

Extended Power baseline proposal

v140

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Terms

- $P_{\text{Class_PD}}$ = PD maximum input average power per its class.
- P_{Class} = PSE maximum power per $P_{\text{Class_PD}}$ at worst case channel DC resistance.

Goal

Objective: $P_{\text{Class}} - P_{\text{Class_PD}}$ is power reserved for cable losses. The goal is to make this power available to the PD if it has additional information about actual channel losses. The amount of power available depends on actual channel losses.

Two things are needed:

- Table 33-18 Item 4 forbids PDs from exceeding $P_{\text{class_PD}}$
- An upper limit needs to be introduced

Table 33-18 -- PD power supply limits

Item	Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Max	PD Type	Additional information
4	Input average power, Class 0 and Class 3	PClass_PD	W		13.0	1	See 33.3.7.2, Table 33-1
	Input average power, Class 1				3.84	1	
	Input average power, Class 2				6.49	1	
	Input average power, Class 4				25.5	2	
	Input average power, Class 5				TBD	3	
	Input guaranteed available average power Class 6				TBD	3	
	Input guaranteed available average power Class 7				TBD	4	

Info: the highest power class for Type 3 and Type 4 is reworded to yield the same information but allow the PD to exceed the guaranteed available average power. The PD needs to know about actual channel losses, this is introduced in 33.3.7.2.

33.3.7.2 Input average power

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The maximum average power, P_{Class_PD} in Table 33–18 or $P_{DMaxPowerValue}$ in 33.6.3.3, is calculated over a 1 second interval. PDs may dynamically adjust their maximum required operating power below P_{Class_PD} as described in 33.6.

NOTE—Average power is calculated using any sliding window with a width of 1 s.

For Type 3 and 4 PDs the input guaranteed available average power is the maximum power the PD may consume when no additional information is available to the PD regarding actual channel DC resistance. If the PD has information about actual channel resistance then the PD may exceed the maximum guaranteed power provided that the I_{port} does not exceed P_{class}/V_{pse} . P_{class} is defined in Table 33-11.

Info: this sets the upper bound for PD consumption above the guaranteed power, expressed in the I_{port} current not to exceed the current the PSE minimally must be able to deliver.

Annex 1

- Q: How much power must a PSE minimally have available ?

- Table 33-11, Item 12

$$\text{PSE Type power minimum} = I_{\text{cable}} * V_{\text{port_PSE min}}$$

- Table 33-11, Item 11

Continuous output power capability in
POWER_ON state → Pclass (minimum)

$$\text{Pclass is Ptype} = I_{\text{cable}} * V_{\text{port_PSE min}} \text{ for Type 2}$$