

Baseline for Classification

Wael Diab, Broadcom

Fred Schindler, Cisco Systems

Bill Delveaux, Cisco Systems

Dan Dove, ProCurve Networking by HP

David Law, 3COM

Steve Carlson, High Speed Design

Matthew Landry, Silicon Labs

Recap of Progress & State To-Date

- Identified 2 problems, proposed unified solution
 - L2 capable PSE end-points using L2 at minimal cost
 - L1 capable PSE mid-spans requiring L1 solution
- Have made progress on L2
- Would like to
 - Maintain a unified solution for both problems
 - Keep moving the Task Force forward
 - Avoid splitting out the mid-span solution
 - Keep it simple
- How do we achieve this?

Simple Classification Baseline

PSE

- AT L2: Detects and classifies class 4. Communicates with PD in L2. Mutual ID achieved.
- AT L1: Detects and classifies class 4. Repeats classification (“dumb ping-pong”). Mutual ID achieved.
- AT PSEs shall choose the classification extension used.
- Legacy PSEs: Unchanged

PD

- AT PD: Use class 4 for all 802.3at PDs. After 1st classification, either
 - L2 communication which identifies 802.3at endspan
 - Second classification (“dumb ping-pong”). Identifies 802.3at midspan
 - Power-on after one classification cycle. Identifies legacy PSE
- Legacy PDs: Unchanged

Power Limits after classifying a Class 4 PD

- AT L2 PSEs enforce legacy limit until L2 is up
- AT L1 PSEs enforce maximum power limit per 802.3at objective
- AT PDs operate under class 0 limits until either L2 is up or second class and power-on
- Legacy PDs and PSEs Unchanged

Motion

- Move that:

The IEEE 802.3at Task Force adopts diab_schindler_1106_1.pdf as the baseline for 802.3at classification as modified.

- M: W. Diab

- S: F. Schindler

- All Y: 37 N: 0 A: 3

- .3 Y: 31 N: 0 A: 2

Tech \geq 75%