Cl 33 SC 2.1a P18 L37 # 1 CI 00 SC 0 P0/ 0 SILICON LABS LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS LANDRY, MATTHEW Comment Type E Comment Status A Comment Type E Comment Status A Definitions properly belong in Clause 1. Many references to figures in the Annexes are improperly documented. E.g., Figure 33C-6 is improperly cited as Figure 33C.6. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Move these definitions to Clause 1. Remove 33.2.1a. Fix references. Response Response Status C Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. ACCEPT. replicate to definitions. TF feels the text is important in this location to convey information. CI 33 SC 2.8.14 P45 L 41 Cl 33 SC 2.3.7 P 28 L1 LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS Comment Type E Comment Status A editorial Comment Type E Comment Status A Is this a proper use of the 'CAUTION' statement? The Type 2 state diagrams should more logically appear before the common PSE monitor sta SuggestedRemedy diagram. If not, change it to a NOTE. SuggestedRemedy Response Response Status C Move Figures 33-7a, -7b, and -7c in front of Figure 33-7. ACCEPT. Response Response Status C ACCEPT. see 29 C/ 00 SC 0 P**0** L0 # CI 33 SC 2.9 P45 L48 LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS Comment Type E Comment Status A Comment Type Comment Status A The text variously refers to link segments and link sections. Is there a difference? The statement about a Type 1 PSE treating a PD as Class 0 is neither normative nor very informative. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy If there is no different, normalize the text to consistently use one of 'link segment' or 'link Remove the sentence. It adds no new information. section. Response Response Status C Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. ACCEPT. There is a difference. We need to ensure they are used correctly: See pg 36 line 16-20. info already there.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

1.4.199 link section: The portion of the link from the PSE to the PD.

Editor to look over occurances and check that they conform to definitions.

two Medium Dependent Interfaces (MDIs).

1.4.200 link segment: The point-to-point full-duplex medium connection between two and only

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Cl 33 SC 3.1 P49 / 39 # 7 SILICON LABS LANDRY, MATTHEW Comment Type E Comment Status A "Mode-A" and "Mode-B" should be "Mode A" and "Mode B." SuggestedRemedy Fix it. Response Response Status C ACCEPT. SC 2.8 # 8 Cl 33 P40 L3 SILICON LABS LANDRY, MATTHEW Comment Type T Comment Status A ez Missing references to new state diagrams. SugaestedRemedy Add references to Figures 33-7a, -7b, and -7c. Response Response Status C ACCEPT. Cl 33 SC 2.8 P41 L7 # 9 LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS Comment Type T Comment Status A Vport adhoc ICUT is optional. ICUT min should be the maximum current the PD can draw at a given port

voltage (PClass/VPort). It is.

To maintain the use of the TCUT timer, the maximum ICUT should be less than or equal to the current limit. This is almost true for Type 1. We have a TBD for Type 2.

We need to specify an ICUT max that meets the criteria above.

SuggestedRemedy

Change ICUT max to ILIM.

This will open up the ICUT space a little wider for Type 1 PSEs (e.g. if ILIM is 425mA, then ICUT could be 424mA), but will also properly let the SOA curve guide ICUT for all future PSE:

Note that it does not break compliance of current PSEs, and still supports both current limited and energy limited PSEs.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Cl 33 SC 2.8.7 P43 / 40 # 10 SILICON LABS

LANDRY, MATTHEW

Comment Type T Comment Status A

The ICUT function is optional, 33,2,8,6 even uses 'may' instead of 'shall,' But, the Toyld description still has a normative 'shall.'

SuggestedRemedy

Change from:

After time duration of Toyld as specified in Table 33-5, the PSE shall remove power from the

After time duration of Tovld as specified in Table 33-5, the PSE may remove power from the I

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

P49 C/ 33 SC 3.1 L45 # 11 LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS

Comment Type T Comment Status R

The statement "PD shall withstand any voltage from 0 V to 57 V at the PI indefinitely without permanent damage" is neither testable nor practical.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace the statement with a NOTE.

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

Of course it is not practical to test anything indefinitely but system designers understand what is implied with this statement.

As far as testable, I'm not sure what they do to test it but I am sure there is some time limit the is assumed to be long enough to extrapolate out to 'indefinitely'.

CI 33

C/ 33 SC 3.4.1 LANDRY. MATTHEW P**56** L**32** 

SILICON LABS

# 12

baseline

LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS

# 13

Comment Type T

Comment Status A

Comment Type TR

SC 2.5

Comment Status R

baseline

The Usage column in Table 33-10 adds no value.

SuggestedRemedy

Remove it.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See resolution in Landry1-0801, slide 5

see 141, wants to modify rightmost column

A PSE performing detection should be able to provide two characteristics.

- (1) Probing into a short circuit won't destroy the PSE or the source of the short.
- (2) Two PSEs probing the same link segment should not result in a 25kohm differential impedance.

P33

15

The probing voltage (Vvalid and Voc) and short circuit current limit defined in Table 33-2 accomplish (1). A simple shall statement can accomplish (2).

Instead we have some schematics (Figs 33-8 and 33-9) and a normative statement requiring conformance to them. This sure sounds like mandating an implementation -- and unnecessari at that.

## SuggestedRemedy

Strike Figs 33-8 and 33-9 or add a NOTE mentioning that they are informative only.

Strike Thevenin shall statement on line 45.

Add the following shall: A PSE shall present a non-valid signature as defined in Table 33-9 in detection states.

Note that current PSEs conforming to the Thevenin circuits currently mandated will still satisfy this new shall.

Response

Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Cl 33 SC 3.2.3

P**52** SILICON LABS L8

<sup>‡</sup> 14

LANDRY, MATTHEW

Comment Type TR

Comment Status A

'present\_pd\_signature' variable has been obsoleted.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace "present\_pd\_signature <= FALSE" occurrences with:

"present\_det\_sig <= FALSE" and

"present\_class\_sig <= FALSE"

Response

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

ez

Cl 33 SC 4.2 P67 L1 # 15 Cl 33 SC 4.8 P71 / 1 # 18 LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS Comment Type T Comment Status A baseline Comment Type T Comment Status R The IEC 60060 does not have a year associated with it. Only the first occurrence of "ISO/IEC 11801-2002" contains the ISO and year references. The rest in this section only refer to "IEC 11801." This may be confusing, and there doesn't seem t SuggestedRemedy be a practical reason for not specifying the document completely. Please clarify the exact year of issue. Furthermore, we reference ISO/IEC 11801:1995 in 3.1.5, which is a different year and notation Response Response Status C Pick the one we want to stick with. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. SuggestedRemedv Replace "IEC 11801" with "ISO/IEC 11801:1995" or whatever is appropriate. Editor to find year or seek help finding correct year. Response Response Status Z Cl 33 SC 4.3 P67 L 25 # 16 REJECT. LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS Comment Type E Comment Status A ez This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter. Stray 'and' at the end of the definition of 'f' SuggestedRemedy Need to confirm if it is 1995 or 2002, then perform changes. Remove ", and" Response Response Status C C/ 33 SC 4.8.1 P73 L12 # 19 ACCEPT. LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS Comment Status R Comment Type T Cl 33 SC 4.3 P67 L14 # 17 This line references "ISO 11801:2002." Is this correct? Or do we want to reference "ISO/IEC LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS 11801:1995?" Comment Type Comment Status A SugaestedRemedy "Resistor matching to 1 part in 100" is just an obtuse way of saying that the resistors should b Pick the right ISO/IEC 11801 reference and make it consistent throughout the document. 1% tolerance. Response Response Status Z SuggestedRemedy REJECT. Figures 33-14, 33-15, 33-17, replace X Ohms\* with X Ohms +/- 1%, and delete the \*Note. Response Response Status C This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter. ACCEPT.

I think it should be 2002. see 233

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Cl 33 SC 5.5 P75 / 10 # 20 Cl 33 SC 6a.2.4 P84 L32 # 23 LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS Comment Type T Comment Status R Comment Type E Comment Status A Reference to IEC 11801 Edition 2. What is this? Any relation to ISO/IEC 11801:1995? The statement that "other parameters will be defined after adoption by the Task Force" should really be an Editor's Note. Reference to IEC 61156-1 does not contain a year. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Make it an Editor's Note. Fix these references as appropriate. Response Response Status C Response Response Status Z ACCEPT. REJECT. CI 33 SC 6a.4 P86 L5 # 24 This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter. LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS Comment Type E Comment Status A ez There is a strav '.' 11801:2002, see 233, 203 SuggestedRemedy not sure of 61156-1 Get rid of it. Response Response Status C CI 33 SC 6a P82 L10 # 21 LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS ACCEPT. Comment Type E Comment Status A ez C/ 33D SC<sub>1</sub> P134 *L* 1 # 25 There is an inline note that should really be an Editor's Note. LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS SuggestedRemedy Comment Type T Comment Status A Make it an Editor's Note. Annex 33D refers only to 15.4W systems. This informative annex should be aligned with the new power level. Response Response Status C ACCEPT. SuggestedRemedy Replace 15.4W references with "PPort max as defined in Table 33-5." CI 33 SC 6a.1 P82 # 22 L31 Replace 44V to 57V references with "VPort min and VPort max as defined in Table 33-5." LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS Comment Type E Comment Status A L2 adhoc Replace 12.95W references with "PPort max as defined in Table 33-12." There is nothing in Annex 33F. Response Response Status C SuggestedRemedy ACCEPT. Eagerly await generated content for Annex 33F from L2 ad hoc. Response Response Status C

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Accepting comment results in no change to text

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C/ 33E SC<sub>1</sub> P137 L1 # 26 CI 33 SC 3.5.9 P64 L 20 # 29 LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS Comment Type T Comment Status A Comment Type E Comment Status A Annex 33E refers to 350mA as max current. This needs to be aligned with ICable. Is this an appropriate use of the 'CAUTION' designator? SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Either make the text generic with references to variables from tables, or add relevant specs fc Turn the CAUTION into a NOTE. ICable-level currents. Response Response Status C Response Response Status C ACCEPT. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. see 5 make the text generic with references to variables from tables CI 33 SC 3.6 P65 L5 # 30 C/ 33E SC<sub>1</sub> P138 L17 LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS Comment Type E Comment Status A Comment Type E Comment Status A ez Another "Iport" is confusing, especially since it has a slightly different case than Table 33-12's Equation does not conform to style guide. IPort. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Reset equation to conform to IEEE style manual. Replace this DC MPS current symbol with something more unique, like IPort MPS Response Response Status C Response Response Status C ACCEPT. ACCEPT. See 218 for other locations C/ 33G SC 1.2 P140 L 44 # 28 LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS Comment Type E Comment Status A ez The denoting of mA units does not follow the style manual.

Response Status C

SuggestedRemedy

ACCEPT.

Response

Change "5 [mA]" to "{5}mA"

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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Cl 33 SC 3.5 P59 L16 # 31

LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Item 1 should be describing static VPort, while 1a can describe transient VPort.

SuggestedRemedy

(1) Change item 1: 37V min, 57V max for Type 1. 41V min, 57V max for Type 2.

(2) Change item 1a to apply to Type 1 and Type 2. Note to "see 33.3.5.1"

(3) Adjust note in 33.3.5.1 to say: "The specification for Vport in Table 33-12 (item 1) and VTran\_lo (item 1a) is for the input voltage range after startup, and takes into account loss in the cabling plant."

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

(1) Change item 1: 37V min, 57V max for Type 1. 41V min, 57V max for Type 2.

change units of 1 and 1a from Vdc to V

add new row 1b. Input voltage range during overload|Voverload|V|36/39.7|57|1/2|33.3.5.4

CI 33 SC 3.5 P59 L22 # 32

LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS

Comment Type T Comment Status A Vport adhoc

Table 33-12 item 2 describes max static power. This can be expressed in terms of current and Vport.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace Type 1 max PPort with 0.35\*VPort min. Replace Type 2 max with ICable\*VPort min.

These equations presume that VPort mins are updated to 37V and 41V, respectively.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE 260, 31

CI 33 SC 3.5.4 P61 L36 # 33

LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS

Comment Type T Comment Status A Vport adhoc

The equations use absolute numbers for the port power. They should be variables, which has

the added benefit of needing only one equation.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace equation with:

IPort max = PPort max / VPort

where

IPort max is the max DC and RMS input current

PPort\_max is the maximum power as defined in Table 33-12 item 2

VPort is the static input voltage

Remove reference to Type 1 PDs, and remove second equation entirely.

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Defer to Vport adhoc

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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Cl 33 SC 3.5.2 P60 L47 # 34

LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Vport adhoc

The equation and instructions for measuring PPort seem unnecessary. The power limit applie regardless of the PSE voltage and cable impedance.

The sudden appearance of a resistive approximation of the cable plant really adds nothing for the reader. Stating that the power limit applies over the specified input voltage range is simply redundant. Telling the reader that power equals voltage times current is a bit patronizing.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace 33.3.5.2 with the following:

33.3.5.2 Input average power

The specification for PPort in Table 33-12 (item 2) shall apply for the input power averaged using any sliding window with a 1s width.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Replace 33.3.5.2 with:

33.3.5.2 Input average power

The specification for PPort in Table 33–12 shall apply for the input power averaged over 1 second. (No change)

33.3.5.2.1 System Stability Test Conditions

PPort shall be measured when the PD is fed by Vport\_min to Vport\_max with Rchannel\_max series.

PPort is defined as:

PPort = VPort x IPort

Where

Pport is the average input power

Vport is the static input voltage

lport is the input current, either DC or RMS.

Rchannel\_max is defined in Table TBD. (Table TBD should contain Channel Model data such Class C 40 Ohms, Class D 25 Ohms, DC resistance unbalance etc.)

CI 33 SC 3.5 P61 L27 # 35

LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The 'Peak operating current' specs really should have a different Symbol than the static IPort.

SuggestedRemedy

Rename item 4 to IPortpk. Adjust 33.3.5.4 to say "Peak current shall not exceed IPortpk max.

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

See 93

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Item 5 is really doing nothing more than telling the reader that IPort should scale with VPort.

They reader should already know this, as PPort max is a max power. Clearly if VPort moves, IPort has to move.

That being said, how is item 5 at all helpful?

SuggestedRemedy

(1) Strike item 5.

or

(2) Remove the multiple lines, and replace item 5 with:

Item: 5

Parameter: Input current (DC or RMS)

Symbol: Iport Unit: A Min

Max: PPort max / VPort

PD Type: 1,2

Addl Info: See 33.3.5.4

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

perform item #1

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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Vport adhoc

C/ 33 SC 3.5.5 P63 L41 # 37

LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

This paragraph refers only to a 200hm resistor and Type 1 PSE voltages.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace the following:

"... when a PD is connected to a PSE through a series resistance of up to 200hm and the PSE voltage is changed from 44V to 57V ..."

with

"... when a PD is connected to a PSE through the maximum permitted cabling resistance (20ohm for Type 1, 12.5ohm for Type 2) and the PSE voltage is changed from its minimum allowed value to its maximum allowed value (see 33.2.8) ..."

Or perhaps refer to the proper cabling specification.

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Section 33.3.6.1 is unnecessarily verbose. The whole point is that a PD must draw 10mA minimum, even if it has a large cap and undergoes a voltage droop from the PSE.

SuggestedRemedy

Remove all text in 33.3.6.1 and replace with the following:

NOTE--A PD with CPort > 180uF may not be able to mee the Iport specification in Table 33-1 during the maximum allowed power voltage droop (PSE VPort max to VPort min with resistan as described in 33.3.5.5). Such a PD should increase its IPort min or make other such provisions to ensure meeting the DC maintain power signature.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Remove all text in 33.3.6.1 and replace with the following:

NOTE--A PD with CPort > 180uF may not be able to meet the lport mps (editor to find correct new variable name in other comment) specification in Table 33-13 during the maximum allow port voltage droop (PSE VPort max to VPort min with resistance as described in 33.3.5.5). Such a PD should increase its IPort min or make other such provisions to ensure meeting the DC maintain power signature.

CI 33 SC 2.7 P36 L22 # 39

LANDRY, MATTHEW SILICON LABS

Comment Type TR Comment Status A class motion

Currently says:

Subsequent to successful detection, all Type2 PSEs shall perform classification. A Midspan Type2 PSE shall perform classification using 2-Event Physical Layer classification and may optionally perform Data Link Layer classification. An Endpoint Type2 PSE shall perform classification using either 2-Event Physical Layer classification or Data Link Layer classification

This does not agree with the table, which allows a Type2 PSE to do 2-Event, 2-Event+DLL, or Event+DLL.

SuggestedRemedy

Change to:

Subsequent to successful detection, all Type2 PSEs shall perform classification. A Type2 PSI shall perform classification using at least one of the following: 2-Event Physical Layer classification; 2-Event Physical Layer classification and Data Link Layer classification; or 1-Event Physical Layer classification and Data Link Layer classification.

Response Response Status C
ACCEPT.

Cl 33 SC 1.4 P17 L32 # 40

Jetzt, John Avaya, Inc.

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Add "Type 2" to the section title.

SuggestedRemedy

"33.1.4 Type 2 cable derating"

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Intent Type | Confinent Status A

Table 33-18: Fix description of Byte 7.

SuggestedRemedy

" ... same way as actual power type/source/priority, ..."

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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ez

C/ 33 SC<sub>1</sub> P15 L13 # 42 CI 33 SC 1.4 P17 L40 # 45 Jetzt. John Avava. Inc. Jetzt, John Avava. Inc. Comment Type Ε Comment Status A ez Comment Type Ε Comment Status R Delete comma after "Clause 25". Add reference to Table 33-5. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy " ... Icable is 0.72A. (See Table 33-5) ...in Clause 25 and Clause 40. Response Response Response Status C Response Status C ACCEPT. REJECT. Icable is not defined in T33-5. TF intends to add table here to define Icable. SC 1.1 P15 # 43 C/ 33 L 50 Jetzt, John Avaya, Inc. CI 33 SC 2.1 P18 L20 # 46 Comment Type Ε Comment Status A ez Jetzt, John Avaya, Inc. Add comma after "modification". Comment Type E Comment Status A ez SugaestedRemedy Add Figure 33-4a and Figure 33-4b to reference. "... without modification, and ..." SuggestedRemedy Response Response Status C "See Figure 33-4, Figure 33-4a, and Figure 33-4b." ACCEPT. Response Response Status C ACCEPT. Cl 33 SC 1.4 P17 L30 Jetzt, John Avaya, Inc. CI 33 SC 2.7.2 P37 L36 # 47 Comment Status A Comment Type Ε ez Jetzt, John Avaya, Inc. Add section "33.1.5" to the editing instruction. Comment Status A Comment Type SuggestedRemedy Suggest adding introductory sentence to this section (similar to the introductory suggestion fo the next section [see subsequent comment]) "Insert section 33.1.4 and section 33.1.5:" SuggestedRemedy Response Response Status C "PSE 1-Event Physical Layer Classification consists of the application of Vclass and the ACCEPT. measurement of Iclass." Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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Editor given license to doctor text and get it ripped to shreds during next comment cycle...

Cl 33 SC 2.7.2a P37 / 49 # 48 Cl 33 SC 6.1.1.1 P76 L44 # 51 Jetzt. John Avava. Inc. Jetzt. John Avava. Inc. Comment Type Ε Comment Status A Comment Type Ε Comment Status A ez Suggest introductory sentence to this section. Amend bit numbers in heading. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy "PSE 2-Event Physical Layer classification consists of the first class event, the first mark ever "33.6.1.1.1 Reserved bits (11.15:6) the second class event, and the second mark event." Response Response Status C Response Response Status C ACCEPT. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. C/ 33 SC 6a P82 L12 Editor given license to doctor text and get it ripped to shreds during next comment cycle... Jetzt, John Avaya, Inc. C/ 33 SC 2.7.2a P37 L 48 # 49 Comment Type Comment Status A ez Jetzt, John Avaya, Inc. Fix run-on sentence. Comment Type E Comment Status A ez SuggestedRemedy Add "PSE" to section title. " ... using management frames. These functions are ..." SuggestedRemedy Response Response Status C "33.2.7.2a PSE 2-Event Physical Layer classification" ACCEPT. Response Response Status C Cl 33 SC 2.8.2 P42 L 1 ACCEPT. Vetteth, Anoop Cisco CI 33 SC 2.7.2a P38 L35 # 50 Comment Type Comment Status A ER Jetzt, John Avaya, Inc. Sections 33.2.8.2 and 33.2.8.2a provide the same information and are independent of the PS type Comment Type Ε Comment Status A SuggestedRemedy Delete first appearance of "Physical Layer". Combine both sections into one section that covers both type 1 and type 2 PSEs SuggestedRemedy Response Response Status C "The Type 2 PSE shall complete 2-Event Physical Layer classification ..." ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Response Response Status C ACCEPT. Delete 33.2.8.2a. Rename 33.2.8.2 to "Load regulation for PSEs"

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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comments Cl 33 SC 3.1a P50 L7 # 54 Cl 33 SC 2.8.8 P44 17 Vetteth, Anoop Cisco Vetteth, Anoop Cisco Comment Type ER Comment Status A PD type Comment Type TR Comment Status A We have adopted new definition for Type-1 and type-2 PDs based on the power requirments. Figure 33-9a Lines 7-12 does not reflect this. Comment#215 for Draft 0.9 was accepted in principle. This comment dealt with changing 720mA on y-axis to Icable x 400/350 SugaestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Delete lines "This limits ...... Table 33-12" from paragraphs 2 and 3 of the section. Add a general line that refers to Table 33-12 for the maximum power requirements of type-1/type-2 Implement the resolved comment PDs. Response Response Status C Response Response Status C ACCEPT. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Cl 33 SC 2.8.10 P45 L11 delete the two 'this limits' sentences and add after: Vetteth, Anoop Cisco The maximum power the PD may expect to draw from a PSE is PPort max as defined in Table 33-12. Comment Type TR Comment Status A Voff is a range between 0 and 2.8V hence cannot be used in the inequality Cl 33 SC 1.1 P15 L52 # 55 SuggestedRemedy Cisco Vetteth, Anoop Change Voff to Voff max Comment Type ER Comment Status A Response Response Status C Type 2 operation over ISO/IEC 11801-1995 class D is an objective of IEEE 802.3at task force ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. SuggestedRemedy Change the sentence to: Change Voff to Voff max Type 2 operation over cabling systems lower than ISO/IEC 11801:1995 Class D is beyond the scope of the clause Response Response Status C ACCEPT. See 153, 122, 230, 180 SC 2.8.6 P43 Cl 33 L 30 Cisco

Vport adhoc

SuggestedRemedy

Vetteth, Anoop

Comment Type

Change the denominator of the equation to Vport

Comment Status A

should be equal to the value of lport max as defined in 33.2.8.4

the denominator of the equation should be Vport and not Vportmin. The minimum value of Icu

Response Response Status C

TR

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

**OBE 114** 

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

# 57

# 58

Cl 33 SC 3.5.4a P62 1 # 59 Cisco Vetteth, Anoop

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Vport adhoc

Figure 3-12b and 3-12c

This is PD section and hence the SOA curve for the PSE is irrelevant.

PD Toverload was defined in the presentation. The maximum value of PD Toverload is PSE Tcutmin. Hence PD Toverload is not relevant anymore.

## SuggestedRemedy

Remove the SOA curve for the PSE from both the figures.

Remove PD\_Toverload and make the overload max duration to PSE\_Tcutmin

Explain the mask in text using inequalities.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Remove the SOA curve for the PSE from both the figures.

Remove PD Toverload and make the overload max duration to PSE Tcutmin

Explain the mask in text using inequalities.

Editor to point the PSE and PD to one combined curve.

Cl 33 SC 6a.4 P86 1 # 60 Vetteth, Anoop Cisco Comment Status A Comment Type TR L2 adhoc

Figure 33-20

It is not clear from the text whether the initialize state is prior to Power-ON or prior to DLL classification (after Power-ON)

## SuggestedRemedy

Explain in text which of the two cases initialize state stands for

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

The state machine as drawn does not reflect the comments as resolved. Add a state called "Loss of Communication" per 208 and 61. Clarification portion is OBE by comments on loss or communication

Cl 33 SC 6a.4 P87 1 # 61

Cisco Vetteth, Anoop

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

L2 adhoc

There are three scenarios due to DLL fault condition

- Data link not established after Power-ON resulting in systems using the power values establised over physical layer classification
- Loss in L2 communication resulting in systems reverting to last acknowledged DLL power value
- Loss in L2 communication or Data Link not established after Power-ON resulting in PSE optionally power-cycling the PD after TBD time period

These 3 scenarios have not been clearly mentioned in the text

## SuggestedRemedy

Mention the 3 scenarios in text.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Comment partially OBE by 208

Change paragraph on line 15+ in 33.6a into a separate section. Highlight 3 scenarios. Scenarios 2 and 3 dealt with in 208. Use new text from 208.

AND

Add the following for the first scenario:

"If DLL fails to come up within TBD3 after the PSE has turned Power to the PD and the PSE identified the PD as Type 2 via the Physical Layer, the PSE shall remove power."

TBD3 to be defined by the L2 adhoc

Cl 33 SC 2.7 P35 L32 # 62

Vetteth, Anoop Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Figure 33-2a is missing the footnote for 1-Event classification as mentioned in the document diab 2 1007.pdf

SuggestedRemedy

Add the footnote:

802.3-2005 implementation will meet this

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBF

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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Comment ID # 62

Cl 33 SC 2.7 P36 1 24 # 63 Cl 33 SC 2.7.2a P38 / 48 Cisco Vetteth, Anoop Vetteth, Anoop Cisco Comment Type TR Comment Status A class motion Comment Type TR Comment Status A Text implements a motion that failed Lines 48-54 is not part of any motion. Timing requirements for 1-Event Classification and the first finger of 2-Event Classification are different and should be part of a motion before it is SuggestedRemedy adopted in the draft. All type 2 PSEs shall perform Physical Laver Classification. Type 2 PSEs that do not perform SuggestedRemedv Data Link Layer classification shall perform 2-Event Physical layer Classification Delete lines 48-54. Response Response Status C Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE See 39 OBE by 88??? C/ 33 SC 2.7 P36 L22 # 64 see 65. Also see 196, 272, 173 Vetteth, Anoop Cisco Comment Type Comment Status A SC 2.8.4 CI 33 P42 L39 There is no reason to distinguish between Midspans and Endspans here. Table 33-2a speaks Johnson, Peter Sifos Technologies only about PSEs in general. Comment Type Comment Status A SugaestedRemedy The formula as written is confusing and should be corrected to avoid breaking 802.3af Reflect the table 33-2a in the text specification where any PD is allowed to draw 400 mA for 50 msec. Response Status C SuggestedRemedy ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Ipeak = (400 / 350) x (Port / Vport Min) for 50 msec minimum and 5% duty cycle minimum. Response Response Status C OBE see 39 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Cl 33 SC 2.7 P36 L24 # 65 OBE by 114 Vetteth, Anoop Cisco Comment Type Comment Status A TR Type 2 PSEs are not required to do 2-Event Physical Layer Classification. They can do either

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Event or 2-Event Physical layer classification as per table 33-2a.

until successful Data link Layer Classifiation is performed.

Reflect contents of the table in the text. Add the following sentence:

Response Status C

Type-2 PSEs that perform 1-Event Classification shall assume that it is powering a type 1 PD

If the result of the class event is Class 4, a Type 2 PSE shall assume it is powering a Type 2 PD. A Type 2 PSE that has failed to complete mutual identification may provide class 0 power

SuggestedRemedy

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Add this text to end of 33.2.7.2:

Response

Page 14 of 74 1/28/2008 6:39:32 PM

Vport adhoc

# 66

Cl 33 SC 2.8.4 P42 L38 # 80

Johnson, Peter Sifos Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status A Vport adhoc

It is no longer clear that 33.2.8.4 requires Vport to fall into the valid Vport range during a transient load condition (Ipeak). Without this clarification, 3.2.8.4 could come into conflict witl 33.2.8.1 which allows power to be removed when Vport drops below Vport\_Min. Additionally there is nothing in 33.2.8.2 (Vport Regulation) that assures a valid Vport level given Ipeak as defined in 33.2.8.4. Additionally, "transient current waveforms" or "peak current waveforms" may be a better term than "AC current waveforms" in line 38 since "AC" in the spec is general associated with MPS technique rather than overload currents.

## SuggestedRemedy

One solution: Title 3.2.8.4

PSE maximum continuous and peak output current in normal powering mode at or above minimum output voltage

Separately modify line 38 to use "...peak current waveform..."

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Change the title of 33.2.8.4 to "PSE maximum output current in POWER\_ON mode"

PG 42L38

change "The PSE shall support the following AC current waveform parameters:"

to "The PSE shall support the following AC current waveform parameters, while within the operating voltage range of Table33-5 item 1 or 2:"

Cl 33 SC 2.8 P40 L35 # 81

Johnson, Peter Sifos Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Vport adhoc

Iport\_max is shown with the value Icable as a MINIMUM required maximum port current. However, Icable is defined as 720 mA in 33.1.4, and 720 mA is the very top of the allowed current range in Figure 33-9a (formerly SOA curve). So it doesn't seem logical that Icable cabe a MINIMUM value for anything including Iport max for Type 2 PSE's.

## SuggestedRemedy

Icable needs to be clearly defined as EITHER the maximum continous current (Iport) that can ever exist on a single pair OR if it is to be equated with 803.3af value of Iport\_max (MIN) (=3t mA), then it cannot be considered the maximum continous current allowed on a pair as implie by Figure 33-9a.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

**OBE 57** 

Johnson, Peter Sifos Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status A

This is a suggestion to the Ad-Hoc regarding Layer 2 timeout behavior. If Type 2 PSE's powering Type 2 PD's (with > 15.4 watts) are allowed to drop power after some period of non-response, this will lead to a testability dilemma. Long duration packet flow testing of PSE port operating in Class 4 power ranges would then require layer 2 participation of the test equipme to keep power alive. While a PoE tester might handle layer 2 emulation to initiate power up at initialize classification, switching over to a packet tester for packet flow analysis could lead to power drop. Ideally, any process to work around the timeout should not be dependent on an out-of-band management interface to the PSE.

## SuggestedRemedy

The protocol should either by default or by embedded in-band request allow for an override of layer 2 timeouts until power is removed through overload or disconnect mechanisms.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Comment results in no change to the spec.

Commentor should note that there is a Layer 2 adhoc that meets regularly by phone. Commentor should consider participating.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Cl 33 SC 2.7.2a P38 / 40 # 83 Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A L1 adhoc

Draft 1.0:

If after Iclass, lim event the PSE classify the PD as class 4, why we need to be in Reset range It looks that the text "Subsequent to such classification, the PSE shall ensure that the voltage the PI enters the VReset range for at least TReset min as defined in Table 33-4a prior to powering the port." is not required.

SuggestedRemedy

Option a:

Classification ad hoc to explain why we need it.

If we don't need it, to delete it.

Option b:

Change the text to read:

"If PSE decides not to complete two event classification due to any reason, or decides to igno classification results, the PSE shall ensure that the voltage at the PI enters the VReset range for at least TReset min as defined in Table 33-4a prior to powering the port."

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 149

C/ 33 SC 2.7.2.a P39 L1 # 84 Microsemi Corporation Darshan, Yair

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Draft 1.0:

This text contradicts other decision that requires that in case of bad classification results detected by Type 2 PSE. The PSE will classify the PD as class 4.

This should be the same here in this case.

SuggestedRemedy

Change from:

"If a Type 2 PSE observes mixed results, it shall return to the IDLE state"

To:

If a Type 2 PSE observes mixed results, it shall classify the PD as Class 4 PD i.e. Type 2 PD.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

delete the sentence "If a Type 2 PSE observes mixed results, it shall return to the IDLE state"

We agree that in case of mixed results, subsequent calss events can be ignored. Therefore, the case of mixed results is already covered.

P18 Microsemi Corporation Darshan, Yair Comment Type TR Comment Status A midspan

/ 32

# 85

Draft 1.0:

Cl 33

The note here is redundant due to the fact that the Midspan is required to meet 33.4.8 requirements in page 72.

SuggestedRemedy

Remove Note in lines 32-34

SC 32

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBF 232

Cl 33 SC 2.7.1 P37 L 27 # 86

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type Comment Status A TR

Draft 1.0: Table 33-3:

To prevent confusion: Vport min is as defined in table 33-5 item

SuggestedRemedy

Add text "Vport min as defined in Table 33-5 item 1."

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE

OBF see 128

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 33 SC 2.7.1 P37 L32 # 87

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status R

Add clarification that Data Link Layer takes precedence over physical layer classification only when system requires using lower power than advertised by the physical layer classification.

# SuggestedRemedy

Replace

"NOTE-Data Link Layer classification takes precedence over Physical Layer classification."

With:

"NOTE-Data Link Layer classification takes precedence over Physical Layer classification only when system requires to use lower power than advertis

by the physical layer classification."

Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

see page 56, line 23: "The Physical Layer classification of the PD is the maximum power that the PD will draw across all input voltages and operational modes." it is already stated.

Cl 33 SC 2.7.2a P38 L49 # 88

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Draft 1.0:

Lines 48-50 adress the following case:

For PSE type 2: If the result of the first class attempt is 4, the PSE may ommite the 2nd class attemp only if the PSE use L2.

In this case the PSE is required to assume that it is powering Type 1 PD.

This requirement is an error.

PD with class 4 is always PD class 4 or Type 2 PD.

PSE which detects class 4 in the 1st attempt should classify the PD as class 4.

Only the PD has the responsibility to consume <=12.95W until either 2 fingers or L2 is detected and established.

The PSE has no other responsibilities.

Class 4 is THE unique identification of the PD.

## SuggestedRemedy

Draft 1 0:

Lines 48-50 address the following case:

For PSE type 2: If the result of the first class attempt is 4, the PSE may omit the 2nd class attempt only if the PSE use L2.

In this case the PSE is required to assume that it is powering Type 1 PD.

This requirement is an error.

PD with class 4 is always PD class 4 or Type 2 PD.

PSE which detects class 4 in the 1st attempt should classify the PD as class 4.

Only the PD has the responsibility to consume <=12.95W until either 2 fingers or L2 is detecte and established.

The PSE has no other responsibilities.

Class 4 is THE unique identification of the PD.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Change line 50 "Type 1" to "Type 2" and remove "until..." to end of sentence.

Add sentence: A Type 2 PSE that has failed to complete mutual identification may provide cla 0 power.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Cl 33 SC 2.8.5 P43 L8 # 89

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Deletion of item a) is wrong.

Startup must have 50msec minimum time due to our decision that Type 2 PSE use the same parameters used for legacy PSE.

See my other comment that address this issue as well by replacing the 50msec number with Tinrush. Tinrush will be defined in table 33-5 in separate line.

SuggestedRemedy

Add:

"a) For duration of Tinrush as specified in table 33-5 item 5a."

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

"a) For duration of Tinrush as specified in table 33-5." see 92, 109

Cl 33 SC figure 33-9a P44 L39 # 90

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Vport adhoc

Draft 1.0:

The title of figure 33-9a is "PI operating current template"

It is only defines the maximum current.

In addition it contains error: The current after 75msec is Icable\*0.4/0.35 and not 720mA.

SuggestedRemedv

Option A: (Recomended)

Delete figure 33-9a and use only figures 33-12b and figures 33-12c due to the fact that they contains PSE and PD data and hence figure 33-9a is redundant.

Option B:

Fix error in figure 33-9a and change title to read:

"Figure 33-9a - PSE PI maximum operating current vs. Time"

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

**OBE 57** 

C/ 33 SC 3.1 P49 L42 # 91

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

The standard allow using for each pair up to Icable.

This Note prevents using all 4 pairs in a way that the total current will be Icable.

The end result would be less power on the cables, less power consumption on PSE.

If Icable meet the spec. of 2P then I<Icable certaily meets the same specification so preventin feeding the current all over the 4 pairs doesnt make sense.

This is implementation and we are not authrized to preclude implementations that meet the numbers and state machines of this standard.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete:

"PDs that simultaneously require power from both Mode A and Mode B are specifically not allowed by this standard."

Proposed Response Status O

As stated many times already, standards are exactly about limiting implementations to ensure interoperability. See 151 or 100 or 166 or 156 for my diatribe against this argument.

As for changing the text, I suggest we put up a motion and vote on it then accept the result an move forward.

Cl 33 SC 3.5.3 P61 L9 # 92

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

See previous comments regarding Tinrush.

Change "TLIM" to "Tinrush"

SuggestedRemedy

Change "TLIM" to "Tinrush"

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

see 89, 109

Vport adhoc

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The "peak current" in line 18 is the peak current in Table 33-12 item 4.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the last sentence in line 18 from:

"Peak current shall not exceed IPort max."

to:

"Peak current shall not exceed IPort\_peak max as defined by Table 33-12 item 4."

Note to the group: Iport in this line was Iport at table 33-12 item 4. Iport average is defined by item 5

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 35

C/ 33 SC figure 33-12b P62 L31 # 94

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Baronan, rain willowshin corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

It can be understood from the drawing the PSE may remove power at

I=0.999999999\*(0.4/0.35)\*(Pport/Vport) and t=49.99999999msec which is incorect.

PSE must not remove power at this region due to the fact that PD allowed to take peak currer up to this point.

It is ILIM MIN.

## SuggestedRemedy

- 1. Move the solid hirizontal line from PD Toyld to Tcut min.
- 2. Delete PD Toverload due to the fact that it doesnt add additional information.
- 3. Add "PSE shall not remove power" below the PD max. operating current curve.
- 4. See figure 33-12c and add the "PSE shall not remove power" below the PD max. operating current curve.

The rest is OK.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE by 59 and change Pport to Pport\_max, Vport becomes Vport\_static.

Cl 33 SC Table 33-12 P59 L17 # 95

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Vport adhoc

Draft D1.0:

Table 33-12 items 1:

It is 39.71V and not 40V (50-12.5 OHMS x 0.72A\*0.4A/0.35A=39.71V).

SuggestedRemedy

Table 33-12 item 1 for type 2 PD:

Change PD minimum operating voltage to 39.71V.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

use 39.7V rest is OBE 31

sd

Cl 33 SC 2.3.4 P24 L19 # 96

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Draft 1.0:

We had allowed the PSE to turn power off if Vport is out of operating range per 33.2.8.1.

Therefore the state diagram in figures 33-6 and 33-7a should reflect is as well.

The way to do it is to create new variable which will be optional. When the conditions of this variable are met, the PSE will remove power at any t<TLIM\_MIN.

SuggestedRemedy

Remedy steps:

1) Add new variable option\_vport\_lim to 33.2.3.4. It will be an optional variable:

"option\_vport\_lim

This variable is indicating If PSE port voltage is out of operating range during normal operating mode.

Values:

False: Vport is within the Vport normal operating range as defined by table 33-5.

True: Vport is above or below normal Vport operating range as defined by table 33-5."

2) Change state diagram (figure 33-6 and 33-7a) per the attached drawing by changing the inputs to ERROR\_DELAY\_SHORT state coming from POWER\_ON state, from:

tlim\_timer\_done

to:

Tlim\_timer\_done + !tlim\_timer\_done\*option\_vport\_lim\*power\_applied )

Effect on legacy equipment: None since the variable is optional.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Commentor to address in state diagram adhoc.

CI 33 SC 2.8 P41 L15 # 97

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Draft 1.0:

Table 33-5 item 11.

- 1. 33.2.8.9 was deleted so it should be removed from item 11.
- 2. Figure 33-9a do not contain all necessary data for TLIM. Figures 33-12b and 33-12c are better.
- 3. Figure 33-9a contains error: The horizontal line should cross Icable\*0.4/0.35 and not 0.72A

## SuggestedRemedy

- 1. Delete 33.2.8.9 from item 11 and replace it with 33.2.8.8.
- 2. Add figures 33-12b and figures 33-12c to item 11.

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Cl 33 SC 2.7.1 P36 L29 # 98

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status R

Draft 1.0:

According to the:

- 1. Classification base line concept and
- 2. Associated motions and
- 3. Current text in 802.3 that define that the physical layer classification information is the maximum power that the PD will ever need.

the text should explicitly note that a PD that asks more power than advertised in L1 hardware classification is specifically not compliant.

The rational for this was to prevent interoperability issues when a Type 2 PD is connected to Endspan PSE and get service while if connected to Midspan it will not work due to the fact the Midspan cant support L2.

As a result we mandate PD type 2 to support both L1 and L2 classification and specify that hardware classification results are max. Power values.

## SuggestedRemedy

Add the following text right after line 29 (or other location per editor decision):

"PD that asks more power (by using Data Link Layer classification than) than advertised in he physical layer classification is not compliant to this standard".

Other equivalent wording is welcomed.

Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

redundant comment, see 87

C/ 33 SC Figure 33-9a

P **44** 

L27

# 99

Darshan, Yair

Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR

Comment Status A

We voted on Icable\*0.4/0.35 and not 720mA at the horizontal part of the curve after 75msec.

SuggestedRemedy

Change from 720mA to Icable\*0.4/0.35 from T=75msec to infinity.

Response

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Identical to 103 from same commenter.

OBE See 57

Cl 33 SC 2.2 P8 / 50 # 100 Microsemi Corporation Darshan, Yair

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

Cl 33

The standard should not preclude implementations that are using both alternative A and B du to the following reasons:

- a) It is out of scope of the standard to limit implementations.
- b) There are no interoperability issues if PD gets power from two 2 pairs power source. It is the load responsibility (PD) to meet the 2P specification for each 2P. Implementation methods are out of scope of the standard.
- c) It is economically feasible as shown in numerous presentations
- d) It is technically feasible as shown by the same presentations.
- e) There are products in the market that already is using the 2 x 2P implementation e.g. High power Midspan that is using 2 x 2P and applications that are using 2P power coming from the Switch and additional power delivered from Midspan.
- f) There is huge market for higher power then 30W over 2P.
- g) There is no additional cost issue. The \$/watt cost is even lower then in 2P system as show in previous meeting presentations.
- h) For outdoor applications, temperature rise issues of the cables when using 60degC cabling system grade can be solved if the same power is delivered over 2 x 2P which is an easy solution for outdoor applications.
- i) Users will do it any way to utilize the full capability of the existing infrastructure.
- J) In previous meeting switch and PHY vendors wanted the ability to use the same cable whic consists of 4 pairs to support two PDs that each one of them is connected to a 2P system. Th current text precludes using this feature.

# SuggestedRemedy

Change from:

"A PSE shall implement Alternative A or Alternative B, or both, provided the PSE meets the constraints of 33.2.3. Implementers are free to implement either alternative or both. While a PSE may be capable of both Alternative A and Alternative B. PSEs shall not operate both Alternative A and Alternative B on the same link segment simultaneously."

To:

"A PSE shall implement Alternative A or Alternative B, or both, provided the PSE meets the constraints of 33.2.3. Implementers are free to implement either alternative or both."

In addition in 33.3.1 page 33 line 42 delete "note allowed by" and replace with "out of scope

Proposed Response

Response Status W

assign to 4P adhoc

see 151

Comment Type TR Comment Status A class motion

# 101

Draft 1.0:

Darshan, Yair

1. In the classification base line we agree that "PSE Type 2 detect and classify"

P36

2. In Table 33-2a we have defined only PSEs with 1 event, 2 events vs combinations of L2 an we didn't allow Type 2 PSE with zero L1 events.

Microsemi Corporation

1 24

3. In motion done at the end of the October meeting we didn't allow PSE to skip L1 1st event even if it has L2.

And yet the text in page 36 line 24 says:

" An Endpoint Type 2 PSE shall perform classification using either 2-Event Physical Laver classification or Data Link Laver classification."

Which allow PSE type 2 to do 2 event classification or L2 while the only options we agreed so far are:

L2 + L1 1st class event or

SC 2.7

L2 two class events or

L2 + L1 two class events.

It is not clear from the text that A Type 2 PSE must do at least Type 1 Physical Laver classification in order to read Class 4 PDs that are Type 2 PDs by definition.

Class 4 IS THE UNIQUE IDENTIFICATION MEANS as required by the 5 Criteria.

Therefore:

PSE Type 2 must do at least 1st finger Physical layer classification to read if it is Type 1 or Type 2.

## SuggestedRemedy

Change line 24 from:

"An Endpoint Type 2 PSE shall perform classification using either 2-Event Physical Layer classification or Data Link Layer classification."

to:

"An Endpoint Type 2 PSE shall perform classification using either 2-Event Physical Laver classification or Data Link Layer classification and 1-Event Physical Layer classification or 2-Event Physical Layer classification and data Link Layer classification.

Response

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

see 39

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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Cl 33 SC 2.7.2a P38 L40 # 102

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A L1 adhoc

Draft 1.0:

When PSE classify the PD after Icllas\_LIM event it should get to Vreset for Treset prior to power the port.

In order to achieve this objective PD should consume some minimum current to allow PSE to reduce its port voltage due the capacitors in the channel.

# SuggestedRemedy

The classification ad hoc to adress this issue if it is possible to implement i.e. to have I>>0 at 2.8V to 6.9 Volt range for Treset.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

P58L13 add the sentence: "The PD shall draw 0.25mA minimum until the PD transitions frm the Mark state to the Reset state."

defer to L1

 C/ 33
 SC 2.8.8
 P44
 L27
 # 103

 Darshan, Yair
 Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type E Comment Status A

Draft 1.0:

Figure 33-9a contains error.

The horizontal line starts at 75msec should be aligned to Icable\*0.4/0.35 as defined by the ba line and as defined by figures 33-12b and 33-12c.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the horizontal line that starts at 75msec to Icable\*0.4/0.35

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 57

Cl 33 SC 2.8.5 P43 L16 # 104

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status R annex

Draft 1.0:

In many ocasions the normative text send the reader to see figures 33C.4 and 33C.6 which contains valuble data.

These drawings should be at the normative text as it was in early drafts of 802.3af and were moved to the informative section due to editing considerations.

SuggestedRemedy

Move figures 33C.4 and 33C.6 (after updating them per my previous comment) to the normati section at the location where they are mentioned for the first time.

Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

opposite comment of Fred 138 which asks to delete reference to these figures

C/ 33 SC 3.5.1 P60 L31 # 105

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status A Vport adhoc

Draft D1.0:

Table 33-12 item 1 (Vport) may lead to confusion in the future regarding to how it was derived The facts are:

a) Vport minimum for type 1 was derived at peak input power (0.4A) and not at steady state current (0.35A).

(44v-20 ohms \* 0.4A=36V.)

(44v-20 ohms \* 0.35A=37V.)

The same concept is relevant to Type 2 PSE.

We need to clarify it in the text of 33.3.5.1

SuggestedRemedy

Change line 31 from:

"The specification for VPort in Table 33-12 is for the input voltage range after startup, and it includes loss in the cabling plant."

to:

"The specification for VPort in Table 33-12 is for the input voltage range after startup, and it includes loss in the cabling plant at PD maximum peak load current, as defined by table 33-12 item 4.

PD input voltage at maximum average current is given in Table 33-12 item 5."

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

**OBE 31** 

Cl 33 SC 2.8 P40 L3 # 106

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status A ez

Draft 1.0:

PSE should conform also to figures 33-7a, 33-7b and 33-7c.

SuggestedRemedy

Change from:

"When the PSE provides power to the PI, it shall conform with Table 33–5, Figure 33–6, and Figure 33–7."

to:

When the PSE provides power to the PI, it shall conform with Table 33–5, Figure 33–6, and Figure 33–7, 33-7a, 33-7b and 33-7c."

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 8

Cl 33 SC figure 33C-4 P112 L26 # 107

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Draft 1.0:

We need to update this drawing per changes made by figure 33-9a.

In addition figure 33C-6 should be updated as well to reflect type 1 and type 2 PSE requirements.

The normative text uses these drawings in many locations for additional information.

SuggestedRemedy

After concluding the normative text, we need to update Annex 33C.

I am proposing to form ad hoc for this task.

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Form adhoc at appropriate time. Comment results in no change to current text

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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Comment Type T Comment Status R

Draft 1.0:

The text that was deleted is correct and helpful.

SuggestedRemedy

Restore the deleted text.

Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

If I recall the resolution correctly, this is succinctly stated in the state diagram section in 802.3 Therefore we decided to remove it.

Cl 33 SC 33-7 P29 L20 # 109

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status A

sd

Draft 1:

- 1. Figur 33-7 specifying the behavior of startup mode in addition to overload, short and MPS.
- 2. The behavior of short and startup are different in many aspects while it was similar in terms of ILIM and TLIM for type 1 legacy PSE.

Now we have to separate the behavioral state diagram to reflect current changes in type 1 and type 2 PSE.

We have to specify Tinrush, linrush for startup and ILIM/TLIM for short circuit.

I believe that this differentiation will help to make clearer standards.

## SuggestedRemedy

Steps:

1. Replace figure 33-7 with the attached modification.

Changes are: Startup and short circuit behavior has separate drawing and the same behav of the old drawing.

1.1 Add to 33.2.3.5:

"tinrush timer

A timer used to monitor the duration of the inrush condition, See Tinrush in 33-5."

Update table 33-5 accordingly.

Add item 5a to table 33-5: Tinrush min=50msec, Tinrush\_max=75msec (as was before with TLIM). Add to its "additional information" column "see 33.2.8.5"

3. In 33.2.8.5 add:

"a) for minimum of Tinrush. (The deletion of it was an error, we decided that startup in type 2 is similar to legacy PSE!).

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Commentor to address in SD adhoc. attached figure is "Updated figure 33-7.pdf"

Cl 33 SC 2.8.7 P43 L40 # 110

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Replace "shall" with "may" to match line 20

SuggestedRemedy

Replace "shall" with "may".

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 10

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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C/ 33

Darshan, Yair

C/ 33 SC 3.4.2 P57 / 50 # 111

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

L1 adhoc

# 113

Comment Type Draft 1.0:

PD don't have to present class 4 for infinite classification attempts.

Comment Status A

Id adds thermal burden and costs.

Т

In any case if system has problems it may initiate consecutive startups every Ted which is defined in Table 33-5 item 21.

SuggestedRemedy

To be added after line 50.

"PD may revert to IDLE state if PSE initiate more then 3 consecutive classification attempts within less then Ted as specified in Table 33-5."

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

strike the sentence P57, L50

defer to L1

C/ 33 SC 3.5 P 59 L 27 # 112 Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status A

We used the same symbol for Iport average in item 5 and for Iport peak in item 4.

SuggestedRemedy

Change symbol in item 5 from "lport" to "lport\_peak"

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBF see 35

Comment Type T Comment Status A

SC Table 33-15

L2 adhoc

Enable 1-Event Physical layer classification is missing from control register

P**77** 

Microsemi Corporation

L11

SuggestedRemedy

Option 1: Define "0" as 1-Event classification for Type 2 PSE.

Option 2: Add additional bit for defining 1-Event classification for Type 2 PSE.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 205

Cl 33 SC 2.8.4 P42 L38 # 114

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Vport adhoc

- 1. The editor was not authorized to make the changes in this clause due to the fact that the remedy suggested by the ad-hoc was not concluded and adopted.
- 2. In addition, the new text makes legacy PSE non compliant due to the fact that the peak power for type PSE is not function of (Pport/Vport)\*(0.4/0.35) for class 1 and 2. It is correct on for class 0,3.
- 3. The peak current is already defined in Table 33-12 item 12 (Ed note: Item 4) and we don't need to define it again for the PSE due to the simple physical fact the PSE output current is equal to the PD input current..

# SuggestedRemedy

Option 1: (Not recommended)

Restore the old text.

Option 2: (Recommended)

Replace the text in line 38 from:

"The PSE shall support the following AC current waveform parameters: lpeak = (400 / 350) <sup>a</sup> (PPort / VPort) minimum for 50 ms minimum and 5 % duty cycle minimum."

To:

"The PSE shall support the following the maximum peak current as defined by Table 33-12 ite 4 for 50 ms minimum and 5 % duty cycle minimum."

#### Note to the group:

- 1. The peak current already defined in table 33-12 item 4. No need to repeat it again.
- 2. The peak current numbers should be defined in one place i.e. in the PD side due to the facthat it is defined by the load and the PSE has only to support it.
- 3. The peak current with option b remedy is function of (0.4/0.35)\*Port/Vport only for Type 2 P due to the fact that we don't have to take in account previous legacy definitions.

For type 1 class 1 and 2 PDs, the constant power model contains some margin from reasons that was explained in my presentation (that was not presented yet) which is located at the wel site of the October 2007 meeting).

3. For class 0,3 the peak current is a constant and not a function of Vport. (The average current was described as a function of Pport/Vport.)

Taking all this data in account, leads to the suggested remedy of option b.

## Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

33.3.5.4, page 61 line 16:

1. Change Title to "Peak operating power"

- 2. Line 17: Change Pport\_max/Vport to Pport\_max
- 3. Line 18: Change to: Peak operating power shall not exceed Pport\_peak\_max.

vn Comment ID # 114 Page 27 of 74 1/28/2008 6:39:32 PM

C/ 33 SC 3.1 P49 L41 # 115

Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status D 4P

Draft 1.0:

The note in line 42 precludes the following applications:

- 1. Using two pairs to power a 10/100BT PD and using the other 2P in the same cable to powe a 2nd 10/100BT PD.
- 2. Using two power sources one coming from Midspan and other coming from the switch to a single PD with separate power lines for redundancy and/or power application.

The standard should not preclude implementations that are using standard compliant 2P system.

Theoretically a PD can get N x 2P power sources while each of the 2P system is well defined by the standard and the standard should not preclude it since it is implementation issue and it not a source of interoperability issues.

## SuggestedRemedy

Change from:

"NOTE-PDs that implement only Mode A or Mode B are specifically not allowed by this standard. PDs that simultaneously require power from both Mode A and Mode B are specifica not allowed by this standard."

to:

"NOTE-PDs that implement only Mode A or Mode B are specifically not allowed by this standard. PDs that simultaneously require power from both Mode A and Mode are not precluded by this standard as long as the requirements of this standard are kept for each mode."

Other equivalent wording is possible.

Proposed Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

This comment is word for word identical to 152 - handle it there.

Turning in multiple comments that are TEXTUALLY IDENTICAL accomplishes nothing, in fact it wastes my valuable time. It does not make the issue appear more important nor do I think it fools the TF into thinking that more people want a specific feature.

I volunteer to do this job not because I enjoy it. I want to see this standard finish up in a dece amount of time and a comment editor helps push that recircs out faster. Please respect my time and resist ganging up on comments.

 CI 33
 SC 2.1
 P18
 L 23
 # [116

 Darshan, Yair
 Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Draft 1.0:

The remedy for comment #158 for draft D0.9 which was accepted last meeting creates potent problems while it is possible to solve it with better wording.

Comment #158 issued by David Law shows that there is a problem in Draft 0.9 with the following test case which its summary is presented below:

- 1. The text states that 'Midspan PSEs shall use Alternative B when used in 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX systems'.
- 2. It then states that 'Midspan PSEs may support either Alternative A or B, or both when used 1000BASE-T systems'.
- 3. Assuming that 10/100/1000BT "system" means that the link is operating with that type of PHY at each end.
- 4. A switch port may be 10/100/1000BASE-T capable.
- 5. Based on the above a 10/100/1000BASE-T non-PSE switch port that is connected to a Midspan 1000BT Midspan in order to operate the link at 1000BASE-T may not actually work a 1000BT so this would seem to force the Midspan to be Alternative B to meet the mandatory requirement for 10BASE-T and 100BASE-T operation while we allow 1000BT Midspan to be ALT A as well.

The remedy that was chosen was to allow Midspan to use either ALT A or B regardless if they are 10/100 or 1000BT.

At this point I believe the remedy is not the best one and it may cause problems such:

1. When we approved Midspan to work with ALT B only, we had a reason for it. We have shown that when using in 40 ohms cables (20 ohms total) with 175mA on each wire the Midspan is not affecting the channel specification.

(We don't have problems with cables that has 12.5 ohms loop as per the test results shown in previous meetings)

2. Per Wael's #279 comment, you may affect the impedance when using ALT A Midspan.

I believe that the best remedy would be based on the following principles:

- 1. 10/100BT Midspan shall use ALT B (as Draft D0.9 text).
- If 10/100BT switch is connected ==> OK
- If 1000BT switch is connected ==> Installation error ==> out of scope...
- 2. 1000BT Midspan shall use ALT B or ALT A for any Switch connected to it.
- If a 10/100BT Switch is connected to 1000BT Midspan ==> OK
- If 1000BT switch is connected ==> OK

If you look at Geoff's Comment # 207, He suggested a wording that looks to me as a way to solve David Law comment # 158.

I believe that allowing ALT A and B in 10/100 may cause unnecessary problems and require up to do tests to approve it and it is not worth it while fixing #158 requires just better wording.

## SuggestedRemedy

Change lines 50-53 to:

"Midspan PSEs whose use is limited to 10BASE-T or 100BASE-TX systems shall use Alternative B. Midspan PSEs designed to support 1000BASE-T systems may suppo either Alternative A or B, or both."

Or equivalent wording that allows:

- -10/100BT Midspan to use only ALT B
- -1000BT Midspan to use ALT A or B regardless of the Switch capabilities if it is 10/100 or 10/100/1000BT.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 182

CI 33 SC 33G P140 L # 117
Vetteth, Anoop Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

- 1) There is a calculation error in the slew rate for test case 2. The voltage ramp is 5.6V in 2.4ms which works out to be 2333V/s.
- 2) The first test case refers to the case when voltage steps up due to simultaneous load drop multiple ports. the voltage step can be instantenous in this case.

#### SugaestedRemedy

- 1) Correct the slew rate.
- 2) Change text to greater than 3.5V/us

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Change text to greater than 3.5V/us

leave the test case 2 slew rate unchanged. 2250V/s is slower and provides slight margin...

C/ 33 SC 3.5.2 P60 L41 # 118

Vetteth, Anoop Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Vport adhoc

This section does not reference the power negotiated by the PD over Physical Layer Classification or DLL Classification

## SuggestedRemedy

Start the section with a paragraph that references the classified power Suggestion:

Pport\_max is the maximum permissible power negotiated over physical layer classification (ptable 33-10) or data link layer classification (as defined in section 33.6a.2.2). Data link layer classification takes precedence over physical layer classification

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

33.3.5.2 provides a definition for Pport measurement. A reference to classification section 33. should be made at the end of this section. "The maximum value of Pport is obtained as described in section 33.6 (33.2.7 select the best location)."

C/ 33 SC 6a.2.2 P84 L14 # 119

Vetteth, Anoop Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Section 33.2.8.11a (Continuous output power for PSE) refrences section 33.6a.2.2 for the DLI class power. Neither section accouts for the cable losses.

## SuggestedRemedy

Add text that would require the PD to report the total power it is likely to draw from the PSE which would include the Cable losses.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Need to point out in the text that the power reported by the PD does not include channel loss and that the PSE is responsible to add channel loss to calculate PSE port power.

Cl 33 SC 3.5.3 P61 L9 # 120
Vetteth, Anoop Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

There is no shall statement in this section that mandates that all Type-2 PDs have to satisfy the same inrush criterion as Type-1 PDs.

SuggestedRemedy

Add text:

Type 2 PDs with pse\_power\_type state variable set to type 2 prior to power-ON shall behave like a type 1 PD during the startup period.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Add text:

Type 2 PDs with pse\_power\_type state variable set to type 2 prior to power-ON shall behave like a type 1 PD for at least Tinrush max as defined in Table 33-5.

Add Tinrush to Table 33-5, item 5a, Inrush time|Tinrush|ms|50|75|1,2|see 33.2.8.5

Cl 33 SC 2.3.4 P24 L18 # 121

Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems

Comment Type ER Comment Status R

To aid the development of the specification the IEEE 802.3at task force should agree to focus on text and tables before refining state diagrams.

SuggestedRemedy

Comments to state diagrams should not be preclude but the text should be established first at the state diagrams can be developed.

Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Cl 33 SC 1.1 P15 L51 # 122

Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems

Comment Type ER Comment Status A

"Type 2 operation over cabling systems of Class D or lower is beyond the scope of the clause Is in correct.

SuggestedRemedy

Restate this as:

"Type 2 operation is specified over cabling systems of Class D or higher."

Response Status U

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 230

Cl 33 SC 2 P18 L4 # [123 Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems

Comment Type TR Comment Status R

"...optionally classify the PD, .." is legacy text that permits a Type 1 PSE to power a PD without classifying it when the PSE can provide class-0 power.

This concern also applies to p15, L22, d).

SuggestedRemedy

Restore the stricken text.

Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

the problem is that in the case of Type 2 PSEs classification is not optional. We need to come up with text that will inform the reader when it is optional.

C/ 33 SC 2.5.1 P33 L51 # 124

Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems

Comment Type TR Comment Status R baseline

The existing section on PD detection requires specific design requirements that are not necessary to ensure interoperability. Other detection methods have been disclosed: http://www.ieee802.org/3/poep\_study/public/sep05/naegeli\_1\_0905.pdf

The IEEE specification should ensure requirements for interoperability are in place.

This comment also affects text in section 33.3.3, p54, L18.

## SuggestedRemedy

Reference the PD model shown in figure 33-10, and require that the PSE detect values of Rpd d for all permissible values of Cpd d as specified in table 33-2.

Remove the text requiring two values but continue to provide guidance for designs that use th two probe method.

Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Cl 33 SC 2.7 P36 L16 # 125

Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The text: "...a Type 1 PSE may optionally classify a PD..." is overridden by text in 33.2.7.2: p37, L37, "The Type 1 PSE shall provide to the PI Vclass ..." The intent to make a Type 1 PSE have optional classification has not been achieved.

## SuggestedRemedy

Modify the text at p37, L37: "When classification is implemented, the Type 1 PSE shall ...."

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

**OBE 147** 

Cl 33 SC 2.7 P36 L24 # 126

Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems

Comment Type TR Comment Status A class motion

The text: "An Endpoint Type 2 PSE shall perform classification using either 2-Event Physical Layer classification or Data Link Layer classification." Is incomplete.

## SuggestedRemedy

Amend then end of this sentence: "...Physical Layer classification or Data Link Layer classification, or both."

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

see 39

Cl 33 SC 2.7 P36 L27 # 127

Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The text:

"If a PSE successfully completes detection of a PD, but the PSE fails to complete classificatio of a PD, then a Type 1 PSE shall assign the PD to Class 0 and a Type 2 PSE shall assign the PD to class 4." imposes an unnecessary design requirement. This text also enables dump-Type 2 PDs that do not support DLL classification.

A system that does not provide a proper class is:

- a) Experiencing a temporary fault that will rectify itself.
- OR
- b) Noncompliant.

A compliant Type-2 PD has not achieved mutual identification and will remain in type-1 power mode. Therefore, requiring class-4 power serves no legitimate purpose.

A PSE that classifies a PD and gets an invalid results is not probable because this occurs only when class current exceeds 51 mA.

## SuggestedRemedy

Require PSEs that performs classification, to either repeat the detection and classification steps, or repeat the classification step, until legal responses are achieved.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE

strike the text: "and a Type 2 PSE shall assign the PD to Class 4."

Add "The operation for a Type 2 PSE is undefined" or similar better text.

defer to L1

I 1 adhoc

C/ 33 SC 2.7.1 P37 L25 # 128
Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems

Comment Type E Comment Status A

Use a generic way to capture the PSE power minimums for classes 3 and 4.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace "15.4 W" and "Icable x Vportmin" with "Ptype." Define Ptype = Icable x Vportmin, where Icable is derived from the minimum cable class permitted for the PSE Type, and Vportmin is the minimum static voltage permitted for the PSE Type. The cable parameters ca reference applicable standards and provide:

Type-1 is CAT-3 with Rw = 40 ohms, Icable = 350 mA Type-2 is Class-D with Rw = 25 ohms, Icable = TBD.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

in Table 33-3 replace "15.4 W" and "Icable x Vportmin" with "Ptype as defined in Table 33-5".

In Table 33-5 define Ptype = Icable x Vportmin, where Icable is derived from the PSE Type, a Vportmin is the minimum static voltage permitted for the PSE Type as defined by Table 33-5 item 1.

in section 33.1.4 The cable parameters can reference applicable standards and provide:

Type-1 is CAT-3 lcable = 350 mA

Type-2 is Class-D lcable = 720mA.

in section 33.1.5 The cable parameters can reference applicable standards and provide:

Type-1 is CAT-3 with Rch = 40 ohms Type-2 is Class-D with Rch = 25 ohms

Cl 33 SC 2.7.2a P37 L52 # 129

Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems

Comment Type TR Comment Status A L1 adhoc

The same settling requirements for Type-1 classification should be imposed on Type-2 first class, classification. A Type 1 PD requires 5 ms to provide a valid class current (table 33-12, item 9). This comment also applies to p38 L24.

SuggestedRemedy

Have the L1 ad hoc review and correct this section.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

The editor to apply the same transient settling timing to both 1-event and 2-event classifications. Page 37, line 43.

Cl 33 SC 2.7.2a P38 L35 # 130

Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems

Comment Type ER Comment Status A L1 adhoc

The text:

"... transition to the POWER\_ON state without allowing the voltage at the PI to go below Vmark." Conflicts with text at L40: "... shall ensure the PI enters the Vreset range..." because Vmark > Vreset.

SuggestedRemedy

Have the L1 ad hoc provide text to correct this section.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 149

defer to L1

Cl 33 SC 2.8 P40 L4 # 131

Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Combine the two sentences added so that the required intent is conveyed within one sentence

SuggestedRemedy

Use the sentence: "When a Type 2 PSE powers a Type 1 PD, the PSE shall meet the electric requirements of a Type 1 PSE, and may choose to meet the electrical requirements of a Type PSE for table 33-5 items 4. 8. and 10."

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

This is an editorial comment. Technically, what changes from the edit? Propose to accept...

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

editorial

Cl 33 SC 2.8.2a P42 / 12 # 132 Cl 33 SC 2.8.2a P42 / 17 # 135 Cisco Systems Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems Schindler, Fred Comment Type TR Comment Status A Vport adhoc Comment Type TR Comment Status A editorial The PD is restricted to a current slew rate of 15 mA/us maximum. A single PSE port can The sentence structure does not convey the intent for PSE transient behavior and what action to take when a short circuit condition exists. provide a 35 mA/us demand rate but multiple ports transitioning at this rate may be unrealistic SugaestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change PSE requirements in this section of "35 mA/us max." to "at least 15 mA/us." Modify the existing sentence to: "A Type 2 PSE shall maintain an output voltage of no less that VTran lo below Vport min for transient conditions lasting more than 30 uS and less than 250 Response Response Status C us, and meet the requirements of section 33.2.8.8. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Response Response Status C ACCEPT. Change PSE requirements in this section of "35 mA/us max." to "at least 15 mA/us." comment recommends adding this: add "of up to 35 mA/us" after 'a result of the load changes' C/ 33 "and meet the requirements of section 33.2.8.8" SC 2.8 L17 # 133 P40 Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems to the end of the existing sentence. Comment Type TR Comment Status R See 247 Provide a definition for Vport that can be used throughout the document. This will avoid confusion. CI 33 SC 2.8.5 P43 L23 # 136 SuggestedRemedy Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems Define Vport as the voltage present at the MDI. Comment Status A Comment Type TR editorial Response Response Status Z The text: "In a PSE that supports a classification function ... may optionally be" provides a REJECT. formula for ICUT. This ICUT formula is valid whether classification is performed or not. SuggestedRemedy This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter. Replace this text with: "In a PSE, the minimum value of ICUT may optionally be" Response Response Status C ACCEPT. 33.2.8.1 has this sentence: "The voltage potential shall be measured between any conductor one power pair and any conductor of the other power pair." Is this not sufficient?

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

# 134

editorial

L 23

Cl 33

Schindler, Fred

Comment Type

SuggestedRemedy

ACCEPT.

Response

SC 2.8

Suggest using "KTran\_lo."

Ε

P40

Consider using "k" or something other than "V" to convey that a constant is being used.

Comment Status A

Response Status C

Cisco Systems

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Cl 33 SC 2.8.4 P42 / 35 # 137 Cl 33 SC 2.9 P45 / 51 # 140 Cisco Systems Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems Schindler, Fred Comment Type TR Comment Status A Vport adhoc Comment Type TR Comment Status A editorial The value for Ipeak is incorrect. The text, "The PSE may manage .... the attached PD.", removed from the legacy standard is still valid. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy The correct value for Ipeak = ( Vpse - SQRT( Vpse^2 - 4RchPpd port peak ) )/(2Rch). More Restore the text. details can be found in a presentation that will be provided during the Atlanta Plenary meeting Response Response Status C Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. ACCEPT. see slide 45 of schindler\_2\_0108.pdf motion to restore the text as in D0.9: C/ 33 SC 2.8.8 P44 **L**5 # 138 For: 24 Against: 0 Abstain: 1 Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems The PSE may manage the allocation of power based on additional information beyond the Comment Type Comment Status R annex classification of the attached PD. Allocating power based on additional information about the attached PD, and the mechanism for obtaining that additional information, is beyond the scop The reference to "Figure 33C.4 and Figure 33C.6" are no longer correct. The information of this standard with the exception that the allocation of power shall not be based solely on the provided in Figure 33-9a supersedes them. historical data of the power consumption of the attached PD. SugaestedRemedy Remove reference to "Figure 33C.4 and Figure 33C.6." Cl 33 SC 3.4.1 P56 L34 # 141 Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems Response Response Status Z REJECT. Comment Type Comment Status A baseline Table 33-10 is not clear. Why is a range of maximum stated? Maximum is a single value per This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter. class. Some people assume the lower bound is a minimum power requirement and this is incorrect. The minimum power required to maintain PSE powering is covered in 33.3.6. SuggestedRemedy opposite comment of Yair 104 which asks to pull these into the normative text. Only state the maximum class power allowed. Replace the third column with: Maximum power used by the PD (W) Cl 33 SC 2.8.8 P44 L27 # 139 12.95 3.84 Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems 6.49 Comment Type Comment Status A TR 12.95 Replace 720 mA on Figure 33-9a with 400/350xlcable. **TBD** Response Response Status C SuggestedRemedy ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE Replace 720 mA on Figure 33-9a with 400/350xlcable. Response Response Status C See resolution in ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Landry1-0801, slide 5 OBE 57 see 12. wants to remove usage column

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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C/ 33 SC 3.5.2 P60 L44 # 142
Schindler. Fred Cisco Systems

Comment Type E Comment Status A

Use a generic variable to convey 12.5 ohms and 20 ohms used in the text.

Response Status C

SuggestedRemedy

Replace the resistance with Rch and provide a table that list channel characteristics for the cable classes supported.

Ex/

CLASS-D Icable = 720 mA, Rch = 12.5 ohms

Response ACCEPT.

OBE - find other comment

Cl 33 SC 3.5.4 P61 L17 # 143
Schindler, Fred Cisco Systems

Comment Type TR Comment Status R

Vport adhoc

The value of Iport\_max created by the formula-using PD Pport\_max-does not match the value provided in table 33-12. For example, class 0 PD power is 12.95 W maximum and 12.95W/36V = 360 mA, not the 400 mA shown in table 33-12, item 4.

SuggestedRemedy

The PD formula provides the correct answers when the PSE Pport\_max values are scaled by 400/350 for the system classified power. A presentation will be provided at the Atlanta Plenar to cover the details.

Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Cl 33 SC 2.7.2a P37 L48 # 144

Beia, Christian STMicroelectronics

Comment Type E Comment Status A

The title of the paragraph 33.2.7.2a refers to 2-event PL classification, but the body is about Type2 PSE classification.

In fact this paragraph deals with 1-event PL classification too (see lines 48-54, pg 38)

SuggestedRemedy

Change the title of paragraph 33.2.7.2a with the following: 33.2.7.2a Type2 PSE Phisical Layer classification

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

change page 37, line 50

When 2-Event classification is implemented, the Type 2 PSE shall...

see 147

Cl 33 SC 3.4.1 P56 L18 # 145

Beia, Christian STMicroelectronics

Comment Type E Comment Status R

pd type

The title of the paragraph 33.3.4.1 refers to 1-event PL classification, but the body is about classification performed only by Type1 PDs.

I suggest modify the title, referring to Type1 PDs

SuggestedRemedy

Modify the title as follows:

33.3.4.1 Type1 PD Phisical Layer Classification

Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

similar to 147

see comment 201 which asserts that Type 2 PDs must now perform 1-Event along with 2-Eve and DLL.

Therefore, PD 1-Event... is the correct title.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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Cl 33 SC 3.4.2 P57 L17 # 146

Beia. Christian STMicroelectronics

Comment Type E Comment Status A

The title of the paragraph 33.3.4.2 refers to 2-event PL classification, but the body covers the behavior of a Type2 PD irrespective of the number of classification voltag probes performed (line 48).

SuggestedRemedy

Modify the title as follows:

33.3.4.2 Type2 PD Phisical Layer Classification

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

remove "Type 2" from pg 57 line 19 editor to finesse sentence. Look at state diagreams and make recommendations on needed changes.

Cl 33 SC 2.7.2 P37 L35 # 147

Beia, Christian STMicroelectronics

Comment Type E Comment Status A

The title of the paragraph 33.2.7.2 refers to 1-event PL classification, but the body is about Type1 PSE classification.

The easiest way to fix this issue is to restore to the reference to Type1 PSEs, since the 1-ever PL classification option for Type2 PSEs is discussed in paragraph 33.2.7.2a.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the title of paragraph 33.2.7.2 with the following: 33.2.7.2 Type1 PSE Phisical Layer classification

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

change page 37, line 37

When 1-Event classification is implemented, the PSE shall...

Change Page 37, line 42 The PSE shall... Cl 33 SC 2.7 P36 L24 # [148

Beia, Christian STMicroelectronics

Comment Type ER Comment Status A class motion

An Endpoint Type 2 PSE can also perform 1-event Phisical Layer Classification, and then DLI It's better to refer to fig Table 33-2a (permutation) in this section.

SuggestedRemedy

Modify the sentence:

"An Endpoint Type 2 PSE shall perform classification using either 2-Event Physical Layer classification or Data Link Layer classification."

With

"An Endpoint Type 2 PSE shall perform classification using one of the permutations allowed in Table 33-2a"

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

see 39

C/ 33 SC 33.2.7.2a P38 L41 # 149

Beia, Christian STMicroelectronics

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

If the measured Iclass is greater than Iclass\_lim, the assigned class is Class4. There is no reason to reset the voltage at the PI in this case. Whithout this sentence, if the 2-event classification succeeded, the PD will work correctly as class 4.

With a reset instead, the PD will work as a Type1 PD, wasting a lot of the allocated by the PS

SuggestedRemedy

Remove the sentence:

Subsequent to such classification, the PSE shall ensure that

the voltage at the PI enters the VReset range for at least TReset min as definied in Table 33–prior to powering the port.

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

C/ 33 SC 3.4.1 P56 L18 # 150

Beia. Christian STMicroelectronics

Comment Type TR Comment Status A pd type

The Permutation table voted in Richfield covers also Type1 PD 2-event classification. I suggest to add a sentence explaing that the behavior of a type1 PD performing a 2-event classification is undefined (or out of the scope of this standard).

SuggestedRemedy

Add a sentence as follows:

The behavior of Type 1 PD during classification events after the first one is undefined.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Not referring to it in the spec means it is undefined. Results in no change to the text.

But this change was found: page 56 line 51

A PD shall present one, and only one, classification signature during any class event.

Cl 33 SC 2.2 P22 L50 # 151
Pincu, David Microsemi Inc.

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

4P

The standard should not preclude implementations that are using both alternative A and B due to the following reasons:

- a) It is out of scope of the standard to limit implementations.
- b) There are products in the market that are already utilizing the 2 x 2P topology.
- c) There is a considerably large market for higher power then 25-30W at the PD.

d) we need to support installations where a 4 pair cable supports two PDs where each one of them is connected to a 2P system. This arrangement is allowed by the cabling standards and exists in many locations .The 4 pair cable is connected to two outlets each outlet connected to two pairs and supporting a different PD.The current text precludes using this arrangement .

# SuggestedRemedy

Change from:

"A PSE shall implement Alternative A or Alternative B, or both, provided the PSE meets the constraints of 33.2.3. Implementers are free to implement either alternative or both. While a PSE may be capable of both Alternative A and Alternative B, PSEs shall not operate both Alternative A and Alternative B on the same link segment simultaneously."

To:

"A PSE shall implement Alternative A or Alternative B, or both, provided the PSE meets the constraints of 33.2.3. Implementers are free to implement either alternative or both."

In addition in 33.3.1 page 33 line 42 delete "note allowed by" and replace with "out of scope of"

Proposed Response

Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

- a) It is out of scope of the standard to limit implementations. The job of a standard is to limit implementations to ensure interoperability so limiting implementations is not out of scope for t standard it IS the only job of the standard.
- b) There are products in the market that are already utilizing the 2 x 2P topology. That is not justification for a standard.
- c) There is a considerably large market for higher power then 25-30W at the PD. Show the market research and report the market size. Let the TF decide what defines a large market.
- d) we need to support installations where a 4 pair cable supports two PDs where each one of them is connected to a 2P system. This arrangement is allowed by the cabling standards and exists in many locations .The 4 pair cable is connected to two outlets each outlet connected to two pairs and supporting a different PD.The current text precludes using this arrangement . I is disallowed by the power section of 802.3 (Clause 33), need to check the validity under the rest of 802.3. I'm pretty sure Geoff always points out that while people do it, it is expressly no allowed under 802.3. Need to verify with Geoff.

Cl 33 SC 3.1 P49 L41 # 152
Pincu, David Microsemi Inc.

icu, Daviu Microsemi me

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

a 2nd 10/100BT PD.

The note in line 42 precludes the following applications:

- 1. Using two pairs to power a 10/100BT PD and using the other 2P in the same cable to power
- 2. Using two power sources one coming from Midspan and other coming from the switch to a single PD with separate power lines for redundancy and/or higher power application.

The standard should not preclude implementations that are using standard compliant cabling systems.

Theoretically a PD can get N  $\times$  2P power sources while each of the 2P system is well defined by the standard and the standard should not preclude it since it is implementation issue and it not a source of interoperability issues.

SuggestedRemedy

Change from:

"NOTE-PDs that implement only Mode A or Mode B are specifically not allowed by this standard. PDs that simultaneously require power from both Mode A and Mode B are specifica not allowed by this standard."

to:

"NOTE-PDs that implement only Mode A or Mode B are specifically not allowed by this standard. PDs that simultaneously require power from both Mode A and Mode are not precluded by this standard as long as the requirements of this standard are kept for each mode."

Other equivalent wording is possible.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

"1. Using two pairs to power a 10/100BT PD and using the other 2P in the same cable to pow a 2nd 10/100BT PD."

This is a job for Geoff.

"2. Using two power sources one coming from Midspan and other coming from the switch to a single PD with separate power lines for redundancy and/or higher power application. The standard should not preclude implementations that are using standard compliant cabling systems. "

The job of a standard is to preclude implementations to ensure interoperability. In this case. there is a huge interoperability issue (not to mention a stringent design requirement) on the PI to accept power at disparate voltages from the two different 2P systems. As a PD designer, I want no part of the added cost and complexity from enabling this. I also don't believe that interoerability has been proven.

This issue has been popping up repeatedly in each draft. I suggest we make a motion and vo so we can resolve this and move on toward TF draft.

C/ 33 SC<sub>1</sub> P15

L52

# 153

Sanita'. Gianluca

Nokia Siemens Network

Comment Type Ε Comment Status A

The following statements are in contrast:

33.1.1 Page 15 Line 52

"Type 2 operation over cabling systems of Class D or lower is beyond the scope of the clause

33.1.5 Page 17 Line 44

"Type 2 operations requires Class D cabling as specified in ISO/IEC 11801:1995"

SuggestedRemedy

Change 33.1.1 Page 15 Line 52 to:

"Type 2 operation over cabling systems of Classe lower than D is beyond the scope of the clause"

Response

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 230

Cl 33 SC 2.7 P36 1 24

Nokia Siemens Network Sanita'. Gianluca

Comment Type Comment Status A class motion

# 154

During Richfield meeting we vote against the possibility to skip Physical Laver 1-Event at the PSE side but the text says:

"An Endpoint Type 2 PSE shall perform classification using either 2-Event Physical layer classification or Data Link layer classification".

Moreover this statement is in contrast with table 33-2a where no Type 2 0-Event PSE is defined.

SuggestedRemedy

Change text to:

"An Endpoint Type 2 PSE shall perform classification using one of the following methods:

P19

1) 2-Event Physical Layer classification

2) 2-Event Physical Laver classification and Data Link Laver classification

3) 1-Event Physical Layer classification and Data Link Layer classification Response Status C

Response

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

see 39

Cl 33 SC Figure 33-4 1 54

# 155

midspan

Sanita', Gianluca Nokia Siemens Network

Comment Type Comment Status A Ε

Missing Midspam PSE, Altenative A. It seems that this is not allowed from the standard.

SuggestedRemedy

Insert Midspam PSE, Alternative A figure

Response

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

presently 10/100Mb alt A midspans are disallowed. With the allowance of 1000Mb alt A midspans that could conceivably be used in a 10 or 100Mb link, this needs reviewed. CE feel it needs allowed and vet another informative drawing added.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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Cl 33 SC 33.2.2 P 22 / 49 # 156 Dupuis, Joe Hubbell

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

a) It is out of scope of the standard to limit implementations. Byte 1 is wrong, it shows a value of 127 for the entire byte. b) There are products in the market that already use the 2 x 2P implementation.

SC 6a.1.3

SugaestedRemedy

Cl 33

Change Byte 1 to

TLV Type (bits 7 - 1) = 127 - organizationally specific type

TLV length (bit 0) = MSB of length of information string

Change Byte 2 to

McCormack, Michael

TLV length (bit 7 to 0) = bits 7 to 0 of length of information string

Repeat changes for other TLVs

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Change/combine first 2 rows from 1.2 to 1 - 2 and repeat throughout per comment remedy

P83

**Texas Instruments** 

15

# 158

L2 adhoc

Cl 33 SC 2.7 P35 L32 # 159

Jones, Chad Cisco

Comment Type E Comment Status A

Table 33-2a should follow the PSE/PD classification text, not preceed it.

SuggestedRemedv

Move it below the text or to the appropriate place within the 33.2.7 text.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

add this sentence in front of Table 33-2a:

"A PSE shall meet one of the allowable classification permutations listed in Table 33-2a"

replace Table 33-2a with table in Clav's "Permutations table.doc" as emailed 11/14/07 from Chad.

Move the sentence and table to the end of section 33.2.7 (after all the text).

Change title to "PSE and PD Classification Permutations"

see 190

SuggestedRemedy

Delete "While a PSE may be capable of both

Alternative A and Alternative B, PSEs shall not operate both Alternative A and Alternative B o the same

link segment simultaneously."

Proposed Response Response Status W

c) There is a market need for >30W.

see 151, 100, 166 identical "out of scope of the standard to limit implementations." argument. The job of a standard is to limit implementations to ensure interoperability. Everything is a compromise.

Products in the market don't define market need nor do they ensure the need to enable in a standard.

Cl 33 SC 6a P**82** L16 # 157

McCormack, Michael **Texas Instruments** 

Comment Status A Comment Type TR

802.1AB provide a time to live TLV, which is supposed to determine how long other TLVs persist. Loss of cummincations as the time limit for persistance seems a violation of 802.1AB

SuggestedRemedv

Change "upon loss of management frame communications" to "upon expiration of the Time to Live TLV"

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE by L2 adhoc

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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C/ 33 SC 2.7 P36 L2 # 160

Jones, Chad Cisco

Comment Type E Comment Status A

This is the only appearance of Mutual Identification in the document. We need to inform the reader that mutual ID is the mechanism that allows a PD to differentiate Type 1 PSEs from Type 2 PSEs.

SuggestedRemedy

Add the sentence "Mutual Identification is the mechanism that allows a PD to differentiate Typ. 1 PSEs from Type 2 PSEs." as the third sentence in the first paragraph of 33.2.7

Response Response Status C ACCEPT.

Cl 33 SC 1.4 P17 L40 # 161

Jones, Chad Cisco

Comment Type ER Comment Status A

"The value of Icable is 0.72A"

Is this the only location of Icable? Keep with the theme that numbers should be in tables this needs moved to a table.

SuggestedRemedy

Pick the correct table and place it there.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Editor to place table in 33.1.4 with this and other appropriate constants.

Cl 33 SC 3.5.2 P61 L3 # 162

Jones. Chad Cisco

Comment Type T Comment Status A

editorial

"NOTE—Duty cycle shall be calculated using any sliding window with a 1 s width."

This note contains a shall and the note is in the wrong place.

There is no mention of duty cycle in 33.3.5.2 where it is located.

Lastly can we spell out second?

SuggestedRemedy

change it to "Duty cycle is calculated using any sliding window with a 1 second width." move it to section 33.3.5.4 just after the first paragraph.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Amend the NOTE to read:

NOTE—Average power is calculated using any sliding window with a width of 1 second.

Still need to provide the clarification of what a duty cycle is per D0.9/#192.

Add another NOTE in 33.3.5.4:

NOTE—The duty cycle of the peak current is calculated using any sliding window with a width of 1 second.

Cl 33 SC 1 P15 L22 # 163

Jones, Chad Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

"Methods to classify devices based on their power needs prior to power up." DLL is one of the classification methods covered by this sentence and it cannot occur prior to power up.

SuggestedRemedy

remove the words "prior to power up"

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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C/ 33 SC 2.7.2 P37 L43 # 164

Jones, Chad Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status R

"Measurement of IClass shall be taken after 1 ms to ignore initial transients." This statement will break AF compliant PDs. Referring to 802.3-2003, PDs aren't required to present a valid class signature for 5ms (section 33.3.5.8) and PSEs can't complete classification before 10ms (table 33-5, item 20). 1-Event classification has to be equivalent to 802.3af.

I don't recall when this was added or the problem it attempted to fix. This restriction can be made on Type 2 PDs but not on Type 1 PDs.

SuggestedRemedy

Strike the sentence.

Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

see 243

C/ 33 SC 3.5.4a P62 L48 # 165

Jones, Chad Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Vport adhoc

"During transient conditions in which the voltage at the PI is undergoing dynamic change, the PSE is responsible for limiting the transient current drawn by the PD for up to 10 ms." This is a PSE design requirement (though it does not carry a shall, it is information that a PSE designer should know) and it is located in the PD section. I can't find the corresponding information in 33.2.

SuggestedRemedy

Find an appropriate place in 33.2 to add this information, perhaps 33.2.8.2b.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

**OBE 59** 

Cl 33 SC 2.2 P22 L50 # [166

Feldman, Daniel Microsemi

The text precludes powering a port using alternatives A and B at the same time. This has

Comment Status X

- several problems.
  a) Limits implementations that both make sense, create no harm and are already found in the market for both IEEE802.11n and IEEE802.16 applications
- b) As seen by products in the market, as long as the power sharing is performed at the load, there is no need to specify anything on the standard, and even IEEE802.3af endspans and midspans can power 4-pairs PD's that require up to 26W today.
- c) It is an economically feasible solution to reach power levels of 30W to 60W, as shownb in several presentations.
- d) It is technically feasible as shown by the same presentations and by the PD's in the field..
- e) There is a huge market for higher power then 30W over 2P, including IEEE802.16 Base Stations, Thin Clients, FTTx ONT's and Notebooks.
- f) The cost of a 4-pairs solution is so reasonable that there are even IEEE802.11n Access Points in the market today (e.g. Trapeze Networks) that preferred to use 4-pairs for 20W applications, instead of using 2-pairs high current, since the customers infrastructure is preserved and these access points can be powered by existing Midsspans and switches.
- g) Using 4-pairs can be a way to reduce heat dissipation on the cable for outdoors application 4-pairs in general is greener than 2-pairs, as the power wasted at the cable is much smaller.
- h) 4-pairs fully utilizaes the cabling infrastructure, diminishing the chances we will have to create a new task force in another 2-3 years to support more power.

# SuggestedRemedy

Change from:

Comment Type TR

"A PSE shall implement Alternative A or Alternative B, or both, provided the PSE meets the constraints of 33.2.3. Implementers are free to implement either alternative or both. While a PSE may be capable of both Alternative A and Alternative B, PSEs shall not operate both Alternative A and Alternative B on the same link segment simultaneously."

To:

"A PSE shall implement Alternative A or Alternative B, or both, provided the PSE meets the constraints of 33.2.3. Implementers are free to implement either alternative or both."

In addition in 33.3.1 page 33 line 42 delete "note allowed by" and replace with "out of scope of"

Proposed Response Status W

Cl 33 SC 1.4 P17 / 41 # 167 Darshan, Yair Microsemi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Due to the fact that Icable that defined in this clause is actually a variable that may be subject changes, and other parameters such lcut max was defined based on this parameter as lcut\_max=lcable\*0.4/.35 or with equivalent terminologi in figures 33-9a,b,c, we need to define PD maximum average power as a function of Icable.

## SuggestedRemedy

1. Scan the draft and replace "29.5W"

with:

"Ppd max".

2. Add after line 40 in 33.1.4 the following text:

Ppd max=Vport min\*Icable-Rc\*Icable^2

Ppd max is the maximum average power that a PD may consume at the Pl.

Rc for Type 2 system is defined in 33.3.5.2.

Vport min for Type 2 PSE as defined by Table 33-5 item 1.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE

C/ 33 SC 3.4 P56 L2 # 168 Diab. Wael Broadcom

Comment Type T Comment Status A

editoria

Please insert a copy of the Table and associated text from diab\_2\_1007.pdf in this section wit introductory text, prior to the text present as the table covers both PSE and PD implementatio

#### SuggestedRemedy

Please insert a copy of the Table and associated text from diab\_2\_1007.pdf at the begining of this section with the following introductory text:

"An 802.3at PD implementing classification shall meet one of the permutaiuons Isted in Table 33-2a"

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

add this sentence in front of Table 33-2a:

"A PD shall meet one of the allowable classification permutations listed in Table 33-2a"

Cl 33 SC 2.7.2a P37 / 50 # 169

Diab. Wael Broadcom

Comment Type Ε Comment Status A

To be consistant with the style mentioned in my previous comment, please delete the word Ty 2 here. This will not affect the content as the table rules out a type 1 PSE with 2 event but it does make the physical layer classification independent of type.

SuggestedRemedy

Please delete the word Type 2 throughout this section

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

also see 144

Cl 33 SC 2 P18 L3 # 170

Diab. Wael Broadcom

Comment Type Comment Status A ER

Delete the phrase "as the name implies,". It adds no value

SuggestedRemedy

Delete the phrase "as the name implies,"

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

"as the acronym implies,"

C/ **00** SC **0** P L # 171

Diab, Wael Broadcom

Comment Type ER Comment Status A

Regarding the figures and for the purpose of this review it may be easier to include the figures being replaced with the original figure with a strike through it (or through the title) so its easy to see the changes.

SuggestedRemedy

Pls. see comment

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

We are doing a wholesale replace of clause 33. the replace and change commands are only TF benefit to show modified text. Change commands will be removed before submitted.

Acceptance of comment makes no change to text.

TF to decide if they want editor to pull figures from AF and place back in draft with a strike through.

Alternatively, you can get copies of AF for free and just refer to that. See the comment editor you need help getting the PDF.

C/ 33 SC 2.3.7 P28 L1 # 172
Diab, Wael Broadcom

Comment Type ER Comment Status R

The editorial instructions need to be clearer. I believe the intent is to say please replace Fig 3: with the following figure. It could be misunderstood that the figure below needs to be replaced

SuggestedRemedy

Please append the following to the instruction: "with the following figure"

Response Status **U** 

REJECT.

These are editorial directives and are not subject to commenting.

Cl 33 SC 2.7.2a P38 L48 # [173

Diab, Wael Broadcom

Comment Type ER Comment Status A

editorial

As per comments 225 and 161, this text needs to be restructured so that we can write PICs around it. The way it stands, it says you shall implement this and you may then omit. This is hard to write text around. I believe that the editor is trying to describe a state machine.

SuggestedRemedy

Please replace this paragraph with a state machine

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

TF directs editor to remove redundant 'shalls' covered by the state diagram.

also see 196, 272

Cl 01 SC 1.5 P13 L16 # 174

Diab, Wael Broadcom

Comment Type ER Comment Status R

Please insert the new abbreviation of the SOA curve.

SuggestedRemedy

Area of Specified Operation - ASO

Response Status C

REJECT.

Actually the last recommendation came from the editor: "but do we even need another acronym? Why don't we just refer to the figure as required and see how that goes?" to which replied: "We can continue to call it SOA in the meetings but it will be figure 33-X in the text." and the discussion ended. This is what is in D1.0.

Cl 33 SC 2.10 P46 L21 # 175
Diab. Wael Broadcom

Comment Type ER Comment Status A

In comment 268 of the D0.9 database we agreed to remove power if certain timeout condition were met when DLL (L2) is running. I believe a simple mention that power may be removed under certain conditions when L2 is running and a pointer to 33.6 is needed here.

SuggestedRemedy

Please add the sentence

"Power may also be removed under certain timout scenarios as described in 33.6 when DLL classification is running".

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

sentence should be inserted after sentence on line 13.

Cl 33 SC 6 P76 L10 # 176

Diab, Wael Broadcom

I believe that the text as it stands now was reviewed by the adhoc and was accepted by comments on D0.9 so the editor's note can be removed.

Comment Status A

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

Please remove the editor's note

ER

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Cl 33 SC 6a.1.1 P82 L41 # 177

Diab. Wael Broadcom

Comment Type ER Comment Status A

In light of our decision to own our own TLVs then we no longer need the reference to ANSI.

SuggestedRemedy

Please turn the first sentence into an editor's note that is to be removed prior to publication:

Editor's note: The minimum status TLV definition follows the format defined in ANSI/TIA-1057 for Media Endpoint Discovery.

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Cl 33 SC 6a.4.1 P87 L12 # 178

Diab, Wael Broadcom

Comment Type ER Comment Status A

The collision mechanism is a work item of the L2 adhoc per comment 267 of the D0.9 database. As such the text has not been accepted and is being worked on.

SuggestedRemedy

Please mark this paragrtaph on the collision with an editor's item that it is a place holder until complete work on it.

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

C/ 00 SC 0 P L # [179

Comment Status A

Diab, Wael Broadcom

ER

Per comment 233 of D0.9 we need to look at the changes to Clause 30 (30.9 and 30.10) once the state machines are done.

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

Placeholder comment to update the attributes in management once the state machines are stable.

Suggest circulating the relevant C30 text (30.9 and 30.10) with the next draft, adding an editor not upfront that these attributes need to be updated when the underlying statemachines are stable.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Acceptance results in no change to text.

Not ready to add Clause 30 yet.

Cl 33 SC 1.1 P15 L53 # [180

Diab, Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The new text is innacurate. It should be lower than Class D and not including Class D.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "of Class D or lower" to "lower than Class D"

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 230

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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Comment ID # 180

1/28/2008 6:39:32 PM

Cl 33 SC 1.5 P17 L43 # 181
Diab. Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The requirement as written suggests that Type requires only Class D. I believe the intent was clarify that for Class D we want <= 25 ohms and not to limit to class D.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "Type 2 operation requires Class D cabling"

to

"Type 2 operation requires Class D or better cabling. When Class D cabling is used, "

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Change "Type 2 operation requires Class D cabling as specified in ISO/IEC 11801:1995. The cabling..."

to "Type 2 operation requires Class D or better cabling as specified in ISO/IEC 11801:1995. When Class D cabling is used, the cabling.."

Cl 33 SC 2.1 P18 L32 # [182 Diab, Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

100BASE-TX is specified to have a 350uH output impedence per TPPMD. This is not a channel requirement but a interoperability requirement for 100BASE-TX. Operation of a midspan on Alternative A can disrupt the output impedence if not constrained appropriately. V have text from 802.3-2005 as well as backwards compatibility critters to make sure that 100BASE-TX is never disturbed.

Further, it is impossible to limit a gigabit midspan from having a legacy 100BASE-TX sit on the Alternative A pairs on the non-powered side.

SuggestedRemedy

Either

- Prohibit the operation of midspans on Alternative A as we had in 802.3-2005

OR

- Change the Note on line 32 to a Shall statement

OR

- Specifically reference the inductance requirement

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Change the Note on line 32 to a Shall statement

and:

a work item to show feasability and define transfer function of such a midspan needs to be completed as part of a product.

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

As defined, the same PSE cannot perform all the state machines listed in the figures simultaneously.

# SuggestedRemedy

#### Either:

- Retain the original motivation for the state diagrams, which was to describe the high level behaviour as seen externally, by leaving the classification state as do\_classification with the details defined in subsequent sections

OR

- Change the text to reflect the different combinations. Specifically, isert a copy of the table frc diab\_2\_1007.pdf to precede this section and go through the various combinations and state diagrams that have to be implemented

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

The TF has already incorporated the table and is working on the state diagrams to harmonize them with the text.

Comment Type TR Comment Status A sd

Please remove the dll\_comm\_established from this state machine. This should be taken care by the classification sections. The physical layer classification simply have to initiate the ednvironment for the DLL to start. Behaviour once the DLL starts can then be defined in the DLL machine.

# SuggestedRemedy

Please remove the dll\_comm\_established from this state machine. The functionality associate with this can be addressed by the classification sections as we did in 802.3-2005.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

DLL\_COMM\_EST branch will be removed. Remaining entry into DLL will be moved into Figu 33-7a (or possibly 33-6). Figure 33-7b to be deleted.

Cl 33 SC Figure 33-6 P28 L54 # 185

Diab, Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The name of the figure is inconsistant with the convention we voted on at the last meeting (diab\_2\_1007.pdf). Specifically, this diagram shows a PSE that has one event classification. I has nothing to do with the Type.

SuggestedRemedy

Please remame the figure to PSE Implementing One Event Classification State Diagram

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Cl 33 SC Figure 33-7a P30 L54 # 186

Diab, Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

sd

Figure 33-7a is really not necessary. I think that Figure 33-6 is a behavioral machine. Meaning that the details of classification can be described in the relevant physical classification section (one event or two event) followed by DLL if appropriate.

SuggestedRemedy

Please delete Figure 33-7a and retain do classification.

Response Status W

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

To be addressed by SD adhoc.

Cl 33 SC Figure 33-7b P31 L26 # 187

Diab, Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The name of the figure is inconsistant with the convention we voted on at the last meeting (diab\_2\_1007.pdf). Specifically, this diagram shows a DLL which can be used in a Type 1 as well. It has nothing to do with the Type.

SuggestedRemedy

Please remame the figure to PSE Implementing DLL Classification State Diagram

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The name of the figure is inconsistant with the convention we voted on at the last meeting (diab\_2\_1007.pdf). Specifically, this diagram shows a PSE that is doing two event classification. It has nothing to do with the Type.

SuggestedRemedy

Please remame the figure to PSE Implementing Two Event Classification State Diagram

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

C/ 33 SC Figures 33-7b and 7c P31 L # 189

Diab, Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status R

Please move diagrams 33-7b and 33-7c to the appropriate classification sections. The state machine can remain a high level behavioural diagram

SuggestedRemedy

Please move diagrams 33-7b and 33-7c to the appropriate classification sections.

Response Status C

REJECT.

but 33-7b and 33-7c are state diagrams and this is the state diagram section of 33.2. If we move them are you suggesting we no longer call them state diagrams? see 186 which requests to delete 33-7a.

Cl 33 SC 2.7 P35 L32 # [190

Diab, Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Table 33-2a does not have any introductory text associated with it.

SuggestedRemedy

Please add the following sentence prior to the Table:

"An 802.3at PSE or a PD implementing classification shall meet one of the permutaiuons lster in Table 33-2a"

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 159

Cl 33 SC 2.7 P35 L32 # 191

Comment Status A

Comment Status A

Diab, Wael Broadcom

Table 33-2a does not accurately reflect the motion and text we adopted in October. The motic asked for incorporating all the text in diab 2 1007.pdf. This includes the footnotes.

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type TR

Please include the footnotes to the table

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE 245

Comment Type

Cl 33 SC 2.7 P36 L # 192

Diab, Wael Broadcom

Section 33.2.7 does not accurately reflect the decisions we adopted in October. Specifically the motion relating to diab 2 1007.pdf, comment 225 and 161.

Moreover, not every case in the table is described in the text. For instance, the case of a Type PSE with 802.3-2005 compaitble one event classification and DLL is not covered. The failed motion at the end of the interim session seems to have been inadvertantly implemented as we

SuggestedRemedy

Please rewrite this section in accordance with the motion relating to diab\_2\_1007.pdf, comme 225 and 161 as agreed to in October.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 39

comment might be asking for more than resolved by 39 but the lack of details in remedy leave TF with no direction to complete comment. Please include specific examples of excluded text in next comment.

Cl 33 SC 2.7.2 P37 L37 # 193 Cl 33 SC 2.7.2a P38 / 48 # 196 Diab. Wael Broadcom Diab. Wael Broadcom Comment Type TR Comment Status A Comment Type TR Comment Status R Please delete the word Type 1. This describes PSE one event classification which is The 2-event physical layer classification defines a two finger approach. I do not recall that we independent of Type as agreed to in October per the Table and motion relating to decided to omit any of the first two fingers. That is now achieved by the one event description diab\_2\_1007.pdf. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Please remove the text associated with omitting any fingers, that is now achieved by the one Please delete the word Type 1. event description. Response Response Status C Response Response Status C REJECT. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. OBE see 147 2-Event omitting the second finger <> 1-Event. Cl 33 SC Table 33-5 P40 L11 Cl 33 SC 2.7.2 P37 L42 # 194 # 197 Diab. Wael Diab. Wael Broadcom Broadcom Comment Type TR Comment Status A Comment Type TR Comment Status A The PSE Type column introduces inconsistencies with the nomenclature we adopted at the Please delete the word Type 1. This describes PSE one event classification which is Octoer meeting. For example, the Type does not make sense when we are refering to independent of Type as agreed to in October per the Table and motion relating to classification parameters, these are one-finger or two finger. diab 2 1007.pdf. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Insert another colum that reads One or Two Finger Physical Classification. For parameters the Please delete the word Type 1. are related to the classification fill in that column and leave the Type colum blank. And vice Response Response Status C versa for the Type. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. OBF see 147 OBE see 245 see 193 Cl 33 SC 2.9 P45 L49 # 198 Cl 33 SC 2.7.2 P37 L44 # 195 Diab, Wael **Broadcom** Diab, Wael Broadcom Comment Type TR Comment Status A Comment Type TR Comment Status A Please add "and 33.6" after 33.2.7 as a Type 1 can implement DLL per diab\_2\_1007.pdf. Please delete the word Type 1. This describes PSE one event classification which is independent of Type as agreed to in October per the Table and motion relating to SuggestedRemedy diab 2 1007.pdf. Please add "and 33.6" after 33.2.7 SugaestedRemedy Response Response Status C Please delete the word Type 1. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Response Response Status C OBE see 6.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

**OBF 65** 

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editorial

sd

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

This section does not accurately reflect the decisions we made in October. Specifically, it mandates that a Type PD implement classification, which breaks 802.3-2005. Moreover, it rule out certain combinations that the table in diab\_2\_1007.pdf allows, like classifying a Type 2 PE using one event classification and DLL.

It is very difficult to retain this wording here as it is without getting into classification.

# SuggestedRemedy

Rewrite this section as follows:

PDs can be categorized as either Type 1 or Type 2 (refer to 1.4). PDs may also implement Physical Layer Classification and/or Data Link Layer Classification. Permutations allowed by t standard are covered in section 33.3.4.

A Type 2 PD is required to achieve mutual identification with a Type 2 PSE as described in section 33.4. A Type 2 PD that does not achieve mutual identification shall conform to Type 1 PD power restrictions. Such a PD shall provide the user with local external notification that it is underpowered. The external notification mechanism is left to the implementor.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE #54, and others

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Is there a priority issue with the exit conditions out of the REQUESTING\_POWER state? Specifically, what happens if both exit conditions are asserted simultaneously?

# SuggestedRemedy

There are 2 variables that govern the exit conditions in this state. This has 4 combinations. Please either draw in all 4 arrows OR show what happens if both variables are asserted

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Add '& mdi power required' to left hand branch.

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

pd type

This text does not relfect the entire set of possibilities that we agreed to in diab\_2\_1007.pdf. Specifically, a Type 2 PD needs to also implement a one event physical layer classification the would be used in conjunction with DLL.

### SuggestedRemedy

Please rewrite the following sentence to:

"Type 2 PDs shall implement 1-Event Physical Layer classification, 2-Event Physical Layer classification (see 33.3.4.2) and Data Link Layer classification (see 33.6). A Type 2 PD can not reply on one event classification by itself. DLL classification must be preceded by either a 1-Event Physical Layer classification or 2-Event Physical Layer classification."

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Change sentences to:

Type 1 PDs may implement a 1-Event class signature (see 33.3.4.1).

Type 2 PDs shall implement both 2-Event class signature (see 33.3.4.2) and Data Link Layer classification (see 33.6).

Addtionally, change titles of 33.3.4.1 and 33.3.4.2 to PD x-Event class signature

Add these to definitions to Clause 1:

1-Event class signature - the response of the PD to 1-Event classification

2-Event class signature - the response of the PD to 2-Event classification

pd tvpe

Cl 33 SC 3.4 P56 L11 # 202
Diab. Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

This text does not reflect the entire set of possibilities that we agreed to in diab\_2\_1007.pdf. Specifically, a Type 1 PD may also implement DLL.

#### SuggestedRemedy

Please append the following text to this sentence "Type 1 PDs may implement a 1-Event Physical Layer classification (see 33.3.4.1).":

A Type 1 PD may implement DLL. DLL classification must be preceded by a 1-Event Physica Laver classification.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

A Type 1 PD may implement any of the classification mechanisms in 33.3.4 and 33.6.

"DLL classification must be preceded by a 1-Event Physical Layer classification." was not added because the Type 1 PSE does not have to provide 1-Event before DLL. This is a deficiency of the table that will be corrected.

C/ 33 SC 4.8.1.4 P74 L14 # 203

Diab. Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

I believe the change here was based on comment 82 from the D0.9 database that we agreed AIP after we reviewed with Alan. Upon further review, it was agreed that the original text was indeed correct as it asked for components of higher quality per the 2002 standard and the change should have not been made.

# SuggestedRemedy

Please revert to the original text per the rejected comment

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

This needs to be 2002 so that the midspan connectors are required to be 5E connectors. Better connectors are need than the original cat5 connectors so that the midspan does not disturb the channel. This makes it consistant with 802.3af

b, waei bioaucoiii

L2 adhoc

Bit 11.4 does not accurately reflect the changes agreed to from the last meeting. 11.4 should simple represent Physical Layer Classification and not 2-Event classification. Presumably the PSE will implement a physical classification scheme, the DLL can then be enabled. Whether i is a 1-event or 2-event does not matter within this context.

#### SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type TR

Either:

- Drop 2-event from the bit name so that it is simply Physical Layer Classification

Comment Status A

OR

- Add an extra bit from the reserved field to represent 1-event physical layer classification. If the is done, there now needs to be restriction on what happens if both 2-event and 1-event are asserted. For this reason, the commenter prefers the first suggested remedy.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Implement suggested option 1. Drop 2-event from name.

Cl 33 SC 6.1.1.1b P77 L38 # 205
Diab. Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

L2 adhoc

Bit 11.4 does not accurately reflect the changes agreed to from the last meeting. 11.4 should simple represent Physical Layer Classification and not 2-Event classification. Presumably the PSE will implement a physical classification scheme, the DLL can then be enabled. Whether i is a 1-event or 2-event does not matter within this context.

## SuggestedRemedy

Either:

- Drop 2-event from the bit name so that it is simply Physical Layer Classification

OR

- Add an extra bit from the reserved field to represent 1-event physical layer classification. If the is done, there now needs to be restriction on what happens if both 2-event and 1-event are asserted. For this reason, the commenter prefers the first suggested remedy.

This applies to the entire subsection

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Combine 33.6.1.1.1a and 33.6.1.1.1b. Rename section to Enable Classification. Drop 2-event from the bit name. Revise text.

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

12 adhoc

Bit 12.13 does not accurately reflect the changes agreed to from the last meeting. 12.13 shou simply represent Physical Layer Classification and not 2-Event classification. Whether it is a 1 event or 2-event does not matter within this context.

# SuggestedRemedy

Either:

- Drop 2-event from the bit name so that it is simply Physical Layer Classification

OR

- Add an extra bit from the reserved field to represent 1-event physical layer classification. If the is done, there now needs to be restriction on what happens if both 2-event and 1-event are asserted. For this reason, the commenter prefers the first suggested remedy.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Combine the two bits 11.5 and 11.4. Show all 4 combinations. Remove the term 2-event. (11.5) (11.4)

1 1 = Data Link Laver Enabled and Physical Laver Classification Enabled

1 0 = Data Link Layer Enabled and Physical Layer Classification Disabled

0 1 = Data Link Layer Disabled and Physical Layer Classification Enabled

0 0 = Data Link Layer Disabled and Physical Layer Classification Disabled

C/ 33 SC 6.1.2.1b P78 L50 # 207
Diab. Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

L2 adhoc

Bit 12.13 does not accurately reflect the changes agreed to from the last meeting. 12.13 shou simply represent Physical Layer Classification and not 2-Event classification. Whether it is a 1 event or 2-event does not matter within this context.

# SuggestedRemedy

Either:

- Drop 2-event from the bit name so that it is simply Physical Layer Classification

OR

- Add an extra bit from the reserved field to represent 1-event physical layer classification. If the is done, there now needs to be restriction on what happens if both 2-event and 1-event are asserted. For this reason, the commenter prefers the first suggested remedy.

This applies to the entire subsection

Response F

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Implement suggested option 1. Drop 2-event from name

Cl 33 SC 6a P82 L15 # 208

Diab. Wael Broadcom

Diab, Wael Broadcom

L2 adhoc

This sentence does not accurately reflect the resolution to comment #268. It relfects part of th resolution to the comment. It does not address the timeout aspects.

## SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type TR

Please append the followind sentence. If a loss of management frame communcation persists past the TBD1 LLDP timeout and TBD2 timeout, the PSE may remove power.

The TBD1 and TBD2 are work items for the L2 adhoc per comment #268.

Comment Status A

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Please append the following sentence: "If a loss of management frame communication persis past the TBD1 LLDP timeout and TBD2 timeout, the PSE shall remove power."

TBD1 is set by the TTL of the TLV and TBD2 will be in addition to TBD1 and are work items for the L2 adhoc per comment #268.

AND

Append the following sentence following the one above: "The PSE may remove power at any time per Figure 33-6."

Cl 33 SC 6a P82 L18 # 209

Diab, Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

L2 adhoc

The exact timeout numbers for the L2 numbers need to be defined by the adhoc. This comme is intended to be a placeholder for that work.

SuggestedRemedy

See comment

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 208

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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L2 adhoc

L2 adhoc

Cl 33 P86 / 10 # 210 **SC Figure 33-20** Diab. Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

A priority needs to be defined between on the exit condition from the RUNNING state. As it stands it is possible for both these conditions to be asserted.

SuggestedRemedy

For a PSE. I would recomend that the Local Request takes precedence. For a PD the remote request should take precedence.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Prioritize right branch. Qualify condition with !((local system desires a change) \* denial timer done) to the left branch leaving RUNNING STATE. New condition should read (remRequestedPowerValue != remActualPowerValue) \* (!((local system desires a change) \* denial\_timer\_done))

Cl 33 P86 # 211 **SC Figure 33-20** L40 Diab. Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

It is a noble goal to try and keep the same state machine for both sides of the link (PSE and PD), however, we fundementally have a different behavior. Whether we do this by renaming the same variables or not, it still is 2 different machines.

SuggestedRemedy

Please replicate Figure 33-20 again and label the first for a PSE and the second for a PD. We can maintain the same structure for both but this will allow clear analysis of any conflict conditions that may arise

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Replicate the Figure 33-20 per suggested remedy. Retain same state names and transitions. Rename variables that depend on a state with PSE and PD and define them separately (for example PSE and PD specific timers).

Cl 33 P87 / 19 # 212 SC 6a.4.1

Diab. Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Per the classification baseline, the PSE treats the PD as a Type 1 Class 4 until the L2 engine

SuggestedRemedy

Please append the following sentence to line 14: In the event the classification that is returned from the Physical Layer is Class 4, then the PSE treats the PD as a Type 1 Class 4 PD until the DLL classification engine completes.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Replace lines 18 - 19 with the following:

At startup, the initial value of locActualPowerValue is set as described in subclause 33.3.4.2.

update the state diagram to add editors note to replace " ← SOME INITIAL VALUE" with value from 33.3.4.2 when variables are defined.

Cl 33 SC 6a.4.1 P87 L22 # 213 Diab. Wael Broadcom

This paragraph does not accurately reflect the resolution to comment #268. It relfects part of

the resolution to the comment. It does not address the second timeout aspect.

Comment Status A

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type TR

Please append the following sentence:

Upon a further timeout of TBD msec where the loss of DLL communication persists, the PSE may remove power from the PD.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE 208/61.

defer to L2

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

12 adhoc

Cl 33 SC Figure 33-20 P86 L40 # 214

Diab. Wael Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A L2 adhoc

The state machine does not accurately reflect the resolution to comment #268. It relfects part the resolution to the comment. It does not address the second timeout aspect.

SuggestedRemedy

The state machine should show the optional power removal after the second timeout.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 60

C/ 33 SC 33.1.5 P17 L50 # 215 Law. David 3Com

Comment Type ER Comment Status A

'This standard' (IEEE Std 802.3at) will include specifications for both Type 1 and Type 2 operation however it is only Type 2 operation that requires this cable specification.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the text:

'NOTE—ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-A-1995 provides a specification (Category 5) for media that meets the minimum requirements of this standard.'

to read:

'NOTE—ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-A-1995 provides a specification (Category 5) for media that meets the minimum requirements for Type 2 operation.'

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

'NOTE—ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B.2 provides a specification (Category 5e) for cabling that meets the minimum requirements for Type 2 operation.'

Cl 33 SC 33.1.4 P17 L31 # 216

Law, David 3Com

Comment Type ER Comment Status A

The derating of the cabling only applies to Type 2.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the title to read 'Type 2 cabling derating'.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 40

Comment Type ER Comment Status A

We received the following mandatory comment in a recent MEC:

Please review the use of informative labeling within the document. From Clause 10 of the Styl Manual: The draft standard shall contain normative text in the main clauses of the document, including footnotes to tables (see 15.5), and in normative annexes. Informative text shall be placed in notes (to text, tables, and figures), in footnotes within text, and in informative annexe Interspersed normative and informative text is not allowed. Identification of normative or informative text shall be reviewed during the ballot of a document. Therefore, it is important the the working group consult an IEEE Standards project editor early with any questions.

SuggestedRemedy

Based on this either delete this note or move the figures to an annex.

I suggest that the note be deleted. It is clear that this is not normative, there is no shall related them, these figures have been in Clause 33 since IEEE 802.3af-2003 was first published without the need for this note.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Editor to search text from 'informative'. Figures can still show illustrative examples.

Cl 33 SC 3.6 P65 L5 # 218
Law. David 3Com

Comment Type ER Comment Status A

I believe it should be IPort and not Iport.

SuggestedRemedy

Correct Iport to IPort in the following locations:

Page 65, line 5. Page 93, line 20. Page 112, line 6. Page 132, line 32.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

see 30, recommends changing variable name to avoid confusion.

Point 30 to 218 or copy the locations.

Cl 33 SC 3.5.4 P61 L16 # 219
Law, David 3Com

Comment Type T Comment Status A

The text states 'Peak current shall not exceed IPort max'. Which IPort max is this, looking at Table 33-12 Iport appears in both Items 4 and 5 and both of these items reference this subclause.

SuggestedRemedy

I believe that item 4 provides the IPort max that is being referenced, for clarity suggest that the text '(See Table 33-12, item 4)' be added.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Replace Iport max with "Iportpk max as defined in Table 33-12."

C/ 33 SC 4.8 P72 L52 # 220
Law. David 3Com

Comment Type T Comment Status A

midspan

This subclause states that 'A Midspan PSE inserted into a channel shall provide continuity for the signal pairs.'. I'm not too sure what the term 'continuity' is mean to mean here - if it is an uninterrupted connection I don't think that is true anymore in the case of a Alternative B midspan which will have to use some form of DC blocking to ensure that power can only be sourced in one direction. That of course is covered on the next line which states 'Midspan PSI shall not provide DC continuity between the two sides of the segment for the pairs that inject power.'.

# SuggestedRemedy

I suspect that the best approach is simply to delete the text 'A Midspan PSE inserted into a channel shall provide continuity for the signal pairs.' now that Alternative B Midspans are permitted. The line before it still requires that the channel characteristics be maintained.

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Delete the sentence

ce response:

It is intended to point out that they must provide continuity for the data. Perhaps this is obvious and we should delete the text.

This is baseline text...

Cl 33 SC 33.1.4 P17 L36 # 221
Law. David 3Com

Comment Type T Comment Status A

- [1] The reference to IEEE Std 802.3at will not be useful once this amendment is consolidated into the base standard at some point in the future. In addition it is not correct that IEEE Std 802.3at will require this. IEEE Std 802.3at will include specifications for both Type 1 and Type operation however it is only Type 2 operation that requires this.
- [2] The reference should be of the usual 'see' format.
- [3] The ambient doesn't have to be 15C below the cable rating, only its maximum must be 150 below the cable maximum rating.

### SuggestedRemedy

Change:

'To use IEEE Std P802.3atTM-20XX, the ambient temperature must be 15C below the cable temperature rating. Reference ISO/IEC XXXX.'

to read:

'Type 2 operation requires a 15C reduction in the maximum ambient operating temperature of the cable (see ISO/IEC TR 29125).'

Response

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

C/ 01 SC 1.3 P13 L6 # 222
Law. David 3Com

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Add ISO/IEC technical report on PoE guidelines to normative reference list in subclause 1.3.

SuggestedRemedy

Add to subclause 1.5 References:

ISO/IEC TR 29125 (draft) Information technology—Telecommunications cabling guidelines fo remote powering of data terminal equipment. Draft document number ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 25 N XXXX.X.

Editors' Note: To be removed prior to final publication.

The vote on the NWIP for this Technical Report is currently taking place. This reference may need updated as this project progresses.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE

Add to subclause 1.3 References:

ISO/IEC TR 29125 (draft) Information technology—Telecommunications cabling guidelines fo remote powering of data terminal equipment. Draft document number ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 25 N XXXX.X.

Editors' Note: To be removed prior to final publication.

The vote on the NWIP for this Technical Report is currently taking place. This reference may need updated as this project progresses.

Cl 33 SC 3.5.4 P61 L17 # 223 Law, David 3Com

Comment Type T Comment Status R

Not entirely sure what 'At any static voltage at the PI and PD operating condition' means, think is meant to mean that any PI voltage and any PD operating condition.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the text 'At any static voltage at the PI and PD operating condition the peak current ..' read 'At any static voltage at the PI, and any PD operating condition, the peak current ..'.

Response Status C

REJECT.

duplicate of 269

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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Cl 33 SC 2.8.4 P42 L32 # 224 Law. David 3Com

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Maybe I am missing something but to get to the value PClass used in subclause 33.2.8.4 it to multiple levels of indirection.

From subclause 33.2.8.4.

Goto Table 33-5.

Table 33-5. Item 14. minimum value is PClass and references 33.2.8.11a.

Goto 33.2.8.11a.

Subclause 33.2.8.11a states 'PClass is the class power defined in 33.2.7'

Goto 33.2.7.

Subclause 33.2.7 describes PSE classification of PDs. no definition of PClass to be found there. Happen to keep reading.

Goto 33.2.7.1.

Find Table 33-3 'Physical Layer power classifications'. It has what appears to be a list of power levels but doesn't actually mention the parameter PClass.

Finally subclause 33.2.7.2

## SuggestedRemedy

I would suggest that the following changes be considered:

[1] Update Table 33-3 to make it clear it contains the PClass vales.

[2] Update references to 33.2.7 to be to 33.2.7.1 where they are in relation to PClass and the contents of Table 33-3.

[3] Update Table 33-5 item 4 to have a more direct reference to either subclause 33.2.7.1 or Table 33-3

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Cl 33 P 29 L16 # 225 SC 33.2.3.7 Law. David

3Com

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Need to define that 'I' used in Figure 33-7 is in fact Iport. This is confirmed in subclause 33.2.8.6 that states that 'If IPort in Table 33-5 exceeds ICUT for longer than Toyld.

SuggestedRemedy

Either:

Add the following to subclause 33.2.3.4:

A variable indicating the value of the current being sourced from the PI (IPort).

Or:

Add the following to subclause 33.2.3.4:

**IPort** 

Output current (see 33.2.8.6)

Change I to read IPort is all instances in Figure 33-7.

Add a definition of IPort to 33.2.8.6.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Add the following to subclause 33.2.3.4:

**IPort** 

Output current (see 33.2.8.6)

Change I to read IPort is all instances in Figure 33-7.

Add a definition of IPort to 33.2.8.6.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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sd

sd

Cl 33 SC 2.3.3 P24 L15 # 226 Law, David 3Com

Comment Type TR Comment Status R

Table 33-5, item 5 Ilnrush defines three different parameters:

[1] The minimum current the PSE shall supply (Ilnrush min). This is the minimum point at which the PSE can current limit and ensures a PD that is in excess of 180uF will be supplied with a minimum 400mA - the maximum a PD is allowed to draw (see 33-12, item 3, Ilnrush ma [2] The maximum current the PSE is permitted to supply (Ilnrush max). This is the maximum value at which the PSE is permitted to supply and therefore is the maximum point at which a PSE must current limit when connected to a PD that is less than 180uF and therefore does no current limit.

[3] The range in between which a threshold has to be selected to define the threshold at whicl the timer ILIM runs (see Figure 33-7, I > IInrush). If this condition exists for more than 50 to 75ms the power has to be removed.

It is therefore permissible to set the current limit at 410mA as it is between the ranges set by [ and [2] above yet set the TLIM threshold at 420mA. TLIM would therefore never trigger. In a sensible implementation one threshold will be selected and when current limiting TLIM will be running but there is nothing that requires this.

In addition subclause 33.2.3.3 defines constants but Ilnrush is a range, the constant in the Ilnrush threshold selected from that range.

# SuggestedRemedy

[1] Change 'Ilnrush' to 'Ilnrush\_threshold' in figure 33-7 and subclause 33.2.3.3.

[2] Change 'Current during inrush period of startup (see Table 33–5)' to read 'Startup inrush current limit (see Table 33–5)'.

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

while technically you are correct, the device will operate as desired because the Tovld timer w trip as Icut has to be less than Ilim.

Cl 33 SC 2.8.4 P42 L38 # 227

Law, David 3Com

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Vport adhoc

Please provide definitions for the variables used in this equation.

## SuggestedRemedy

Suggest that this text be changed to read:

The PSE shall support an AC current of Ipeak minimum for 50 ms minimum and 5 % duty cyc minimum.

 $lpeak = (400 / 350) \times (PPort / VPort)$ 

Where:

IPeak is the peak output current.

PPort is the minimum continuous output power (see Table 33-5, item 14).

VPort is the minimum static output voltage (see Table 33-5, item 1).

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

**OBE 137** 

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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Cl 33 SC 4.8.1.1 P71 L # 228
Law, David 3Com

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

I think there are actually already more two types of Midspans defined.

Subclause 33.4.8, and its subclauses, in IEEE 802.3af defines additional requirements placed on Midspans. It describes the requirements for Midspans that can be placed in Connector or Telecom Outlet Midspans (33.4.8.1) and Work area or Equipment cable Midspans (33.4.8.1.4 If I am reading the requirements in the subclauses correctly I believe there is a set of requirements that apply to Connector and Telecom Outlet Midspans and another set that applies to Work area or Equipment cable Midspans.

Starting with the first set of Midspans, subclause 33.4.8.1.1 requires NEXT to meet or exceed 40 - 20log(f/100) which at 100Mhz yields a minimum requirement 40dB. Subclause 33.4.8.1.2 requires the insertion loss to meet or exceed 0.04SQRT(f) which at 100MHz yields a minimum requirement of 0.4dB. Subclause 33.4.8.1.3 requires return loss to meet or exceed 14dB at 100MHz (see table 33-14). Now summarizing this with the Cat5, Cat5e and Cat 6 values for these parameters yields:

+	+	
Category	Cat5   Cat5e   Cat6   Clause 33	
NEXT loss   Insertion loss	40   43   54   40     0.4   0.4   0.2   0.4     14   18   22   14	
+	++	

All values at 100MHz in dB.

Based on this it seems a Connector or Telecom Outlet Midspans is only required to meet the Cat 5 requirements. In some ways this seems reasonable as we were only supporting 10BAS T and 100BASE-T and taking out a Cat5 connector and replacing it with a Midspan that meets the Cat 5 performance specification will maintain a Cat 5 channel.

Now looking at Equipment cable Midspans it states that the Midspan shall meet Cat 5 jumper requirements of ISO/IEC 11801:2002. My understanding is that ISO/IEC 11801 defines components as Categories and channels as Classes. Hence to form, for example, a Class E channel, Category 6 components such as connectors and jumpers have to be used. Now in the case of ISO/IEC 11801:2002 the specifications for Category 5 and Class D were updated from that found in ISO/IEC 11801:1995. Hence a ISO/IEC 11801:2002 Category 5 jumper is equivalent to a TIA/EIA 568 Category 5e jumper.

Based on this it seems a Work area or Equipment cable Midspans is required to meet the Cat 5e requirements.

So as well as updating the Midspan specification to include support for Alternative B and 1000BASE-T operation we also need to grandfather in the existing Midspans. This would see

to yield three types of Midspans, assuming that we would combine the performance requirements for 1000BASE-T Connector or Telecom Outlet as well as Work area or Equipment cable Midspans. These are [a] 10/100BASE-T Connector or Telecom Outlet Midspans, [b] 10/100BASE-T Work area or Equipment cable Midspans and [c] 1000BASE-T Midspans.

# SuggestedRemedy

[1] List the three types of Midspans:

10/100BASE-T Connector or Telecom Outlet Midspans. 10/100BASE-T Work area or Equipment cable Midspans. 1000BASE-T Midspans.

[2] Update the specification for NEXT, Insertion loss and Return loss in 33.4.8.1.1 through 33.4.8.1.3 to support 1000BASE-T Midspan operation while grandfathering in existing Midspa PSE that may not meet these requirements.

[3] Add the additional performance parameters specified in ANSI/EIA/TIA-568-B1 Annex D to support 1000BASE-T operation.

Response Response Status C
ACCEPT.

Cl 33 SC 4.8.1.1 P73 L30 # [229] Law, David 3Com

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Need to add that the frequency used in the equation is in MHz - if you just use HZ - and there nothing to say what to use - you kind of get the wrong answer - for example a NEXT loss of -80dB at 100MHz. I however don't think the variable needs to mention 1MHz to 100MHz as is stated in the text that the equation only needs to be met over that range.

### SuggestedRemedy

Change the text 'is the frequency from 1 MHz to 100 MHz' to read 'is the frequency in MHz.

Perform the same change for equation 33-6 (Page 73, line 44)

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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Cl 33 SC 33.1.1 P15 L50 # 230
Law. David 3Com

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Make the Type 2 cabling requirements clear with a summary of subclause 33.1.4 and 33.1.5.

- [1] State that Type 2 requires ISO/IEC 11801:1995 Class D cabling.
- [2] State that Type 2 requires derating of the cable operating temperature.
- [3] Reorder so that MDI related text and cabling related text is grouped together.

### SuggestedRemedy

#### Change:

'.. and 1000BASE-T without modification and Type 1 operation adds no significant requirements to the cabling. The use of other IEEE 802.3 MDIs is beyond the scope of this clause. Type 2 operation over cabling systems of Class D or lower is beyond the scope of the clause.'

#### to read:

'.. and 1000BASE-T without modification. The use of other IEEE 802.3 MDIs is beyond the scope of this clause. Type 1 operation adds no significant requirements to the cabling. Type 2 operation requires ISO/IEC 11801:1995 Class D or better cabling and a derating of the cabling maximum ambient operating temperature. Type 2 operation over other cabling systems is beyond the scope of the clause.'

Response

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

C/ 33 SC 33.1.5 P17 L45 # 231
Law. David 3Com

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

While ISO/IEC 11801:1995 Class D cabling specifies a 40 Ohm maximum DC loop resistance and therefore needs the exception stated, I believe that ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-A-1995 specifies a 25 Ohm maximum DC loop resistance [

http://www.ieee802.org/3/af/public/may00/tr42\_liaison.pdf ] therefore does not require any exception.

### SuggestedRemedy

Change the text:

'.. shall consist of Category 5 components as specified in ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-A-1995 and ISO/IEC 11801:1995 with the ..'

to read:

".. shall consist of Category 5 components as specified in ISO/IEC 11801:1995 with the .."

Response Status **U** 

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

'.. shall consist of Category 5e components as specified in ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B.2 or ISO/IEC 11801:2002.'

Cl 33 SC 33.2.1 P18 / 32 # 232 Law. David 3Com

Comment Type TR Comment Status A midspan

This note states that 'Midspans implementing Alternative A are not allowed to interfere with th data performance of a 100BASE-TX link. While true it is also true that Midspans implementing Alternative B are also not allowed to interfere with the data performance of a 100BASE-TX lin nor for that matter are Midspans in general allowed to interfere with the data performance of the link. This note however makes that fact unclear by specifically mentioning on 100BASE-TX.

The note then goes on to state 'Refer to Clause 25 for 100BASE-TX compatibility requirements.' If Clause 25 is examined, and in particular its requirement to comply with TP-PMD, two sets of requirements will be found. Set [1] is the channel requirements and set [2] is the MDI requirements. Now I believe that the channel requirements will be met by the conformance requirements found in subclause 33.4.8 'Midspan PSE device additional requirements' and its subclauses so set [1] is covered.

This leaves set [2] and since they are related to the MDI they would not normally apply to the midspan PI. I do believe however in the case of 100BASE-TX there is a requirement that need to be carried over to the PI. This requirement is found in ANSI X3.263-1995 (TP-PMD) subclause 9.1.7 'Worst case droop of transformer' which states:

Baseline Wander tracking by the receiver is dependent on the worst case droop that can be produced by a transmitter. Droop is directly related to the Open Circuit Inductance (OCL) which varies with temperature, manufacturing tolerance, and bias current.

Worst case Baseline Wander Frames vary the transformer bias which causes the droop to change with data content. This variation must be accounted for by the receiver to track the Baseline Wander over long frames. Variation in inductance caused by bias of the transformer can be on the order of 2:1.

The minimum inductance measured at the transmit pins of the AOI shall be greater than or equal to 350 uH with any DC bias current between 0 mA and +8 mA injected as shown in figu 13.

I understand that if a similar inductance is not provided at the output, that is transmit, side of both the data pairs through a Midspan, data corruption can occur due to baseline wander. Sin this is a note it does not make this 350uH requirement mandatory, which it has to be.

So in summary:

- [a] The note is misleading as it seems to imply that the requirement for no interference only applies to Alternative A 100BASE-TX Midspans.
- [b] There is no need to reference the entire Clause 25 as most of the requirements there are also found in subclause 33.4.8
- [c] There is one normative requirement which should be carried across to Midspans that support 100BASE-TX, the 350uH requirement. This however is not made mandatory for 100BASE-TX Midspans since this is only a note.

SuggestedRemedy

Add the following new subclause under 33.4.8:

33.4.8.2 Worst case droop of transformer

The Midspan shall meet the inductance requirements of ANSI X3.263-1995 (TP-PMD) subclause 9.1.7 at the pins of the PI used as 100BASE-T transmit pins with the additional requirement that the minimum inductance be meet with any DC bias current between 0 mA ar TBD mA.

Editors note to be removed before publication

The need for the additional requirement and related DC bias current range are the subject of discussion in the 350uH adhoc.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

- 1) Delete the note in line 32 page 18.
- 2) Add the following new subclause under 33.4.8:

33.4.8.2 Midspan signal path requirements

When an Alt-A Midspan is connected to a 100BASE-T PHY, the Midspan shall meet the following Table TBD requirements at the pins of the PI used as 100BASE-T transmit pins with the additional requirement that the requirements will be met with any DC bias current betweer mA and TBD mA. The following test conditions shall be used for compliance of Table TBD: Test conditions: TBD

Note: Midspan adhoc to work on the details

Cl 33 SC 4.8.1.4 P74 / 14 # 233 Law. David 3Com

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

cable

ISO/IEC 11801 defines components as Categories and channels as Classes. Hence to form. for example, a Class E channel, Category 6 components such as connectors and jumpers have to be used. Now in the case of ISO/IEC 11801:2002 the specification for Category 5 and Clas D were updated from that found in ISO/IEC 11801:1995. Hence a ISO/IEC 11801:2002 Category 5 jumper is equivalent to a TIA/EIA 568 Category 5e jumper.

SuggestedRemedy

Change '.. ISO/IEC 11801:1995 ..' to read '.. ISO/IEC 11801:2002 ..'.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Correct Classification description that talks about classification prior to power up.

d) Methods to classify devices based on their power needs PRIOR TO POWER UP

Remove "prior to power up".

SuggestedRemedy

IS:

d) Methods to classify devices based on their power needs prior to power up

SHOULD BE:

d) Methods to classify devices based on their power needs

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

**OBE 163** 

C/ 33 SC 1.4 P17 L36 # 235

Stanford, Clay Linear Technology

Comment Type T Comment Status A

We specify ambient temperature 15C above cable rating. Seems we should specify Type 1 a Type 2 differently. Also we should clarify it to be the cable ambient temperature.

Say something like:

For Type 2 operation, the cable ambient temperature must be 15C below... For Type 1 operation, the cable ambient temperature must be 5C below...

SuggestedRemedy

Changes noted with CAPS.

IS

To use IEEE Std P802.3at<sup>™</sup>-20XX, the ambient temperature must be 15°C below the cable temperature rating.

Reference ISO/IEC XXXX.

SHOULD BE:

FOR TYPE 2 OPERATION, THE CABLE ambient temperature must be 15C below the cable temperature rating.

FOR TYPE 1 OPERATION, THE CABLE AMBIENT TEMPERATURE MUST BE 5c BELOW THE CABLE TEMPERATURE RATING.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 221

Cl 33 SC 1.5 P17 / 47 # 236 Stanford, Clay Linear Technology

Comment Type Т Comment Status R

Talks about DC loop resistance to be less than 25 ohms.

Doesn't it need to be 12.5 ohms?

SuggestedRemedy

Response Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

I had this same question. It was explained to me that loop resistance is 1 wire down and one wire back (and not a pair down and back). Therefore 25 ohms is correct.

SC 2.3.4 C/ 33 P 25 L15 # 237

Stanford, Clav Linear Technology

Talks about optional classification. This is a hold over from .af.

Comment Status A

Just remove "optional".

Also applies to line 21.

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type T

Remove word "optional" from line 15.

Change line 21 from "optionally classifed it" to "classify it if applicable"

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Cl 33 SC 2.3.4 P 25 / 30 # 238

Stanford, Clav Linear Technology

Comment Type T Comment Status A

sd

Variable pse available power needs to be expanded to cover both Type 1 and Type 2 PSEs.

Follow style of page 27, line 35, creating pse\_available\_power2.

SuggestedRemedy

Add new variable pse availablepower2

pse available power2

This variable indicates the highest power PD Class that could be supported. The value is determined in an implementation-specific manner.

Values: 0: Class 1

1: Class 2

2: Class 0, Class 3

3: Class 4

SHOULD BE:

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Commentor to address in state diagram adhoc.

CI 33 SC 2.3.4 P 25 L45 # 239

Stanford, Clay Linear Technology

Comment Type T Comment Status A

I think variable pse\_skips\_event3 can be deleted.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete pse skips event3 variable and description.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Commentor to address in state diagram adhoc.

Cl 33 SC 2.3.7 P 28 L1 # 240 Cl 33 SC 2.7 P35 / 29 # 242 Stanford, Clav Stanford, Clav Linear Technology Linear Technology Comment Type Т Comment Status R Comment Type Т Comment Status R I do not believe anything was changed in the Type 1 PSE state diagram besides the title? We created a very good table to help define PSE and PD permutations. We need to define Remove the "Replace Figure 33-6" text. "Type 1" and "Type 2" PSEs. SugaestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Remove the "Replace Figure 33-6" text. Re-institute 33.2.2a PSE type definitions with the following text: Response Response Status Z PSEs may support 2 power levels. REJECT. Type 1 PSEs support PSE output power levels of 15.4W. Type 2 PSEs support PSE output power levels of Icable\*Vport min This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter. Response Response Status Z REJECT. CI 33 SC 2.3.7 P30 L 1 # 241 This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter. Stanford, Clay Linear Technology Comment Type T Comment Status A sd I submit redlines the the state diagrams. Definitions are correctly located in 1.4, see page 13, lines 11 - 14 of D1.0. SuggestedRemedy CI 33 SC 2.7.2 P37 L43 # 243 Implement redlines. Stanford, Clay Linear Technology Response Response Status C Comment Type T Comment Status A ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. The PSE is to wait either 6ms (2-event) or 10ms (1-event) before taking a Classification currer Commentor to address in state diagram adhoc. reading. The text incorrectly says 1ms Change the value. See other comment suggesting aligning 2-event and 1-event timing. SuggestedRemedy Measurement of IClass shall be taken after 1 ms to ignore initial transients.

i/general

SHOULD BE:

ACCEPT. see 164

Response

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Measurement of IClass shall be taken after 6 ms to ignore initial transients.

Response Status C

Cl 33 SC 2.7.2A P39 L5 # 244

Stanford, Clay Linear Technology

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Table 33-4a covers both Type 1 and Type 2 PSEs. Table title should not call out Type 2. Remove "Type 2".

SuggestedRemedy

IS:

Table 33-4a-Type 2 Physical Layer classification electrical requirements

SHOULD BE:

Table 33-4a-Physical Layer classification electrical requirements

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

SHOULD BE:

Table 33-4a- PSE Physical Layer classification electrical requirements

 Cl 33
 SC 2.8
 P41
 L 38
 # 245

 Stanford, Clay
 Linear Technology

Starilord, Clay

Comment Type T Comment Status A

When the 2-event classification was created, it was desired to perform it quickly so the PSE miniumum timing was reduced from 10ms to 6ms. (The PD must be stable within 5ms.) Ther now is a discrepancey beteen 1-event and 2-event classification in this minimum pulse perio It would be best to align the two timing numbers.

Also, Table 33-5 entry would make more sense moved to table 33-4a

SuggestedRemedy

IS:

Table 33-5, item 20 10mS minimum.

SHOULD BE: 6ms minimum.

Move entire line over to Table 33-4a.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Change title of moved line from "Classification timing" to "1-Event class timing"

add a new column titled "1-Event/2-Event"

1a = 1&2 event

1b = 1&2 event

2a - 9 = 2 event

item 10 (the new item) = 1 event

Cl 33 SC 2.8.1 P41 L52 # 246
Stanford, Clay Linear Technology

Comment Type T Comment Status A Vport adhoc

The statement:

"A PSE in the POWER\_ON state may remove power from the PI when the PI voltage no long meets the VPort specification"

is very broad and doesn't reflect the intent. Add text to clarify.

# SuggestedRemedy

IS:

A PSE in the POWER\_ON state may remove power from the PI when the PI voltage no longe meets the VPort specification.

SHOULD BE: (CAPS INDICATE ADDITION)

A PSE in the POWER\_ON state may remove power from the PI IF THE PI voltage no longer meets the VPort specification DUE TO EXCESSIVE PORT LOADING FROM A NON-COMPLIANT PD OR PORT FAULT CONDITION.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

**OBE 135** 

Cl 33 SC 2.8.2B P42 L17 # 247

Stanford, Clay Linear Technology

Comment Type T Comment Status A Vport adhoc

Paragraph could be written more clearly to better express intent.

# SuggestedRemedy

IS:

A Type 2 PSE shall maintain an output voltage no less than VTran\_lo below VPort min for transient conditions lasting more than 30us and less than 250us.

Transients less than 30us in duration may cause the voltage at the PI to fall more than VTran. The minimum PD input capacitance ensures the PD will operate for any input voltage transic lasting less than 30us. Transients lasting more than 250us shall meet the static VPort specification.

#### SHOULD BE:

Brief decaying voltage transients less than 30us in duration should not effect PD operation du to storage capacity present in the PD and as such are not limited.

For decaying voltage transients lasting 30 to 250us, a Type 2 PSE shall maintain an output voltage no less that VTran\_low bleow Vport\_min.

Transients lasting more than 250us shall meet the static VPort specification.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

**OBE 135** 

Cl 33 SC 2.8.6 P43 L20 # 248

Stanford, Clay Linear Technology

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Line 20 says PSE may remove power. Line 40 dyas PSE shall remove power.

Define consistant operation.

SuggestedRemedy

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 10

Cl 33 SC 2.8.6 P43 / 31 # 249 Cl 33 SC 3.2.3 P52 / 12 # 251 Stanford, Clav Linear Technology Stanford, Clav Linear Technology Comment Type Т Comment Status A Vport adhoc Comment Type Т Comment Status A sd Icut is being re-defined to allow current to be limited to PD power rating. An entry was lost in the state diagram by error. It was in the .af spec. SugaestedRemedy In equation, I think the intent is for the PSE to use the actual port voltage to calculate the Add to REQUESTING POWER BLOCK allowed current. present\_pd\_siganture <= TRUE Therefore, Vport\_min should be Vport-operation, or Vport-actual. SuggestedRemedy Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. The existing SD does not cover Type 1 PDs and needs fixed so that it does. Commentor to address in state diagram adhoc. **OBE 56** CI 33 SC 3.2.3 P53 L4 # 252 C/ 33 SC 2.8.8 P43 L 54 # 250 Stanford, Clay Linear Technology Stanford, Clav Linear Technology Comment Type T Comment Status A sd Comment Type Т Comment Status A See Clay's redlines regarding state diagram. It isn't quite clear what the author was trying to say. SuggestedRemedy Update state diagram. Rewrite by removing items a and b. SuggestedRemedy Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. If a short circuit condition is detected, power removal from the PI shall begin within TLIM as specified in Table 33-5 under the following conditions: Commentor to address in state diagram adhoc. a) Max value of the PI current during short circuit condition. SC 3.3 b) Max value applies for any DC input voltage up to the maximum voltage as specified in item Cl 33 P 54 L 23 # 253 of Table 33-5. Stanford, Clay Linear Technology Comment Type E Comment Status A editorial SHOULD BE: If a short circuit condition is detected, power removal from the PI shall begin within TLIM as The parameter name was changed from VI to slope. specified in Table 33-5. Table 33-8 still uses V-I slope. Response Response Status C ACCEPT. Pick a consistent name. SuggestedRemedy Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. change table 33a to say slope instead of VI slope

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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Cl 33 SC 3.4 P56 / 11 # 254 Stanford, Clav Linear Technology

Comment Type Т Comment Status A pd tvpe

Type 1 PDs have the option of implementing 2-event classification and also DLL.

SuggestedRemedy

IS:

Type 1 PDs may implement a 1-Event Physical Layer classification (see 33.3.4.1).

SHOULD BE: (CAPS INDICATE ADDITION)

Type 1 PDs may implement a 1-Event Physical Laver classification (see 33.3.4.1), OR 2-EVENT CLASSIFICATION (SEE 33.XX), DATA LAYER CLASSIFICATION (SEE 3.X), OR A COMBINATION OF THESE.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

SHOULD BE: (CAPS INDICATE ADDITION)

Type 1 PDs may implement a 1-Event Physical Laver classification (see 33.3.4.1), 2-EVENT CLASSIFICATION (SEE 33.XX), DATA LAYER CLASSIFICATION (SEE 3.X), OR A COMBINATION OF THESE.

CI 33 SC 3.4.2 P57 L38 # 255 Stanford, Clay Linear Technology

Comment Status A

Define Mark Event Voltage range. It will make text more clear.

Define Reset Voltage range. It will make text more clear.

Label Reset Threshold Vreset th to be more consistant.

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

Table 33-11a

Item 2: Add "10" to max column.

E

Item 5: Change Symbol from Vreset to Vreset th

Add new item 6, Classification Reset Voltage Vreset V 0(V) 2.8(V) See 33.3.4.2.1

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

see 256

Cl 33 SC 3.4.2.1 P57 / 53 # 256

Stanford, Clav Linear Technology

Comment Type Ε Comment Status A L1 adhoc

Text will be more clear if we use Vmark range.

SugaestedRemedy

Line 53 IS:

When the voltage at the PI is between VMark min and VMark th min, a Type 2 PD shall return a non-valid detection signature as defined in Table 33-9.

Line 53 SHOULD BE:

When the voltage at the PI is IN THE RANGE OF Vmark, a Type 2 PD shall return a non-valic detection signature as defined in Table 33-9.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

see 255

SC 3.4.2.1 Cl 33 P58 L1 # 257 Stanford, Clav Linear Technology

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Requirement needs to be in the range of Vclass, not mearly above the minimum.

SuggestedRemedy

L1 adhoc

Line 1 IS:

A Type 2 PD must return a Class 4 signature when voltage at the PI is greater than VMark th max.

Line 1 SHOULD BE:

A Type 2 PD must return a Class 4 signature when voltage at the PI is IN THE RANGE OF Vclass.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Cl 33 SC 3.4.2.1 P58 12 # 258

Stanford, Clay Linear Technology

Comment Status A It will be more clear and technically more accurate if we use Vmark range.

SuggestedRemedy

Line 4 IS:

Comment Type

A Type 2 PD must draw IMark when voltage at the PI is less than VMark th min

Line 4 SHOULD BE:

Ε

A Type 2 PD must draw IMark when voltage at the PI is IN THE RANGE OF VMARK.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

C/ 33 SC 3.5 P59 L16 # 259

Stanford, Clav Linear Technology

Comment Type T Comment Status A

PD input voltage should be 37V, not 36V. We clarified this by adding the transient section 1a

Transient section 1a needs to define Type 1 and Type 2 PSEs.

SuggestedRemedy

Table 33-12, item 1 Vport min IS 36V for a type 1.

Table 33-12, item 1 Vport min SHOULD BE 37V for a type 1.

Item 1a IS:

Transient operating input voltage VTran\_low Vdc 36 (blank) 2

Item 1a SHOULD BE: Transient operating input voltage VTran\_low Vdc 36 (blank) 1 Vdc 40 (blank) 2

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 31

Cl 33 SC 3.5 P59 1 22 # 260

Stanford, Clav Linear Technology

Comment Type Ε Comment Status A Vport adhoc

We decided to not reference the actual power levels but use parameters.

Change 29.5W to Icable \* Vport\_min

Do we do the same for 12.95W????

SuggestedRemedy

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

for item 2 max is Icable\*Vport min, applies to type 1 and 2. see 32

P61 C/ 33 SC 3.5.3 L9 Linear Technology

Stanford, Clay

Comment Type Comment Status A

Error in percent.

IS: 99% Should be 1%.

SugaestedRemedy

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Strike 'within' at the end of line 8.

# 261

Cl 33 SC 3.5.4 P61 L17 # 262
Stanford, Clay Linear Technology

Comment Status A

tarrora, oray

It is unclear what the author intends:

IS

Comment Type T

At any static voltage at the PI and PD operating condition the peak current shall not exceed PPort max/VPort....

Does the autor mean:

At any static voltage at the PI and FOR ANY PD operating condition the peak current shall no exceed PPort max/VPort....

OR DOES THE AUTOR MEAN:

At any static voltage at the PI and AT ANY STATIC PD operating condition the peak current shall not exceed PPort max/VPort....

I think the first is the intent.

SuggestedRemedy

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE see 269

Cl 33 SC 3.5.4 P61 L37 # 263

Stanford, Clay Linear Technology

Comment Type E Comment Status A

lport\_rms should just be called lport.

IS:

The maximum IPort\_dc and IPort\_rms values for all operating VPort range shall be defined.... SHOULD BE:

The lport\_max value for all operating VPort range shall be defined....

IS:

Iport\_max is the maximum DC and RMS input current

SHOULD BE:

Iport\_max is the maximum DC and AC input current

Actual power levels 12.95W and 29.5W are referenced. Change to equations.

SuggestedRemedy

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Page 61, line 26 change lport\_rms to lport

line 33, change "The maximum IPort\_dc and IPort\_rms values" to "The Maximum Iport"

line 29, change lport\_rms to lport

Cl 33 SC 2.8 P41 / 19 # 264 CI 33 SC C.1.8 P115 / 52 Stanford, Clay Linear Technology Stanford, Clav Linear Technology Comment Type T Comment Status A Comment Type T Comment Status R Enter values for turn on ramp rate and load capacitance We no longer reference Trise. Will need to re-write section. SugaestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Table 33-5, item 12 Response Response Status Z IS: TBD REJECT. SHOULD BE: This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter. Turn on ramp rate|blank|dV/dt|blank|10|1.2|With a minimum capacitive load of 0.05uF. Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. We eagerly await your proposed text. Table 33-5, item 12 Turn on ramp ratelblankIV/slblankITBDI1. 2lWith a minimum capacitive load of 0.05 uF. Cl 33 SC 2.7.2a P39 L30 Stanford, Clay Linear Technology It was universally accepted that 10v/s was not the correct number. Comment Type T Comment Status A CI 33 SC 2.3.4 P 25 L 25 # 265 Clarify Reset timing is only for 2-event classifiation and add timing parameter. Stanford, Clay Linear Technology SuggestedRemedy Comment Type Ε Comment Status A Table 33-4a Item 9 Parameter Trise has been eliminated. Remove references to Trise. Classification Reset TiminglTresetImslTBDlTBDlblank SuggestedRemedy SHOULD BE: IS: Classification Reset Timing|Treset|ms|5|blank|blank c....ompleted the ramp of power per Trise of Table 33-5 and is operating... Response Response Status C SHOULD BE: ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. c....ompleted the ramp of power and is operating... Response Status C Classification Reset Timing|Treset|ms|TBD|TBD|blank ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. SHOULD BE: Classification Reset Timing|Treset|ms|15|blank|blank completed the ramp of power per Trise of Table 33-5 and is operating...

SHOULD BE:

completed the ramp of power and is operating...

# 266

# 267

Cl 33 SC 33.2.7.2 P37 L37 # 268 Law. David 3Com

Comment Type Т Comment Status A

1-Event and 2-Event Classification is orthogonal to the PSE Type, see Table 33-2a. In additio suggest that the first sentence here and in 33.2.7.2a should be reworded.

SugaestedRemedy

Change 'The Type 1 PSE shall provide to the PI VClass with a current limitation ...' to read 'To perform 1-Event classification the PSE shall apply a voltage VClass to the PI with a current limitation ..'.

On line 42 change 'The Type 1 PSE shall measure the resultant ...' to read 'The PSE shall measure the resultant ..'.

Similarly for 2-Event classification:

On line 50 change 'The Type 2 PSE shall provide to the PI VClass as defined ..' to read 'To perform 2-Event classification the PSE shall apply a voltage VClass to the PI as defined ....

Delete the words 'Type 2' from:

Page 37. line 51.

Page 38, line 22.

Page 38, line 25.

Also change 'The Type 2 Physical Layer PSE shall ..' to read 'The PSE shall ..'.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE - find comment

Cl 33 SC 3.5.4 P61 L16 # 269 Law. David 3Com

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Not entirely sure what 'At any static voltage at the PI and PD operating condition' means, think is meant to mean that any PI voltage and any PD operating condition.

SuggestedRemedy

ACCEPT.

Change the text 'At any static voltage at the PI and PD operating condition the peak current ...' read 'At any static voltage at the PI, and any PD operating condition, the peak current ..'.

Response Response Status C

Cl 33 SC 3.5.4 P61 / 17 # 270 Law. David 3Com

Comment Type T Comment Status R

The text states 'Peak current shall not exceed IPort max'. Which IPort max is this, looking at Table 33-12 lport appears in both Items 4 and 5 and both of these items reference this subclause.

SuggestedRemedv

I believe that item 4 provides the IPort max that is being referenced, for clarity suggest that the text '(See Table 33-12, item 4)' be added.

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

Duplicate of 219

Cl 33 SC 33.2.7 P36 L24 # 271 Law, David 3Com

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

class motion

The text 'An Endpoint Type 2 PSE shall perform classification using either 2-Event Physical Layer classification or Data Link Layer classification.' is not correct as the motion to use this approach failed. See also Table 33-2a.

SugaestedRemedy

Change the text to read 'An Endpoint Type 2 PSE shall perform classification using either 1-Event or 2-Event Physical Layer classification.'

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

see 39

Cl 33 SC 33.2.7.2a P38 L48 # 272
Law. David 3Com

Comment Type TR Comment Status R

The text 'If the result of the first class event is Class 4, the PSE may omit the subsequent mar and class events only if the PSE implements Data Link Layer classification. In this case, the Type 2 PSE shall assume it is powering a Type 1 PD until successful Data Link Layer classification is performed.' should be deleted as it isn't correct anymore.

According to table 33-2a a Type 2 PSE can choose to do either 1-Event or 2-Event classification. If it chooses to do 1-Event classification it is mandatory that it supports DLL.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete this paragraph.

Response Status C

REJECT.

Paragraph has been significantly modified. Please review and comment if not fixed.

Cl 33 SC 2.8 P41 L37 # 273

Law, David 3Com

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

1-Event and 2-Event Classification is orthogonal to the PSE Type, see Table 33-2a.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the entries in the PSE Type column to read '1,2' and differentiate the two rows of item 20 as being 1-Event and 2-Event.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

OBE - 245???