Two Long Range PHYs for 100 Mbits/s Ethernet over CAT-5 and CAT-3 Cables

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True Ethernet PHY

To be compatible with existing Copper Ethernet MAC



Target Installation Base

- PHY with several hundreds of meters range can be used
 - From the fiber to the dwelling
 - Within multi-unit buildings
 - Within hospitals
 - Within Hotels
 - Inside home
- Copper is the preferred medium due to lower cost and ease of installation and maintenance



Performance for Proposed PHYs

 100 Mbits/s is sufficient for many applications and it is also a true Ethernet speed (100BASE-TX)

- Propose a 100 Mbits/s PHY over 4 pairs of CAT-5 cable for range of 400+ meters (refer to 100C5 for the rest of this document)
 - 600 meters can be demonstrated using existing components

- Propose a 100 Mbits/s PHY over one pair of CAT-3 cable for range of 150+ meters(refer to 100C3 from this point on)
 - 200 meters can be demonstrated using existing components



Modulation Scheme

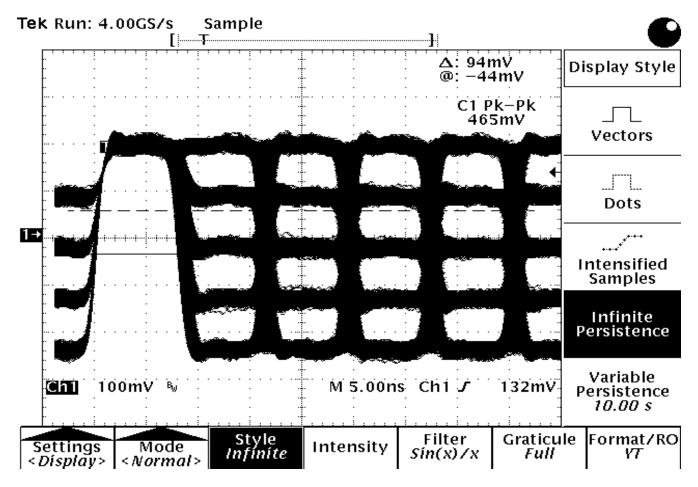
- Modulation scheme identical to 1000BATE-T
- Throughput at 10 times lower speed
 - Clock rate of 12.5 MHz for 100C5
 - Clock rate of 50 MHz for 100C3
- No major implementation problems due to speed or power
- Can be implemented using ASIC methodology
- A proven modulation scheme



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Measured 1000BASE-T Eye Diagram

100 m CAT-5 cable

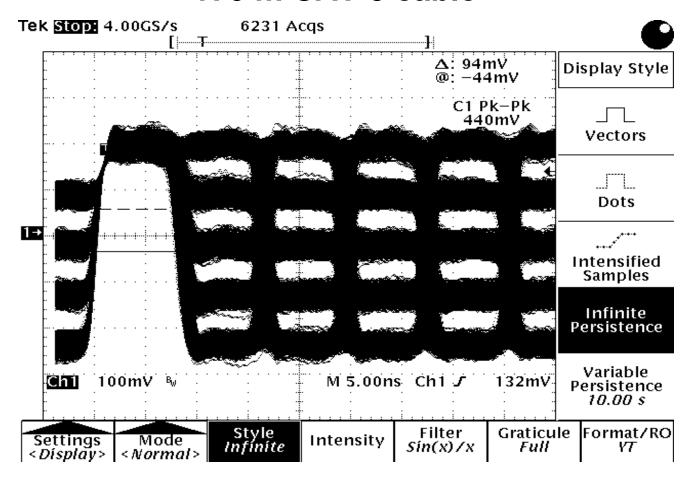




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Measured 1000BASE-T Eye Diagram

170 m CAT-5 cable





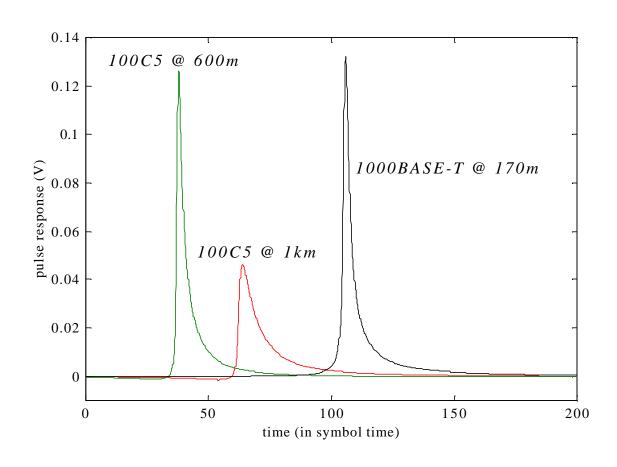
Comparison with other Copper Standards

Ethernet	Data Rate	Distance	Cabling	Coding /	Voltage
Scheme	(Mbits/s)	Target (m)		Modulation	Swing
	/Nyquest				(V)
	Frequency				
	(MHz)				
10BASE-T	10 / 10	>=100	2 pairs CAT-3 or	Manchester	±2.5
			better	Coding	
			(simplex)		
100BASE-TX	100 / 62.5	>=100	2 pairs CAT-3 or	8B10B	±1
			better	PAM-3	
			(simplex)		
1000BASE-T	1000 / 62.5	>=100	4 pairs CAT-5	TCM	±1
			(duplex)	PAM-5	
100C5 (CAT-5)	100 / 6.25	>=400	4 pairs CAT-5	TCM	±1
		(>=600)	(duplex)	PAM-5	
100C3 (CAT-3)	100 / 25	>=150	1 pair 26AWG	TCM	±1
		(>=200)	(duplex)	PAM-5	

No issue with FCC radiation restrictions

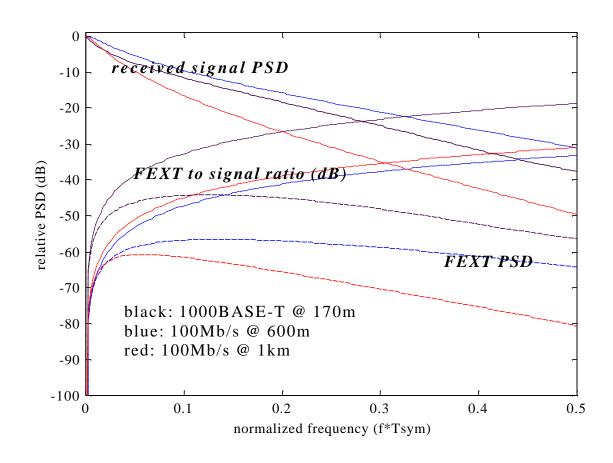


Pulse Response of CAT-5 Cable



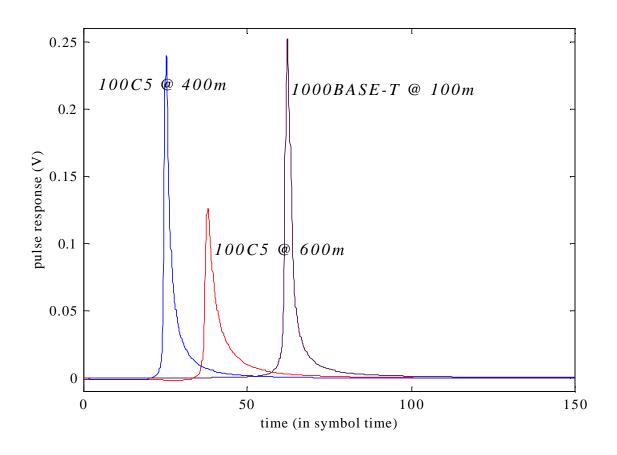


Comparison of PSDs (CAT-5)



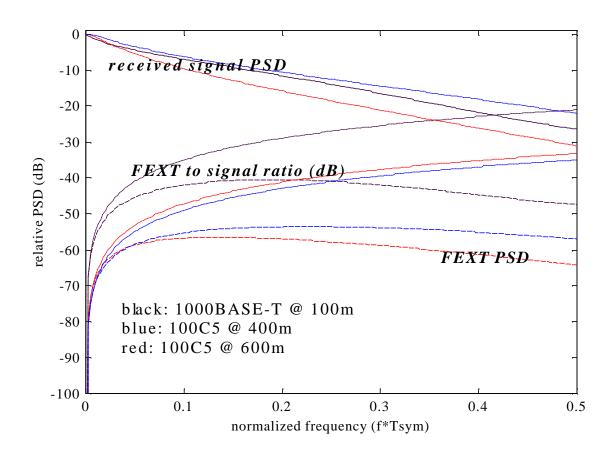


Pulse Response of CAT-5 Cable





Comparison of PSDs (CAT-5)



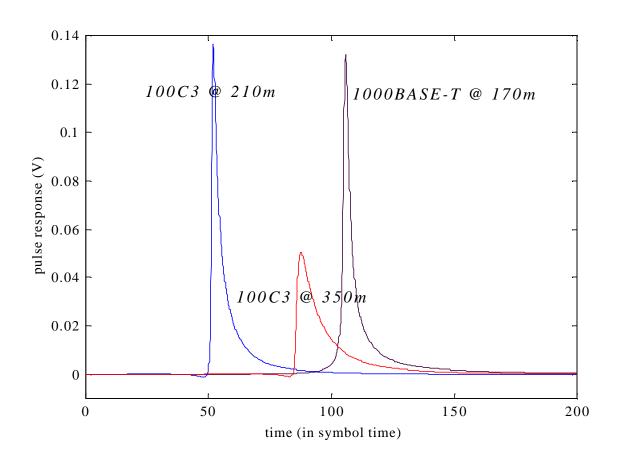


From 1000BASE-T to 100 Mb/s over CAT-5

- Same CAT-5 cable
- Same TCM scheme
- Same transmit power (± 1V)
- Same receiver architecture
- Same duplex mode
- 100BASE-TX MAC
- Lower data rate (100Mbits/s)
 - Lower circuit speed, better performance
 - Higher ADC resolution (10+ bits)
- Longer transmission distance (>400m, ~600m?)
- Lower FEXT
- Lower radiation than 100BASE-TX

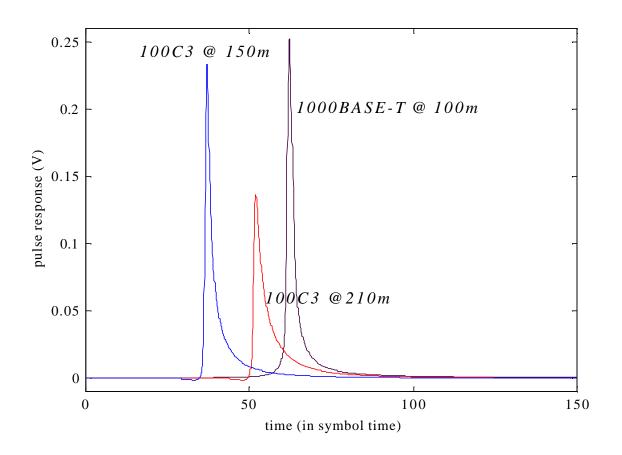


Pulse Response of CAT-3 (26AWG) Cable





Pulse Response of CAT-3 (26AWG) Cable





From 1000BASE-T to 100Mbits/s over CAT-3

- Similar TCM scheme (with 6dB coding gain)
- Same transmit power (± 1V)
- Similar receiver architecture
- Same duplex mode
- 100BASE-TX MAC
- Same PHY except of the TCM scheme
- Only one CAT-3 cable
- Lower data rate (100Mbits/s)
 - Lower circuit speed, better performance
 - Higher ADC resolution (10+ bits)
- Longer transmission distance (> 150m, ~200m ?)
- Lower radiation than 100BASE-TX

