Project	IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group < <a href="http://ieee802.org/16">http://ieee802.org/16</a> > Clarification of procedure of creation of service flows		
Title			
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# Clarification of procedure of creation of service flows

Vladimir Yanover

## [Change in 6.4.13.7]

### 6.4.13.7.1 preprovisioned service flows creation

The provisioning of service flows is done via means outside of the scope of this standard, such as the network management system. During provisioning, Service Flow is instantiated, gets SFID and "provisioned" type. Same means may mark service flow as that to be activated by Network Entry procedure performed by the SS. If it is the case. Configuration of connections Enabling service flows for provisioned services follows the transfer of the operational parameters, as shown in Figure 54. In this case the Service Flow type changes either to "admitted" or to "active"; in the latter case the Service Flow is mapped onto certain connection. When this is complete, the BS passes service flow encodings to the SS in multiple DSA-REQ messages. The SS replies with DSA-RSP messages to complete service flow initialization.

Service flow Encodings contain either a full definition of service attributes (omitting defaultable items if desired) or a service class name. A service class name is an ASCII string which is known at the BS and which indirectly specifies a set of QoS Parameters. Triggers, other than network entry, also may cause creation of service flows. Such triggers lay outside the scope of the standard.

## 6.4.13.7.2 Dynamic service flow creation

Service flows may be created by the DSA process as well as through the procedure outlined in 6.4.13.7.1.

The DSA may be initiated by either the SS or the BS and may create either one uplink or one downlink dynamic service flow. A three-way handshake is used to create service flows.

#### [Change in Table 327]

Optional Feature	Required?	Conditions/Notes
Provisioned connections	No	See 6.4.13.7.1
Dynamic services	Yes	See 6.4.13.7.2
DSA process		