# **Upstream wavelength plan**

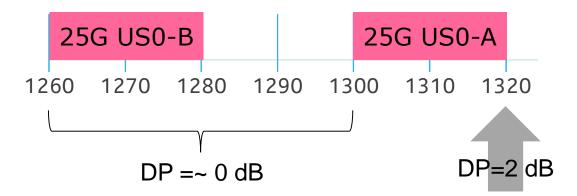
• Ed Harstead, Nokia

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#### **Upstream dispersion penalties**

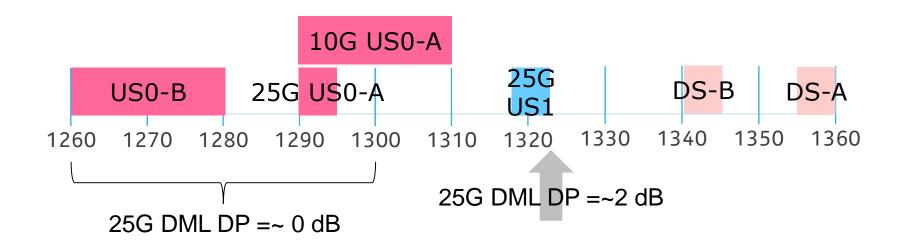
From harstead\_3ca\_2a\_1117: For a DML, there is a strong dependence of dispersion penalty (DP) on wavelength.

Worst dispersion penalty at 25G for DML



□ To obtain the same DP=0 for 25G US0-A, we can restrict its wavelength range to be ≤1300 nm

### **Dispersion-optimized US wavelength plan**

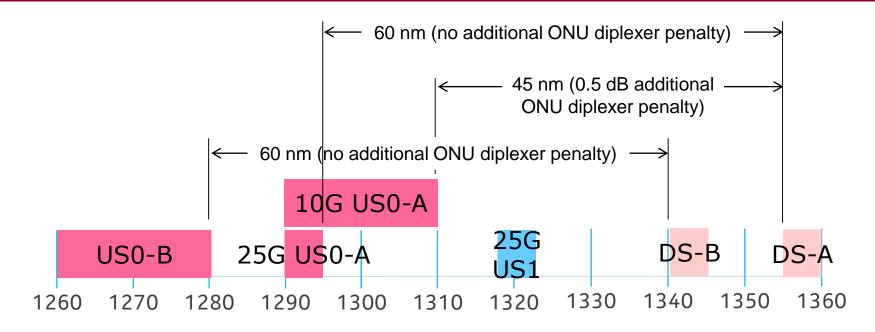


 $\Box$  DML DP ~0 dB for 25G US0-A, to be equivalent to 25G US0-B.

- Keep 20 nm for 10G US0-A: allows uncooled DMLs in 25/10 ONUs using US0-A.
- □ The burden of DP=2 dB is deferred until 2x25G EPON

### **Diplexer penalty**





#### US0-B ONUs:

- Both 25/10 and 25/25 ONUs have a 60 nm DS/US gap and therefore no diplexer penalty
- US0-A ONUs:
  - 25/25 ONUs have a 60 nm DS/US gap and therefore no diplexer penalty
  - 25/10 ONUs have a 45 nm DS/US gap and a 0.5 dB diplexer penalty. The 10G ONU transmitter may absorb this penalty in the US. The 25G ONU receiver may be required to absorb this penalty in the DS.

## References

- DML dispersion penalties per umeda\_3ca\_1\_1117 (interpolate for intermediate values), liu\_3ca\_1\_0917 and liu\_3ca\_2\_0118.
- 25G ONU optical module diplexer penalties per funada\_3ca\_1\_0117