

**This provides responses to comments on the FDIS ballot on ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-1AE:2020/FDAmD 4 (Ed 2).**

**The voting results on ballot ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-1AE:2020/FDAmD 4 (Ed 2):**

- Do you approve the technical content of the final draft? Passed 10/1/7
- 1 comment with the China NB NO vote.

The comments have been processed in a timely manner using the mechanisms defined and agreed in 6N15606. This document provides the responses from IEEE 802<sup>1</sup> to the comments by China NB on this ballot.

**China NB comment 1 on ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-1AE:2020/FDAmD 4 (Ed 2):**

*IEEE 802.1AEdk -2023 has referenced IEEE 802.1X in several clauses. However, China NB voted against IEEE802.1X and submitted technical comments pointing out the security flaws during the pre-ballot and FDIS ballot as described in 6N15555 and 6N15771, such as “cannot achieve the real mutual authentication between the Supplicant and Authenticator”, but those comments have not been disposed reasonably.*

Proposed Change:

Delete the references to IEEE 802.1X.

**IEEE 802 response to CN.1 on ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-1AE:2020/FDAmD 4 (Ed 2):**

The documents referenced in the China NB ballot comment (i.e., 6N15555 and 6N15771) are the Summary of Voting on IEEE 802.1X-2010 (ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-1X:2013) documents which date from 2013; IEEE 802 responses to these comments were submitted to ISO/IEC JTC1 SC6 at the time. The general assertions raised in the China NB’s ballots were discussed at length in 2013 at the IEEE 802 meeting in Geneva (with IEEE 802 and Switzerland NB representatives in attendance) and in both 2013 and 2014 at SC6 meetings in Seoul and Ottawa (with IEEE 802, China NB, and Switzerland NB representatives in attendance). During those meetings, IEEE 802 fully responded to all claims made by both the China NB and Switzerland NB representatives and presented additional information about the design and specification of IEEE 802 technologies. Additionally, at the SC6 meeting in Ottawa in early 2014, the China NB and Switzerland NB representatives committed to providing technical details to justify their concerns. There have been no submissions from the China NB or Switzerland NB and there has been no detailed technical information or discussion shared since that time.

IEEE 802 has supplied a number of communications about the security technology specified in the IEEE 802 security standards: explaining why attacks referenced in China NB contributions are not effective (and will fail); illustrating the use of certificates in IEEE 802.1X-2010 (ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-1X:2013); and describing how the use of the mutual authentication methods specified in IEEE Std 802.1X does not expose the public network or its user to (unspecified) security problems.

The China NB has repeatedly claimed there are “security problems”; however, these assertions have not been substantiated, despite requests for further information from IEEE 802. The invitation for a

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representative of the China NB (as well as representatives from other interested SC6 NBs) to attend an IEEE 802 Plenary meeting remains open.

IEEE 802 believes that the alleged security defects asserted by the China NB are not valid. Without technical substantiation of any related concerns, IEEE 802 cannot consider modification of the existing IEEE 802 standards.