### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Review:	P802.16e/D8		Ballot	Numl	per: 0001045				Comment Date
Comment #	5003	Comment submitted by:	James		Gilb			Member		2005/06/08
Comment	туре Techn	ical, Binding	Starting	Page # 3		Starting Line #	1	Fig/Table#	Section	1.4.2
t is not proper to mark a subclause as informative (see 2005 IEEE Style Guide).										

Suggested Remedy

Move this text to an informative Annex.

Proposed ResolutionRecommendation: Accepted-ModifiedRecommendation by[In 1.4.2 Network model for mobile communications (informative), page 3, line 1, move entire subclause to new Annex F as informative text]

[In 3. Definitions, page 10, line 16, add to end of section as:]

**3.84 backbone network:** communication mechanism by which two or more base station (BS)s communicate to each other, and may also include communication with other networks. The method of communication for backbone networks is outside the scope of this standard.'

Reason for Recommendation

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Accepted-Modified

[In 1.4.2 Network model for mobile communications (informative), page 3, line 1, move entire subclause to new Annex F as informative text]

[In 3. Definitions, page 10, line 16, add to end of section as:]

**3.84 backbone network:** communication mechanism by which two or more base station (BS)s communicate to each other, and may also include communication with other networks. The method of communication for backbone networks is outside the scope of this standard.

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Group's Notes

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

Editor's Questions and Concerns

#### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document u	nder Review:	P802.16e/D8	Ballo	t Number: 0001045		Comment Date
Comment # 5	5004	Comment submitted by:	James	Gilb	Member	2005/06/08
Comment	Type Techni	cal, Binding	Starting Page #	Starting Line # Vario	Fig/Table# S	ection 3
Definitions nee	ed to stand or	their own, so acronyms r		out in each of the definitions.	In most cases it is bet	tter to avoid using them

altogether. 3.73 is an example, BS, MSS and HO need to be spelled out.

#### Suggested Remedy

Spell out the acronyms in each of the definitions. The response is that BS is widely used. However the other acronyms, SHO, MSS, etc. are not widely used and are specific only to this draft. Even BS can be misunderstood and should be spelled out. Only acronyms that are extremely well known, such as RF, RFIC, CMOS, etc. do not need to be spelled out. The IEEE staff cannot make this determination. Do the right thing and spell them out.

Proposed Resolution Recommendation: Accepted-Modified Recommendation by

Replace "handoff" with "handover" throughout the text (5 instances)".

In Clause 4, remove the definition for "BBM - break before make" In Clause 4, remove the definition for "MBB - make before break"

[In 3. Definitions, page 9, line 1, modify identified definitions as:] '3.5.1 neighbor BS: For any mobile station (MS), a neighbor BS is a base station (BS) (other than the serving BS) whose downlink transmission can be received by the mobile station (MS).

3.5.2 serving BS: For any mobile station (MS), the serving BS is the <u>base station (BS)</u> with which the <u>mobile station (MS)</u> has most recently completed registration at initial network-entry or during an <u>handover (HO)</u>.

3.5.3 target BS: The base station (BS) that an mobile station (MS) intends to be registered with at the end of a handover (HO).

3.5.4 active BS: An active BS is informed of the mobile station (MS)<sup>!</sup> capabilities, security parameters, service flows and full MAC context information. For soft handover (SHO), the mobile station (MS) transmits/receives data to/from all active BSs in the active set.'

'3.71 active set: Active set is applicable to SHO and FBSS. The active set contains a list of active BSs to the mobile station (MS). The active set is managed by the mobile station (MS) and base station (BS). The active set is applicable to soft handover (SHO) and fast BS switching (FBSS)'

'3.73 anchor BS: For <u>soft handover (SHO)</u> or <u>fast BS switching (FBSS)</u> supporting <u>mobile station (MS)s</u>, this is a <u>base station (BS)</u> where the <u>mobile station (MS)</u> is registered, synchronized <del>with</del>, performs ranging <del>with</del> and monitors the <u>downlinkDL</u> for control information. For <u>fast BS switching</u> (FBSS) supporting <u>mobile station (MS)</u>, this is the serving BS that is designated to transmit/receive data to/from the <u>mobile station (MS)</u> at a given frame.

3.74 FA index: A network specific logical <u>frequency assignment (FA)</u> index assignment. FA index assignment is used in combination with operator specific configuration information provided to the <u>mobile station (MS)</u> in a method outside the scope of this standard.

3.75 fast BS switching (FBSS): <u>base station (BS)</u> switching that utilizes <u>a</u> fast switching mechanism to improve link quality. The <u>mobile station (MS)</u> is only transmitting/receiving data to/from one of the active BS (anchor BS) at any given frame. The anchor BS can change from frame to frame depending on the <u>base station (BS)</u> selection scheme.

### IEEE 802.16-05/039

3.76 frequency assignment (FA): A frequency assignment (FA) denotes a logical assignment of <u>downlinkDL</u> center frequency and channel bandwidth programmed to the <u>base station (BS)</u>.

3.77 handover (HO): The process in which an mobile station (MS) migrates from the air-interface provided by one base station (BS) to the air-interface provided by another base station (BS).

3.78 group key encryption key (GKEK): Encrypted by the KEK that is derived from the AK. The GKEK is a random number generated by the BS or an ASA used to encrypt the GTEKs sent in multicast messages by the BS to MSs in the same multicast group.'

3.80 mobile station (MS): A subscriber station (SS) capable of communicating while in motion. <u>A mobile station (MS) is always a subsciber station (SS) unless specifically excepted otherwise in the standard.</u>

3.81 Optical station (MS) performs when powering down as directed by (e.g., user input or prompted by a automatic power down mechanism).

3.82 scanning interval: A time period intended for the mobile station (MS) to monitor neighbor BSs to determine the suitability of the base station (BS) as targets for handover (HO).

3.83 soft handover (SHO): The process in which an mobile station (MS) migrates from the air-interface provided by one or more <u>base station</u> (BS)s to the air-interface provided by other one or more <u>base station</u> (BS)s. This process is accomplished in the <u>downlinkDL</u> by having two or more <u>base station</u> (BS)s transmitting the same MAC/PHY protocol data unit (PDU)s to the <u>mobile station</u> (MS) such that diversity combining can be performed by the <u>mobile station</u> (MS). In the <u>uplinkUL</u> it is accomplished by having two or more <u>base station</u> (BS)s receiving (demodulating, decoding) the same protocol data unit (PDU)s from the <u>mobile station</u> (MS), such that diversity combining of the received protocol data unit (PDU)s can be performed among the <u>base station</u> (BS)s.'

Reason for Recommendation

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Accepted-Modified

Replace "handoff" with "handover" throughout the text (5 instances)".

In Clause 4, remove the definition for "BBM - break before make" In Clause 4, remove the definition for "MBB - make before break"

[In 3. Definitions, page 9, line 1, modify identified definitions as:]

3.5.1 neighbor BS: For any mobile station (MS), a neighbor BS is a base station (BS) (other than the serving BS) whose downlink transmission can be received by the mobile station (MS).

3.5.2 serving BS: For any mobile station (MS), the serving BS is the <u>base station (BS)</u> with which the <u>mobile station (MS)</u> has most recently completed registration at initial network-entry or during an <u>handover (HO)</u>.

3.5.3 target BS: The base station (BS) that an mobile station (MS) intends to be registered with at the end of a handover (HO).

3.5.4 active BS: An active BS is informed of the mobile station (MS)<sup>1</sup> capabilities, security parameters, service flows and full MAC context information. For soft handover (SHO), the mobile station (MS) transmits/receives data to/from all active BSs in the active set.'

'3.71 active set: Active set is applicable to SHO and FBSS. The active set contains a list of active BSs to the mobile station (MS). The active set is managed by the mobile station (MS) and base station (BS). The active set is applicable to soft handover (SHO) and fast BS switching (FBSS)'

'3.73 anchor BS: For <u>soft handover (SHO)</u> or <u>fast BS switching (FBSS)</u> supporting <u>mobile station (MS)s</u>, this is a <u>base station (BS)</u> where the <u>mobile station (MS)</u> is registered, synchronized with, performs ranging with and monitors the <u>downlinkDL</u> for control information. For <u>fast BS switching</u> (FBSS) supporting <u>mobile station (MS)</u>, this is the serving BS that is designated to transmit/receive data to/from the <u>mobile station (MS)</u> at a given frame.

3.74 FA index: A network specific logical <u>frequency assignment (FA)</u> index assignment. FA index assignment is used in combination with operator specific configuration information provided to the <u>mobile station (MS)</u> in a method outside the scope of this standard.

3.75 fast BS switching (FBSS): <u>base station (BS)</u> switching that utilizes <u>a</u> fast switching mechanism to improve link quality. The <u>mobile station (MS)</u> is only transmitting/receiving data to/from one of the active BS (anchor BS) at any given frame. The anchor BS can change from frame to frame depending on the <u>base station (BS)</u> selection scheme.

3.76 frequency assignment (FA): A frequency assignment (FA) denotes a logical assignment of <u>downlinkDL</u> center frequency and channel bandwidth programmed to the <u>base station (BS)</u>.

3.77 handover (HO): The process in which an mobile station (MS) migrates from the air-interface provided by one base station (BS) to the air-interface provided by another base station (BS).

3.78 group key encryption key (GKEK): Encrypted by the KEK that is derived from the AK. The GKEK is a random number generated by the BS or a network entity (for example, an ASA server) used to encrypt the GTEKs sent in multicast messages by the BS to MSs in the same multicast group.'

3.80 mobile station (MS): A subscriber station (SS) capable of communicating while in motion. A mobile station (MS) is always a subsciber station

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Group's Notes

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

It is redundant to explicitly spell out all the acronyms; a usual common practice is to spell out the first instance of each acronym.

Editor's Questions and Concerns

### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document under Review	P802.16e/D8	Ball	ot Number:	)001045			Comment Date
Comment # <b>5020</b>	Comment submitted by:	Rajesh	Bhalla		Member		2005/06/08
Comment Type Tech Since "preferred DIUC" is DCD change indication.	nical, Binding not longer reported in BAn	Starting Page # dwidth request an		ng Line # ourst profile chanę	Fig/Table# ge request header, t		6.3.2.1.2.1.3 eed to include
Suggested Remedy Remove DCD change indi reserve bit in figure 20b a	nd table 7b. Remove the c	lescription on Pag	ge 20, line 3	5	eader. Change DCI	D change i	ndication bit to
Proposed Resolution F Change: 6.3.2.1.2.1.3 Bandwidth re Bandwidth request and do request and DL burst profi request and downlink burs to: 6.3.2.1.2.1.3 Bandwidth re Bandwidth request and Cl request and CINR report h	wnlink burst profile change e change request header a t profile change request he equest and CINR report he NR report PDU shall cons	profile change request (BR-DB alone, and shall no ader is illustrated i eader sist of bandwidth	PCR) PDU s ot contain a p in Figure 20b	hall consist of ba ayload. The band			
Change: Figure 20b—Bandwidth re to: Figure 20b—Bandwidth re		profile change					

#### **Reason for Recommendation**

The definition of DCD change indication for this table has a different meaning from what the commentor is saying. For the definition that is being referred, it is not needed, but for the actual definition, the bit is needed and useful. The actual definition is that there was a change in state, and this bit is used to report the change in state.

#### **Resolution of Group**

**Decision of Group: Accepted-Modified** 

#### Change:

6.3.2.1.2.1.3 Bandwidth request and downlink burst profile change request header
Bandwidth request and downlink burst profile change request (BR-DBPCR) PDU shall consist of bandwidth request and DL burst profile change request header alone, and shall not contain a payload. The bandwidth request and downlink burst profile change request header is illustrated in Figure 20b.
to:
6.3.2.1.2.1.3 Bandwidth request and CINR report header
Bandwidth request and CINR report PDU shall consist of bandwidth

request and CIND report based or slapp, and shall not contain a pouload (and Figure 20h)

ובקעבט מווע טוועה ובאטוו וובמעבו מוטווב, מווע טומוו ווטו טטוונמווו מ אמצוטמע (טבב רועעוב בטט).

Change: Figure 20b—Bandwidth request and downlink burst profile change to: Figure 20b—Bandwidth request and CINR report

#### Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

The definition of DCD change indication for this table has a different meaning from what the commentor is saying. For the definition that is being referred, it is not needed, but for the actual definition, the bit is needed and useful. The actual definition is that there was a change in state, and this bit is used to report the change in state.

**Group's Notes** 

**Group's Action Items** 

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

**Editor's Questions and Concerns** 

# IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document under Review:	P802.16e/D8	Ballot Num	nber: 0001045		Comment Date
Comment # <b>5030</b>	Comment submitted by:	Vladimir Yar	nover	Member	2005/06/08
Comment Type Technic The current draft defines two mechanisms are incomplete	mechanisms that can be		Starting Line # 14 on: average CINR report	-	ection 6.3.2.1.2.1. reports. Both
Suggested Remedy Discuss and adopt contribu	tion 802.16e-05/269 ("Cl	INR and Preferred-MCS	S Reports For OFDMA	PHY").	
Proposed Resolution Re Adopt contribution 802.16e Add MCS definition: "Modul			mmendation by		
Make the following change to If the BS instructs CINR rep shall report the estimate of the to it.	orting on an AAS zone <del>w</del>	vith AMC permutation, the subcarriers that belong to	nen the MS o slots allocated		
Reason for Recommendation					
Resolution of Group	Decision of Grou	up: Rejected			
Reason for Group's Decision Vote: 5-5.	/Resolution				
Group's Notes Contribution 802.16e-05/26 Group's Action Items	9r2 was uploaded but we	e addressed 269r1 in the	e discussion.		
Editor's Notes Editor's Questions and Conc	Editor's Actions I) none r erns	needed			

# IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document under Review: P802.16e/D8			Ballot Number: 0001045					Comment Da		
Comment #	5048	Comment submitted by:	Rajesh		Bhalla			Member		2005/06/08
Comment	туре Tech	nical, Binding	Starting	Page #	27 Sta	rting Line #	19	Fig/Table#	Section	6.3.2.1.23
Incorrect sec										

Suggested Remedy

Change section number 6.3.2.1.2.3 to 6.3.2.1.2.2.1; Change section number 6.3.2.1.2.3.1 to 6.3.2.1.2.2.1.1;

Proposed ResolutionRecommendation: Accepted-ModifiedRecommendation by[In 6.3.2.1.2.3 Feedback header, page 28, Figure 20i, replace 'EC (1)' with 'EC=1 (1)' in the figure:]In Figure 20j, Change: HT = 0 (1) to HT = 1(1)in Figure 20k, change EC (1) to EC = 1(1)Change section number 6.3.2.1.2.3 to 6.3.2.1.2.2.1;Change section number 6.3.2.1.2.3.1 to 6.3.2.1.2.2.1.1;

Reason for Recommendation

Resolution of Group

Decision of Group: Accepted-Modified

[In 6.3.2.1.2.3 Feedback header, page 28, Figure 20i, replace 'EC (1)' with 'EC=1 (1)' in the figure:] In Figure 20j, Change: HT = 0 (1) to HT = 1(1) in Figure 20k, change EC (1) to EC = 1(1) Change section number 6.3.2.1.2.3 to 6.3.2.1.2.2.1; Change section number 6.3.2.1.2.3.1 to 6.3.2.1.2.2.1.1;

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Group's Notes

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

**Editor's Questions and Concerns** 

### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Revie	w: P802.16e/D8		Ballot Nu	ımber: 0001045			Comment Date
Comment #	5053	Comment submitted by:	Rajesh	BI	halla	Member		2005/06/08
Comment	туре Тес	chnical, Binding	Starting	Page # 30	Starting Line # 29	Fig/Table#	Section	6.3.2.1.2.3
Feedback ty to.	pe 0011 rep	oorts Preferred DIUC index fi	om the N	/IS. However,	there is not indication of	which DCD the pref	ferred DIL	JC is associated

Suggested Remedy

Add DCD change count to feedback content. Change line 29 to: " Preferred-DIUC (4 bits) <u>+ DCD change count (4 bits)</u>"

Proposed ResolutionRecommendation: AcceptedRecommendation byAdd DCD change count to feedback content. Change line 29 to:"" Preferred-DIUC (4 bits) + DCD change count (4 bits)"

Reason for Recommendation

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Accepted

Add DCD change count to feedback content. Change line 29 to: "Preferred-DIUC (4 bits) <u>+ DCD change count (4 bits)</u>"

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Group's Notes

**Group's Action Items** 

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

Editor's Questions and Concerns

### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document under Revi Comment # 5059	ew: P802.16e/D8 Comment submitted by:		Number: 0001045 Bhalla	Member	Comment Date 2005/06/08					
	echnical, Binding subheader is still only two byt	Starting Page # 35 es long, why was the	-	Fig/Table# S	ection 6.3.2.2.2					
Suggested Remedy Change the following text:										
" The Grant Manageme	ent subheader is <del>two</del> <del><u>three-two</u></del>	bytes in length"								
Proposed Resolution	Recommendation:	R	ecommendation by							
Reason for Recommenda	ation									

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Superceded

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution See comment 5058.

Group's Notes

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions I) none needed

**Editor's Questions and Concerns** 

### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Reviev	v: P802.16e/D8	Ballot	Number: 0001045		Comment Date
Comment #	<b>5150</b>	Comment submitted by:	Phillip	Barber	Member	2005/06/08
Comment	Type Tech	nnical, Binding	Starting Page # 61	Starting Line # 33	Fig/Table# Tabl	Section 6.3.2.3.26
Lobiost to th	o recolution (	of commont 4001				

I object to the resolution of comment 4001.

The Group rejected the comment for: 'Vote: 3-5

Reason: This contribution addresses a larger problem than the original scope.

This reason for rejection is entirely arbitrary and imprecise and demonstrates a lack of proper review and deliberation. The Group was unable to approve a single one of the 19 individually proposed remedies? All 19 were perceived as exceeding the original mandate for the work? Remember that many of these proposed remedies just said change an instance of 'MS' back to 'SS'; hardly outside the scope of the mandate. Regardless of the reason for the work, each of the 19 remedies were reviewed on their merit? Some of the identified problems were of instances of elements of the 16e DRAFT that are out-of-scope of the 16e PAR and must be remedied to bring the DRAFT back into alignment with its PAR. Regardless of mandate, these issues cannot be just shunted aside without due consideration.

Frankly, the unprofessional disposition of this matter should be a source of embarassment to the membership.

Problem: Again, inappropriate SS to MS changes from the 802.16-2004 documents that would remove necessary specification for 802.16-2004 compliant SS breaking backwards compatibility, thus is out-of-scope of the 16e PAR.

Simple remedy is to change the MS back to SS where appropriate in the Table.

Also, in Action Code 2 actions, correcting improper Action Code response to resume Normal Operation specified. Says '0x00' but should be '02 or 03'.

Suggested Remedy

Accept Contribution C802.16e-05/273r0

#### **Proposed Resolution Recommendation:** Accepted-Modified

Recommendation by

Insert the following editorial instruction (before the text and table): [Change the title of Table 55 as indicated:] "Table 55 -- Action codes and actions for an SS"

[Insert the following text before Table 55:]

"The BS and SS shall use the action codes defined in Table 55 if the agreed MAC version value supported on the channel is less than 5 in TLV number 148 (see section 11.1.3)."

Adopt the text in Table 55 from Contribution C802.16e-05/273r1 as a new Table 55a: "Action codes and actions for an MS". [Insert the following text before Table 55a:] "The BS and SS shall use the action codes defined in Table 55a if the agreed MAC version value supported on the channel is equal to 5 in TLV number 148 (see section 11.1.3)."

Change 'SS' to 'MS' in the first 5 entries of the new Table 55a.

#### **Reason for Recommendation**

Codes 0x0 through 0x4 are legacy and cannot be deleted or changed without undermining backwards compatibility, which would be out-of-scope of the 16e PAR. So no changes are being made to Action Codes 00-04. The adopted resolution of this comment resolves the "conflict" between the Action Codes required for fixed subscribers and mobile subscribers.

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Accepted-Modified

Insert the following editorial instruction (before the text and table): [Change the title of Table 55 as indicated:] "Table 55 -- Action codes and actions for an SS"

[Insert the following text before Table 55:]

"The BS and SS shall use the action codes defined in Table 55 if the agreed MAC version value supported on the channel is less than 5 in TLV number 148 (see section 11.1.3)."

Adopt the text in Table 55 from Contribution C802.16e-05/273r1 as a new Table 55a: "Action codes and actions for an MS".

[Insert the following text before Table 55a:]

<sup>\*</sup>The BS and SS shall use the action codes defined in Table 55a if the agreed MAC version value supported on the channel is equal to 5 in TLV number 148 (see section 11.1.3)."

Change 'SS' to 'MS' in the first 5 entries of the new Table 55a.

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Group's Notes

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

**Editor's Questions and Concerns** 

### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document under Review: P802.16e/D8			Ballot Number: 0001045					Comment Date			
Comment #	Comment # 5155 Comment submitted by:			Phillip Barber			Member			2005/06/08	
Comment	туре Techr	nical, Binding	Starting	Page #	66 Sta	arting Line #	<sub>#</sub> 30	Fig/Table#	Tabl	Section	6.3.2.3.43.5
I object to the	e resolution of										

The Group rejected the comment for:

'Vote: 3-5

Reason: This contribution addresses a larger problem than the original scope.'

This reason for rejection is entirely arbitrary and imprecise and demonstrates a lack of proper review and deliberation. The Group was unable to approve a single one of the 19 individually proposed remedies? All 19 were perceived as exceeding the original mandate for the work? Remember that many of these proposed remedies just said change an instance of 'MS' back to 'SS'; hardly outside the scope of the mandate. Regardless of the reason for the work, each of the 19 remedies were reviewed on their merit? Some of the identified problems were of instances of elements of the 16e DRAFT that are out-of-scope of the 16e PAR and must be remedied to bring the DRAFT back into alignment with its PAR. Regardless of mandate, these issues cannot be just shunted aside without due consideration.

Frankly, the unprofessional disposition of this matter should be a source of embarassment to the membership.

Problem: Changes to all of 6.6.3.2.3.43.5 as they stand to be implemented through this 16e amendment, would make retroactive changes to 802.16-2004 compliant SS without any appropriate mechanism to distinguish SS supporting only the 802.16-2004 original iteration and SS supporting the 802.16-2004 PLUS the amended, non-MS centric, changes of 16e, breaking backwards compatibility, thus is out-of-scope of the 16e PAR. This is a real problem.

Simple remedy is to make the IE change to the Table specific to MS.

Suggested Remedy

Accept Contribution C802.16e-05/275r0

Proposed ResolutionRecommendation: Accepted-ModifiedRecommendation byAccept Contribution C802.16e-05/275r0

The correct table reference should be Table 95, CQICH Control IE. The correct page/line numbers should be page 97, lines 14-16, lines 25-29.

Reason for Recommendation

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Accepted-Modified

Accept Contribution C802.16e-05/275r0

The correct table reference should be Table 95, CQICH Control IE. The correct page/line numbers should be page 97, lines 14-16, lines 25-29.

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Group's Notes

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

Editor's Questions and Concerns

#### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Review:	P802.16e/D8	Ballot	Number: 0001045			Comment Date
Comment #	5157	Comment submitted by:	Phillip	Barber	Member		2005/06/08
Comment		ical, Binding	Starting Page # 6	7 Starting Line # 59	Fig/Table#	Section	6.3.2.3.43.6
I abiaat ta th	a readuition of	a a man a mat 1001					

I object to the resolution of comment 4001.

The Group rejected the comment for:

'Vote: 3-5

Reason: This contribution addresses a larger problem than the original scope.'

This reason for rejection is entirely arbitrary and imprecise and demonstrates a lack of proper review and deliberation. The Group was unable to approve a single one of the 19 individually proposed remedies? All 19 were perceived as exceeding the original mandate for the work? Remember that many of these proposed remedies just said change an instance of 'MS' back to 'SS'; hardly outside the scope of the mandate. Regardless of the reason for the work, each of the 19 remedies were reviewed on their merit? Some of the identified problems were of instances of elements of the 16e DRAFT that are out-of-scope of the 16e PAR and must be remedied to bring the DRAFT back into alignment with its PAR. Regardless of mandate, these issues cannot be just shunted aside without due consideration.

Frankly, the unprofessional disposition of this matter should be a source of embarassment to the membership.

Problem: Changes to all of 6.3.2.3.43.6.1&.2&.3 are certainly more properly Corrigenda items. The changes, as they stand to be implemented through this 16e amendment, would make retroactive changes to 802.16-2004 compliant SS without any appropriate mechanism to distinguish SS supporting only the 802.16-2004 original iteration and SS supporting the 802.16-2004 PLUS the amended, non-MS centric, changes of 16e. This is a real problem, breaking backwards compatibility, thus is out-of-scope of the 16e PAR.

I looked at a remedy for this for a long time, and I cannot see a way to make changes to the proposed revisions, keeping the revised features, and maintain backwards compatibility/not disrupt legacy SS function. The answer is certainly to process these as Corrigenda items; not as 16e amendments. Note that some of these changes duplicate, or supersede changes to the Corrigenda D3 document.

#### Suggested Remedy

[Delete page 67, line 62 through page 72, line 56, including the editorial instructions; and remand material to Corrigenda]

Proposed Resolution Recommendation: Rejected Recommendation by

#### Reason for Recommendation

Until such time as corrigenda makes a change, these changes are required for 802.16e. Should corrigenda adopt this, we will remove it from 802.16e.

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Rejected

#### Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Until such time as corrigenda makes a change, these changes are required for 802.16e. Should corrigenda adopt this, we will remove it from 802.16e.

IEEE 802.16-05/039

Group's Notes

Group's Action Items Monitor corrigenda group to determine the status of this change.

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions I) none needed

Editor's Questions and Concerns

### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Review:	P802.16e/D8		Ballot Nu	mber: 0001045			Comment Date
Comment #	5160	Comment submitted by:	Phillip	Ba	rber	Member		2005/06/08
Comment	туре Techn	ical, Binding	Starting Pag	<sub>je #</sub> 73	Starting Line # 27	Fig/Table#	Section	6.3.2.3.43.6.7
Lobiost to th	o recolution of	commont 4001						

I object to the resolution of comment 4001.

The Group rejected the comment for:

'Vote: 3-5

Reason: This contribution addresses a larger problem than the original scope.'

This reason for rejection is entirely arbitrary and imprecise and demonstrates a lack of proper review and deliberation. The Group was unable to approve a single one of the 19 individually proposed remedies? All 19 were perceived as exceeding the original mandate for the work? Remember that many of these proposed remedies just said change an instance of 'MS' back to 'SS'; hardly outside the scope of the mandate. Regardless of the reason for the work, each of the 19 remedies were reviewed on their merit? Some of the identified problems were of instances of elements of the 16e DRAFT that are out-of-scope of the 16e PAR and must be remedied to bring the DRAFT back into alignment with its PAR. Regardless of mandate, these issues cannot be just shunted aside without due consideration.

Frankly, the unprofessional disposition of this matter should be a source of embarassment to the membership.

Problem: These changes are a bit more interesting. They relate to the new Map added in 6.3.2.3.43.6.7, so not really Corrigenda related, but, as they stand to be implemented through this 16e amendment, would make retroactive changes to 802.16-2004 compliant SS without any appropriate mechanism to distinguish SS supporting only the 802.16-2004 original iteration and SS supporting the 802.16-2004 PLUS the amended, non-MS centric, changes of 16e. This is a real problem, breaking backwards compatibility, thus is out-of-scope of the 16e PAR.

Remedy would normally be to provide guiding language specifying that BS not use the new Maps when legacy SS are present and use of the Maps would cause the legacy SS to fail to perform. SS not supporting the new, optional Maps would simply ignore the new map types, not intended for them anyway, and it would remove implied retroactive specification.

#### Suggested Remedy

[In 6.3.2.3.43.6.7 MIMO Compact\_DL-MAP IE format, page 74, line 5, add new paragraph before Table 101b as:] 'BS shall not configure and transmit MIMO Compact DL-MAP IE or SDMA Compact DL-MAP IE such that SS currently attached to the BS but not supporting this feature would fail to properly read the message and thereby fail to perform.'

 Proposed Resolution
 Recommendation: Accepted
 Recommendation by

 [In 6.3.2.3.43.6.7 MIMO Compact\_DL-MAP IE format, page 74, line 5, add new paragraph before Table 101b as:]
 'BS shall not configure and transmit MIMO Compact DL-MAP IE or SDMA Compact DL-MAP IE such that SS currently attached to the BS but not supporting this feature would fail to properly read the message and thereby fail to perform.'

Reason for Recommendation

Resolution of Group D

#### IEEE 802.16-05/039

#### Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

This is an optional feature and it is unreasonable to expect the SS to be able to decode a message for an option which it is not capable of supporting. However, the MIMO definition in the standard allows a SISO user to be supported in its definition. The same can be said of SDMA. Units incapable of supporting a feature would always "fail to perform".

**Group's Notes** 

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions I) none needed

Editor's Questions and Concerns

#### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Review:	P802.16e/D8	E	Ballot Nur	nber: 0001045			Comment Date
Comment #	5168	Comment submitted by:	Phillip	Bar	rber	Member		2005/06/08
Comment	туре Techr	nical, Binding	Starting Page	# 82	Starting Line # 47	Fig/Table#	Section	6.3.2.3.43.7
Labiaat to th	a recolution of	commont 4001						

I object to the resolution of comment 4001.

The Group rejected the comment for:

'Vote: 3-5

Reason: This contribution addresses a larger problem than the original scope.'

This reason for rejection is entirely arbitrary and imprecise and demonstrates a lack of proper review and deliberation. The Group was unable to approve a single one of the 19 individually proposed remedies? All 19 were perceived as exceeding the original mandate for the work? Remember that many of these proposed remedies just said change an instance of 'MS' back to 'SS'; hardly outside the scope of the mandate. Regardless of the reason for the work, each of the 19 remedies were reviewed on their merit? Some of the identified problems were of instances of elements of the 16e DRAFT that are out-of-scope of the 16e PAR and must be remedied to bring the DRAFT back into alignment with its PAR. Regardless of mandate, these issues cannot be just shunted aside without due consideration.

Frankly, the unprofessional disposition of this matter should be a source of embarassment to the membership.

Problem: Same problem as in 6.3.2.3.43.6. Changes to all of 6.3.2.3.43.7.1&.2&.3 are certainly more properly Corrigenda items. The changes, as they stand to be implemented through this 16e amendment, would make retroactive changes to 802.16-2004 compliant SS without any appropriate mechanism to distinguish SS supporting only the 802.16-2004 original iteration and SS supporting the 802.16-2004 PLUS the amended, non-MS centric, changes of 16e. This is a real problem, breaking backwards compatibility, thus is out-of-scope of the 16e PAR.

I looked at a remedy for this for a long time, and I cannot see a way to make changes to the proposed revisions, keeping the revised features, and maintain backwards compatibility/not disrupt legacy SS function. The answer is certainly to process these as Corrigenda items; not as 16e amendments. Note that some of these changes duplicate, or supersede changes to the Corrigenda D3 document.

#### Suggested Remedy

[Delete page 82, line 50 through page 86, line 55, including the editorial instructions; and remand material to Corrigenda]

Proposed Resolution Recommendation: Rejected Recommendation by

#### Reason for Recommendation

Until such time as corrigenda makes a change, these changes are required for 802.16e. Should corrigenda adopt this, we will remove it from 802.16e.

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Rejected

#### Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Until such time as corrigenda makes a change, these changes are required for 802.16e. Should corrigenda adopt this, we will remove it from 802.16e.

Group's Notes

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions I) none needed

Editor's Questions and Concerns

### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Review:	P802.16e/D8		Ballot Nu	ımber: 0001045			Comment Date
Comment #	5169	Comment submitted by:	Phillip	Ba	arber	Member		2005/06/08
Comment	туре Techn	ical, Binding	Starting Page	# 87	Starting Line # 38	Fig/Table#	Section	6.3.2.3.43.7.8
Labiaat to the	a readlution of	commont 1001						

I object to the resolution of comment 4001.

The Group rejected the comment for:

'Vote: 3-5

Reason: This contribution addresses a larger problem than the original scope.'

This reason for rejection is entirely arbitrary and imprecise and demonstrates a lack of proper review and deliberation. The Group was unable to approve a single one of the 19 individually proposed remedies? All 19 were perceived as exceeding the original mandate for the work? Remember that many of these proposed remedies just said change an instance of 'MS' back to 'SS'; hardly outside the scope of the mandate. Regardless of the reason for the work, each of the 19 remedies were reviewed on their merit? Some of the identified problems were of instances of elements of the 16e DRAFT that are out-of-scope of the 16e PAR and must be remedied to bring the DRAFT back into alignment with its PAR. Regardless of mandate, these issues cannot be just shunted aside without due consideration.

Frankly, the unprofessional disposition of this matter should be a source of embarassment to the membership.

Problem: These changes are a bit more interesting. They relate to the new Map added in 6.3.2.3.43.7.8, so not really Corrigenda related, but, as they stand to be implemented through this 16e amendment, would make retroactive changes to 802.16-2004 compliant SS without any appropriate mechanism to distinguish SS supporting only the 802.16-2004 original iteration and SS supporting the 802.16-2004 PLUS the amended, non-MS centric, changes of 16e. This is a real problem, breaking backwards compatibility, thus is out-of-scope of the 16e PAR.

Remedy would normally be to provide guiding language specifying that BS not use the new Maps when legacy SS are present and use of the Maps would cause the legacy SS to fail to perform. SS not supporting the new, optional Maps would simply ignore the new map types, not intended for them anyway, and it would remove implied retroactive specification.

#### Suggested Remedy

[In 6.3.2.3.43.7.8 MIMO Compact UL MAP IE format, page 88, line 2, add new paragraph before Table 108a as:] 'BS shall not configure and transmit MIMO Compact UL-MAP IE or SDMA Compact UL-MAP IE such that SS currently attached to the BS but not supporting this feature would fail to properly read the message and thereby fail to perform.'

Proposed Resolution Recommendation:

Recommendation by

Reason for Recommendation

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Rejected

#### Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

This is an optional feature and it is unreasonable to expect the SS to be able to decode a message for an option which it is not capable of supporting. However, the MIMO definition in the standard allows a SISO user to be supported in its definition. The same can be said of SDMA.

# IEEE 802.16-05/039

Units incapable of supporting a feature would always "fail to perform".

errie week enre er eek kerri					
Group's Notes					
Group's Action Items					
Editor's Notes	Editor's Actions I) none r	needed			
Editor's Questions and Co	ncerns				
Editor's Action Items					
Document under Review	P802.16e/D8	Ballot Nun	nber: 0001045		Comment Date
Comment # <b>5178</b>	Comment submitted by:	Victor Sto	Ipman	Member	2005/06/08
SLPID should be optional	nical, Binding and conditionaly present, ose not to implement SLPID		_PAG-ADV provides op	tion for two formats: 1) with	n 6.3.2.3.45 n SLPID , 2) with
Suggested Remedy Replace SLPID in with FMT 1 bit If FMT=0 { SLPID Reserved}.					
Proposed Resolution	Recommendation:	Reco	mmendation by		
Reason for Recommendation	on				
Resolution of Group	Decision of Grou	up: Superceded			
Reason for Group's Decision See comment 5176	on/Resolution				
Group's Notes Group's Action Items					
Editor's Notes	Editor's Actions I) none r	needed			
Editor's Questions and Co	ncerns				
Editor's Action Items					

#### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Review:	P802.16e/D8	Ballot			Comment Date		
Comment #	5184	Comment submitted by:	Victor Stolpman Member			2005/06/08		
Comment	туре Techn	ical, Binding	Starting Page # 97	Starting Line # 14	Fig/Table#	Section	6.3.2.3.46	
The table is not in harmony with the fields explained after the table. It is only defined for FMT=0 case.								

#### Suggested Remedy

Need to introduce FMT field after line 13. Need to correct the structure in the table: If FMT=0 {SLPID CID}.Group Indication bitmap; Traffic Indication bitmap} else FMT=1 {Num-pos; Short Basic

Proposed Resolution	Recommendation:	Recommendation by									
Reason for Recommendation											
Resolution of Group	Decision of Group: Superceded										
Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution See comment 5176.											
Group's Notes											
Group's Action Items											
Editor's Notes	Editor's Actions I) none needed										
Editor's Questions and C	oncerns										
Editor's Action Items											

#### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Review: F	802.16e/D8		Ballot N	umber: 0001045				Comment Date
Comment #	5186	Comment submitted by:	Phillip	E	Barber		Member		2005/06/08
Comment	туре Technica	al, Binding	Starting	Page # 98	Starting Line #	47	Fig/Table#	Section	6.3.2.3.47
I object to the	e resolution of co	omment 4094, and its p	redecesso	or 2095.					

Resolution of comment 2095 removed reference and mechanics of the 'Neighbor Preference' from the Neighbor Advertisement (NBR-ADV) message. This feature had previously been added after substantial harmonization activity on NBR-ADV and reflected a perceived need by the group for BS broadcasting the NBR-ADV message to give a subjective/bias indication to MS receiving the message as to which Neighbor BS the Serving BS would prefer MS target for initial network entry as well as handover.

The reason that this mechanic was removed through the resolution of 2095 was because of a perceived lack of defined/structured mechanics for objective differentiation of the various selection responses. Specifically, how does a given BS know whether to declare one neighbor BS a 'Preferred BS' and another neighbor BS a 'Normal BS'. While I agree that no objective mechanics were defined, that rational for removal is flawed. It was always intended that selection of 'type' of Neighbor Preference would be entirely subjective; that this was a hook for different vendors to apply differing criteria in determining individual Neighbor Preference. For some networks, it might be based on some CINR threshold; on others it might be based on sector granularity for differently configured cells; for others it might be differentiating between pico, micro, and macro cells. The point is that it was entirely subjective, and there was nothing wrong with that. It would not interfere with interoperable performance to have this feature subjectively assigned, and inclusion provides a simple mechanism for networks to direct entering or re-entering MS toward neighbor BS that would in some way benefit the network; though the activity is not enforced through this mechanism.

Finally, through use of the new 'Skip-Optional-Fields bitmap' implementors of the standard need not use this feature, nor suffer the 1 byte transmission penalty, should they elect not to use this optional feature.

Comment 4094 asked that the feature be reinstated in the modified remedy to alleviate the previous concerns. The Groups reason for rejection was flawed. The Group rejected for:

#### 'Vote: 8-4

For handoff, this capability already exists since target BS list is sorted by preference. This capability provides no real benefit for initial entry as the MS would not yet have a serving BS.'

MS lack of having a Serving BS is irrelevant. MS entering the network can, and certainly should synchronize to the first channel and BS that it detects, then listen for the NBR-ADV message in order to obtain information about the network and other channels & Neighbor BS available while avoiding lengthy scanning of all available channels, and, even worse, unecessary air interface overhead as the MS performs network entry into a less desireable BS. This would all be done before the MS enters the network; before the MS has a Serving BS.

The most valuable use for the excised feature, and the rationale for its reinstatement, is that:

1) it permits the BS, and thereby the network to subjectively direct or prioritize Neighbor BS for MS that have received a NBR-ADV broadcast message but have yet to join the network. This is extremely useful in that an MS need not actually enter the network, with appropriate delay and unecessary non-productive air interface overhead, in order to get a list of prioritized Neighbor BS for the network. The MS need only decode a NBR-ADV broadcast message on the first channel and BS it detects, thereby acquiring the channels, operating characteristics, and network prioritization for all Neighbor BS to the sampled BS. Note that this would allow the MS to then conduct a much more efficiently focused and less protracted scanning and ranging of Neighbor BS to perform network entry, tailoring the choices to the network preferences.

2) can be of similar benefit as in 1), but for MS that have actually entered the network, but have yet to scan Neighbor BS to create data to prioritize targets for an immediate HO. In a high mobility environment this can be immensely helpful. Note that this also allows the MS to rely, to a degree, on the regularly scheduled NBR-ADV broadcast message instead of creating specific unicast HO messaging, which may be unecessary air interface.

overhead to the MS current needs.

Essentially, the feature is very useful in focusing both MS conducting initial entry and HO, in instances when they have yet to conduct scanning and ranging to Neighbor BS, to focus their activity on BS subjectively preferred by the sampled BS. It can eliminate unproductive scanning, ranging, and HO messaging overhead at times when inadequate information is available.

Again, reinstatement of this excised feature, do the mechanics involved, would not increase overhead for anyone not using this optional feature while providing those who choose to use it an opportunity to reduce air interface overhead and network entry latency.

#### Suggested Remedy

[In 6.3.2.3.47 Neighbor Advertisement (MOB\_NBR-ADV) message, Table 108f, page 101, line 16, modify table by insert before '}':] '<u>reserved</u> | <u>6 bits</u> | <u>Shall be set to zero</u> <u>Neighbor Preference</u> | <u>2 bits</u> | <u>00 Normal</u> <u>01 Preferred</u>

10 Non-Preferred 11 Reserved'

[In 6.3.2.3.47 Neighbor Advertisement (MOB\_NBR-ADV) message, page 103, line 18, modify by Insert before 'DCD Configuration Change Count':]

#### Neighbor Preference

The Neighbor Preference field is present only if bit #3 of Skip-Optional-Fields bitmap is '0'. It defines an implementation specific, subjective preference for MS network entry and handover to neighbor BS, as determined by the serving BS (see section 6.3.21.1.1.1)'

#### [Add new sub-section to 6.3.21.1.1, page 170, line 35; Insert new section 6.3.21.1.1.1:]

#### 6.3.21.1.1.1 Neighbor preference

The message element "Neighbor Preference" in MOB\_NBR-ADV MAC Management message defines a subjective assignment of handover priorities or preferences as determined and set by the serving base station. The serving BS may consider factors including, but not limited to, neighbor BS CINR service threshold, configuration including sectorization and service granularity support, coverage footprint, current loading, and QoS support in deciding to report a BS as a handover candidate, according to the rules specified by a handover policy management entity out-of-scope of this standard. Neighbor Preference is a mechanism to permit a serving BS to influence MS decisions for network entry and handover. MS may use information obtained through Neighbor Preference to prejudice a decision on which BS to conduct initial network entry, or to construct and prioritize BS in a MOB\_MSHO-REQ message.'

Proposed Resolution Recommendation: Rejected

Recommendation by

#### Reason for Recommendation

Selection of 'type' of Neighbor Preference is entirely subjective and vendor-dependent. The commenter says: "for some networks, it might be based on some CINR threshold; on others it might be based on sector granularity for differently configured cells etc.".

#### It is not correct:

it will be based on different criteria for BSs from different vendors within sane network. Moreover, criteria applied by each single BS will remain UNKNOWN to other BSs assuming they are from another vendor[s]. This effectively precludes from having any sort of intelligent group behavior in

### IEEE 802.16-05/039

the network.

If this feature is necessary, serving BS may include the BS (preferred BS in this comment) in MOB\_BSHO-RSP as recommended target BS.

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Rejected

#### Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Selection of 'type' of Neighbor Preference is entirely subjective and vendor-dependent. The commenter says: "for some networks, it might be based on some CINR threshold; on others it might be based on sector granularity for differently configured cells etc.".

If this feature is necessary, serving BS may include the BS (preferred BS in this comment) in MOB\_BSHO-RSP as recommended target BS.

The criteria for the list is subjective, and the decision of the mobile is also subjective, and there is no clear definition of what the mobile is supposed to do with it and no clear benefit for this capability.

Group's Notes

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions I) none needed

**Editor's Questions and Concerns** 

# IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document under Review	r: P802.16e/D8	Ballot Nu	<sub>mber:</sub> 0001045		Comment Date
Comment # 5193 Comment submitted by:		Rajesh Bh	alla	r 2005/06/08	
	nnical, Binding proved in session #37. MC d in D8.	Starting Page # 106 B-SCAN_RSP messag	-	Fig/Table# rding to contribution	Section 6.3.2.3.49 C802.16e-05/221r1. But
Suggested Remedy Change MOB_SCAN-RS	SP message according to c	contribution C802.16e-0	05/221r		
Proposed Resolution	Recommendation:	Reco	ommendation by		
Reason for Recommendati	on				
Resolution of Group	Decision of Gro	up: Superceded			
Reason for Group's Decis See comment 5611. Group's Notes Group's Action Items	ion/Resolution				
Editor's Notes	Editor's Actions I) none	needed			
Editor's Questions and Co	oncerns				
Editor's Action Items					

### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document under Review: P802.16e/D8			Ballot Number: 0001045			Comment Date				
Comment #	5221	Comment submitted by:	Phillip		Barbe	er		Member		2005/06/08
Comment	туре Techn	ical, Binding	Starting Pa	age # <sup>1</sup>	ا 52 و	Starting Line #	17	Fig/Table#	Section	6.3.13
I object to the resolution of comment 4001.										

The Group rejected the comment for:

'Vote: 3-5

Reason: This contribution addresses a larger problem than the original scope.'

This reason for rejection is entirely arbitrary and imprecise and demonstrates a lack of proper review and deliberation. The Group was unable to approve a single one of the 19 individually proposed remedies? All 19 were perceived as exceeding the original mandate for the work? Remember that many of these proposed remedies just said change an instance of 'MS' back to 'SS'; hardly outside the scope of the mandate. Regardless of the reason for the work, each of the 19 remedies were reviewed on their merit? Some of the identified problems were of instances of elements of the 16e DRAFT that are out-of-scope of the 16e PAR and must be remedied to bring the DRAFT back into alignment with its PAR. Regardless of mandate, these issues cannot be just shunted aside without due consideration.

Frankly, the unprofessional disposition of this matter should be a source of embarassment to the membership.

Problem: Changing out the text here to expand the Multicast feature to include MBS has resulted in a couple of troubling consequences: 1) the language is now MS specific; reference to support SS has been inappropriately removed, breaking backwards compatibility, thus is out-of-scope of the 16e PAR, and 2) it conflicts with changes made to this section in Corrigenda D3. Note that there is a conflict between Table 345 in 16e/D8 and Corrigenda D3.

Remedy is to re-write the subsections to re-instate previous support for Multicast function for legacy SS while preserving the new MBS features and revisions. Also, re-writing allows us to bring the section into allignment with Corrigenda D3.

When reviewing the proposed remedy it is important to remember that an MS is always also an SS unless specifically excepted otherwise.

#### Suggested Remedy

[In 6.3.13 Multicast and broadcast services (MBS), page 152, lines 37-55, replace as:]

#### 6.3.13 Multicast and broadcast services (MBS)

Some globally defined service flows may carry broadcast or multicast information that should be delivered to a plurality of SS or MS. Such service flows have certain QoS parameters and may require encryption performed using a globally defined sequence of TEKs. Since a multicast or broadcast transport connection is associated with a service flow, it is associated with the QoS and traffic parameters for that service flow. Some MS are registered to certain BS while some are in Idle mode and not currently served by any specific BS.

Two types of access to multicast and broadcast services (MBS) may be supported: single-BS access and multi-BS access. Single-BS access is implemented over multicast and broadcast transport connections within one BS, while multi-BS access is implemented by transmitting data from Service Flow(s) over multiple BS. Single-BS access is optional for SS. Multi-BS access is optional for MS. ARQ is not applicable to either single-BS-MBS or multi-BS-MBS. Initiation of MBS with respect to specific SS is always performed in registered state by creation of multicast connection carrying MBS data. During such initiation the SS learns the Service Flow ID that identifies the service. For multi-BS-MBS, each BS capable of providing MBS belongs to a certain MBS Zone, which is a set of BSs where the same CID and same SA is used for transmitting content of certain Service Flow(s). MBS Zone is identified by a unique MBS\_ZONE identifier.'

[In 6.3.13.1 Single-BS Access, page 152, line 60 through page 153, line 6, replace as:]

#### IEEE 802.16-05/039

'The BS may provide to SS single-BS access by creating a multicast traffic connection with each SS to be associated with the service, or a broadcast transport connection. Any available traffic CID value may be used for the single-BS-MBS service. The CID used for the service is the same for all SS on the same channel that participate in the connection. The data transmitted on the connection with the given CID shall be received and processed by the MAC of each involved SS. Thus each multicast MAC SDU is transmitted only once per BS channel.

If a downlink multicast connection is to be encrypted, each SS participating in the connection shall have an additional security association (SA), allowing that connection to be encrypted using certain keys that are independent of those used for other encrypted transmissions between the SS and BS.'

Proposed Resolution Recommendation: Accepted-Modified Recommendation by "In 6.3.13 Multicast and broadcast services (MBS), page 152, lines 37-55, replace as:]

'6.3.13 Multicast and broadcast services (MBS)

Some globally defined service flows may carry broadcast or multicast information that should be delivered to a plurality of SS or MS. Such service flows have certain QoS parameters and may require encryption performed using a globally defined sequence of TEKs. Since a multicast or broadcast transport connection is associated with a service flow, it is associated with the QoS and traffic parameters for that service flow. Some MS are registered to certain BS while some are in Idle mode and not currently served by any specific BS.

Two types of access to multicast and broadcast services (MBS) may be supported: single-BS access and multi-BS access. Single-BS access is implemented over multicast and broadcast transport connections within one BS, while multi-BS access is implemented by transmitting data from Service Flow(s) over multiple BS. Single-BS access and Multi-BS access is are optional for SS. Multi-BS access is optional for MS. ARQ is not applicable to either single-BS-MBS or multi-BS-MBS. Initiation of MBS with respect to specific SS or MS is always performed in registered state by creation of multicast connection carrying MBS data. During such initiation the SS or MS learns the Service Flow ID that identifies the service. For multi-BS-MBS, each BS capable of providing MBS belongs to a certain MBS Zone, which is a set of BSs where the same CID and same SA is used for transmitting content of certain Service Flow(s). MBS Zone is identified by a unique MBS\_ZONE identifier.'

[In 6.3.13.1 Single-BS Access, page 152, line 60 through page 153, line 6, replace as:]

The BS may provide to SS single-BS access by creating a multicast traffic connection with each SS to be associated with the service, or a broadcast transport connection. Any available traffic CID value may be used for the single-BS-MBS service. The CID used for the service is the same for all SS on the same channel that participate in the connection. The data transmitted on the connection with the given CID shall be received and processed by the MAC of each involved SS. Thus each multicast MAC SDU is transmitted only once per BS channel.

If a downlink multicast connection is to be encrypted, each SS participating in the connection shall have an additional security association (SA), allowing that connection to be encrypted using certain keys that are independent of those used for other encrypted transmissions between the SS and BS."

Reason for Recommendation

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Accepted-Modified

"In 6.3.13 Multicast and broadcast services (MBS), page 152, lines 37-55, replace as:]

'6.3.13 Multicast and broadcast services (MBS)

Some globally defined service flows may carry broadcast or multicast information that should be delivered to a plurality of SS or MS. Such service flows have certain QoS parameters and may require encryption performed using a globally defined sequence of TEKs. Since a multicast or broadcast transport connection is associated with a service flow, it is associated with the QoS and traffic parameters for that service flow. Some MS are registered to certain BS while some are in Idle mode and not currently served by any specific BS.

Two types of access to multicast and broadcast services (MBS) may be supported: single-BS access and multi-BS access. Single-BS access is implemented over multicast and broadcast transport connections within one BS, while multi-BS access is implemented by transmitting data from Service Flow(s) over multiple BS. Single-BS access and Multi-BS access is are optional for SS. Multi-BS access is optional for MS. ARQ is not applicable to either single-BS-MBS or multi-BS-MBS. Initiation of MBS with respect to specific SS or MS is always performed in registered state by creation of multicast connection carrying MBS data. During such initiation the SS or MS learns the Service Flow ID that identifies the service. For multi-BS-MBS, each BS capable of providing MBS belongs to a certain MBS Zone, which is a set of BSs where the same CID and same SA is used for transmitting content of certain Service Flow(s). MBS Zone is identified by a unique MBS\_ZONE identifier.'

[In 6.3.13.1 Single-BS Access, page 152, line 60 through page 153, line 6, replace as:]

'The BS may provide to SS single-BS access by creating a multicast traffic connection with each SS to be associated with the service, or a broadcast transport connection. Any available traffic CID value may be used for the single-BS-MBS service. The CID used for the service is the same for all SS on the same channel that participate in the connection. The data transmitted on the connection with the given CID shall be received and processed by the MAC of each involved SS. Thus each multicast MAC SDU is transmitted only once per BS channel.

If a downlink multicast connection is to be encrypted, each SS participating in the connection shall have an additional security association (SA), allowing that connection to be encrypted using certain keys that are independent of those used for other encrypted transmissions between the SS and BS."

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Group's Notes

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

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Editor's Questions and Concerns

#### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document under Review: P802.16e/D8			Ballot Number: 0001045				Comment Date				
Comment #	5226	Comment submitted by:	Phillip		Bar	ber		Member		2005/06/0	8
Comment	туре Тесні	nical, Binding	Starting	Page #	158	Starting Line # 34	Fig/Tab	le#	Section	6.3.17	
I object to the	e resolution of	f comment 4424 & 4001.									

While the resolution of 4424 repairs some of the problems with changes proposed in 6.3.17, it does not adequately repair the underlying problem that the proposed changes to 6.3.17 in the 16e/D8 DRAFT break backwards compatibility with the 802.16-2004 baseline document and are thus out-of-scope of the 16e PAR. More specifically, 6.3.17 in the 802.16-2004 document specifies the mechanics for a HARQ mechanism that is Incremental Redundancy (IR) and per-terminal. There is certainly nothing wrong with adding a new Chase Combining HARQ method. Even better, making it per-connection instead of per-terminal. However, legacy SS are going to be expecting their enabled HARQ to be IR and per-terminal. The current language revisions in 16e/D8 inappropriately change the base document as to make D8 not backwards compatible; would require legacy SS to retroactively support per-connection and Chase Combining HARQ.

Also, changing out the text here to expand the feature to include MBS has resulted in a couple of troubling consequences: 1) the language is now MS specific in places; 2) reference to support 802.16-2004 SS has been inappropriately obscured, breaking backwards compatibility with the 802.16-2004 baseline document, thus out-of-scope of the 16e PAR.

Fortunately, some editorial revision to the section can remedy this problem and bring the section back into conformance with the 16e PAR, while preserving the new features and mechanics.

When reviewing the proposed remedy it is important to remember that an MS is always also an SS unless specifically excepted otherwise.

#### Suggested Remedy

[In 6.3.17 MAC support for H-ARQ, page 158, lines 34-42, modify as:] 'Hybrid automatic repeat request (H-ARQHARQ) scheme is an optional part of the MAC and can be enabled on a per-terminal basis. H-ARQ may be supported only for the OFDMA PHY. As a MS capability, The per-terminal H-ARQHARQ and associated parameters shall be specified and negotiated using SBC-REQ/RSP messages during initialization procedure. The utilization of HARQ is on a per-connection basis, that is, it can be enabled on a per CID basis by using the DSA/DSC messsages. Two implementations of HARQ are supported: 1) per-terminal, that is, HARQ is enabled for all active CIDs for a terminal, and 2) per-connection, that is, it can be enabled on a per CID basis by using the DSA/DSC messsages. The two implementation methods shall not be employed simultaneously on any terminal. SS may support per-terminal implementation. MS may support per-terminal implementation or per-connection implementation. A burst cannot have a mixture of H-ARQHARQ and non-H-ARQHARQ traffic.'

#### [In 6.3.17 MAC support for H-ARQ, page 159, lines 13-25, modify as:]

Two main variants of HARQ are supported. Chase Combining or Incremental Redundancy (IR). SS may support IR. MS may support Chase Combining or IR. For IR, the PHY layer will encode the HARQ packet generating several versions of encoded subpackets. Each subpacket shall be uniquely identified using a subpacket identifier (SPID). For Chase Combining, the PHY layer shall encode the HARQ packet generating only one version of the encoded packet. As a result, no SPID is required for Chase Combining.

For downlink HARQ operation, the BS will send a version of the encoded HARQ packet. The MS SS will attempt to decode the encoded packet on this first HARQ attempt. If the decoding succeeds, the MS SS will send an ACK to the BS. If the decoding fails, the MS SS will send a NAK to the BS. In response, the BS will send another HARQ attempt. The BS may continue to send HARQ attempts until the MS SS successfully decodes the packet and sends an acknowledgement.'

[In 6.3.17 MAC support for H-ARQ, page 159, lines 45-53, modify as:]

#### IEEE 802.16-05/039

'The H-ARQHARQ scheme is basically a stop-and-wait protocol where the retransmissions are only sent after receiving a NACK signal for the previous transmission or the ACK has not been received within the duration defined by "HARQ ACK Delay for UL burst" for UL HARQ or in "HARQ ACK delay for DL burst" for DL HARQ. The ACK is sent by the MSS after a fixed delay (synchronous ACK) defined by HARQHARQ DL ACK delay offset which is specified in DCD message. Timing of retransmission is, however, flexible and corresponds to the asynchronous part of the H-ARQHARQ. The ACK/NAK is sent by the BS using the H-ARQHARQ Bitmap IE, and sent by a MSS using the fast feedback UL subchannel.'

#### Proposed Resolution Recommendation: Accepted-Modified Recommendation by

#### [In 6.3.17 MAC support for H-ARQ, page 158, lines 34-42, modify as:]

<sup>†</sup>Hybrid automatic repeat request (H-ARQHARQ) scheme is an optional part of the MAC and can be enabled on a per-terminal basis. H-ARQ may be supported only for the OFDMA PHY. As a MS capability, The per-terminal H-ARQHARQ and associated parameters shall be specified and negotiated using SBC-REQ/RSP messages during initialization procedure. The utilization of HARQ is on a per-connection basis, that is, it can be enabled on a per CID basis by using the DSA messages. A burst cannot have a mixture of H-ARQHARQ and non-H-ARQHARQ traffic.'

#### [In 6.3.17 MAC support for H-ARQ, page 159, lines 13-25, modify as:]

<sup>T</sup>Wo main variants of HARQ are supported, Chase Combining or Incremental Redundancy (IR). SS may support IR. MS may support either Chase Combining or IR. For IR, the PHY layer will encode the HARQ packet generating several versions of encoded subpackets. Each subpacket shall be uniquely identified using a subpacket identifier (SPID). For Chase Combining, the PHY layer shall encode the HARQ packet generating only one version of the encoded packet. As a result, no SPID is required for Chase Combining.

For downlink HARQ operation, the BS will send a version of the encoded HARQ packet. The <u>MS</u> SS will attempt to decode the encoded packet on this first HARQ attempt. If the decoding succeeds, the <u>MS</u> SS will send an ACK to the BS. If the decoding fails, the <u>MS</u> SS will send a NAK to the BS. In response, the BS will send another HARQ attempt. The BS may continue to send HARQ attempts until the <u>MS</u> SS successfully decodes the packet and sends an acknowledgement.'

#### [In 6.3.17 MAC support for H-ARQ, page 159, lines 45-53, modify as:]

<sup>T</sup>The <u>H-ARQHARQ</u> scheme is basically a stop-and-wait protocol <u>where the retransmissions are only sent after receiving a NACK signal for the</u> previous transmission or the ACK has not been received within the duration defined by "HARQ ACK Delay for UL burst" for UL HARQ or in <u>"HARQ ACK delay for DL burst" for DL HARQ</u>. The ACK is sent by the <u>MS</u>S after a fixed delay (synchronous ACK) defined by <u>H-ARQHARQ</u> DL ACK delay offset which is specified in DCD message. Timing of retransmission is, however, flexible and corresponds to the asynchronous part of the <u>H-ARQHARQ</u>. The ACK/NAK is sent by the BS using the <u>H-ARQHARQ</u> Bitmap IE, and sent by a <u>MS</u>S using the fast feedback UL subchannel.'

Reason for Recommendation

#### Resolution of Group

Decision of Group: Accepted-Modified

#### [In 6.3.17 MAC support for H-ARQ, page 158, lines 34-42, modify as:]

'Hybrid automatic repeat request (H-ARQHARQ) scheme is an optional part of the MAC and can be enabled on a per-terminal basis. H-ARQ may be supported only for the OFDMA PHY. As a MS capability, The per-terminal H-ARQHARQ and associated parameters shall be specified and negotiated using SBC-REQ/RSP messages during initialization procedure. The utilization of HARQ is on a per-connection basis, that is, it can be enabled on a per CID basis by using the DSA messsages. A burst cannot have a mixture of H-ARQHARQ and non-H-ARQHARQ traffic.'

[In 6.3.17 MAC support for H-ARQ, page 159, lines 13-25, modify as:]

Two main variants of HARQ are supported, Chase Combining or Incremental Redundancy (IR). SS may support IR. MS may support either Chase Combining or IR. For IR, the PHY layer will encode the HARQ packet generating several versions of encoded subpackets. Each subpacket

#### IEEE 802.16-05/039

shall be uniquely identified using a subpacket identifier (SPID). For Chase Combining, the PHY layer shall encode the HARQ packet generating only one version of the encoded packet. As a result, no SPID is required for Chase Combining.

For downlink HARQ operation, the BS will send a version of the encoded HARQ packet. The <u>MS SS</u> will attempt to decode the encoded packet on this first HARQ attempt. If the decoding succeeds, the <u>MS SS</u> will send an ACK to the BS. If the decoding fails, the <u>MS SS</u> will send a NAK to the BS. In response, the BS will send another HARQ attempt. The BS may continue to send HARQ attempts until the <u>MS SS</u> successfully decodes the packet and sends an acknowledgement.'

#### [In 6.3.17 MAC support for H-ARQ, page 159, lines 45-53, modify as:]

<sup>1</sup>The H-ARQHARQ scheme is basically a stop-and-wait protocol where the retransmissions are only sent after receiving a NACK signal for the previous transmission or the ACK has not been received within the duration defined by "HARQ ACK Delay for UL burst" for UL HARQ or in "HARQ ACK delay for DL burst" for DL HARQ. The ACK is sent by the MSS after a fixed delay (synchronous ACK) defined by H-ARQHARQ DL ACK delay offset which is specified in DCD message. Timing of retransmission is, however, flexible and corresponds to the asynchronous part of the H-ARQHARQ. The ACK/NAK is sent by the BS using the H-ARQHARQ Bitmap IE, and sent by a MSS using the fast feedback UL subchannel.'

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Group's Notes

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

Editor's Questions and Concerns

#### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Review:	P802.16e/D8		Ballot Nu	<sub>mber:</sub> 0001045			Comment Date		
Comment #	5269	Comment submitted by:	James	Gil	b	Member		2005/06/08		
Comment	туре Techn	ical, Binding	Starting Pa	age # 181	Starting Line # Vario	Fig/Table#	Section	6.3.21.2.8		
Another miss	Another missing command, HO-RSP. This also occurs in Annex C and possibly other places									

#### Suggested Remedy

Change "MSS HO-RSP pending" to "MOB\_BSHO-RSP" in this figure as well as in Figures 130d line 50 and in Figure 130e lines 3, 22, and 39.

Proposed Resolution Recommendation: Accepted-Modified Recommendation by Change instance of 'HO-RSP' to 'MOB\_BSHO-RSP' in figures in this section

Reason for Recommendation

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Accepted-Modified

Change "MSS HO-RSP pending" to "MOB\_BSHO-RSP" in this figure as well as in Figures 130d line 50 and in Figure 130e lines 3, 22, and 39.

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

**Group's Notes** 

**Group's Action Items** 

Editor's NotesEditor's Actions k) doneCould not find "MSS HO-RSP" in Figure 130e line 22; others are done.

**Editor's Questions and Concerns** 

#### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document ເ	under Review:	P802.16e/D8	Ballot Nu	umber: 0001045			Comment Date
Comment #	5284	Comment submitted by:	Rajesh B	halla	Member		2005/06/08
Comment	туре Techn	ical, Binding	Starting Page # 190	Starting Line #	Fig/Table#	Section	6.3.21.3.5
6.3.21.3.5.2							

#### Suggested Remedy

Move section 6.3.21.3.5.2, and insert it as a new section in 6.3.21.2 as section 6.3.21.2.8, move the current section 6.3.21.2.8 to 6.3.21.2.9.

Change section 6.3.21.3.5.1 as section 6.3.21.2.5

Proposed ResolutionRecommendation: AcceptedRecommendation byMove section 6.3.21.3.5.2, and insert it as a new section in 6.3.21.2 as section 6.3.21.2.8, move the current section 6.3.21.2.8 to 6.3.21.2.9.

Change section 6.3.21.3.5.1 as section 6.3.21.2.5

#### **Reason for Recommendation**

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Accepted

Move section 6.3.21.3.5.2, and insert it as a new section in 6.3.21.2 as section 6.3.21.2.8, move the current section 6.3.21.2.8 to 6.3.21.2.9.

Change section 6.3.21.3.5.1 as section 6.3.21.2.5

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Group's Notes

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

I assume "Change section 6.3.21.3.5.1 as section 6.3.21.2.5" was supposed to be "Change section 6.3.21.3.5.1 as section 6.3.21.3.5" and acted accordingly. If I'm wrong, it's because I'm too tired to know any better.

**Editor's Questions and Concerns** 

# IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under R	eview: P802.16e/D8		Ba	llot Nu	mber: 0001045			Comment Date
Comment #	5307	Comment submitted by:	Tal		Ka	itz	Member		2005/06/08
Comment	Туре	Technical, Binding	Starting	Page #	200	Starting Line #	Fig/Table#	Section	6.3.23
The current c	lraft defi	nes two mechanisms that can be	used for	rate ad	aptatior	ר:			

- average CINR reports

- preferred-DIUC reports.

Both mechanisms are not well defined, and lack several important definitions.

#### Suggested Remedy

Discuss and adopt contribution 802.16e-05/269 ("CINR and Preferred-MCS Reports For OFDMA PHY").

 Proposed Resolution
 Recommendation:
 Recommendation by

 Reason for Recommendation
 Decision of Group: Superceded

 Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution
 Proposed Resolution

See comment 5030.

Group's Notes

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions I) none needed

Editor's Questions and Concerns

# IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document under Review: P802.16e/D8			Ballot Number: 0001045			Comment Date			
Comment #	5344	Comment submitted by:	James	Gi	b	Member		2005/06/08	
Comment	туре Technica	al, Binding	Starting Page #	216	Starting Line # 3	Fig/Table#	Section	7.2.2.4.1	
Table 133 is I	Table 133 is missing the headers from the part that continues onto the next page.								

### Suggested Remedy

Make the headers appear on the second part of the table and add "(continued)" to the title on the second page (there is an auto-magic field in Framemaker for this.) Fix this here and all other locations in the draft. Almost all of the tables now have a consistent format, nevertheless, check all of the tables to make sure that the formatting is consistent throughout the draft.

Proposed Resolution Format Table 133 appro	Recommendation: Accepted priately	Recommendation by						
Reason for Recommendation								
Resolution of Group	Decision of Group: Accepted							
Format Table 133 appro	Format Table 133 appropriately							
Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution								
Group's Notes								
Group's Action Items								

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions e) editor disagrees

This is not a technical comment; this is editorial. The tight schedule for this re-circ does not permit me the luxury of tweaking cosmetic changes to tables. The IEEE-SA Standards Board Operations Manual section 5.4.3.2 (Resolution of comments, objections, and negative votes) reads: "It should be borne in mind that documents are professionally edited prior to publication."

**Editor's Questions and Concerns** 

# IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Review:	P802.16e/D8	Ballot N	umber: 0001045			Comment Date
Comment #	5401	Comment submitted by:	Vladimir Y	anover	Member		2005/06/08
Comment	туре Techn	ical, Binding	Starting Page # 258	Starting Line # 62	Fig/Table#	Section	

### Suggested Remedy

### Change

For each SS, the maximum number of bursts transmitted concurrently and directed to the SS is limited by the vaue specified in Max\_Num\_Bursts TLV to 16 (including all bursts without CID or with CIDs matching the SS's CIDs). Bursts transmitted concurrently are bursts that share the same OFDMA symbol. Before the MS completed capability exchange BS shall transmit data to the MS at the first data burst specified in the DL-MAP

Add new section

11.7.8.15 Maximum number of bursts transmitted concurrently to the MS

Name	Type	Length	Value
Max_Num_Bursts	??	1 ĭ	Maximum number of bursts transmitted concurrently to the MS.
			Includes all bursts without CID or with CIDs matching the SS's CIDs

<b>Proposed Resolution</b>	<b>Recommendation:</b> Accepted-Modified	Recommendation by
Replace:		

"For each SS, the maximum number of bursts transmitted concurrently and directed to the SS is limited to 16 (including all bursts without CID or with CIDs matching the SS's CIDs). Bursts transmitted concurrently are bursts that share the same OFDMA symbol." (...)

Wtih:

"For each MS, the maximum number of bursts transmitted concurrently and directed to the MS is limited by the vaue specified in Max\_Num\_Bursts TLV (including all bursts without CID or with CIDs matching the MS's CIDs). Bursts transmitted concurrently are bursts that share the same OFDMA symbol. Before the MS completed capability exchange BS shall transmit data to the MS in the first concurrent data burst per symobol."

Add new section:

11.7.8.15 Maximum number of bursts transmitted concurrently to the MS

Name	Type	Length	Value
Max_Num_Bursts	Type ??	1 ĭ	valid values : 1-16
MS.			Maximum number of bursts transmitted concurrently to the
			Includes all bursts without CID or with CIDs matching the
MS's CIE lassion type value to al	-	valuel	



Land V VIII and a spirit product of the second

Reason for Recommendation

**Resolution of Group** 

Decision of Group: Accepted-Modified

**Replace:** 

"For each SS, the maximum number of bursts transmitted concurrently and directed to the SS is limited to 16 (including all bursts without CID or with CIDs matching the SS's CIDs). Bursts transmitted concurrently are bursts that share the same OFDMA symbol." (...)

Wtih:

"For each MS, the maximum number of bursts transmitted concurrently and directed to the MS is limited by the vaue specified in Max\_Num\_Bursts TLV (including all bursts without CID or with CIDs matching the MS's CIDs). Bursts transmitted concurrently are bursts that share the same OFDMA symbol. Before the MS completed capability exchange BS shall transmit data to the MS in the first concurrent data burst per symobol."

Add new section:

11.7.8.15 Maximum number of bursts transmitted concurrently to the MS

 Name
 Type
 Length
 Value

 Max\_Num\_Bursts
 ??
 1
 valid values : 1-16

 MS.
 MS's CIDs
 Includes all bursts without CID or with CIDs matching the

 [assign type value to appropriate value]
 Value

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Group's Notes

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

Changed type in 11.7.8.9 from 18 to 19 (since we have type 18 in the corrigendum), also remove tracking marks since this is a new section. In 11.7.8.10 added types 20,21 since those were missing For some reasone, we have type 51 in section 11.7.8.11, but I did not touch it. in 11.7.8.12, changed type from 18 to 22 (we already have type 18) In 11.7.8.13 we have also types 160/161, did not touch them In the new added section (11.7.8.14), assigned type 23. But then I looked ahead... There is a huge mess in type numbering that should be fixed, probably a comment will be a good idea.

**Editor's Questions and Concerns** 

## IEEE 802.16-05/039

**Editor's Action Items** 

Editor's Action Items					
Document under Review:	P802.16e/D8	Ballot Nu	mber: 0001045		Comment Date
Comment # <b>5480</b>	Comment submitted by:	James G	lb	Member	2005/06/08
Comment Type Techn Table 298d is missing "(cor	ical, Binding ntinued)" in the title on the		-	•	Section 8.4.5.4.10.4 he other tables.
Suggested Remedy Add "(continued)" and fix th	e table format.				
Proposed Resolution R	ecommendation:	Rec	ommendation by		
Reason for Recommendatior	1				
Resolution of Group	Decision of Gro	up: Accepted			
Add "(continued)" and fix th	e table format.				
Reason for Group's Decisio	n/Resolution				
Group's Notes Group's Action Items					
Editor's Notes	Editor's Actions e) edito	r disagrees			

This is not a technical comment; this is editorial. The tight schedule for this re-circ does not permit me the luxury of tweaking cosmetic changes to tables. The IEEE-SA Standards Board Operations Manual section 5.4.3.2 (Resolution of comments, objections, and negative votes) reads: "It should be borne in mind that documents are professionally edited prior to publication."

Editor's Questions and Concerns

## IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document under Review:	P802.16e/D8		Ballot Nun	nber: 0001045			Comment Date
Comment # <b>5482</b>	Comment submitted by:	Tal	Kai	tz	Member		2005/06/08
Comment Type Techni	-	•	0	Starting Line # 31	Fig/Table#	Section	8.4.5.4.10.5

The text on fast DL measurement for enhanced fast-feedback channel contains several inconsistencies:

1) equation (107b) describes quantization to 4 bits, which is appropriate for the regular 4-bit fast-feedback channel and not for the enhanced FFB channel (which is the subject of this subsection). The enhanced FFB include 6 bits of payload.

2) equation (107b) and the text preceding it (lines 45-54 on page 328) contradict the text preceding equation (107c) (lines 1-7 on page 329). The two texts instruct different actions for the same scenarios.

3) equations (107b) and (107c) instruct the MS to reduce 10\*log10(Nr) from the post-processing SNR. However:

- The BS is interested in the post-processing SNR (i.e. SNR at the input to the FEC decoder per layer or average over layers), which includes all gains (including any Rx antenna gains).

- Further, the BS does not know the number of Rx antennas at the MS (there is no message to instruct this).

- The number of Rx antennas at the MS may be transparent to the BS, for example when the MS operates an MRRC scheme at the receiver.

4) Reference to figure 231c on line 47 is incorrect. The correct figure is missing from the draft.

### Suggested Remedy

1) remove text on page 328, lines 45-65.

2) provide correct figure and fix erroneous reference on line 47 of page 328.

3) remove all references to "delta" from equation 107c.

4) modify text on page 329, lines 14-18, as follows:

where D=10log10(Nr) for the cases of single transmit antenna BS or 2 and 4 transmit antenna BS using matrix A transmission format and D=10log10(Nr/2) for case of 2 and 4 transmit antennas BS using matrix B transmission format. Nr is the number of receive antennas. S/N is post processing S/N averaged over layers as defined in 8.4.5.4.10.5.

Proposed ResolutionRecommendation: Accepted-ModifiedRecommendation byAdopt C802.16e-05/305 with the following changes:

Modify the second paragraph on page 2 of the contribution as indicated: The BS may allocate one or multiple CQICH channels to the MS in UL\_MAP for the purposes of Fast DL Measurement. If a single CQICH is allocated, MS shall report the average post processing S/N. If more than one CQICH is allocated with same CINR parameters, the MS shall report post processing S/N of individual layers in order of layer index.

[Add the eq. number for the two equestions] [(107a) for the first equation, (107b) for the second equation]

# IEEE 802.16-05/039

[Add the following text just below the first eq. (eq. 107a) where B is the positive integer value indicated in the SN Reporting Base IE (see 11.7.27). B shall default to "3" if the SN Reporting Base IE was not included in the REG-RSP.

#### Reason for Recommendation

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Superceded

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution See comment 5487.

**Group's Notes** 

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions I) none needed

**Editor's Questions and Concerns** 

Document	under Revi	iew: P802.16e/D8	Balle	ot Number: 0	001045			Comment Date
Comment #	5487	Comment submitted by:	Victor	Stolpman		Member		2005/06/08
Comment	Туре Те	echnical, Binding	Starting Page #	328 Startin	g Line # 458	Fig/Table#	Section	
		ibution 118r3 was accepted ir ber and page numbers from I						to reflect the
Suggested Re Incorporte ac clarify the colo	ccepted 1	18r3, which has been revised n 118r3.	to 118r4 to reflect	ed the Chang	ges in line numbe	er and page numbers	s from D6 to	D8, and to
Proposed Res	solution	Recommendation: Accepted	-Modified	Recommenda	ation by			
Adopt Contri	ibution C8	302.16e-05/310r1.			-			
Reason for R	ecommend	ation						
Resolution of	Group	Decision of Gro	up: Accepted-Mod	ified				
Adopt Contri	ibution C8	802.16e-05/310r1.						
Reason for G	iroup's De	cision/Resolution						
Group's Note:	S							
Group's Actio	n Items							
Editor's Note	S	Editor's Actions k) done	•					
Editor's Ques	tions and	Concerns						
Editor's Actio	n Items							

Document	under Review:	P802.16e/D8	Bal	lot Nu	mber: 000	01045				Comment Date
Comment #	5528	Comment submitted by:	Joanne Wilson					Member		2005/06/08
Comment	туре Techni	cal, Binding	Starting Page #	379	Starting	Line # 4	12	Fig/Table#	Section	8.4.5.8.1
		my previous comment to 216r1 related to "Reduced								
Suggested R Accurately in	-	the next draft the already	adopted the char	nges tl	hat are no	w shown	in cont	tribution C80216e	-05_267r1	pdf.
Proposed Res Adopt C802	solution Re 216e-05_267r1	ecommendation: Accepted	I	Reco	ommendati	on by				
Reason for R	Recommendation									
Resolution of	Group	Decision of Gro	up: Accepted							
Adopt C802	216e-05_267r1	.pdf.								
Reason for C	Group's Decision	n/Resolution								
Group's Note	9S									
Group's Actio	on Items									
Editor's Note	es	Editor's Actions k) done	•							
Editor's Ques	stions and Conc	erns								
Editor's Actio	on Items									

Document under Revie Comment # <mark>5604</mark>			mber: 0001045 Nalla	Membe	r	Comment Date 2005/06/08
	chnical, Binding surement is inadequate in free	Starting Page # 473 quency selective chann		Fig/Table#	Section	8.4.9.2.5.1
Suggested Remedy Adopt the resolution in I	IEEE C802.16e-05/303.					
Proposed Resolution	Recommendation: Rejected	Rec	ommendation by			
Reason for Recommenda	tion					
Resolution of Group	Decision of Gro	up: Rejected				
Reason for Group's Deci Incomplete. Group's Notes Group's Action Items	ision/Resolution					
Editor's Notes Editor's Questions and C	Editor's Actions I) none	needed				
Editor's Action Items						

# IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Review:	P802.16e/D8	Ballot	Number: 0001045		Comment Date			
Comment #	5605	Comment submitted by:	Rajesh	Bhalla	Member	2005/06/08			
Comment	туре Techn	ical, Binding	Starting Page # 47	3 Starting Line # 16	Fig/Table# Se	ection 8.4.9.2.5.1			
The existing	The existing H-matrix in the optional LDPC is non-uniform for all the code rates and types.								

Suggested Remedy Adopt the remedies in IEEE C802.16e-05/126r1.

Proposed ResolutionRecommendation: Accepted-ModifiedRecommendation byAdopt Remedy #2 from Contribution C802.16e-05/288r1.

Reason for Recommendation

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Accepted-Modified

### Adopt Remedy #2 from Contribution C802.16e-05/288r1.

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Group's Notes

**Group's Action Items** 

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

Changes are complete with the following exception:

Remedy 2 contains:

In the page 477 of P802.16e/D8, there is a sentence below formula (129i) as following:

"Define (equation) and with the parity check matrix as indicated (equation) or a cycle shift matrix."

In D8, this does not exist as written. In D9, this text has been moved to Annex G, so it'll be harder to locate, but the fact remains that I'm unable to make this change because the contribution is incorrect.

**Editor's Questions and Concerns** 

# IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Review:	P802.16e/D8	Ballot	Number: 0001045			Comment Date
Comment #	5606	Comment submitted by:	James	Gilb	Member		2005/06/08
Comment	туре Techn	ical, Binding	Starting Page # 4	75 Starting Line # 14	Fig/Table# S	Section	8.4.9.2.5.2
It is not proper to mark a subclause as informative (see 2005 IEEE Style Guide).							

Suggested Remedy Move this text to an informative Annex.

Proposed ResolutionRecommendation: AcceptedRecommendation byMove this text to an Informative Annex "LDPC Direct Encoding".

Reason for Recommendation

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Accepted

Move this text to an Informative Annex "LDPC Direct Encoding".

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Group's Notes

**Group's Action Items** 

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

**Editor's Questions and Concerns** 

## IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Review:	P802.16e/D8	Ballot	Number: 0001045		Comment Date
Comment #	5616	Comment submitted by:	James	Gilb	Member	2005/06/08
Comment	туре Techni	cal, Binding	Starting Page # 49	7 Starting Line # 56	Fig/Table#	Section 11.1.2.2
All notes are informative, but the proper way to use them is with "NOTE:" and the correct style in Framemaker.						
Suggested Re Check the 20	•	Guide for instructions or ca	all me and I will walk	you through it.		

Proposed	Resolution	Recommendation: Ac	cepted-Modified	Recommendation	by
Change:					
	ive note: It would	d"			
To: "NOTE: I	t would"				
Reason fo	or Recommendat	ion			
Resolution	of Group	Decision	of Group: Accepted-Modi	fied	

Change: "Informative note: It would..." To: "NOTE: It would..."

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Group's Notes Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

This comment (and many other comments with a similar theme) can hardly be considered "technical". Perhaps the group could create a manual or guide similar to the IEEE Style Guide, clearly defining what constitutes a technical, editorial, and a trivial comment.

Editor's Questions and Concerns

### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Review:	P802.16e/D8		Ballot Nu	<sub>mber:</sub> 0001045			Comment Date
Comment #	5689	Comment submitted by:	James	Gil	b	Member		2005/06/08
Comment	т <sub>уре</sub> Techn	ical, Binding	Starting	Page # 577	Starting Line # 23	Fig/Table#	Section	C.1.1
The command HO-IND appears in the figure but not in the draft. Is this supposed to be MOB-HO-IND?								

### Suggested Remedy

Change the command name here and in all other locations to match a command in the standard or delete all of the figures that refer to it. I found occurances in Figure C.6, C.7, D.1, D.2, D.3, etc.

Proposed	Resolution	Recommendation:	Recommendation	by

Reason for Recommendation

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Accepted

Change the command name here and in all other locations to match a command in the standard or delete all of the figures that refer to it. I found occurances in Figure C.6, C.7, D.1, D.2, D.3, etc.

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Group's Notes

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

**Editor's Questions and Concerns** 

# IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Review:	P802.16e/D8	Ва	llot Number: 000104	45			Comment Date
Comment #	5695	Comment submitted by:	James	Gilb		Member		2005/06/08
Comment	туре Techn	nical, Binding	Starting Page #	Vario Starting Line	<sub>e #</sub> vario	Fig/Table#	Section	various
I am continui	ng to find com	mands in MSCs that don't	exist elsewhere.					

### Suggested Remedy

Review each MSC and figure to verify that every command referenced in figure is the correct name for it. If the names don't match, the standard is broken.

Proposed Resolution	Recommendation:	Recommendation by							
Reason for Recommendation									
Resolution of Group	Decision of Group: Rejected								
Reason for Group's Deci Lack of specific text.	sion/Resolution								
Group's Notes									
Group's Action Items									
Editor's Notes	Editor's Actions I) none needed								
Editor's Questions and C	oncerns								
Editor's Action Items									

### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under R	eview: P802.16e/D8	Ba	llot Nu	nber: 000104	45			Comment Date
Comment #	5696	Comment submitted by:	James	Gill	C		Membe	er	2005/06/08
Comment	Туре	Technical, Binding	Starting Page #	vario	Starting Line	# vario	Fig/Table#	Section	various
The table he "cont." or a s	eading ne suitable r	eeds to repeat across pages at th notation. Tables 298r and 298t ar	e top of each co e examples of the	ntinuati nis.	on of the table	e and the ta	able title should in	clude one of	"continuation",
Suggested R Change as i I have found	ndicated	here and throughout the draft. The two table that violate this requirem	his is a repeat of nent. This time,	<sup>:</sup> my eai check th	lier comment ne entire draft	, which app for this mis	parently did not ge stake and correct it	t applied to t	he entire draft as
Proposed Re	solution	Recommendation:		Reco	mmendation	by			

Reason for Recommendation

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Accepted

Change as indicated here and throughout the draft. This is a repeat of my earlier comment, which apparently did not get applied to the entire draft as I have found at least two table that violate this requirement. This time, check the entire draft for this mistake and correct it.

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

**Group's Notes** 

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions e) editor disagrees

This is not a technical comment; this is editorial. The tight schedule for this re-circ does not permit me the luxury of tweaking cosmetic changes to tables. The IEEE-SA Standards Board Operations Manual section 5.4.3.2 (Resolution of comments, objections, and negative votes) reads: "It should be borne in mind that documents are professionally edited prior to publication."

**Editor's Questions and Concerns** 

### IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Review: P802.16e/D8	Ballot Number: 0001045		Comment Date				
Comment #	5700 Comment submitted by:	Greg Phillips	Member	2005/06/08				
Comment	туре Technical, Binding	Starting Page # Gen Starting Line #	Fig/Table# Section					
In light of the	In light of the report from the IETF on the security review of IEEE 802.16e D8. I cast a disapprove ballot.							

If we knowingly allow the adoption of this standard after a report showing that the security of data transferred under the 802.16 standard can be compromised we can expect significant resistance from the market in adopting this technology.

One section of the specific text from the report that highlights these concerns is:

"Overall, significant issues were found in the usage of EAP by 802.16e. Issues were found with IEEE 802.16e compatibility with RFC 3748, the EAP Key Management Framework as well as AAA Key Management Requirements. Several of the issues discovered are considered "critical" in that if they are not repaired, IEEE 802.16e will provide little in the way of guaranteed security."

Their are many other items presented in addition to those relating to interoperability of AAA servers and failings of the current document.

I strongly make note that the work undertaken in this review process should not be ignored. These are very serious considerations that have been raised in the past and now we have highly qualified team describe them in sufficent detail for us not to ignore.

#### Suggested Remedy

Due to the late nature of this report sufficent time to draft a total remedy is not available. I suggest that the remedy process be undertaken as outlined in the report.

The review is available at http://www.drizzle.com/~aboba/EAP/review.txt.

Proposed Resolution Recommendation: Superceded Recommendation by

Reason for Recommendation

No text proposed. See comments 5129, 5135, 5320, 5321, 5329, 5341, 5614, 5669.

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Superceded

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

No text proposed. See comments 5129, 5135, 5320, 5321, 5329, 5341, 5614, 5669.

Group's Notes

**Group's Action Items** 

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions I) none needed

No action required for this comment.

Editor's Questions and Concerns

	Editor's	Action	Items
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Document under Revie	w: P802.16e/D8	Ballot	Number: 0001045			Comment Date	
Comment # <b>5705</b>	Comment submitted by:	Dorothy	Stanley	Membe	r	2005/06/08	
Comment Type Tec Incomplete references	hnical, Binding	Starting Page # <sup>9</sup>	99 Starting Line #	Fig/Table#	Section 2		
Suggested Remedy Include the RFC title and	authors in the reference list						
Proposed Resolution	Recommendation:		Recommendation by				
Reason for Recommendation							
Resolution of Group	Decision of Gro	up: Rejected					
Reason for Group's Deci No text provided.	sion/Resolution						
Group's Notes Group's Action Items							
Editor's Notes Editor's Questions and C	Editor's Actions I) none	needed					
Editor's Action Items							

# IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under R	eview: P802.16e/D8		Ва	illot Nur	nber: 0001045			Comment Date
Comment #	5706	Comment submitted by:	Dorothy		Sta	anley	Member		2005/06/08
Comment	Туре	Technical, Binding	Starting	Page #	999	Starting Line #	Fig/Table#	Section	3.71
Awkward def	inition								

### Suggested Remedy

Delete the first sentence. Insert "The Active Set is applicable to SHO and FBSS." at the end of the definition

Proposed Resolution	Recommendation:	Recommendation by								
Reason for Recommendation										
Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Superceded										
Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution See comment 5004.										
Group's Notes Group's Action Items										
Editor's Notes	Editor's Actions I) none need	ed								
Editor's Questions and C	oncerns									
Editor's Action Items										

# IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document under Review:	P802.16e/D8	Ball	ot Number: 0001045		Comment Date		
Comment # <b>5707</b>	Comment submitted by:	Dorothy	Stanley	Member	2005/06/08		
Comment Type Technic Incorrect grammar	cal, Binding	Starting Page #	999 Starting Line #	Fig/Table# Sec	stion 3.73		

#### Suggested Remedy

Change "synchronized with" to "synchronized" and change "ranging with" to "ranging"

Proposed Resolution
Recommendation:
Recommendation by

Reason for Recommendation
Decision of Group: Superceded

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution<br/>See comment 5004.
See Comment 5004.

Group's Notes<br/>Group's Action Items
Editor's Actions I) none needed

Editor's Questions and Concerns

2003/00/21	TELE 002.10-03/035								
Document under Review: P802.16e/D8	Ballot Nu			Comment Date					
Comment # 5709 Comment submitted by:	Dorothy Sta	anley	Membe	er	2005/06/08				
<b>Comment Type</b> Technical, Binding Incorrect definition; the definition describes a function,	Starting Page # 999 "encrypted by", rather th	-	Fig/Table#	Section	3.78				
Suggested Remedy Replace with "The GKEK is a random number used to encrypt the GTEKs sent in multicast messages by the BS to the MSs in the same multicast group." or similar.									
Proposed Resolution Recommendation:	Reco	ommendation by							
Reason for Recommendation									
Resolution of Group Decision of Gro	up: Superceded								
Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution See comment 5004.									
Group's Notes Group's Action Items									
Editor's Notes Editor's Actions I) none	needed								
Editor's Questions and Concerns									
Editor's Action Items									

2005/06/27		IEEE 802.16-05/039						
Document under Review	<sub>v:</sub> P802.16e/D8	Ballot I	Number: 0001045		Comment Date			
Comment # <b>5710</b>	Comment submitted by:	Dorothy	Stanley	Member	2005/06/08			
	hnical, Binding ne definition of "MS" in 3.80 i		-	Fig/Table#	Section 3.8			
Suggested Remedy Make the definition of "M	S" in 3.80 the same as that	in Clause 1.4.3.1						
Proposed Resolution	Recommendation:	R	ecommendation by					
Reason for Recommendati	ion							
Resolution of Group	Decision of Gro	up: Superceded						
Reason for Group's Decis See comment 5004. Group's Notes	sion/Resolution							
Group's Action Items								
Editor's Notes Editor's Questions and Co Editor's Action Items	Editor's Actions I) none oncerns	needed						

## IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Review:	P802.16e/D8	В	allot Nu	<sub>mber:</sub> 0001045			Comment Date	
Comment #	5712	Comment submitted by:	Dorothy	Sta	anley	Member		2005/06/08	
Comment	туре Techni	cal, Binding	Starting Page	<b>#</b> 999	Starting Line #	Fig/Table#	Section 4		
SSID Acrony	SSID Acronym doesn't match definition								

#### Suggested Remedy

Change "SSID" to "SSMAC" or similar, to have a more intuitive acronym. Also, Page 58 uses "MS MAC Address" Are these the same?

Proposed ResolutionRecommendation: Accepted-ModifiedRecommendation byIn clause 4, change SSID entry to the following:<br/>SSID subscriber station identification (MAC address)Second and a second address

Reason for Recommendation

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Accepted-Modified

In clause 4, change SSID entry to the following: SSID subscriber station identification (MAC address)

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution An SS and an MS are not necessarily the same device. Therefore, an SS MAC address and an MS MAC address are not the same thing.

Group's Notes

**Group's Action Items** 

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

Editor's Questions and Concerns

# IEEE 802.16-05/039

2005/06/27		IEEE 802.10-05/039							
Document under Review:	P802.16e/D8	Ballot Number: 0001045					Comment Date		
Comment # 5718 Comment submitted by:		Dorothy Stanley			Member		2005/06/08		
CommentTypeTechnIs a value of 1 valid for the	-	Starting Page #	999	Starting Line #	Fig/Table#	Section	Table 7m		
Suggested Remedy Specify									
Proposed Resolution R	ecommendation: Rejected		Recor	mmendation by					
Reason for Recommendation No table 7m exists in D8 d									
Resolution of Group	Decision of Gro	up: Rejected							
Reason for Group's Decisio	on/Resolution								

### No table 7m exists in D8 draft

Group's Notes

**Group's Action Items** 

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions I) none needed

Editor's Questions and Concerns

# IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document under Review: P802.16e/D8			Ballo	t Number: 0001045	Comment Dat				
Comment #	5721	Comment submitted by:	Dorothy	Stanley	Member		2005/06/08		
Comment	туре Techni	cal, Binding	Starting Page # 🤇	999 Starting Line #	Fig/Table#	Section	6.3.2.2.9.1		
Incorrect mea	ncorrect meaning, grammar								

Suggested Remedy

Something is wrong with this sentence, but I'm not sure what. Should "carriers" be "carries"?

 Proposed
 Recommendation
 Accepted
 Recommendation by

 [In 6.3.2.2.7.5 UL Tx Power Report Extended Subheader, page 40, line 4, modify as:]
 `This subheader is sent from MS to BS to report the Tx power of the burst that carriers this subheader. The format of the UL is'

#### **Reason for Recommendation**

Commenter is using numbering in the D8delta, so a little confusing to find where commenter is referring to. Commenter appears to be referring to language in 6.3.2.2.9.2 of the D8delta document which is 6.3.2.2.7.5 UL Tx Power Report Extended Subheader in the D8 document.

**Resolution of Group** 

**Decision of Group: Accepted** 

[In 6.3.2.2.7.5 UL Tx Power Report Extended Subheader, page 40, line 4, modify as:] 'This subheader is sent from MS to BS to report the Tx power of the burst that carriers this subheader. The format of the UL is'

#### Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Commenter is using numbering in the D8delta, so a little confusing to find where commenter is referring to. Commenter appears to be referring to language in 6.3.2.2.9.2 of the D8delta document which is 6.3.2.2.7.5 UL Tx Power Report Extended Subheader in the D8 document.

Group's Notes

Group's Action Items

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

Editor's Questions and Concerns

# IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under Revie	ew: P802.16e/D8	Ba	allot Nu	mber: 0001045			Comment Date	
Comment #	5722	Comment submitted by:	Dorothy	Sta	anley	Member		2005/06/08	
Comment	туре Тес	chnical, Binding	Starting Page #	¥ 999	Starting Line #	Fig/Table#	Section	Table 33	
Unclear spec	Unclear specification. "Once per protocol run". Which protocol? PKM? EAP?								

Suggested Remedy

Proposed Resolution See comment #5133	Recommendation: Superceded	Recommendation by							
Reason for Recommendation									
Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Superceded									
Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution See comment #5133									
Group's Notes Group's Action Items									
Editor's Notes	Editor's Actions I) none needed								
Editor's Questions and C	Concerns								
Editor's Action Items									

## IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under R	eview: P802.16e/D8	Ва	llot Nu	mber: 0001045			Comment Date
Comment #	5723	Comment submitted by:	Dorothy	Sta	anley	Member		2005/06/08
Comment	Туре	Technical, Binding	Starting Page #	999	Starting Line #	Fig/Table#	Section	Table 37a
Just below th	ne table,	, the text references "MSm X50	9 Cert. The next	paragi	raph references the	e SS's private key. Does	SS=MS h	nere?

Suggested Remedy

 Proposed Resolution
 Recommendation: Accepted-Modified
 Recommendation by

 [In 6.3.2.3.9.11 PKMv2 RSA-Request message, page 50, line 61, modify as:]
 'The SigSS indicates an RSA signature over all the other attributes in this message, and the <u>SM</u>S's private key is used to make an RSA signature.'

Reason for Recommendation

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Accepted-Modified

[In 6.3.2.3.9.11 PKMv2 RSA-Request message, page 50, line 61, modify as:] 'The SigSS indicates an RSA signature over all the other attributes in this message, and the <u>SM</u>S's private key is used to make an RSA signature.'

Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

Group's Notes

**Group's Action Items** 

Editor's Notes Editor's Actions k) done

**Editor's Questions and Concerns** 

## IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document under Review: P802.16e/D8				Ballot Nur		Comment Date				
Comment # 5724 Comment submitted by:			Dorothy Stanley			Member		2005/06/08		
Comment	туре Tech	nical, Binding	Starting	Page # 999	Starting Line #	Fig/Table#	Section	General		
I agree with the commenter of Comment 4385and 4384. The MS/SS language MUST be cleaned up and consistent, as is required for an amendment (.16e) to a base standard (.16).										

### Suggested Remedy

Replace all instances of "MS" with "SS" and amend the definition of SS to include the ability to be mobile.

 Proposed Resolution
 Recommendation:
 Recommendation by

 see resolution of comments 5004, 5008, 5028, 5029, 5032, 5037, 5101, 5104, 5117, 5119, 5150, 5153, 5154, 5155, 5220, 5226, 5472, 5710, 5733

#### **Reason for Recommendation**

Such change, applied to the current text, would harm backward compatibility requested by 802.16e PAR which does not allow to introduce new features that were not requested by 802.16-2004 unless applicability of such features is limited to mobile systems. For example, 802.16-2004 does not contain definition of SN report feature [used in HO]. This is why in 6.3.2.1.2.1.7 "SN report header" the terminal is called MS, not SS:

"The SN report header is sent by the MS to report the the LSB of the next ARQ BSN or the virtual MAC SDU Sequence number for the active connections with SN Feedback enabled."

Resolution of Group Decision of Group: Superceded

#### Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution

see resolution of comments 5004, 5008, 5028, 5029, 5032, 5037, 5101, 5104, 5117, 5119, 5150, 5153, 5154, 5155, 5220, 5226, 5472, 5710, 5733

Such change, applied to the current text, would harm backward compatibility requested by 802.16e PAR which does not allow to introduce new features that were not requested by 802.16-2004 unless applicability of such features is limited to mobile systems. For example, 802.16-2004 does not contain definition of SN report feature [used in HO]. This is why in 6.3.2.1.2.1.7 "SN report header" the terminal is called MS, not SS:

"The SN report header is sent by the MS to report the the LSB of the next ARQ BSN or the virtual MAC SDU Sequence number for the active connections with SN Feedback enabled."

**Group's Notes** 

Group's Action Items

Editoria Natas

Editoria Astiona I) none needed

Editor's Notes	Editor's Actions I) none	neeaea			
Editor's Questions and Conc	erns				
Editor's Action Items					
Document under Review:	P802.16e/D8	Ballo	t Number: 0001045		Comment Date
Comment # <b>5725</b>	Comment submitted by:	Dorothy	Stanley	Member	2005/06/08
Comment Type Techni Duplicate EAP-Start	cal, Binding	Starting Page # <sup>G</sup>	999 Starting Line #	Fig/Table#	Section Table 26
Suggested Remedy Delete type 29, same as ty	vpe 17.				
Proposed Resolution Re See comment #5115	commendation: Superced	ed	Recommendation by		
Reason for Recommendation					
Resolution of Group	Decision of Gro	up: Superceded			
Reason for Group's Decision See comment #5115	n/Resolution				
Group's Notes					
Group's Action Items					
Editor's Notes	Editor's Actions I) none	needed			
Editor's Questions and Conc	erns				
Editor's Action Items					

2005/06/27				IEEE 802.16-05	6/039	
Document under Review: P802.16e/D8		Ballot Numb	ber: 0001045			Comment Date
Comment # 5726 Comment subr	nitted by: Dorothy	Stanl	ley	Member		2005/06/08
<b>Comment Type</b> Technical, Binding Errors in EAP usage identified in IETF revie		# 999 <u>;</u>	Starting Line #	Fig/Table#	Section	6.3
Suggested Remedy						
Address the issues identified in http://www	/.drizzle.com/~aboba/EA	P/review.t	xt			
Proposed Resolution Recommendation:	Superceded	Recom	mendation by			
Reason for Recommendation No text proposed. See comments 5129,	5135, 5320, 5321, 532	9, 5341, 50	614, 5669.			
Resolution of Group Decis	ion of Group: Supercede	d				
Reason for Group's Decision/Resolution No text proposed. See comments 5129,	5135, 5320, 5321, 532	9, 5341, 50	614, 5669.			
Group's Notes						
Group's Action Items						
Editor's Notes Editor's Actio	ns I) none needed					
Editor's Questions and Concerns						

IEEE 802.16-05/039

Document	under R	eview: P802.16e/D8		Ballot Nu	mber: 0001045			Comment Date
Comment #	5733	Comment submitted by:	Jonathan	La	bs	Member		2005/06/08
Comment	Туре	Technical, Binding	Starting P	Page # 999	Starting Line # 1	Fig/Table#	Section	

I object to the resolutions of comments 3034, 3233, 3269, 3474 and 3480 in IEEE 802.16-05/019 (or database IEEE 802.16-05/12r3) and comment 4384 in IEEE 802.16-05/23r5. All these comments address the improper usage of SS versus MS versus FSS. The resolution of the group was: "Change all SS to MS in 802.16e draft for new text or modified text; do not change SS in unmodified/duplicated instances. Delete the definition of FS" for the first set of comments from 05/12r3. For comment 4384, there was not even a reason given for rejection!

I feel this is a major problem with the ammendment and it is not being corrected by the group. Here is one example of the problem: if one looks at the text changes in 6.3.2.3.26 De/Re-register command (DREG-CMD) message, specifically at Table 55--Action codes and actions. All action codes are now defined for MSs, not SSs. This tells me that there are now no action codes for a fixed SS.

In my mind an SS can be either a mobile SS or a fixed SS. MS is only a mobile SS.

I provided an extensive list of modifications in a previous recirc ballot to clean this problem up, but I do not believe they were considered by the Ballot resolution committee. I will not provide "specific text" again, only to have it ignored. Phil Barber also submitted a contribution at the meeting in Sorrento to try to clean up the problem for the MAC section but not part of it was accepted.

This problem will become very apparent when this ammendment is eventually integrated with 802.16-2004 to form a new revision.

#### Suggested Remedy

Fix up the usage of MS versus SS, such that the text does not break the operation of fixed systems. Phil Barber made some concerted effort at Session 37 in Sorrento to fix the problem in the MAC section (refer to comment 4001), but the entire contribution was rejected by the group. I would recommend reviewing it again, as well as comments 3034, 3233, 3269, 3474 and 3480 in IEEE 802.16-05/019.

Proposed Resolution	Recommendation:	Recommendation by
Reason for Recommendat	ion	
Resolution of Group	Decision of Group: Superceded	
Reason for Group's Deci See comment 5724.	sion/Resolution	
Group's Notes Group's Action Items		
Editor's Notes	Editor's Actions I) none needed	

**Editor's Questions and Concerns**