4 bits	
SPID	2 bits	
ACID	4 bits	
AI_SN	1 bit	
ACK disable	1 bit	When this bit is "1" no ACK channel is allocated and the SS shall not reply with an ACK.
CQICH Control Indicator	1 bit	
If(CQICH Control Indicator == 1){		
Allocation index	6 bits	Index to the channel in a frame the CQI report should be transmitted by the SS
Period(p)	3 bits	A CQI feedback is transmitted on the CQI chan- nels indexed by the (CQI Channel Index) by the SS in every 2p frames.
Frame offset	3 bits	The MSS starts reporting at the frame of which the number has the same 3 LSB as the specified frame offset. If the current frame is specified, the MSS should start reporting in 8 frames.
Duration (d)	4 bits	A CQI feedback is transmitted on the CQI chan- nels indexed by the (CQI Channel Index) by the SS for 2(d-1) frames. If d is 0b0000, the CQICH is de-allocated. If d is 0b1111, the MSS should report until the BS command for the MSS to stop
J		

Dedicated DL Control Indicator	1 bit	
If (Dedicated DL Control Indicator ==1) {		
Dedicated DL Control IE ()	Variable	
}		
}		

[Modify Table 285p in p802.16e/D6 to enable the support of multiple HARQ modes within a data region Introduce sub-burst offset to allow flexibility in the placement of the sub-burst within the data region]

Table 285p—DL HARQ IR CC sub-burst IE format

Syntax	Size	Notes
DL HARQ IR CTC sub-burst IE() {		
Sub-burst offset indication	<u>1 bit</u>	
If (Sub-burst offset indication == 1) {		
Sub-burst offset	<u>10 bits</u>	Offset in slots with respect to the previous sub-burst defined in this data region. If this is the first sub-burst within the data region, this offset is with respect to slot 0 of the data region.
1		
DIUC	4 bits	
Repetition coding indication	2 bits	0b00 - No repetition coding 0b01 - Repetition coding of 2 used 0b10 - Repetition coding of 4 used 0b11 - Repetition coding of 6 used
RCID_IE()	Variable	
Duration	10 bits	
ACID	4 bits	
AI_SN	1 bit	
SPID	2 bits	
CQICH Control Indicator	1 bit	
If(CQICH Control Indicator == 1){		
Allocation index	6 bits	Index to the channel in a frame the CQI report should be transmitted by the SS
Period(p)	3 bits	A CQI feedback is transmitted on the CQI chan- nels indexed by the (CQI Channel Index) by the SS in every 2p frames.

Frame offset	3 bits	The MSS starts reporting at the frame of which the number has the same 3 LSB as the specified frame offset. If the current frame is specified, the MSS should start reporting in 8 frames.
Duration (d)	4 bits	A CQI feedback is transmitted on the CQI chan- nels indexed by the (CQI Channel Index) by the SS for 2(d-1) frames. If d is 0b0000, the CQICH is de-allocated. If d is 0b1111, the MSS should report until the BS command for the MSS to stop
}		
Dedicated DL Control Indicator	1 bit	
If (Dedicated DL Control Indicator ==1) {		
Dedicated DL Control IE ()	Variable	
}		
}		

Remedy 2: Add the support of semi-static channel definition (identified by CHID) to MIMO HARQ burst allocation IEs. Note that we also show here the modification on top of the proposed text change in IEEE C802.16e-05/38r1 which was adopted in session #35 but did not get included into D6

[Modify Table 306i in IEEE C802.16e-05/38r1 to enable the support of multiple HARQ modes within a data region Introduce subburst offset to allow flexibility in the placement of the sub-burst within the data region]

MIMO DL Chase H-ARQ Sub-Burst IE {		
Sub-burst offset indication	1 bit	
If (Sub-burst offset indication == 1) {		
Sub-burst offset	10 bits	Offset in slots with respect to the previous sub-burst defined in this data region. If this is the first sub- burst within the data region, this offset is with respect to slot 0 of the data region.
MU Indicator	1 bit	Indicates whether this UL burst is intended for multiple SS
Dedicated MIMO DL Control Indicator	1 bit	
If (MU indicator == 0) {		
RCID IE()	Variable	
}		
If (Dedicated MIMO DL Control Indicator ==1) {		
Dedicated MIMO DL Control IE ()	variable	

Table 306i MIMO DL Chase H-ARQ Sub-Burst IE Format

}		
Length	10 bits	
For (i=0;i <n_layer;i++) td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></n_layer;i++)>		
if (MU indicator == 1) {		
RCID IE()	Variable	
}		
DIUC	4 bits	
Repetition Coding Indication	2 bits	0b00 – No repetition coding 0b01 – Repetition coding of 2 used 0b10 – Repetition coding of 4 used 0b11 – Repetition coding of 6 used
ACID	4 bits	
AI_SN	1 bit	
}		
}		

[Modify Table 306j in IEEE C802.16e-05/38r1 to enable the support of multiple HARQ modes within a data region Introduce subburst offset to allow flexibility in the placement of the sub-burst within the data region]

MIMO DL IR H-ARQ Sub-Burst IE {		
Sub-burst offset indication	1 bit	
If (Sub-burst offset indication == 1) {		
Sub-burst offset	10 bits	Offset in slots with respect to the previous sub-burst defined in this data region. If this is the first sub- burst within the data region, this offset is with respect to slot 0 of the data region.
MU Indicator	1 bit	Indicates whether this UL burst is intended for multiple SS
Dedicated MIMO DL Control Indicator	1 bit	
ACK Disable	1 bit	When this bit is "1" no ACK channel is allocated and the SS shall not reply with an ACK
If (MU indicator == 0) {		
RCID IE()	Variable	
}		
If (Dedicated MIMO DL Control Indicator ==1) {		
Dedicated MIMO DL Control IE ()	variable	

Table 306j MIMO DL IR H-ARQ Sub-Burst IE Format

}		
Nsch	4 bits	3
If (ACK Disable == 0) {		
SPID	2 bits	3
ACID	4 bits	3
AI_SN	1 bit	
}		
For (i=0;i <n_layer;i++) td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></n_layer;i++)>		
if (MU indicator == 1) {		
RCID IE()	Variable	ıble
}		
Nep	4 bits	5
}		
}		

[Modify Table 306k in IEEE C802.16e-05/38r1 to enable the support of multiple HARQ modes within a data region Introduce subburst offset to allow flexibility in the placement of the sub-burst within the data region]

Table 306k MIMO DL IR H-ARQ for CO	C Sub-Burst IE Format
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MIMO DL IR H-ARQ for CC Sub-Burst IE {		
Sub-burst offset indication	1 bit	
If (Sub-burst offset indication == 1) {		
Sub-burst offset	10 bits	Offset in slots with respect to the previous sub-burst defined in this data region. If this is the first sub- burst within the data region, this offset is with respect to slot 0 of the data region.
MU Indicator	1 bit	Indicates whether this UL burst is intended for multiple SS
Dedicated MIMO DL Control Indicator	1 bit	
If (MU indicator == 0) {		
RCID IE()	Variable	
}		
If (Dedicated MIMO DL Control Indicator ==1) {		
Dedicated MIMO DL Control IE ()	variable	
}		
Length	10 bits	
For (i=0;i <n_layer;i++) td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></n_layer;i++)>		
if (MU indicator == 1) {		
RCID IE()	Variable	

}		
DIUC	4 bits	
Repetition Coding Indication	2 bits	0b00 – No repetition coding 0b01 – Repetition coding of 2 used 0b10 – Repetition coding of 4 used 0b11 – Repetition coding of 6 used
ACID	4 bits	
AI_SN	1 bit	
SPID	2 bits	
}		
}		

[Modify Table 3061 in IEEE C802.16e-05/38r1 to enable the support of multiple HARQ modes within a data region Introduce subburst offset to allow flexibility in the placement of the sub-burst within the data region. Correct the definition error in Table 3061 for the STC HARQ operation]

MIMO DL STC H-ARQ Sub-Burst IE {		
Sub-burst offset indication	1 bit	
If (Sub-burst offset indication == 1) {		
Sub-burst offset	10 bits	Offset in slots with respect to the previous sub-burst defined in this data region. If this is the first sub- burst within the data region, this offset is with respect to slot 0 of the data region.
Dedicated MIMO DL Control Indicator	1 bit	
RCID_IE()	Variable	
TX count	2 bit	00: first transmission
		01: second transmission
		10: third transmission
		11: fourth transmission
Length	10 bits	
If $(Tx \text{ count} == 00)$ {		
If (Dedicated MIMO DL Control Indicator ==1) {		
Dedicated MIMO DL Control IE ()	variable	
}		
DIUC	4 bits	
Repetition Coding Indication	2 bits	0b00 – No repetition coding 0b01 – Repetition coding of 2 used 0b10 – Repetition coding of 4

Table 3061 MIMO DL STC H-ARQ Sub-Burst IE Format

		used Ob11 – Repetition coding of 6 used
}		
ACID	4 bits	
}		