

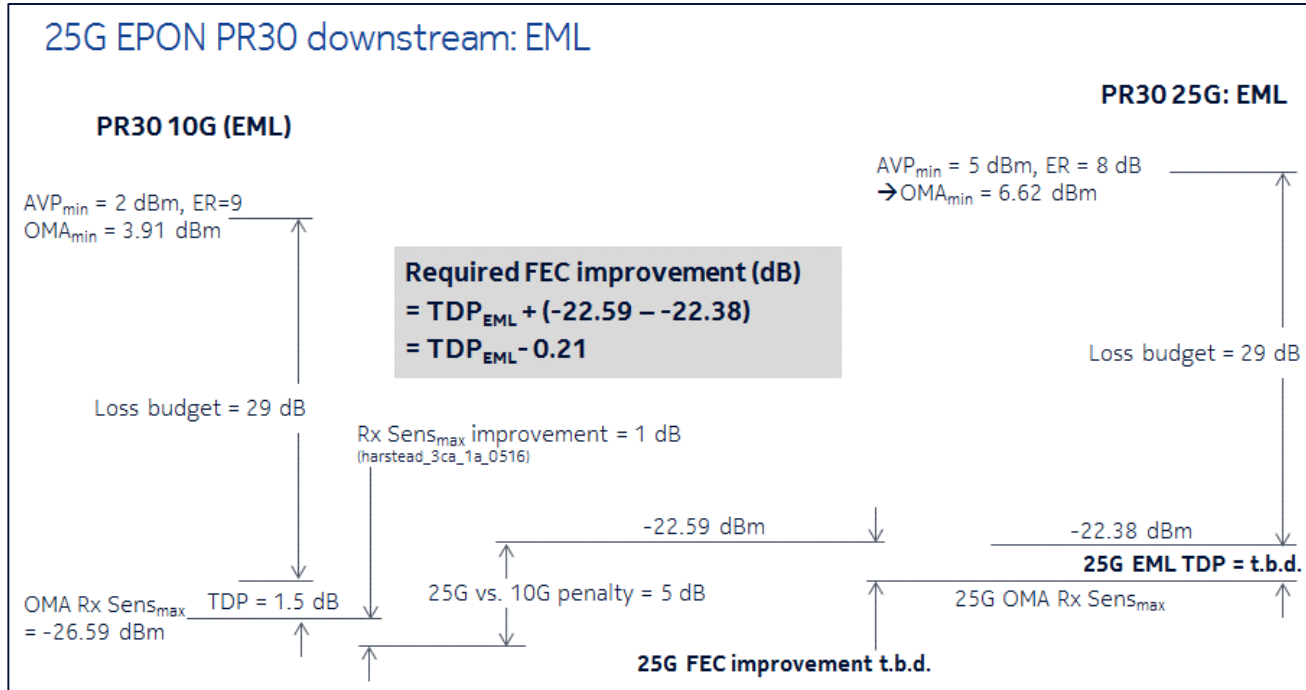
25G EPON downstream power budget- 3rd iteration

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Previous iteration:

- In harstead_3ca_2a_0716, proposed FEC requirement as a function of TDP:



- Subsequently we have had new contributions on FEC, TDP, DS/US gap, Rx sensitivity

Scope

Scope of this document

25G OLT

25G λ_1 Tx

S_{25}

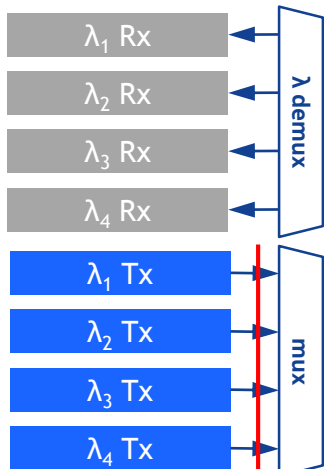
ODN

R_{25}

25G ONU

25G λ_1 Rx

100G OLT



S'_{100}

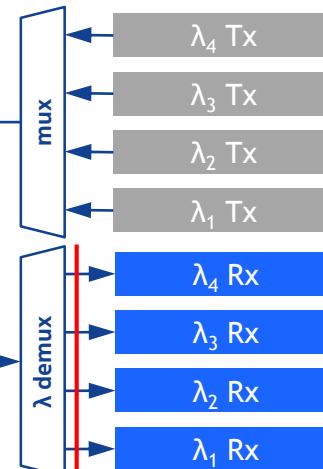
Same methodology
may be applied to
50G/100G

S_{100}

ODN

R_{100}

100G ONU



R'_{100}

R'_{100} may be adopted
from R_{25}

Reference: harstead_3ca_1b_0916

Updates

- ER = 8
 - Previously, considered both EML (ER=8 dB) and cooled DML (ER=6 dB) OLT transmitters. Narrow to EML only. Why: the TDP for the DML increases quickly above 1330 nm
 - Elimination of Wavelength Plan C (could have put DS0 at e.g. 1310 nm, allowing DML with low TDP)
 - Want to maximize DS/US gap (johnson_3ca_1a_1116): move DS wavelengths as close as possible to 1360 nm.
- Receiver sensitivity = -24.2 dBm
 - From harstead_3ca_4_0117, ONU Rx Sens_{max} = -24.2 dBm @ ER=8 dB , BER = 10⁻³.
- FEC improvement = 0.5 dB
 - In houtsma_3ca_1_0916 and effenberger_3ca_1_1116, the best proposed FEC with low complexity and no additional overhead compared to 10G EPON is RS(992,864) (symbol length = 10 bits) with input BER = 4x10⁻³, which yields a 0.5 dB optical improvement.
 - Per tf_closing_3ca_1_1116.pdf: “FEC (use a strawman of RS(992,864) until further contributions for developing the loss budgets)”.
- TDP = 1.5 dB
 - Reference: tanaka_3ca_1_1116
 - Based on time resolved chirp method in tanaka_3ca_1_0516, plus margin, and not to be less than 10G EPON downstream TDP
- DS/US gap:
 - Receiver sensitivity is derived from low cost 10G EPON ONU focus beam BOSA with 295 nm DS/US gap.
 - 4 - depending on wavelength plan, there may be up to 1.3 dB additional filter loss for smaller DS/US gap.

ONU receiver sensitivity and OLT launch power specs.

OLT spec AVP_{min} = 5.8 dBm

(ER min = 8 dB)

ONU Rx Sens_{max} -24.2 dBm
@ ER=8 dB, BER = 10⁻³

FEC improvement 0.5 dB

Assume excess loss due to smaller DS/US gap = 0 dB

Loss budget = 29 dB

TDP = 1.5 dB

ONU spec

Rx Sens_{max} = -24.7 dBm

@ ER = 8 dB, BER = 4x10⁻³

- 5.8 dBm is 0.5 dB more than the vendor input summarized in harstead_3ca_1a_0716 (mean + 1 sigma, p. 8)
- This assumes 0 dB excess diplexer loss for smaller DS/US gap. May need to be adjusted depending on wavelength plan selection and agreement on values.

Decision: How to get 0.5 more dB

1. Increase Reed-Solomon FEC OH to obtain another 0.5 dB improvement (i.e. 1.0 dB improvement vs. 10G EPON). Two proposals have been made:
 1. RS(1023,847) per effenberger_3ca_1_1116. Increases FEC OH from 13% to 17%.
 2. RS(992,792) per houtsma_3ca_1_0916. Increases FEC OH from 13% to 20%:
 - It might be OK to increase the downstream overhead by 4-7% since upstream throughput is already compromised by other overheads (due to burst mode) to a greater degree.
2. Push optics vendors for 0.5 dB higher output power.

NOKIA