## P802.15.9

Submitter Email: <u>bheile@ieee.org</u> Type of Project: Revision to IEEE Standard 802.15.9-2016 PAR Request Date: 09-Jun-2019 PAR Approval Date: PAR Expiration Date: Status: Unapproved PAR, PAR for a Revision to an existing IEEE Standard

1.1 Project Number: P802.15.91.2 Type of Document: Standard1.3 Life Cycle: Full Use

**2.1 Title:** Standard for Transport of Key Management Protocol (KMP)
 Changes in title: IEEE Recommended PracticeStandard for Transport of Key Management Protocol (KMP) Datagrams

3.1 Working Group: Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN) Working Group (C/LM/WG802.15)
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3.2 Sponsoring Society and Committee: IEEE Computer Society/LAN/MAN Standards Committee (C/LM)

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4.1 Type of Ballot: Individual
4.2 Expected Date of submission of draft to the IEEE-SA for Initial Sponsor Ballot: 03/2021
4.3 Projected Completion Date for Submittal to RevCom
Note: Usual minimum time between initial sponsor ballot and submission to Revcom is 6 months.: 10/2021

## 5.1 Approximate number of people expected to be actively involved in the development of this project: 25

5.2 Scope: This revision changes IEEE Std. 802.15.9 from a Changes in scope: This recommended revision practice changes Recommended Practice to a Standard. Additionally it defines security definesIEEE Std. 802.15.9 from a messageRecommended key management extensions to address session key generation (both exchangePractice frameworkto baseda onStandard. 128 and 256 bit key lengths), creation and/or transport of informationAdditionally elementsit (IE) defines assecurity akey broadcast/multicast keys, and security algorithm agility. New KMPs transportmanagement methodextensions forto KMPaddress may be added as part of this Standard. This standard is backwards datagramssession key generation (both 128 and guidelines256 forbit compatible with 802.15.9 Recommended Practice. thekey uselengths), creation and/or transport of somebroadcast/multicast existingkeys, and security algorithm agility. New KMPs withmay IEEE be Stdadded 802as part of this Standard. 15.4(TM). This recommendedstandard practice is doesbackwards not compatible create with a802.15.9 new Recommended **KMP**Practice. 5.3 Is the completion of this standard dependent upon the completion of another standard: 5.4 Purpose: This standard describes support for transporting KMP Changes in purpose: This recommended practicestandard describes datagrams to support the security functionality present in IEEE Std support for transporting KMP datagrams to support the security 802.15.4. Significant in support of KMP transport is the definition of a functionality present in IEEE Std 802.15.4. Significant in support of

general purpose multiplexed (MPX) data service supporting fragmentation, re-assembly, and protocol dispatch for payloads unable to fit in a single MAC frame.

KMP transport is the definition of a general purpose multiplexed (MPX) data service supporting fragmentation, re-assembly, and protocol dispatch for payloads unable to fit in a single MAC frame.

**5.5 Need for the Project:** The IEEE 802.15.9 Recommended Practice has been useful for the current user community, but converting it to a standard will improve the consistency of how it is used, facilitate compliancy verification/certification, expand the community of users, and facilitate its reference and use in other Standards such as 802.15.12 draft standard for an intelligent upper layer interface (ULI) for IEEE Std 802.15.4. In addition, the IEEE 802.15.4y draft amendment for Security Next Generation is adding support for 256-bit key lengths and the ability to select other Authenticated Encryption with Associated Data (AEAD) ciphers. For this to be accomplished, supporting capability needs to be added to IEEE Std 802.15.9. Further, current implementers of IEEE Std 802.15.9 have created their own specifications on how key material should be used to create session keys, since these are not currently covered in IEEE Std 802.15.9, and the Recommended Practice does not include some of the KMPs emerging in the Internet of Things (IoT) market, for example (Datagram) Transport Layer Security (D)TLS 1.3 or Ephemeral Diffie-Hellman Over Concise Binary Object Representing Objects Signing and Encryption (EDHOC). This deficiency is yet another driver pushing adopting Alliances to create their own specifications. This is counter to the goal of achieving broad scale interoperability. This standard addresses that deficiency.

**5.6 Stakeholders for the Standard:** The stakeholders include silicon vendors, manufacturers and users of telecom, medical, environmental, energy, and consumer electronics equipment and manufacturers and users of equipment involving the use of wireless sensor and control networks.

**Intellectual Property** 

**6.1.a. Is the Sponsor aware of any copyright permissions needed for this project?:** No **6.1.b. Is the Sponsor aware of possible registration activity related to this project?:** No

7.1 Are there other standards or projects with a similar scope?: No

7.2 Joint Development

Is it the intent to develop this document jointly with another organization?: No

**8.1 Additional Explanatory Notes:**