Project	IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group < <u>http://ieee802.org/16</u> >	
Title	Modification to UL OFDM Example	
Date Submitted	2003-08-31	
Source(s)	Ran Yaniv Tal Kaitz 21, HaBarzel St. Tel-Aviv, Israel	Voice: +972 54 22 56 48 Fax: +972 3 645 6273 mailto: ran.yaniv@alvarion.com mailto: tal.kaitz@alvarion.com
Re:	IEEE 802.16d Sponsor Ballot	
Abstract		
Purpose		
Notice	This document has been prepared to assist IEEE 802.16. It is offered as a basis for discussion and is not binding on the contributing individual(s) or organization(s). The material in this document is subject to change in form and content after further study. The contributor(s) reserve(s) the right to add, amend or withdraw material contained herein.	
Release	The contributor grants a free, irrevocable license to the IEEE to incorporate material contained in this contribution, and any modifications thereof, in the creation of an IEEE Standards publication; to copyright in the IEEE's name any IEEE Standards publication even though it may include portions of this contribution; and at the IEEE's sole discretion to permit others to reproduce in whole or in part the resulting IEEE Standards publication. The contributor also acknowledges and accepts that this contribution may be made public by IEEE 802.16.	
Patent Policy and Procedures	The contributor is familiar with the IEEE 802.16 Patent Policy and Procedures < <u>http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/policy.html></u> , including the statement "IEEE standards may include the known use of patent(s), including patent applications, provided the IEEE receives assurance from the patent holder or applicant with respect to patents essential for compliance with both mandatory and optional portions of the standard." Early disclosure to the Working Group of patent information that might be relevant to the standard is essential to reduce the possibility for delays in the development process and increase the likelihood that the draft publication will be approved for publication. Please notify the Chair < <u>mailto:chair@wirelessman.org</u> > as early as possible, in written or electronic form, if patented technology (or technology under patent application) might be incorporated into a draft standard being developed within the IEEE 802.16 Working Group. The Chair will disclose this notification via the IEEE 802.16 web site < <u>http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/notices</u> >.	

Modification to UL OFDM Example

Ran Yaniv, Tal Kaitz

Alvarion

Introduction

1:8 and 1:16 subchannelization modes were defined in P802.16d/D3-2003. These modes introduce a special case in which an OFDM symbol may hold a non-integer number of data bytes. It is proposed to add two examples to 8.4.3.5 in order to demonstrate this special case.

Proposed Text Changes

In 8.4.3.5 ("Example UL RS-CC encoding")

To illustrate the use of RS-CC encoding, <u>three examples are provided</u>, <u>each of one frame</u> an <u>example of one</u> frame of OFDM UL data, illustrating each process from randomization through carrier modulation.

1. <u>Full bandwidth:</u> Modulation mode: QPSK, rate 3/4, Slot Offset: OFDM symbol number: 14, UIUC: 7

[existing example, unchanged]

2. <u>1:8 subchannelization:</u> Modulation mode: QPSK, rate 3/4, OFDM symbol number: 20, UIUC: 7, subchannel index: 0b00010

<u>Input Data (Hex)</u> <u>45 29 C4 79 AD 0F 55 28 AD 87 B5 76</u>

<u>Randomized Data (Hex)</u> <u>3D 0C D4 A7 CF CA 1B B7 0A C6 66 F2 00 4b0000</u>

<u>Convolutionally Encoded Data (Hex)</u> <u>14 97 80 C6 6A B7 AA 11 D8 D1 ED 84 35 C1 CD E4 46 00</u>

<u>Interleaved Data (Hex)</u> <u>36 5C 5A 31 83 39 B3 87 D4 86 63 28 23 BC 4E 08 DF 14</u>

Carrier Mapping (frequency offset index: I value Q value)

1st data symbol:

<u>-100: 1 1, -99: -1 -1, -98: 1 -1, -97: -1 1, -96: 1 -1, -95: 1 -1,</u>

<u>-38: pilot = 1 0, -37: -1 -1, -36: 1 1, -35: 1 -1, -34: 1 -1, -33: -1 1, -32: -1 1,</u>

1: 1 1, 2: -1 -1, 3: 1 1, 4: 1 -1, 5: -1 1, 6: 1 1,

<u>64: 1 1, 65: -1 -1, 66: 1 1, 67: -1 -1, 68: -1 1, 69: 1 -1</u>

2nd data symbol:

<u>-100: -1 1, -99: -1 -1, -98: 1 1, -97: -1 -1, -96: -1 1, -95: 1 1,</u>

<u>-38: pilot = -1 0, -37: 1 -1, -36: -1 -1, -35: -1 -1, -34: 1 -1, -33: 1 -1, -32: 1 1,</u>

1: -1 1, 2: 1 1, 3: 1 -1, 4: -1 1, 5: 1 -1, 6: -1 1,

<u>64: 1 1, 65: -1 -1, 66: 1 1, 67: -1 1, 68: -1 1, 69: 1 1</u>

3rd data symbol:

<u>-100: 1 1, -99: -1 1, -98: 1 1, -97: -1 -1, -96: -1 1, -95: -1 -1,</u>

<u>-38: pilot = 1 0, -37: -1 -1, -36: 1 1, -35: 1 -1, -34: 1 1, -33: -1 -1, -32: -1 1,</u>

1: 1 1, 2: 1 1, 3: -1 1, 4: 1 1, 5: -1 -1, 6: 1 -1,

<u>64: -1 -1, 65: -1 -1, 66: 1 1, 67: 1 -1, 68: 1 -1, 69: 1 1</u>

3. 1:16 subchannelization

Modulation mode: QPSK, rate 3/4, OFDM symbol number: 17, UIUC: 7, subchannel index: 0b00001

<u>Input Data (Hex)</u> 45 29 C4 79 AD 0F 55 28 AD 87

<u>Randomized Data (Hex)</u> DD 0E 94 AA 4F E7 1B 59 08 A2 00 2b00

<u>Convolutionally Encoded Data (Hex)</u> <u>ED 07 9A 45 68 C7 FA DA 57 C4 0E 17 F7 2C C0</u>

<u>Interleaved Data (Hex)</u> BD E3 44 60 72 3D EE 99 B7 F4 21 15 FA 7A 09

Carrier Mapping (frequency offset index: I value Q value)

1st data symbol:

<u>-100: -1 1, -99: -1 -1, -98: -1 -1, -37: 1 -1, -36: -1 -1, -35: -1 1,</u>

1: 1 1, 2: -1 -1, 3: 1 -1, 64: 1 1, 65: 1 -1, 66: 1 1

2nd data symbol:

<u>-100: 1 -1, -99: -1 1, -98: 1 1, -37: 1 1, -36: 1 -1, -35: -1 -1,</u>

<u>1: 1 1, 2: -1 1, 3: 1 1, 64: -1 -1, 65: -1 -1, 66: 1 -1</u>

3rd data symbol:

<u>-100: -1 -1, -99: -1 1, -98: -1 -1, -37: -1 1, -36: -1 1 -35: 1 -1,</u>

<u>1: -1 1, 2: 1 -1, 3: -1 1, 64: -1 -1, 65: 1 -1, 66: -1 -1</u>

4th data symbol:

<u>-100: -1 -1, -99: -1 -1, -98: 1 -1, -37: 1 1, -36: 1 1, -35: -1 1,</u>

1: 1 1, 2: 1 -1, 3: 1 1, 64: 1 -1, 65: 1 -1, 66: 1 -1

5th data symbol:

<u>-100: -1 -1, -99: -1 -1, -98: -1 1, -37: -1 1, -36: 1 -1, -35: -1 -1,</u>

<u>1: -1 1, 2: -1 1, 3: 1 1, 64: 1 1, 65: -1 1, 66: 1 -1</u>