

Cable and Thermal Derating Revisited

Bill Delveaux - Cisco

Joe Berry - Bel

Rick Frosch – Phihong

John Jetzt – Avaya

Chad Jones – Cisco

Martin Patoka – TI

Clay Stanford – Linear Tech

Dan Dove – HP Procurve

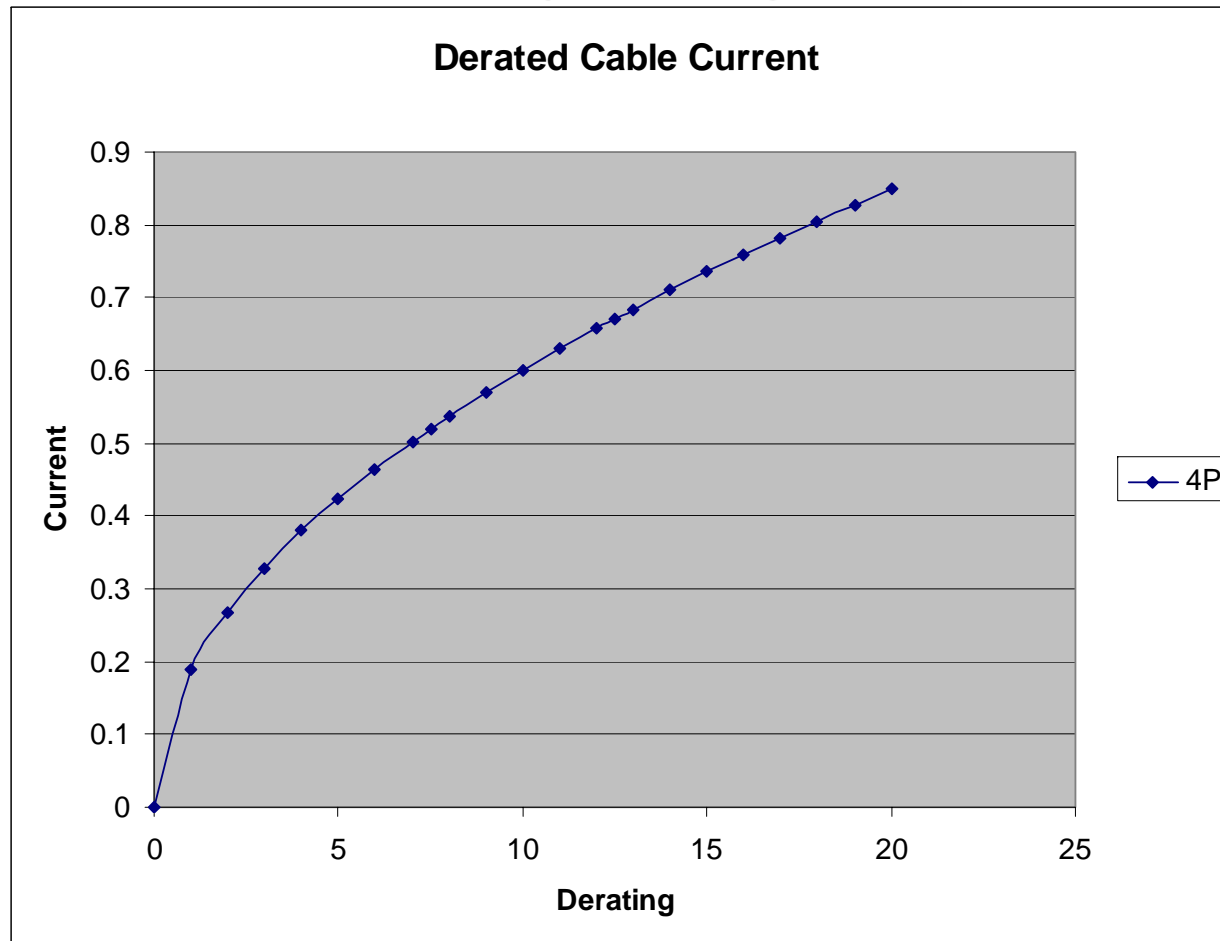
D. Matthew Landry - SiLabs

Introduction

- **ISO/TIA recommendations based on all four pairs carrying current**
- **PoE Plus is based on two pairs carrying current**
- **Power dissipated in the cable is half, as specified by ISO/TIA at the same current**

Two pair temperature derating

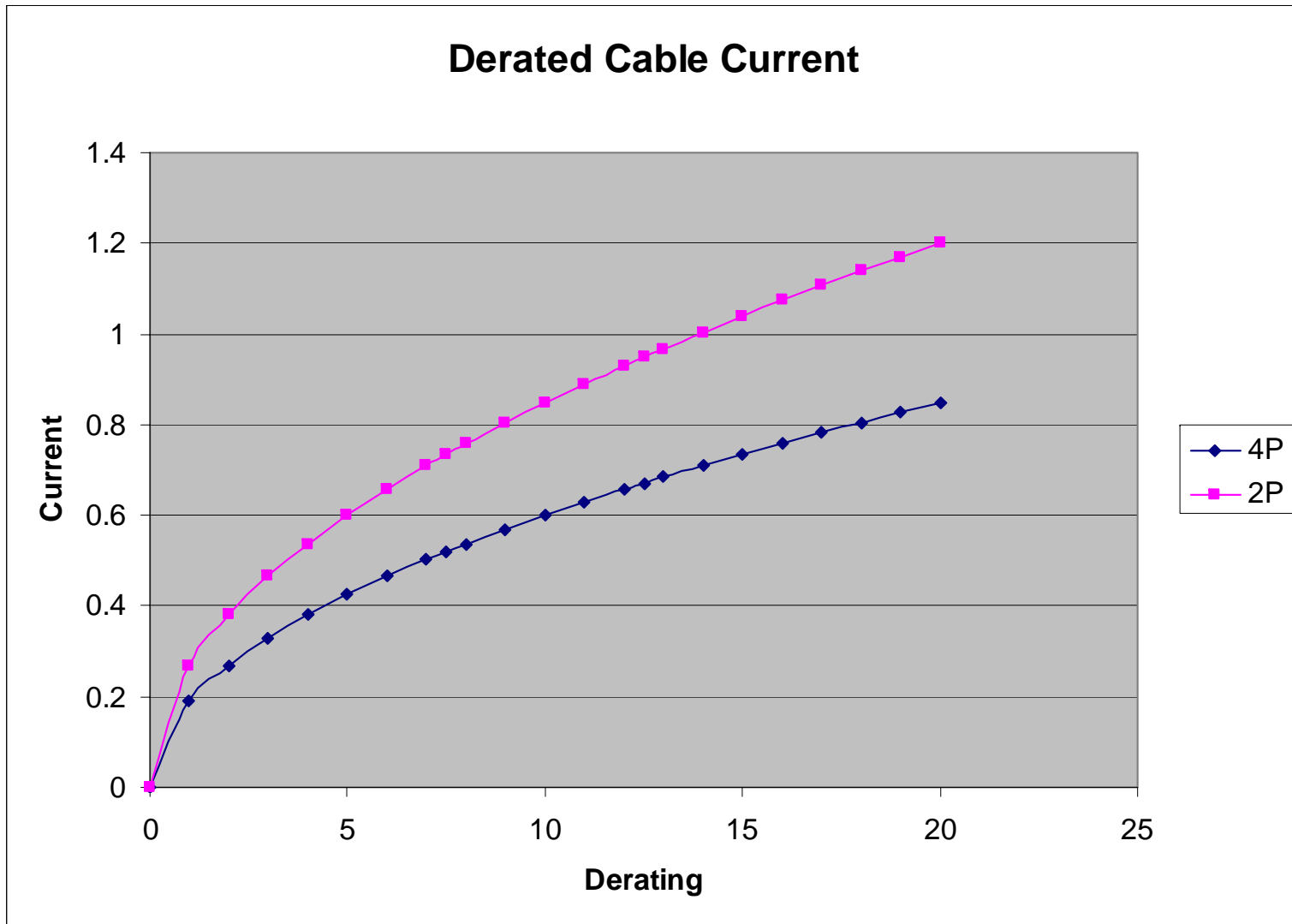
$$I_t = K \cdot \left(1 - \frac{t}{60}\right)^{0.5} \text{ A}$$



We can get more temp range...

current	4-pair	2-pair
424mA	5 C	2.5 C
600mA	10 C	5 C
735mA	15 C	7.5 C

Two pair vs. Four pair temp derating



Proposal

Cisco.com

- **Two pair**
- **600 mA**
- **5C derating**

Motion

- **Move that the IEEE 802.3at Task Force adopt the following changes to the text in paragraph 33.1.4.2:**

Under worst case conditions, Type 2 operation requires a 10°C reduction in the maximum ambient operating temperature of the cable. Worst case operation assumes cable bundles with all pairs simultaneously energized at the maximum DC cable current specified in Table 33–1. **Type 2 operation that energizes two pairs requires a 5°C reduction.** Additional guidelines for the ambient operating temperature of Type 2 cables for 802.3at applications are addressed in ISO/IEC TR 29125 and TIA/EIA-TSBXX “Guidelines for Supporting Power Delivery over Balanced Twisted-Pair Cabling”.

Mover: Bill Delveaux

Second: Martin Patoka

All in Room

For: x

Against: y

Abstain: z

Motion p/f?

‘Black’ text from resolution to comment #509