

Project	IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group < http://ieee802.org/16 >
Title	Editorial changes to .16e in response to comment 108
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Re:	IEEE P802.16e/D10
Abstract	This is a consensus reply comment to .16e in order to fix the
Purpose	Discuss and approve.
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Editorial changes in .16e in response to Comment 108

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Introduction

We propose editorial text changes to make section 8.4.5.4.10 and 8.4.5.4.10.1 consistent in both Cor1/D4 and .16e. This document describes the text changes necessary in .16e/D10.

Proposed text changes:

[Delete text in 8.4.5.4.10 from line 50, page 346 to line 57, page 347]:

[Insert following text at the beginning of section 8.4.5.4.10.1]:

MIMO capable MS shall measure post processing CINR for each individual layers as shown in Figure 230a. When the FAST_FEEDBACK subheader Feedback Type field is "00", the MS shall report the post processing average CINR (Avg_CINR), as defined in (106a) below. When BS requests MS feedback through CQICH_Alloc_IE() or CQICH_Enhanced_Alloc_IE() with '00' feedback_type field, MS shall report Avg_CINR or individual layer CINR as described in 8.4.5.4.12 and 8.4.5.4.15

For vertically encoded MIMO system, defined the averaged CINR (Avg_CINR) as

$$\text{Avg_CINR} = e^{C(d,y|H)} - 1 \quad (106a)$$

where $C(d,y|H)$ is the receiver-constrained mutual information conditioned on knowing the channel knowledge. Note that d is the transmitted signal, y is the post-processing receive signal and H is the channel matrix between transmit and receive antennas. For LMMSE receiver, the individual post-detector-processing signal to noise ratios are given as $\text{CINR}_1, \dots, \text{CINR}_N$, as shown in Figure

230a, and $C(d,y|H) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \log(1 + \text{CINR}_n)$. In this case $\text{Avg_CINR} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N (1 + \text{CINR}_n)^{1/N} - 1$, when the individual post-

detector-processing CINR is high, the average CINR is $\text{Avg_CINR} \approx \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \text{CINR}_n$ (in dB). For ML MIMO detectors case:

$C(d,y|H) = \frac{1}{N} \log \det(I_N + H^H R^{-1} H)$, where I_N is an N by N identity matrix and R is the correlation matrix of interference plus noise measured at MS.

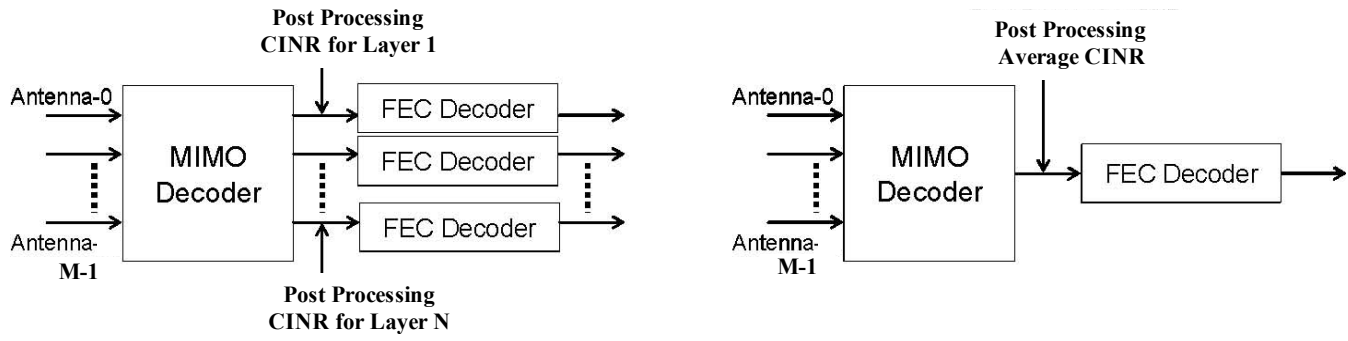


Figure 230a – Post Processing CINR for MIMO Region