802.3 25 Gb/s Study Group Considerations for 25 Gb/s Cable Assembly, Test Fixture and Channel Specifications

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Purpose

•Considerations for 25 Gb/s cable assembly, test fixture and channel specifications consistent with adopted objectives

–Define a single-lane 25 Gb/s PHY for operation over links consistent with copper twin axial cables, with lengths up to at least 3m

–Define a single-lane 25 Gb/s PHY for operation over links consistent with copper twin axial cables, with lengths up to at least 5m

•Make progress on cable assembly, test fixture and channel specifications pending other PMD/PHY decisions

•PMD/PHY considerations

•CA-L = up to at least 5 meter cable assembly
•CA-S = up to at least 3 meter cable assembly
•Cable assembly with QSFP28 plug = QSFP-CA
•Cable assembly with SFP28 plug = SFP-CA
•Cable assembly with breakout = QSFP-x4SFP-CA

	QSFP-CA (QSFP28)	SFP-CA (SFP28)	QSFP-x4SFP-CA - breakout
CA-L	5m	5m	5m
CA-S	3m	3m	3m

•Note that the cable assembly naming used here is explicit in plug types to avoid ambiguity in short hand notation in developing the standard but may not translate directly into optimal notation to be used in the standard.

25 Gb/s Ethernet – Cable assembly – QSFP-CA-L

Use 802.3bj clause 92

92.10 Cable assembly characteristics
92.10.1 Characteristic impedance and reference impedance
92.10.2 Cable assembly insertion loss
92.10.3 Cable assembly differential return loss
92.10.4 Differential to common-mode return loss
92.10.5 Differential to common-mode conversion loss
92.10.6 Common-mode to common-mode return loss
92.10.7 Cable assembly Channel Operating Margin



4

25 Gb/s Ethernet – Cable assembly – QSFP-CA-S

Use 802.3bj clause 92 with revisions to 92.10.2 and 92.10.5 to account for length dependent impairments

- 92.10 Cable assembly characteristics
- 92.10.1 Characteristic impedance and reference impedance
- 92.10.2 Cable assembly insertion loss
- 92.10.3 Cable assembly differential return loss
- 92.10.4 Differential to common-mode return loss
- 92.10.5 Differential to common-mode conversion loss
 - -Limit specified as Conversion _loss(f)-IL(f)
- 92.10.6 Common-mode to common-mode return loss 92.10.7 Cable assembly Channel Operating Margin

25 Gb/s Ethernet – Cable assembly – SFP-CA-L

Use 802.3bj clause 92 and implement COM with appropriate crosstalk paths

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- 92.10.1 Characteristic impedance and reference impedance
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- 92.10.3 Cable assembly differential return loss
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- 92.10.5 Differential to common-mode conversion loss
- 92.10.6 Common-mode to common-mode return loss

92.10.7 Cable assembly Channel Operating Margin



25 Gb/s Ethernet – Cable assembly – SFP-CA-S

Use 802.3bj clause 92 with revisions to 92.10.2 and 92.10.5 to account for length dependent impairments and implement COM with crosstalk paths

92.10 Cable assembly characteristics

92.10.1 Characteristic impedance and reference impedance

92.10.2 Cable assembly insertion loss

92.10.3 Cable assembly differential return loss

92.10.4 Differential to common-mode return loss

92.10.5 Differential to common-mode conversion loss

-Limit specified as Conversion _loss(f)-IL(f)

92.10.6 Common-mode to common-mode return loss

92.10.7 Cable assembly Channel Operating Margin



25 Gb/s Ethernet – Cable assembly – QSFP-x4SFP-CA-L

Use 802.3bj clause 92 and implement COM with appropriate crosstalk paths for plug type

- 92.10 Cable assembly characteristics
- 92.10.1 Characteristic impedance and reference impedance
- 92.10.2 Cable assembly insertion loss
- 92.10.3 Cable assembly differential return loss
- 92.10.4 Differential to common-mode return loss
- 92.10.5 Differential to common-mode conversion loss
- 92.10.6 Common-mode to common-mode return loss
- 92.10.7 Cable assembly Channel Operating Margin



25 Gb/s Ethernet – Cable assembly – QSFP-x4SFP-CA-S

Use 802.3bj clause 92 with revisions to 92.10.2 and 92.10.5 to account for length dependent impairments and implement COM with appropriate crosstalk paths for plug type

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25 Gb/s Channel loss budget 35 dB

•Supports up to at least 5m cable assembly (CA-L) – 802.3bj Host Loss = 6.81 dB •Supports up to at least 3m cable assembly (CA-S) – 802.3bj Host Loss + 3.6 dB = 10.41 dB •RS-FEC

	CA-L (35 dB)	CA-S (35 dB)	TP1	22.49.40	ТР
	dB (@12.8906 GHz)	dB (@12.8906 GHz)	∢	22.48 dB	
Host connector allocation	1.69	1.69			
Host PCB	6.81	10.41		Cable assembly	
(TP2/TP3) HCB PCB	1.35	1.35	1.17 dB		
Total Host IL	9.85	13.45	6 81 dB		
				•	
			Transmit function		
CATF PCB	1.17	1.17		135 dB	- Lift
(TP2/TP3) HCB PCB	1.35	1.35	TP0 9.85 dB TP		9.85 dB
Host connector allocation	1.07	1.07		$\frac{113}{2}$	- 25 dD
Total MTF	3.59	3.59	22.46 U	$B + (2 \times 9.85) - (2 \times 5.59)$	- 55 dB
				•	
Bulk cable assumed	18	10.8		,	
CATF PCB IL	1.17	1.17			
Host connector allocation	1.07	1.07	◆ 3.59 dB		
			Mated cable assembly		
Cable Assembly	22,48	15.28	and test point test fixtur	e	
			NOTE—The connector insertion loss is 1 allocated 0.62 dB of additional margin.	.07 dB for the mated test fixtu:	re. The host connector is
	/		<u> </u>		

•CA-S - 3m cable assembly (bulk cable assumptions need to align with 30 dB budget to enable common 3m cable assembly specifications)

802.3 25 Gb/s Study Group

TP4

17 dB

TP5

6.81 dB Receive function

25 Gb/s Channel loss budget 30 dB

•Supports up to at least 3m cable assembly (CA-S) Host Loss = 6.81 dB (TBD) same as 802.3bj

•no RS-FEC

	CA-S (30 dB)
	dB (@12.8906 GHz)
Host connector allocation	1.69
Host PCB	6.81
(TP2/TP3) HCB PCB	1.35
Total Host IL	9.85
CATF PCB	1.17
(TP2/TP3) HCB PCB	1.35
Host connector allocation	1.07
Total MTF	3.59
Bulk cable assumed	🖌 13
CATF PCB IL	1.17
Host connector allocation	1.07
Cable Assembly	17.48
Channel	30

•CA-S - 3m cable assembly (bulk cable assumptions need to align with 35 dB budget to enable common 3m cable assembly specifications)

25 Gb/s Ethernet – Test Fixtures

•Use 802.3bj clause 92

92.11 Test Fixtures92.11.1 TP2 or TP3 test fixtures (Host Compliance Boards)92.11.1.1 Test fixture return loss (Mated)92.11.1.2 Test fixture insertion loss (PCB reference insertion loss)



25 Gb/s Ethernet – Test Fixtures

•Use 802.3bj clause 92

92.11.2 Cable assembly test fixture (Module Compliance Board)

- >>>PCB reference insertion loss
- 92.11.3 Mated test fixtures
- 92.11.3.1 Mated test fixtures insertion loss
- 92.11.3.2 Mated test fixtures return loss
- 92.11.3.3 Mated test fixtures common-mode conversion loss
- 92.11.3.4 Mated test fixtures common-mode return loss
- 92.11.3.5 Mated test fixtures common-mode to differential-mode return loss
- 92.11.3.6 Mated test fixtures integrated crosstalk noise



Figure 92–18—Mated test fixtures

zSFP+ mated test fixture HFSS model



25 Gb/s Ethernet – HFSS zSFP+ Mated Test Fixtures



25 Gb/s Ethernet – HFSS zSFP+ Mated Test Fixtures



PHY, PMD's and Options – 802.3bj



CGMII = 100 Gb/s MEDIA INDEPENDENT INTERFACE PHY = PHYSICAL LAYER DEVICE LLC = LOGICAL LINK CONTROL MAC = MEDIA ACCESS CONTROL MDI = MEDIUM DEPENDENT INTERFACE

PMA = PHYSICAL MEDIUM ATTACHMENT PMD = PHYSICAL MEDIUM DEPENDENT RS-FEC = REED-SOLOMON FORWARD ERROR CORRECTION

Figure 92-1—100GBASE-CR4 PMD relationship to the ISO/IEC Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) reference model and the IEEE 802.3 CSMA/CD LAN model

Table 92–1—Physical Layer clauses associated with the 100GBASE-CR4 PMD

Associated clause	100GBASE-CR4		
81—RS	Required		
81—CGMII ^a	Optional		
82—PCS for 100GBASE-R	Required		
91—RS-FEC	Required		
83—PMA for 100GBASE-R ^b	Required		
83A—CAUI	Optional		
73—Auto-Negotiation	Required		
78—Energy Efficient Ethernet	Optional		

^aThe CGMII is an optional interface. However, if the CGMII is not implemented, a conforming implementation must behave functionally as though the RS and CGMII were present.

^bThere are limitations on the number of PMA lanes that may be used between sublayers, see 83.3.

IEEE Std 802.3bj-2014

Amendment 2—This amendment includes changes to IEEE Std 802.3-2012 and adds Clause 91 through Clause 94 as well as associated annexes. This amendment adds 100 Gb/s Physical Layer (PHY) specifications and management parameters for operation on electrical backplanes and twinaxial copper cables. This amendment also specifies optional Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) for 40 Gb/s and 100 Gb/s operation over electrical backplanes and copper cables. 17

PHY, PMD's and Options – 25 Gb/s

•PMD - Channel loss budget 35 dB (TP0-TP5) [25GBASE-CRF1]

-Supports up to at least 5m cable assembly (CA-L) – 802.3bj Host Loss

= 6.81 dB

-Supports up to at least 3m cable assembly (CA-S) - 802.3bj Host Loss

- + 3.6 dB = 10.41dB
- -RS-FEC

-Support no RS-FEC mode of operation

–Common electrical's (Tx/Rx, etc) for CA-L and CA-S – reuse 802.3bj



PHY, PMD's and Options – 25 Gb/s

 •PMD - Channel loss budget 30 dB (TP0-TP5) [25GBASE-CR1]
 –Supports up to at least 3m cable assembly (CA-S) - 802.3bj Host Loss = 6.81 dB (TBD)
 –no RS-FEC

-Electrical's (Tx/Rx, etc) possibly different than 35 dB Channel PMD



Summary

•Presented 25 Gb/s cable assembly test fixture and channel specifications consistent with adopted objectives

–Define a single-lane 25 Gb/s PHY for operation over links consistent with copper twin axial cables, with lengths up to at least 3m

–Define a single-lane 25 Gb/s PHY for operation over links consistent with copper twin axial cables, with lengths up to at least 5m

•PMD/PHY considerations - One PHY, two PMDs

Two PMD's with common cable assembly specifications (3m and 5m) and for 25GBASE-CRF1 an option for asymmetrical hosts

•25GBASE-CRF1 (Mandatory FEC with possible optional FEC mode of operation) -35 dB channel

-5m cable assembly = reuse 802.3bj

–3m cable assembly = reuse 802.3bj except for IL and possibly conversion loss IL

-Tx/Rx reuse 802.3bj

•25GBASE-CR1 (no FEC) 30 dB channel.

-3m cable assembly = same as 25GBASE-CRF1

-Tx/Rx possibly not same as 802.3bj

Summary

•For asymmetrical host:

–25GBASE-CRF1 (Mandatory FEC with possible optional FEC mode of operation) -35 dB channel

-35 dB channel allocation different than 802.3bj

-Cable assembly length (TBD) = 802.3bj except for IL and possibly conversion loss IL for cable assembly length

-Tx/Rx reuse 802.3bj