Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.115a P 46 L 13 # 1 Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.137a P 56 L 41 # 3 Anslow, Pete Anslow, Pete Independent Independent Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Type E Comment Status X When a new subclause is inserted between two existing subclauses of the same level Table 45-103c concerns register 1.1320, but there are 4 instances of 1.1120 in the table. (e.g., between 45.2.114 and 45.2.115) the new subclause number is the same as the lower SuggestedRemedy of the two with "a" added. This is 45.2.114a in the example. See 2020 IEEE SA Style manual: https://mentor.ieee.org/myproject/Public/mytools/draft/styleman.pdf#page=40 Change 1.1120 to 1.1320 in four places. The same principle applies to inserted tables. Proposed Response Response Status O This needs to be corrected for 45.2.1.115a, Table 45–93a, 45.2.1.126a, Table 45–100a SuggestedRemedy Change the numbering of 45.2.1.115a. Table 45–93a. 45.2.1.126a. and Table 45–100a to CIASC A P 205 **L8** be 45.2.1.114a, Table 45–92a, 45.2.1.125a, and Table 45–99a, respectively. Anslow. Pete Independent Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type Ε Comment Status X "OIF-CEI-05. ..." should appear in the bibliography after "[B55] OIF-CEI-04.0. ..." C/ 45 SC 45.2.1.135a P 55 L 11 # 2 SuggestedRemedy Change the numbering from [B22a] to [B55a] Anslow. Pete Independent Comment Status X Proposed Response Comment Type Ε Response Status O Changes for table footnotes b and c are not shown correctly. Similar issues in Tables 45-103b, 45-103c, and 45-103d. C/ 30 SC 30.6.1.1.5 P 36 L 32 SuggestedRemedy Hajduczenia, Marek In Table 45-103a: Charter Communications in the row for 1.1120.4:2 underline the added "c" Comment Type E Comment Status X Underline the whole of table footnotes b and c "as specified in Clause 73 (see 73.6.5) and" - I see very little value in adding Clause and In Table 45-103b: then subclause information - subclause information is sufficient in the row for 1.1220.5:3 underline the added "b" Underline the whole of table footnote b SuggestedRemedy In Table 45-103c: Change to "as specified in 73.6.5 and" in the row for 1.1320.4:2 underline the added "c"

Proposed Response

Underline the whole of table footnote b

Proposed Response Response Status O

In Table 45-103d:

Underline the whole of table footnotes b and c

in the row for 1.1420.5:3 underline the added "b"

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Response Status O

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.115a P 46 L 37 # 6 C/ 163 SC 163.9.3 P 190 L 24 # 9 **Charter Communications** Huawei Hajduczenia, Marek Brown, Matt Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X Lots of unnecessary empty lines in between subclauses, tables, and text blocks. For the KR receiver, there is no requirement specified to meet the specifications over the entire signaling rate range. See 162.9.4.1 for a relevant example. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Please remove all unnecessary white (empty) lines between (for example) 45.2.1.115 and Add a new sublcause before 163.9.3.1 with heading "Receiver signaling rate" and content 45.2.1.117 - these continue until at least page 54 as follows: Proposed Response Response Status O "A PHY shall comply with the receiver requirements of 163.9.3.4 and 163.9.3.5 for any signaling rate in the range 53.125 GBd ± 100 ppm." Add a new row in Table 163-8 specifying the signaling rate range and reference the new C/ 80 SC 80.1.4 P 73 L 47 subclause. Proposed Response Response Status O Hajduczenia, Marek **Charter Communications** Comment Type E Comment Status X Dead link "Clause 91 or Clause 161" C/ 120F SC 120F.3.2 P 222 L 38 # 10 SuggestedRemedy Brown, Matt Huawei Add live hyperlink for these two clause numbers Comment Type TR Comment Status X Proposed Response Response Status O For the C2C receiver, there is no requirement specified to meet the specifications over the entire signaling rate range. See 162.9.4.1 for a relevant example. SuggestedRemedy C/ 162 SC 162 9 4 1 P 161 L 4 # 8 Add a new sublcause before 120F.3.2.1 with heading "Receiver signaling rate" and content Brown. Matt Huawei as follows: "The receiver shall comply with the requirements of 120F.3.2.3 and 120F.3.2.4 for any Comment Type T Comment Status X signaling rate in the range 53.125 GBd ± 100 ppm." Specification of the nominal unit interval is unnecessary and redundant (since it can easily Add a new row in Table 120F-4 specifying the signaling rate range and reference the new be derived from the nominal signaling rate). It is not specified for KR, C2C, or C2M. For subclause. consistency with sister Clauses/Annexes, this specification should be removed. Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Delete the sentence "This translates to a nominal unit interval of 18.82353 ps."

Proposed Response

Response Status O

[Editor's note: Changed page from 162 to 161.]

SC 120G.3.3 L 25 # 11 C/ 120G P 243 Huawei Brown, Matt Comment Type TR Comment Status X

For the C2M host input, there is no clear requirement to meet the specifications over the entire signaling rate range. See 162.9.4.1 for a relevant example.

#### SuggestedRemedy

Add a new sublcause before 120G.3.3.1 with heading "Host input signaling rate" and content as follows:

"The host input shall comply with the requirements of 120G.3.3.3 for any signaling rate in the range 53.125 GBd ± 100 ppm."

In Table 120G-7 add a reference to the new subclause for the signaling rate row.

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.4 P 247 L 27 # 12

Brown, Matt Huawei Comment Status X

TR

For the C2M module input, there is no clear requirement to meet the specifications over the entire signaling rate range. See 162.9.4.1 for a relevant example.

#### SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

Add a new subclause before 120G.3.4.1 with heading "Module input signaling rate" and content as follows:

"The module input shall comply with the requirements of 120G.3.4.1 for any signaling rate in the range 53.125 GBd ± 100 ppm."

In Table 120G-10 add a reference to the new subclause in the signaling rate row.

Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 120G SC 120G.3.3.3.1 P 245

L 33

# 13

Brown, Matt Huawei Comment Type TR Comment Status D

In previous drafts we aligned KR, CR, and C2C such that they share the same litter tolerance table. Table 162-15 and added a new frequency point at 0.4 MHz. The same table should be used for C2M.

### SuggestedRemedy

Delete Table 120G-9.

At page 245 line 1, change the sentence to: "Sinusoidal jitter is applied with frequency and peak-to-peak amplitude according to each case in Table 162-15.

At page 248 line3, change the sentence to: "The amount of applied peak-to-peak sinusoidal jitter used for the module stressed input test is given in Table 162-15." In Table 120G-8 and Table 120G-11, change "Table 120G-9" to "Table 162-15".

Proposed Response Response Status O

[Editor's note: Changed subclause from 120G.3.3.3 to 120G.3.3.3.1.]

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.1 P 237 L 17 # 14

Brown, Matt Huawei

Comment Type ER Comment Status X

The eye height is defined by the measurement method in 120G.3.1.5 and it is not necessary to qualify it as being "differential". If so, the VEC should also be qualified as "differential".

#### SuggestedRemedy

Change "Eye height, differential (min)" to "Eye height (min)"

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 120F SC 120F.3.2.4 P 225 L 1 # 15

Brown, Matt Huawei

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

In the exception list in 120F.3.2.4, the last exception (item d) is a repeat of an exception (item i) in 120F.3.2.3. Since 120F.3.2.4, is referencing 120F.3.2.3, the exception in item d is not required.

#### SuggestedRemedy

In 120F.3.2.4, delete the last exception (item d).

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 120F SC 120F.4 L 49 # 16 C/ 00 SC  $P\mathbf{0}$ LO P 225 # 19 Huawei Brown, Matt Brown, Matt Huawei Comment Type ER Comment Status X Comment Type ER Comment Status X It would be beneficial to include a specification summary table for the C2C channel similar In various clauses and annexes we specify various insertion loss, conversion loss, and to the Tables for C2C TX (Table 120F-1), C2C RX (Table 120G-4), and CR Channel (Table return loss characteristics. The wording to identify and the variable names used to define 162-16). these characteristics is inconsistent. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Create a new table similar to Table 162-16 to summarize the C2M channel characteristics Use consistent terminology and variable names to describe and specify the various terms. A presentation will be provided to explain further and provide proposals. including related introductory text. Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 163 SC 163.10 P 193 L 43 # 17 C/ 120G SC 120G.3.1.5 P 239 **L8** # 20 Brown, Matt Huawei Brown, Matt Huawei Comment Type ER Comment Status X Comment Type ER Comment Status X It would be beneficial to include a specification summary table for the KR channel similar to An acronym for vertical eye closure (VEC) is defined in the first sentence of 120G.3.1.5. the Tables for KR TX (Table 120F-5), KR RX (Table 163-8), and CR Channel (Table 162-However, the acronym is rarely used in 120G and the full name is normally used. Since this 16). The text in 163.10 is not complete and can be replaced with a summary table. acronym was not defined in 120E, where the base methodology is defined, 120G should continue to use the full name only. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Delete the current text in 163.10. Create a new table similar to Table 162-16 to summarize the KR channel characteristics Delete all instance of the acronym VEC in 120G. Alternately, where appropriate, replace all instances of "vertical eye closure" with the including related introductory text. acronym VEC. Proposed Response Response Status 0 Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 162 SC 162.11.5 P 168 L 37 # 18 C/ 120G SC 120G.3.4.1.1 P 247 L 53 # 21 Brown. Matt Huawei Brown, Matt Huawei Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Comment Type Comment Status D ER In a previous draft, a new parameter was added to constrain the CR channel differential to common-mode conversion loss. The term used to identify this parameter is: "difference Grammar between the cable assembly differential to common-mode conversion loss and the cable SuggestedRemedy assembly insertion loss". The purpose of this parameter might not be immediately clear to a new reader of this standard and would benefit from a brief explanation. Change "Eye height vertical eye closure are measured" To "Eve height and vertical eve closure are measured" SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O

differential noise at the receiver relative to the signal level at the receiver." Proposed Response Response Status O

Add an explanation of the purpose of this parameter. Perhaps: "This parameter constrains

the amount of common-mode noise present at the transmitter that is converted to

[Editor's note: Changed line from 43 to 53.]

C/ 163B SC 163B.1 L 12 # 22 C/ 162A SC 162A.5 P 263 L 28 # 25 P 297 Huawei IEEE Member / Self Brown, Matt Laubach, Mark Comment Type E Comment Status D Comment Type E Comment Status X The test point name TP0a is now obsolete. References to TP0a in Annex 163B are also "usingEquation" needs a space references to TP0v. but for a specific example. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change to "using Equation" In 163B.1 delete the second sentence. Proposed Response Response Status O In the first paragraph in 163B.2 change TP0a to TP0v. In the heading of Table 163B-1, change TP0a to TP0v. Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 91 SC 91.6 P 85 L 28 [Editor's note: Changed line from 297 to 12.] Laubach, Mark IFFF Member / Self # 23 C/ 162 SC 162.9.3 P 154 L7 Comment Type E Comment Status X Line breaking of "threshold" after the "t" doesn't look good. Brown. Matt Huawei Comment Type T Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy In Table 162-10, the nominal unit interval is specified. This seems unecessary and Perhaps resizing the columns can make it look better or forcing a newline before the "t"? redundant (since it can easily be derived from the nominal signaling rate). It is not specified Proposed Response Response Status O for KR, C2C, or C2C. For consistency with sister Clauses/Annexes, this specification should be removed. SuggestedRemedy C/ 119 SC 119.6.4.12 P 99 L 41 # 27 In Table 162-10, remove row specifying the "Unit interval (nominal)". Laubach, Mark IFFF Member / Self Proposed Response Response Status 0 Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Line break of "status" after "stat" doesn't loook good. C/ 136 SC 136.8.11 P 115 1 29 # 24 SuggestedRemedy Perhaps forcing a newline before "status"? Marris. Arthur Cadence Design Systems Comment Status X Comment Type Proposed Response Response Status O Need to point out that the Clause 136 control function is not just for 50G lane PMDs

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

SuggestedRemedy

162."
Proposed Response

Add the following extra paragraph to the end of 136.8.11:

"The PMD control function specified in this clause is not only used by 50 Gb/s per lane PMDs, but also by other PMDs, such as the 100 Gb/s per lane PMDs specified in Clause

Response Status O

Mellitz, Richard Samtec

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Reports of high VEC measurements were reported in calvin\_3ck\_02\_1020 suggest 50 nUI of Sj is a strong factor. The value of Sj seems to be inherited from older specification. Hence there does not seem to be a tie between Tx jitter measured and Rx jitter injected.

SuggestedRemedy

Based on extrapolation from J3u in 162 and 163 add to table 120G-6 Jitter (max)

Jrms = 0.23 UI refer to 120F.3.1.3J4u = 0.129 UI refer to 120F.3.1.3

Even-odd jitter, pk-pk = 0.023 UI refer to 120F.3.1.3

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.4 P 247 L 25 # 29

Mellitz, Richard Samtec

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

Reports of high VEC measurements were reported in calvin\_3ck\_02\_1020 suggest 50 nUl of Sj is a strong factor. The value of Sj seems to be inherited from older specification. Hence there does not seem to be a tie between Tx iitter measured and Rx iitter injected.

SuggestedRemedy

Based on extrapolation from J3u in 162 and 163 add to table 120G-10 Jitter (max)

Jrms = 0.23 UI refer to 120F.3.1.3

J4u = 0.129 UI refer to 120F.3.1.3

Even-odd jitter, pk-pk = 0.023 UI refer to 120F.3.1.3

Proposed Response Response Status O

[Editor's note: Changed subclause from 120G.3.2 to 120G.3.4.]

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.3.3.1

P **245** 

L 49

# 30

Mellitz, Richard

Samtec

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

There is more than a few dB VEC difference between simulations using the COM computation script using 0.025 UI of Add and measurements using 50 mUI of Sj for a 16 dB channel. The measured VEC with 50 mUI of Sj approaches 15.7 dB,

The actual jitter injected during the a receiver compliance test may introduce a degree of instrument and test set up jitter uncertainty or amplification at the receiver test point.

SuggestedRemedy

Change p245 line 49

Random jitter and bounded uncorrelated jitter are added such that the output of the pattern generator approximates the output jitter profile given by maximum JRMS and maximum J4u, and complies with the even-odd jitter specification, in Table 120F–1.

To

Random jitter and bounded uncorrelated jitter are added such that the input to the host approximates the output jitter profile given by maximum JRMS and maximum J4u, and complies with the even-odd jitter specification, in Table 120G-6.

Other solutions are possible like lowering injected Sj to 20 mUI.

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.4.1.1

P 248 L 12

# 31

Mellitz, Richard

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

There is more than a few dB VEC difference between simulations using the COM computation script using 0.025 UI of Add and measurements using 50 mUI of Sj for a 16 dB channel. The measured VEC with 50 mUI of Sj approaches 15.7 dB.

Samtec

The actual jitter injected during the a receiver compliance test may introduce a degree of instrument and test set up jitter uncertainty or amplification at the receiver test point.

SuggestedRemedy

Change p245 line 49

Random jitter and bounded uncorrelated jitter are added such that the output of the pattern generator approximates the output jitter profile given by maximum JRMS and maximum J4u, and complies with the even-odd jitter specification, in Table 120F–1.

To

Random jitter and bounded uncorrelated jitter are added such that the input to the host approximates the output jitter profile given by maximum JRMS and maximum J4u, and complies with the even-odd jitter specification, in Table 120G-10.

Other solutions are possible like lowering injected Si to 20 mUI.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 31

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C/ 162 SC 162.9.3.4 P 158 # 32 C/ 162 SC 162.9.4.4.2 P 164 L 25 L 39 # 35 Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi Ghiasi, Ali Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type ER Comment Status D "Meeting even-odd jitter requriement with only one CRU bandwidth is sufficient" is not clear Receiver iitter tolerance test point B to F test frequencies are ~2.5x but test point A and B are a decade apart SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy What is the intention of only one CRU bandwidth, please make it clear. Please add additional test frequency between A and B at 133 KHz with amplitude of 1.5 UI Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O [Editor's note: Changed page from 234 to 164.] # 33 C/ 162 SC 162.9.4.3 P 161 L 36 C/ 162 SC 162.11.7.2 P 174 L8 # 36 Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X Table 162-14 references table 110-8 and figure 110-3b, but unlike CL 110 for the case of Table 162-20 should be updated with MDI supporting 112G low loss channel Test 1 frequency dependent attenuator is zero because the loss of cable assembly=test chanel loss SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Please replace SFP+ with SFP112 SFP-DD with SFP-DD112 If the low loss channel also include frequency dependent attenuator then please increase loss by 4.75 dB, if the intention was to not include frequency dependent attenuator then a QSFP+ with QSFP112 note would be helpful Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status 0 C/ 163 SC 163.10.7 P 198 L 31 # 37 C/ 120G SC 120G.3.2 P 240 L 10 # 34 Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status D Given that we have increased Baudrate it is logical to increase 3 dB cutoff by factor 2 Given that now we have AUI-S/L far end eye would be AUI-S min eye opening SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Please increase 3 dB cutoff from 50 KHz to 100 KHz given that this standard is operating The eve opening with 50 mUI rectangular window for AUI-L is VEO=11 mV, see at 2x Baudrate of 802.3cd. It is well understood that if one needs to support 50G PAM4 ghiasi 3ck 01 0121 then DC block corner frequency will be 50 KHz, but keeping 50 KHz for 100G PAM4 it just will force 200G gets force to 50 KHz assuming one generation support Proposed Response Response Status 0 Proposed Response Response Status O [Editor's note: Changed page/line from 164/13 to 240/10.]

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 37

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Cl 162 SC 162.11 P165 L 43 # 38
Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Given that we have increased Baudrate it is logical to increase 3 dB cutoff by factor 2

SuggestedRemedy

Please increase 3 dB cutoff from 50 KHz to 100 KHz given that this standard is operating at 2x Baudrate of 802.3cd. It is well understood that if one needs to support 50G PAM4 then DC block corner frequency will be 50 KHz, but keeping 50 KHz for 100G PAM4 it just will force 200G gets force to 50 KHz assuming one generation support

Proposed Response Status O

Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

VEC limit of 12 dB and VEO limit of 10 mV results in well constructed host to fail, this was not the case prior to adding timing window of +/-50 mUI.

SuggestedRemedy

The agreement was not to shift the burden for host or module when we defined new values for VEC and VEO based on timing window ts=+/- 50 mUI. Unfortuntatly the VEC and VEO limits result in host that passed now will fail.

Propose new limits for VEO=8 mV and VEC=13.5 dB and see ghiasi 3ck 01 0421

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.2.1 P240 L37 # 40

Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Table 120G-4 defines AUI short and long but with proper reference

SuggestedRemedy

Please reference table 120G-5

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.2.2.1

P **242** 

L 10

# 41

Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

Table 120G-5 PCB length are for the reference MCB but based on construction the MCB loss may vary

SuggestedRemedy

Add note to the table that above PCB length assumes an MCB loss of 2.4 dB, please also list the PCB losses in dB instead of every reader trying to calculate

80 mm = 3.1 dB

160 mm = 6.6 dB

244.7 mm = 9.6 dB

To account for any difference in MTF loss from 6.6 dB it would be beter to list the dB value for the trace+MTF and list the PCB lenghts as reference, in that case then

80 mm becomes = 3.1 + 6.6 = 9.7 dB

160 mm becomes = 6.6+6.6 dB=13.2 dB

244.7 mm 9.6 + 6.6 dB=16.2 dB

Looking at Ghiasi 3ck 01 0421 there are several issues with above limits:

1. Max trace loss need to be reduced from 244.7 mm to 239.7 mm so the max loss is 16 dB 2. Current 160 mm max range for short results in excess VEC propose to reduce 132.6

mm (5.2 dB)

The proposed optimized new limits become:

Short 6.6 - 11.8 dB (inlcude 6.6 dB MTF loss)

Long 9.7 - 16 dB (include 6.6 dB MTF loss)

Proposed Response Response Status O

[Editor's note: Changed subclause from 120G.3.2.2 to 120G.3.2.2.1.]

Cl 120G SC 120G.3.1 P237 L17 # 42

Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

VEC limit of 12 dB and VEO limit of 10 mV results in well constructed host to fail, this was not the case prior to adding timing window of +/-50 mUI.

SuggestedRemedy

The agreement was not to shift the burden for host or module when we defined new values for VEC and VEO based on timing window ts=+/- 50 mUI. Unfortuntatly the VEC and VEO limits result in host that passed now will fail.

Propose new limits for VEO=8 mV and VEC=13.25 to 13.75 dB and see chiasi 3ck 01 0421

Proposed Response Status W

[Editor's note: Changed page from 233 to 237 and subclause from 120G.3.1.5 to 120G.3.1]

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.3.3.1 P 245 L 25 # 43 C/ 120G SC 120G.3.4.1 P 247 L 46 # 46 Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi Ghiasi, Ali Comment Type Т Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status D Receiver iitter tolerance test point B to F test frequencies are ~2.5x but test point A and B Table 120G-10 needs to be updated now that measurements are with 50 mUI window are a decade apart SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy See ghiasi 3ck 01 0121 and reduce eve height window from 15 mV to 9.5 mV Please add additional test frequency between A and B at 133 KHz with amplitude of 1.5 UI See ghiasi\_3ck\_01\_0121 and reduce eye height window from 7.5 dB to 14+/- 0.5 dB Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O [Editor's note: Changed page from 240 to 247.] C/ 120G SC 120G.5.2 P 252 L 16 C/ 120G SC 120G.5.2 P 253 L 27 # 47 Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi Ghiasi, Ali Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X aDC max value may result in very large VEC > 20 dB when module are tuned in the middle The new C2M test procedure no longer require eve opening measurement with introduction of range if plugged into min loss host. of timing window tx=+/- 50 mUI, given the amount f change it will be very confusing for the reader to follow the procedure! SuggestedRemedy SugaestedRemedy Suggest reducing gDC from -2 to -1 and see ghiasi\_3ck\_01\_0421 Please include a figure and full procedure in CL120G instead of referencing 120E Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 162C SC 162C.1 P 277 # 45 L 20 C/ 162B SC 162B.1.3.1 P 269 L 36 # 48 Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Status X Comment Type TR Table 162C-1 should be updated with MDI supporting 112G FOMILD of 0.13 dB is horibale for an MTF and it is significanly larger than Lim 2 inch SuggestedRemedy channel with 5 dB Please replace SFP+ with SFP112 SuggestedRemedy SFP-DD with SFP-DD112 QSFP+ with QSFP112 Reduce reduce ILD to 0.075, please ghiasi 3ck 01 0421 Proposed Response Proposed Response Response Status 0 Response Status O

C/ 163 SC 163.9.2.2 P189 L38	# 49	CI 162B SC 162B.2 P 297 L 22 # 53
Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi		Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi
Comment Type TR Comment Status X		Comment Type TR Comment Status X
No reference to Annex 163B which provide referene ERL		We have provided reference ERL for only 31 mm package
SuggestedRemedy		SuggestedRemedy
Please provide reference to CL 163B		Please also provide ERL data for the 12 mm package as well
Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>		Proposed Response Response Status O
C/ 162 SC 162.11.7 P170 L18	# 50	CI 120F SC 120F.3.1.1 P 220 L 22 # 54
Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi		Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi
Comment Type ER Comment Status D		Comment Type TR Comment Status X
Unit for Zc should be ohms not Farad		No reference to Annex 163B which provide referene ERL
SuggestedRemedy		SuggestedRemedy
Change to ohms		Please provide reference to CL 163B and explain that dERL of -3 dB would mean in case
Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>		of reference package ERL 9.95 dB
[Editor's note: Changed subclause from 162.11.7.1 to 162.11.7.]		Proposed Response Response Status O
Cl 162 SC 162.11.7 P170 L17	# [51	Cl 163 SC 163.9.3 P190 L16 # 55
Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi		Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi
Comment Type TR Comment Status D		Comment Type TR Comment Status X
Package delay Thao missing from table		No reference to Annex 163B which provide referene ERL
SuggestedRemedy		SuggestedRemedy
Add package delay thao 5.79e-3 ns/mm		Please provide reference to CL 163B
Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>		
[Editor's note: Changed subclause from 162.11.7.1 to 162.11.7.]		Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>
C/ 163 SC 163.10.1 P194 L13	# 52	
Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi		C/ 120G SC 120G.3.2.1 P 240 L 27 # 56
Comment Type TR Comment Status D		Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Inphi
Package delay Thao missing from table		Comment Type T Comment Status X
SuggestedRemedy		Short and long are not very descriptive
Add package delay thao 5.79e-3 ns/mm		SuggestedRemedy
Proposed Response Response Status <b>0</b>		Please replace short and long with "lower loss hosts" and "higher loss hosts"
		Proposed Response Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 56

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C/ 162 SC 162.11.7 P 170 L 41 # 57 C/ 120F SC 120F.3.1 L 16 # 60 P 219 Huawei Huawei Brown, Matt Brown, Matt Comment Type Т Comment Status D Comment Type E Comment Status X In Table 162-18 COM parameters for cable assembly, the step size for c(1) is 0.02 while in Align terminology with other clauses. Table 163-10 (KR) and Table 120F-7 (C2C) the step size is 0.05. There is no reason for SuggestedRemedy these values to be different. Change "Common-mode return loss" to "Common-mode to common-mode return loss" in SuggestedRemedy Table 120F-1 and in PICS item TC8 in 120F.5.4.1. Change the C(1) step size in Table 162-18 to 0.05 or alternately change C(1) step size in Proposed Response Response Status O 163-10 and Table 120F-7 to 0.02. Proposed Response Response Status O [Editor's note: Changed subclause from 162.11.7.1 to 162.11.7.] C/ 120F SC 120F.3.2.2 P 223 L 2 Brown, Matt Huawei C/ 162 SC 162.9.4.6 P 165 L 2 # 58 Comment Type E Comment Status X Brown. Matt Huawei Alian terminology with other clauses. Comment Type E Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy For Equation (162-9) specifying a limit for receiver differential to common-mode return loss there is no graph illustrating the limit. In Equation 120F-1 and in the variable list that follows, change variable name RL\_dcm to Return Loss. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Add figure with graph for Equation (162-9). Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 120G SC 120G.3.1.1 P 237 L 36 # 62 Brown, Matt Huawei C/ 162 SC 162.11.4 P 168 L 31 # 59 Comment Type E Comment Status X Brown, Matt Huawei Align terminology with other clauses. Comment Status X Comment Type Ε SuggestedRemedy Change Figure title to be consistent with text. In Equation 120G-1 and in the variable list that follows, change variable name RLDC to SuggestedRemedy Return Loss.

Proposed Response

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Change title to "Cable assembly differential to common-mode return loss"

Response Status O

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.3.1 P 243 # 63 C/ 162B SC 162B.1.3.5 P 272 L 31 L 34 # 66 Huawei Huawei Brown, Matt Brown, Matt Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X Align terminology with other clauses. Align terminology with other clauses. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy In Equation 120G-2 and in the variable list that follows, change variable name RLCD to In Equation 162B-8 and in the variable list that follows, change variable name CMDRL to Return\_Loss. Return\_Loss. Proposed Response Proposed Response Response Status O Response Status O C/ 162B SC 162B.1.3.4 P 271 L 26 C/ 162 SC 162.11.5 P 169 L 20 Huawei Brown, Matt Brown, Matt Huawei Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X Alian terminology with other clauses. Change Figure 162-7 title to be consistent with text. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change "common-mode return loss" to "Common-mode to common-mode return loss" in Change title to "Cable assembly differential to common-mode conversion loss" four places and in PICS item TF5. Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 1 SC 1.1.3.2 P 31 L 18 # 68 C/ 162B SC 162B.1.3.4 P 271 L 30 # 65 Wienckowski, Natalie General Motors Brown, Matt Huawei Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Subject/verb agreement (each is singular) & grammer ("of" does not belong). Align terminology with other clauses. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change: For each of chip-to-chip and chip-to-module interfaces In Equation 162B-7 and in the variable list that follows, change variable name CMRL to To: For each chip-to-chip and chip-to-module interface Return\_Loss. The same change is needed on P31L35 & P31L50. Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 1 SC 1.4.36 P 33 L 5 # 69 Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.135a P 55 L 12 # 72 Wienckowski, Natalie General Motors General Motors Wienckowski, Natalie Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X Subject/verb agreement (each is singular) & grammer ("of" does not belong). Unused bit combinations should be "reserved" SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change: For each of chip-to-module and chip-to-chip interconnections add a row with "0 1 x =Reserved" and To: For each chip-to-module and chip-to-chip interconnection add a row with "1 0 0 =Reserved" The same change is needed on P33L33 & P34L5. This also needs to be done on P56L7, P57L13, P58L7, & P152L23. Proposed Response Proposed Response Response Status O Response Status O C/ 30 SC 30.5.1.1.2 P 35 L 17 # 70 C/ 161 SC 161.5.2.6 P 123 L 41 # 73 Wienckowski. Natalie **General Motors** General Motors Wienckowski. Natalie Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X Inconsistent wording for the cable type I believe there is a typo as it doesn't make sense to transmit PCS lane 0 on both FEC P32L30, P33L17, P33L44, P73L31, P73L35: shielded balanced copper cabling lanes 0 and 1. The second "0" should be "1" on FEC lane 1. This change also makes it P35L17, P35L27, P35L37: shielded copper balanced cable match with Figure 161-3. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change: shielded copper balanced cable Change: the alignment marker payloads corresponding to PCS lanes 0, 5, 9, 13, and 17 To: shielded balanced copper cabling are transmitted on FEC lane 1. on P35L17, P35L27, & P35L37. To: the alignment marker payloads corresponding to PCS lanes 1, 5, 9, 13, and 17 are transmitted on FEC lane 1, Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status 0 C/ 00  $SC_0$  $P \mathbf{0}$ L 0 # 71 C/ 1 SC 1.1.3.2 P 31 L 18 Wienckowski, Natalie General Motors Huber, Tom Nokia Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X For all additions to tables, if there are rows before or after the rows shown in the spec, there needs to be a blank, merged row with an elipses in it to indicate all places where Awkward grammar: "For each of chip-to-chip and chip-to-module interfaces, four widths of there are additional rows not shown. Search for "unchanged rows not shown" to find CAUI-n/100GAUI-n are defined...". places where this is needed. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy The introductory clause seems unnecessary since the preceding sentence already establishes the use of CAUI-n/100GAUI-n for C2C and C2M interfaces. Change to "Four Add additional rows, merged row with an elipses in it, to the top and/or bottom of tables as needed to indicate additional rows that are not shown. widths of CAUI-n and 100GAUI-n are defined..." Proposed Response Response Status 0 Proposed Response Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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C/ 1 SC 1.1.3.2 P 31 # 75 C/ 1 SC 1.4.87 P 33 L 33 L 34 # 78 Huber, Tom Nokia Huber, Tom Nokia Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X Awkward grammar: "For each of chip-to-chip and chip-to-module interfaces, three widths of Awkward grammar: "For each of chip-to-chip and chip-to-module interfaces, three widths of 200GAUI-n are defined...". 200GAUI-n are defined...". SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy The introductory clause seems unnecessary since the preceding sentence already The introductory clause seems unnecessary since the preceding sentence already establishes the use of 200GAUI-n for C2C and C2M interfaces. Change to "Three widths establishes the use of 200GAUI-n for C2C and C2M interfaces. Change to "Three widths of 200GAUI-n are defined..." of 200GAUI-n are defined..." Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 1 SC 1.1.3.2 # 76 C/ 1 P 34 P 31 SC 1.4.111 L 5 # 79 L 50 Huber, Tom Nokia Huber, Tom Nokia Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X Awkward grammar: "For each of chip-to-chip and chip-to-module interfaces, three widths of Awkward grammar: "For each of chip-to-chip and chip-to-module interfaces, three widths of 400GAUI-n are defined...". 400GAUI-n are defined...". SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy The introductory clause seems unnecessary since the preceding sentence already The introductory clause seems unnecessary since the preceding sentence already establishes the use of 400GAUI-n for C2C and C2M interfaces. Change to "Three widths establishes the use of 400GAUI-n for C2C and C2M interfaces. Change to "Three widths of 400GAUI-n are defined " of 400GAUI-n are defined " Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 1 SC 1.4.36 P 33 L 5 # 77 CI 69 SC 69.1.2 P 63 L 6 # 80 Huber, Tom Nokia Huber, Tom Nokia Comment Type Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X Awkward grammar: "For each of chip-to-chip and chip-to-module interfaces, four widths of The editing instruction indicates that unchanged items are not included, yet items i) and j) CAUI-n/100GAUI-n are defined " have no changes indicated SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy The introductory clause seems unnecessary since the preceding sentence already Remove items i) and j), or change the editing instruction to indicate that 'some unmodified establishes the use of CAUI-n/100GAUI-n for C2C and C2M interfaces. Change to "Four items are not included'. widths of CAUI-n and 100GAUI-n are defined..." Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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C/ 69 SC 69.2.3 P 64 L 48 # 81 C/ 116 SC 116.1.2 P 90 L 44 # 84 Huber, Tom Nokia Huber, Tom Nokia Comment Type Т Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X Not part of the new text for table 69-3b, but the title of clause 137 is incorrect in the table The last part of the text that is new, "for 400GBASE-KR4", is not shown as changed text (with an underline) SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change 100GBASE-KR4 PMD to 200GBASE-KR4 PMD Underline "for 400GBASE-KR4" so all changed text is identified. Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 91 SC 91.6 P 85 L 26 # 82 C/ 161 SC 161.5.2.6 P 123 L 41 # 85 Huber, Tom Nokia Huber, Tom Nokia Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X The newly inserted row is not marked as such. Other tables with a mix of inserted rows and Incorrect list of PCS lanes for FEC lane 1: 0, 5, 9, 13, and 17 existing rows have underlined text for the new rows. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Underline the text of the new row. Change 0 to 1. Proposed Response Proposed Response Response Status O Response Status O C/ 91 SC 91.6.2f P 86 L7 # 83 C/ 162 SC 162.14.3 P 176 L 31 # 86 Huber, Tom Nokia Huber, Tom Nokia Comment Status X Comment Type Ε Comment Type T Comment Status X Awkward grammar - "When 100G RS FEC Enable variable is set..." Status for implementing the 100G FECs should be CR1 rather than CR2 SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Add 'the' in front of 10G RS FEC Enable: "When the 100G RS FEC Enable variable is Change CR2 to CR1 set..." Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 163 SC 163.13.3 P 200 L 13 # 87 Huber, Tom Nokia Comment Type T Comment Status X Status for implementing the clause 135 PMA should be KR1 rather than KR SuggestedRemedy Change KR to KR1 Proposed Response Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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C/ 162B SC 162B.1.3.1 P 269 L 36 # 88

Tracy, Nathan TE Connectivity

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

FOM\_ILD limit of 0.13 dBdoes not allow for manufacturing variations of mated test boards

SuggestedRemedy

change limit to 0.18dB

Proposed Response Response Status O

[Editor's note: Changed subclause from 162B.1.3 to 162B.1.3.1.]

C/ 30 SC 30.5.1.1.16

P **35** 

Comment Status D

L 50

# 89

Slavick, Jeff Broadcom

aFECmode was updated to include an enumeration for the Interleave FEC found in Cl161, but the text has not been updated.

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type T

Change the BEHAVIOR DEFINED AS: to read as follows:

A read-write value that indicates the mode of operation of the FEC sublayer for forward error correction (see 65.2, Clause 74, Clause 91, Clause 108, and Clause 161).

A GET operation returns the current mode of operation of the PHY. A SET operation changes the mode of operation of the PHY to the indicated value. The enumerations "BASE-R enabled", "RS-FEC enabled" and "RS-FEC-Int enabled" are only used by PHYs which support more than one type of FEC operation. For 25GBASE-CR, 25GBASE CR-S, 25GBASE-KR, and 25GBASE-KR-S PHYs operation in the no-FEC mode maps to the enumeration "disabled", operation in the BASE-R FEC mode maps to the enumeration "BASE-R enabled", and operation in the RS-FEC mode maps to the enumeration "RS-FEC enabled" (see 110.6 and 111.6). For 100GBASE-CR1 and 100GBASE-KR1 PHYs operation in RS-FEC mode maps to the enumeration "RS-FEC enabled" (see 91.6.2f) and operation in interleaved RS-FEC mode maps to the enumeration "RS-FEC-Int enabled" (see 161.6.23).

When Clause 73 Auto-Negotiation is enabled for a 25GBASE-R PHY, a SET operation is not allowed and a GET operation maps to the variables FEC\_enable in Clause 74 and FEC\_enable in Clause 108. When Clause 73 Auto-Negotiation is enabled for a non-25GBASE-R PHY supporting Clause 74 FEC a SET operation is not allowed and a GET operation maps to the variable FEC\_enable in Clause 74. When Clause 73 Auto-Negotiation is enabled for a 100GBASE--R PHY supporting Clause 161 FEC a SET operation is not allowed and a GET operation maps to the variable 100G\_RS\_FEC\_enable in Clause 91 and 100G\_RS\_FEC\_Int\_enable in Clause 161.

If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface is present, then this attribute maps to the appropriate FEC control register based upon the PHY type and the FEC operating mode (see 45.2.10.3, 45.2.1.102 and 45.2.1.110).

Proposed Response Response Status O

[Editor's note: Changed comment type from TR to T.]

C/ 30 SC 30.5.1.1.17 P 36 # 90 C/ FM SC 0 P3 L 2 L 35 # 93 Broadcom Synopsys Inc Slavick, Jeff Kabra, Lokesh Comment Type Т Comment Status D Comment Type E Comment Status D aFECCorrectedBlocks needs to add the RS-FEC-Int into the laundry list of FEC types Abstract does not mention addition of Annex 163A and 163B SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Bring in the last paragraph of 30.5.1.1.17 and change "RS-FEC" to "RS-FEC and RS-FEC-Annex 120F, Annex 120G, Annex 162A through Annex 162D, Annex 163A and Annex 163B Int" Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O [Editor's note: Changed clause from 00 to FM.] [Editor's note: Changed comment type from TR to T.] C/ FM SC 0 P 13 L 29 C/ 30 SC 30.5.1.1.18 # 91 P 36 L 35 Kabra, Lokesh Synopsys Inc Slavick, Jeff Broadcom Comment Type Ε Comment Status D Comment Type T Comment Status D Abstract does not mention addition of Annex 163A and 163B aFECUncorrectedBlocks needs to add the RS-FEC-Int into the laundry list of FEC types SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Annex 120F, Annex 120G, Annex 162A through Annex 162D, Annex 163A and Annex 163B Bring in the last paragraph of 30.5.1.1.18 and change "RS-FEC" to "RS-FEC and RS-FEC-Proposed Response Response Status O [Editor's note: Changed clause from 00 to FM and page from 13 to 14.] Proposed Response Response Status O [Editor's note: Changed comment type from TR to T.] C/ 1 SC 1.4.36 P 33 L 10 Kabra, Lokesh Synopsys Inc Cl 45 SC 45.2.7.12a.a P 60 L 52 # 92 Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Slavick, Jeff Broadcom Remove full-stop before closing brace Comment Type T Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy The RS-FEC-Int negotiated field is valid for all 100GBASE-P PHYs that supporting negotiating it. But text some "some" so for 100GAUI-1) SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Align the text with how RS-FEC negotiated reads. Change the last sentence to read "This bit is set only when RS-FEC-Int operation been negotiated for a 100GBASE-P PHY supporting negotiation of RS-FEC-Int operation." C/ 1 SC 1.4.87 P 33 L 37 # 96 Proposed Response Response Status O Kabra, Lokesh Synopsys Inc Comment Status X Comment Type E Remove full-stop before closing brace SuggestedRemedy 200GAUI-2) Proposed Response Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 96

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C/ 1 SC 1.4.111 P 34 L 9 # 97 C/ 120 SC 120.5.2 P 102 L 11 # 101 Kabra, Lokesh Cisco Synopsys Inc Ran, Adee Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X Remove full-stop before closing brace "when the number of physical lanes is 2 or 4" is inconsistent with the remainder of this sentence which has "8 or 4", and with the first paragraph of 120.5. SuggestedRemedy 400GAUI-4) Other places with "2 or 4" are 120.5.5 (P102 L25), 120.5.7.1 (P103 L12 and L20), and 120.5.11.2 (P104 L16) - in those cases the corresponding 400G PMA is stated as having Proposed Response Response Status O "4 or 8" lanes. That is an inconsistency in the base document, which may be fixed in the revision project, so I'm not proposing changing those cases now. SuggestedRemedy # 98 C/ 69 SC 69.2.3 P 63 L 43 Change "2 or 4" to "4 or 2", at this point only in 102.5.2. Kabra, Lokesh Synopsys Inc Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Typo-error: 200Gb/s mentioned as 100Gb/s SuggestedRemedy C/ 120 SC 120.7.3 P 106 L 30 # 102 the PMD defined in Clause163, and specifies 200Gb/s operation using 4-level PAM over Ran, Adee Cisco two differential ER Comment Status X Comment Type Proposed Response Response Status O In items UNAUI and DNAUI, "through Annex 120G" is a newly inserted text. SuggestedRemedy Mark with underline in both cases. C/ 162 SC 162.1 P 140 L 26 # 99 Kabra, Lokesh Synopsys Inc Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Typo-error for Clause number corresponding to RS/CGMII functions C/ 135 SC 135.1.4 P 109 L 15 # 103 SuggestedRemedy Ran, Adee Cisco Correct Clause number to "81" instead of "80" in row 1 and row 2 of Table 162-1 Comment Type E Comment Status X Proposed Response Response Status O In Figure 135-2, in "PMA (4:n)" the letter "n" is not italicized (it is italic everywhere else). Also, in "PMA (n:p)", "n" is italic but "p" is not (but p is italic in the legend). C/ 163 SC 163.1 P 181 L 24 # 100 Also applies to Figure 120A-8 in 120A.5 where p and n are used but not italicized. Kabra, Lokesh Synopsys Inc SuggestedRemedy Comment Status X Comment Type E Change the format of the "n" and "p" to italic, across both figures. Typo-error for Clause number corresponding to RS/CGMII functions Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Correct Clause number to "81" instead of "80" in row 1 and row 2 of Table 162-2

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Proposed Response

Response Status O

Comment ID 103

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C/ 135 SC 135.1.4 P 109 L 27 # 104 C/ 136 P 116 L 14 # 107 SC 136.8.11.7.3 Cisco Cisco Ran, Adee Ran, Adee Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X The term "PHY" does not appear in the new Figure 135-2, so it is not required in the legend. In the base document (802.3cd), 136.8.11.7.3 defines holdoff\_timer as being started only when entering the TIMEOUT state. SuggestedRemedy Delete "PHY = PHYSICAL LAYER DEVICE". In this project we added a holdoff timer also when entering QUIET. Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Bring in 136.8.11.7.3 and insert "or the QUIET state" after "the TIMEOUT state". Proposed Response Response Status O L6 C/ 135 SC 135.7.3 P 113 # 105 Ran. Adee Cisco Comment Type TR Comment Status X C/ 136 SC 136.9 P 118 L 1 # 108 PICS item NLA in 802.3cd has only the options 2, 4, or N/A for 100G. This project adds Cisco Ran, Adee 100GAUI-1 for which the value should be 1. Comment Status X Comment Type ER SugaestedRemedy The table to be modified is in 136.14.4.1 "PMD functional specifications", so the current Bring in item NLA and add 1 as an optional value. subclause numbering is incorrect. Proposed Response SuggestedRemedy Response Status O Change the 1st-level subclause number from 9 to 14, including the editorial instruction. Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 136 SC 136.8.11.7.2 P 116 L 10 # 106 Ran. Adee Cisco C/ 152 P 119 Comment Type Ε Comment Status X SC 152.6.2a L 29 # 109 Missing space after "=". Cisco Ran, Adee SuggestedRemedy Comment Type Comment Status X Insert space. in 802.3 the word "sublayer" is conventionally used with no hyphen. Proposed Response Response Status 0 SuggestedRemedy change "sub-laver" to "sublaver". Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 163 SC 163.9.2 P 187 L 40 # 110 C/ 93A SC 93A.1.2.4 P 211 L 9 # 112 Cisco Cisco Ran, Adee Ran, Adee Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Numerical values in standards are exact, so there should be no trailing zeros after the Figure 93A-2 includes network elements which represent components of the package and decimal point. This is the common practice in 802.3 (see device model, but there is no description of these elements; the definitions are scattered https://www.ieee802.org/3/WG tools/editorial/requirements/words.html#numbers). through 93A.1.2 and its subclauses (some of which are not in this amendment). To an unexperienced reader it will be much harder than necessary to understand what each SuggestedRemedy element is. Change "1.0" to "1". The suggested remety is to add a legend to the figure. Alternatively, labels and arrows can Proposed Response Response Status O be used instead. SuggestedRemedy Add a legend to Figure 93A-2, with text based on the following: C/ 93A SC 93A.1.2.3 P 209 L 47 # 111 Cisco Ran. Adee S^(d) = scattering parameters corresponding to C\_d Comment Type Ε Comment Status X S^(I) = scattering parameters corresponding to a transmission line with length z\_p S^(s) = scattering parameters corresponding to L s "unless alternate values are provided by the clause that invokes this method" (and so on) The word "alternate" seems odd here, I think "alternative" is more common for this meaning. It can also be simply "other".

SuggestedRemedy

Change "alternate" to "alternative".

Proposed Response Response Status O

(Note: in section 6, "alternative" appears 13 times and "alternate" appears 3 times, both

with the same meaning. This may be handled by maintenance)

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 93A SC 93A.5.2 P 214 L 34 # 113

Ran, Adee Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

This amendment uses T\_fx as a parameter of ERL calculation.

T\_fx originally appears in Equation (93A–62), which is not included in this amendment (added by 802.3cd), with the text

"T\_fx is twice the propagation delay in ns associated with the test fixture, obtained by measurement or inspection"

This text does not hold for the cases where the ERL is defined in this amendment; in some cases T\_fx is defined as 0 or 0.2 ns (regardless of the test fixture), in other cases it is twice the delay between two specified test points (e.g. TP0 and TP0v).

#### SuggestedRemedy

Add 93A.5.2 and change the text following Equation (93A–62), adding after the quoted sentence:

", unless its value is specified by the clause that invokes this method"

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 120F SC 120F.3.1 P219 L10 # 114

Ran, Adee Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The common mode voltage limits for C2C transmitter should have been changed to 1.0 V max and 0.2 V min. as in the KR transmitter (Table 163–5).

This change has been requested in comment #58 against D1.1, which was resolved with AIP, but for some reason the resolution was implemented only in clause 163 and not here.

(the response to that comment was:

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

The following presentation was reviewed by the task force: http://www.ieee802.org/3/ck/public/20\_03/ran\_3ck\_01a\_0320.pdf Implement the changes proposed on slides 4 and 5 in the referenced presentation, except set the cutoff frequency to 50 kHz and maximum common mode voltage of 1V. Implement with editorial license.")

SuggestedRemedy

Change the common mode limits to 1 V and 0.2 V, as in Table 163-5.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 120F SC 120F.3.2.5

P **225** Cisco L 22

# 115

Ran, Adee

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Table 120F–6 has a "reference" column that has identical values for all rows (136.8.11.7.1). This reference is repeated in the text following the table, so it is redundant. Note that the similar Table 120F–3 does not have this column.

If the reference column is omitted, the "management access" column can be widened to prevent breaking its title, as in Table 120F–3.

SuggestedRemedy

delete the "reference" column and adjust the width of remaining columns.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ **120F** SC **120F.5.4.1** 

P 232 L 39

# 116

Ran, Adee

Comment Type TR

Comment Status X

Item TC13 feature is "Transmitter precoder request" with no comment, and its status is M. However, the referenced 120F.1 says "Precoding may be enabled and disabled using the precoder request mechanism specified in 135F.3.2.1." (P218 L28), and this mechanism is explicitly optional. So requesting through this mechanism can't be mandatory.

Cisco

It may be preferable to add the transmitter precoder request as a major (optional) feature, as done in annex 135F (802.3cd).

SuggestedRemedy

Change TC13 status from "M" to "O". Consider moving it to 120F.5.3.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Item TC14 is optional and points to 120F.3.1.2, which points to 120F.3.1.4, which is pointed to by item TC15 (mandatory). These two items are one and the same.

The transmitter control interface is mandatory; only its usage is described with the word "may", but it is not an optional feature. So TC15 is the correct one.

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

Remove item TC14.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 120G SC 120G.3.1 P 237 L 13 # 118

Ran, Adee Cisco

Т

Host output "AC common-mode output voltage (max, RMS)" is specified in Table 120G–1 as 17.5 mV.

Comment Status D

This value is tighter than what is allowed for CR transmitter measured at the same point (30 mV) and also tighter than the specification for KR/C2C.

Analysis of the effect of 17.5 mV vs. 30 mV has not been provided. Devices with higher AC CM output have been demonstrated to operate with real receivers at acceptable BER on a variety of channels.

Unless evidence is provided that 30 mV is unacceptable with real receivers, the limit should be aligned with the CR specification.

Applies similarly to Module output characteristics in Table 120G-3.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the value for AC common-mode output voltage (max, RMS) from 17.5 to 30, in Table 120G–1 and Table 120G–3.

Proposed Response Status O

[Editor's note: Line number changed from blank to 13.]

Cl 120G SC 120G.3.3.3.1 P244 L53 # 119

Ran, Adee Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

In the host input stressed eye calibration procedure, "The stressed signal is generated by adding sinusoidal iitter, random iitter, and bounded uncorrelated iitter to a clean pattern".

This signal does not necessarily represent a real module output, in which the EH and VEC can also be affected by additive noise (which is quite different from jitter in its effect on a receiver). Stressing the host with a high level of bounded uncorrelated jitter (which is not fully specified, and may create different stress for different DUTs) does not test its ability to operate with a noisy module.

Adjusting the VEC using additive noise, as done in the CR/KR/C2C tolerance tests, should at least be allowed instead of using "bounded uncorrelated jitter"; it may be preferable in some setups. For the time being, it is suggested as an alternative.

SuggestedRemedy

Add a wideband noise source to the diagram in Figure 120G–9, between the pattern generator and the HCB.

Add a description of the noise source to the text, with reference to 93C.1 (where noise source specification is defined) and setting f NSD1 to 1 GHz, as in 163.9.3.4.

Add that calibrating the noise source level is an alternative method to adding BUJ for calibrating the EH and VEC.

Editorial license is suggested, but if necessary for accepting the comment I can provide candidate text before comment resolution.

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.3.3.1 P 245 L 41 # 120

Ran, Adee Cisco

Comment Type E Comment Status X

In the host stressed input test procedure there is a "block" paragraph of 18 lines, which contains some 13 sentences, dealing with the bounded uncorrelated jitter (purpose, definition), calibration of jitter (BUJ and random), and crosstalk signal requirements and calibrations, with great detail and no clear list of requirements. This is painful to read (many times).

The paragraph should be broken to shorter paragraphs and possibly a list of requirements, to make it more legible, and separate requirements from informative explanations.

### SuggestedRemedy

Rephrase and reformat as necessary.

If required, I can create a detailed proposal, but I trust the editors to be able to improve this paragraph by inspection.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.3.3.1

P **245** Cisco L 42

# 121

Ran, Adee Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The host stressed eye does not include any common-mode noise, even though a module output is allowed to have some common-mode AC content.

In a real system, the common-mode AC content of the module can be converted to differential noise at the host's receiver, via the S21DC of the host input channel, which is not specified at all. This will not be detected in the host test without common-mode content, and may not be addressed in host channel design - but it can cause compliant hosts to fail with real modules.

The common mode noise stress should be a sinusoid at any frequency up to the Nyquist frequency, and should be calibrated at TP4 to have the RMS value allowed for the module output in Table 120G–3.

### SuggestedRemedy

In another comment I am suggesting to add a wideband noise source to the diagram in Figure 120G–9, between the pattern generator and the HCB.

If the other comment is accepted, an addition for this comment would be to make the noise source also have a common mode component. otherwise, add a common mode noise source in the same location instead.

Add the necessary text for calibrating the common mode output at TP4.

Comment Status X

Editorial license is suggested, but if necessary for accepting the comment I can provide candidate text before comment resolution.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.4.1.1 P 247 L 49 # 122

Ran, Adee Cisco

т

The instructions for calibrating the module stressed input are unclear and unstructured, and there are missing parts, such as when and how VEC is optimized.

It would be better to write it as procedure separated to steps, as done for example in 120G.5.2, and in other receiver test procedures such as 110.8.4.2.1 through 110.8.4.2.5, or annex 93C.

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

A proposal for restructuring will be provided in a presentation.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

In the module input stressed eye calibration procedure, "The stressed signal is generated by adding sinusoidal jitter, random jitter, and bounded uncorrelated jitter to a clean pattern, followed by frequency-dependent attenuation".

This signal does not necessarily represent a real host output, in which the EH and VEC can also be affected by additive noise (which is quite different from jitter in its effect on a receiver). Stressing the module with a high level of bounded uncorrelated jitter (which is not fully specified, and may create different stress for different DUTs) does not test its ability to operate with a noisy host.

Note that in a host transmitter it is often easier to control clock jitter than to reduce additive noise coupling from multiple sources in an ASIC.

Adjusting the VEC using additive noise, as done in the CR/KR/C2C tolerance tests, should at least be allowed instead of using "bounded uncorrelated jitter"; it may be preferable in some setups. For the time being, it is suggested as an alternative.

### SuggestedRemedy

Add a wideband noise source to the diagram in Figure 120G–10, between the pattern generator and the frequency-dependent attenuator.

Add a description of the noise source to the text, with reference to 93C.1 (where noise source specification is defined) and setting f\_NSD1 to 1 GHz, as in 163.9.3.4.

Add that calibrating the noise source level is an alternative method to adding BUJ for calibrating the EH and VEC.

Editorial license is suggested, but if necessary for accepting the comment I can provide candidate text before comment resolution.

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.4.1.1

P **248** 

L 1

# 124

Ran, Adee Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The module stressed eye does not include any common-mode noise, even though a host output is allowed to have some common-mode AC content.

In a real system, the common-mode AC content of the host can degrade the module's (electrical) receiver performance, via the module's allowed termination mismatch or by circuit sensitivity. This will not be detected in the module test without common-mode content, and may not be addressed in design - but it can cause compliant modules to fail with real hosts.

For uncorrelated common mode noise, a sinusoidal source should be used. However, for the host output it is likely that common-mode content is generated by conversion from a differential signal and is therefore correlated to it. In this test, it is suggested that p/n skew is the preferred way to create the allowed common-mode RMS level.

### SuggestedRemedy

In another comment I am suggesting to add a wideband noise source to the diagram in Figure 120G–10, between the pattern generator and the frequency-dependent attenuator.

For adding correlated common-mode noise, a skew between the p and n components of the frequency-dependent attenuator should be added and calibrated to create the allowed common-mode RMS level. Alternatively, a sinusoidal common-mode signal can be added, at any frequency up to the Nyquist frequency.

Add the necessary text for calibrating the common mode output at TP1a.

Editorial license is suggested, but if necessary for accepting the comment I can provide candidate text before comment resolution.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 120G SC 120G.3.4.1.1 P 248 L 44 # [125]
Ran, Adee Cisco

"For the high loss case, pre-emphasis capability is likely to be required in the pattern generator to meet the TP1a eye height and vertical eye closure specifications."

Comment Status X

It is not specified what kind of pre-emphasis the pattern generator should include. In presentations to the task force, there were some assumptions about a CR host transmitter (3 precursors and 1 postcursor); it is reasonable to assume similar capabilities for a C2M host output.

Also, it should be explicitly permissible to use pre-emphasis for both high-loss and low-loss cases.

### SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

Delete "For the high-loss case,"

TR

Add after this sentence: "The pattern generator is expected to be able to apply preemphasis equivalent to the Transmit equalizer functional model specified in 162.9.3.1. Preemphasis may be set separately for the high-loss and low-loss cases".

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.4.1.1

P **249** 

L 10

# 126

Ran, Adee Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Here it is specified that "Random jitter and the pattern generator output levels are adjusted (...) to result in the eye height for all three eyes given in Table 120G–11"

But:

The random jitter level has already been adjusted in a prior step (P248 L15) "such that the output of the pattern generator approximates the output jitter profile given by maximum JRMS and maximum J4u".

Random jitter cannot satisfy both conditions. Adding higher jitter than J4u/JRMS specifications is an overstress (since host output should not have such higher jitter). Unlike low EH, high jitter cannot be compensated by simple Rx circuitry.

Eye height should be adjustable by pattern generator output level (after VEC has been obtained by other means; this is the subject of another comment) but not using random jitter.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete "Random jitter and".

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.5.2 # 127 P 252 L 32

Cisco Ran, Adee Comment Type Comment Status X

The reference receiver parameters fz. fp1, fp2, and gDC create CTLE transfer functions that are not necessarily passive (up to 0 dB across the spectrum) for all combinations.

This is different from the reference receiver used in the previous C2M specification (Annex 120E). Although 120E uses different equation and parameters, the resulting CTLE combinations always have combinations of the parameters Z1 and G that create 0 dB gain at the peaking frequency.

(The reference receiver CTLE in 120E is essentially similar to the one used in the COM method in all CR/KR specifications, in that the peaking is created by varying the zero while keeping the poles constant, with the zero being equal to fp1 for zero peaking: 120E has an addition of a flat gain G to create 0 dB maximum gain; this gain has no effect on COM, but does affect the eye height).

There was no indication or claim that the CTLE in this annex has better performance or better matches real designs than a CTLE similar to Annex 120E (with different peaking frequency). In fact, with the addition of a DFE to the reference receiver, a CTLE similar to the one in Annex 120F (C2C) may be more adequate, as the equalization at Nyquist frequency can utilize the DFE.

It is suggested to modify the reference receiver transfer functions to be similar to those of 120E. This requires a minor change in the definition of the CTLE in Annex 93A (COM).

#### SuggestedRemedy

Bring 93A.1.4.3 (Receiver equalizer) into the draft, and change Equation 93A-22 to include an additional factor G. Add a description of G below the equation:

"where G is a gain factor, whose value depends of the variable norm ctle as follows:

- If norm ctle is 1, G is set based on g DC, f z, g DC2, f LF, f p1, and fp2, such that the maximum of H ctf(f) across f is equal to 1.
- If norm ctle is 0 or is not provided by the clause that invokes this method. G is set to 1."

In Table 120G–12, change the values of f z and f p1 to f b/2.5, change the value of f p2 to f b, and add the parameter norm ctle with value 1.

A presentation with the effect of the proposed change will be provided.

Proposed Response Response Status 0 C/ 136 SC 136.8.11.7.2 P 117

L 37

# 128

**HPE** Law, David

The action 'start holdoff timer' in the QUIET state should read 'start holdoff timer', that is the underscore between start and holdoff timer should be a space. See timer conventions in 14.2.3.2 and 'start holdoff timer' in TIMEOUT state.

### SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type T

Change 'start holdoff timer' to read 'start holdoff timer'.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

Comment Status X

C/ 162 SC 162.9.3.1.1 P 155

L 44

# 129

Ben Artsi, Liav

Marvell Technology

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Defining a corner frequency for a clock recovery unit (CRU) can be ambiguous due to possible actual implementations of CRU implementations

### SuggestedRemedy

Change the definition of a CRU unit with a definition of the effect expected from the CRU. The effect expected is a high frequency filter applied on the jitter of the measured signal. A reference for the wording can be found in 93.8 "The effect of a single-pole high-pass filter with a 3 dB frequency of XMHz is applied to the iitter"

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 162 SC 162.9.3.4 P 158

L 38

# 130

Ben Artsi, Liav

Marvell Technology

Comment Type

Comment Status X

Defining a corner frequency for a clock recovery unit (CRU) can be ambiguous due to possible actual implementations of CRU implementations

#### SuggestedRemedy

Change the definition of a CRU unit with a definition of the effect expected from the CRU. The effect expected is a high frequency filter applied on the jitter of the measured signal. A reference for the wording can be found in 93.8 "The effect of a single-pole high-pass filter with a 3 dB frequency of XMHz is applied to the jitter"

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.4.1.1 P 247

# 131

Marvell Technology

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Defining a corner frequency for a clock recovery unit (CRU) can be ambiguous due to possible actual implementations of CRU implementations

#### SuggestedRemedy

Ben Artsi, Liav

Change the definition of a CRU unit with a definition of the effect expected from the CRU. The effect expected is a high frequency filter applied on the litter of the measured signal. A reference for the wording can be found in 93.8 "The effect of a single-pole high-pass filter with a 3 dB frequency of XMHz is applied to the iitter"

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 162 SC 162.9.3.1.1 P 155

L 44

L 50

# 132

Ben Artsi, Liav

Marvell Technology

Comment Status X Comment Type TR

Defining a corner frequency for a clock recovery unit (CRU) can be ambiguous due to possible actual implementations of CRU implementations

# SuggestedRemedy

Change the definition of a CRU unit with a definition of the effect expected from the CRU. The effect expected is a high frequency filter applied on the jitter of the measured signal. A reference for the wording can be found in 93.8 "The effect of a single-pole high-pass filter with a 3 dB frequency of XMHz is applied to the jitter"

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 162 SC 162.9.3.4 P 158

L 34

# 133

Hidaka, Yasuo

Credo Semiconductor, Inc.

Comment Type TR

Comment Status X A detail definition of twelve edges in PRBS9Q is recommended to improve reproducibility

of even-odd iitter measurement.

This is re-submission of my comment #110 to draft D1.4.

### SuggestedRemedy

Add a new table "PRBS9Q pattern symbols used for even-odd jitter measurements" similar to Table 120D-4, but replacing the values as follows:

Label: Description: Gray coded PAM4 symbol: first: TR begins: TR ends: last

REF: Reference: 33333 :1 :-: 5 : 260 : 263 : 264 : 266 R03:0 to 3 rise: 1000 331 F30:3 to 0 fall: 233333 001 :511 :5 : 6 : 8

R12:1 to 2 rise: 3111 23 : 265 : 268 : 269 : 270 F21:2 to 1 fall: 1222 10 : 466 : 469 : 470 : 471 R01:0 to 1 rise: 2000 13 : 195 : 198 : 199 : 200

F10:1 t0 0 fall: 21111 0003 : 256 : 260 : 261 : 264 R23:2 to 3 rise: 3222 330 : 210 : 213 : 214 : 216 F32:3 to 2 fall: 0333 20 : 401 : 404 : 405 : 406

R02:0 to 2 rise: 2000 23 : 275 : 278 : 279 : 280 F20: 2 to 0 fall: 12222 001 : 321 : 325 : 326 : 328 : 170 : 172

R13:1 to 3 rise: 0111 331 : 166 : 169 F31:3 to 1 fall: 0333 10 : 107 : 110 : 111 : 112

Add an exception to use the new table instead of Table 120D-4, when PRBS9Q is used as the test pattern for even-odd jitter measurement.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 133

Page 27 of 50 2021-04-20 7:44:08 PM # 134

C/ 163 SC 163.9.3.4

P 192

L 34

C/ 120F SC 120F.3.2.3

P **224** 

L 2

# 135

Hidaka, Yasuo

Credo Semiconductor, Inc.

Comment Type

TR Comment Status X

Equation (163-2) and (163-3) are not accurate, because the dual-dirac jitter distribution estimated by these equations does not match well with the original distribution even if the original distribution is pure dual-dirac distribution as presented at ad hoc meeting (see hidaka\_3ck\_adhoc\_01\_041421). For instance, J3u of the estimated dual-dirac jitter distribution is always significantly smaller than the measured J3u. I propose to change these equations.

Since the proposed equations never break, we do not need Note 2.

I propose similar changes to clause 162.9.4.3.3.

### SuggestedRemedy

Replace Equation (163-2) and (163-3) with the following set of equations:

$$D3d = (Q3d^2 + 1) * (J_RMS^2) - (J3u / 2)^2$$

If D3d >= 0,

 $A_DD = (J3u / 2 + Q3d * sqrt(D3d)) / (Q3d^2 + 1)$ 

 $sigma_RJ = (J3u / 2 - A_DD) / Q3d$ 

If D3d < 0.

 $Qx = sqrt((J3u / 2 / J_RMS)^2 - 1)$ 

 $A_DD = (J3u / 2) / (Qx^2 + 1)$ 

 $sigma_RJ = sqrt((J_RMS^2) - (A_DD^2))$ 

where

Q3d = 3.0902

Change Note 1 as follows:

Note 1 -- Q3d is an approximated solution of  $Q(Q3d) = 1 \times 10^{(-3)}$ , where the Q function is defined in Equation (95-1).

Remove Note 2.

Apply the same changes to Equation (162-7), Equation (162-8), Note 1, and Note 2 in clause 162.9.4.3.3.

Change the references to Equation (162-7) and (162-8) in Note 2 of Table 162-15 in clause 162.9.4.4.2 with the updated equations.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

--

Hidaka, Yasuo

Credo Semiconductor, Inc.

Comment Type TR

Comment Status X

Equation (120D-10) and (120D-11) referred from 120F.3.2.3 step e are not accurate, because the dual-dirac jitter distributuion estimated by these equations does not match well with the original distributuion even if the original distributuion is pure dual-dirac distributuion. For instance, J4u of the estimated dual-dirac jitter distribution is always significantly smaller than the measured J4u. I propose to change these equations.

### SuggestedRemedy

Add the following equations after step j, and change references to Equation (120D-10) and (120D-11) in step e with the new equations:

 $D4d = (Q4d^2 + 1) * (J RMS^2) - (J4u / 2)^2$ 

If D4d >= 0.

 $A_DD = (J4u / 2 + Q4d * sqrt(D4d)) / (Q4d^2 + 1)$ sigma RJ = (J4u / 2 - A DD) / Q4d

If D4d < 0.

 $Qx = sqrt((J4u / 2 / J_RMS)^2 - 1)$ 

 $A_DD = (J4u / 2) / (Qx^2 + 1)$ 

 $sigma_RJ = sqrt((J_RMS^2) - (A_DD^2))$ 

where

Q4d = 3.7190

Add the following Note after the equation:

Note 1 -- Q4d is an approximated solution of  $Q(Q4d) = 1 \times 10^{(-4)}$ , where the Q function is defined in Equation (95-1).

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 162 SC 162.9.3.1

P 155

L 31

# 136

Hidaka, Yasuo

Credo Semiconductor, Inc.

Comment Type T

Comment Status X

The number of initial conditions was increased from three to five.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "three initial conditions" to "five initial conditions".

Proposed Response

Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 136

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Cl 162 SC 162.9.4.1 P161 L4 # 137

Hidaka, Yasuo Credo Semiconductor, Inc.

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The signalling-rate tolerance of transmitter was changed from 100ppm to 50ppm according to comment #42 on D1.3. However, the signaling-rate tolerance of receiver remained 100ppm. It is not clear whether it was an overlooked error or it remained 100ppm on purpose for compatibility with prior implementations with up to +/- 100ppm.

#### SuggestedRemedy

Add the following statement:

Note that the tolerance of signaling rate of transmitter is +/- 50ppm. The tolerance of signaling rate of receiver is +/- 100ppm for compatibility with prior transmitter implementations with up to +/- 100ppm tolerance.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 163 SC 163.9.3.4

P **192** 

L 9

# 138

Hidaka, Yasuo Credo Semiconductor, Inc.

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The equation "T\_r =  $1.09 * T_r - 4.32 ps$ " remains unchanged since it was adopted for clause 111 in IEEE P802.3by project to account for TP0 - TP0a effect. (See https://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\_3by\_01b\_0116.pdf, slide 13.)

Correction of transition time by this equation is not valid any more, because the symbol rate has been doubled and the test point has been changed from TP0a to TP0v.

We should calibrate T\_r at the signal source so that the reference transition time at TP0v including the effect of the reference package model and the test fixture matches to the measured transition time at TP0v.

When a BERT is used as TX, it is not necessary to calibrate the transition time at the signal source to match the measured transition time at TP0v, because it is easy to measure the transition time at the signal source (i.e. the BERT output) directly without the test fixture. Using the measured transition time directly at BERT output without calibration is more accurate and error free in comparison to calibrating the transition time at the signal source to match the measured transition time after the test fixture at TP0v.

Note that in the former specs, the correction of transition time must be used even if a BERT is used as TX, because the transition time must be measured at TP0a after the test fixture, not directly at the BERT output.

Note that this equation is not used in CR spec, because the transition time of the BERT output is directly measured without test fixture. This equation is also not used in OIF CEI spec, because the test point is equivalent to TP0, not TP0a in OIF CEI spec.

There is the same issue in 120F.3.2.3 step d.

### SuggestedRemedy

Change step e as follows:

In the calculation of COM, if the transmitter is a device with known S-parameters and transition time Tr, these parameters should be used instead of the transmitter package model in 93A.1.2. If the transmitter is a calibrated instrument-grade transmitter, the transmitter device package model S^(tp) is omitted from Equation (93A–3), TP0 to TP0a trace or replica trace in Figure 93C-2 through Figure 93C-4 is omitted, and Tr in Equation (93A-46) is same as the measured 20% to 80% transition time Trm of the signal source using the test setup in Figure 93C-3 without TP0 to TP0a trace. If the transmitter is not a device with known S-parameters and transition time nor a calibrated instrument-grade transmitter, Tr in Equation (93A-46) is calibrated so that the reference 20% to 80% transition time Tr^(ref) calculated according to 163A.3.1.X matches to the measured 20% to 80% transition time Trm of the signal at TP0v using the test setup in Figure 93C-3 including TP0 to TP0v trace. The measured 20% to 80% transition time Trm is measured with the transmitter equalizer turned off and using the method in 120E.3.1.5.

Apply the same change as above to 120F.3.2.3 step d.

Add a new sub clause in 163A.3.1.X to calculate the reference 20% to 80% transition time Tr^(ref) using the following equation:

 $Tr^{ref} = T_80 - T_20$  (163A-X) u(t) = integral of h(tau)/T b from -inf to t (163A-Y)

T\_80 is a solution of  $u(t) = 0.8 * vf^{(ref)}$  in terms of t.

 $T_20$  is a solution of  $u(t) = 0.2 * vf^(ref)$  in terms of t.

#### where

Tr^(ref) is the reference 20% to 80% transition time.

u(t) is the output step response.

T\_80 is the time to reach 80% of the reference steady-state voltage.

T\_20 is the time to reach 20% of the reference steady-state voltage.

T\_b is the unit interval in ps.

vf^(ref) is the reference steady-state voltage calculated by Equation (163A-3).

Obtain the output pulse response, h(t), using Equation (93A-23) and Equation (93A-24) with  $H^{\circ}(0)(f)$  from Equation (163A-2), where A\_t and T\_b are specified by the clause that invokes this method.

Obtain the output step response, u(t), by integrating  $h(t)/T_b$  from minus infinite to t using Equation (163A-Y).

From the output step response, find the time to reach 20% and 80% of the reference steady-state voltage vf^(ref) as T\_20 and T\_80, respectively.

From T\_20 and T\_80, calculate the reference 20% to 80% transition time Tr^(ref) using Equation (163A-X).

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 162 SC 162.9.4.3.3

P **162** 

L **26** 

# 139

Hidaka, Yasuo

Credo Semiconductor. Inc.

Comment Type T Comment Status D

In 120E.3.1.5, transition time is measured with 33GHz BT4 filter.

### SuggestedRemedy

Change "T\_r is measured using the method in 120E.3.1.5 with the transmit equalizer turned off

(i.e., coefficients set to the preset 1 values, see 162.9.3.1.3)."

to

"T\_r is measured using the method in 120E.3.1.5 with the transmit equalizer turned off (i.e., coefficients set to the preset 1 values, see 162.9.3.1.3) with an exception that the waveform is observed through a fourth-order Bessel-Thomson low-pass response with a 3 dB bandwidth of 40 GHz.."

Proposed Response

Response Status O

[Editor's note: changed subclause from 162.9.4.3 to 162.9.4.3.3.]

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.4.1.1

P **248** 

L 17

# 140

Hidaka, Yasuo

Credo Semiconductor, Inc.

Comment Type T

Comment Status X

It says "The ERL of the test system as measured at TP1 meets the specification given in 120G.3.1.2."

120G.3.1.2 measures the host output ERL at TP1a rather than TP1.

Hence, the ERL of the test system is measured at TP1a, not at TP1.

### SuggestedRemedy

Change

"The ERL of the test system as measured at TP1 meets the specification given in 120G.3.1.2."

to

"The return loss of the test system at TP1 meets the ERL specification given in 120G.3.1.2 when measured at TP1a."

Proposed Response

Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 140

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Cl 162 SC 162.9.3.4 P158 L 34 # [141

Hidaka, Yasuo Credo Semiconductor, Inc.

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

A detail definition of PRBS9Q with the entire sequence is recommended to avoid implementation errors.

This is re-submission of my comment #109 to draft D1.4.

### SuggestedRemedy

Define PRBS9Q as a new clause in clause 120.5.11.2 using clause 120.5.11.2.1 as a template.

In the new clause, modify the second paragraph of the template (120.5.11.2.1) as follows:

When the PRBS9Q test pattern enabled, it replaces the signal on the output lane(s) for which it is enabled. The PRBS9Q test pattern is a repeating 511-symbol sequence formed by Gray coding pairs of bits from two repetitions of the PRBS9 pattern into PAM4 symbols as described in 120.5.7. The PRBS pattern generator produces the same result as the implementation shown in Figure XX–X, which implements the generator polynomial shown in Equation (YY-Y). Since the PRBS9 pattern is an odd number of bits in length, bits which are mapped as the first bit of a PAM4 symbol during one repetition of the PRBS9 sequence are mapped as the second bit of a PAM4 symbol during the next repetition of the PRBS9 sequence, and bits which are mapped as the second bit of a PAM4 symbol are mapped as the first bit of the following symbol in the next repetition of the PRBS9 sequence. For example, if the PRBS9 generator used to create the PRBS9Q sequence is initialized to a seed value of 111111111 (with the leftmost bit in S0 and the rightmost in S8), the PRBS9Q sequence is the following Gray coded PAM4 symbols, transmitted left to right: 0012322303231310010331213302202231320111030230213332303130303000 1003020031203332002123313231011003321022213103113222031333131300 0201311013311222101130233203202201221210013321323200113322333330 0110332203232300120233102211211010301312003221320210023220022223 3010130102311113013221021203033011133122320310321223102110202000 1302033021032223303201211311312302232330021132121300321122111100 033111231121200023121031233233303100202301123213133012123012222.

Draw Figure XX-X "PRBS9 pattern generator" similar to Figure 94-6 but according to polynomial  $1 + x^5 + x^9$ .

Define Equation (YY-Y) as  $G(x) = 1 + x^5 + x^9$  or make a reference to the polynomial in Table 68-6.

Make a reference to the new clause from 162.9.3.4.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 162B SC 162B.1.3.1 P 269 L 36 # 142

Champion, Bruce TE Connectivity

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

FOM\_ILD is set at 0.13 dB and is too stringent for the various form factors and MTF manufacturing variation

SuggestedRemedy

It is recommended to update this value to 0.18 dB

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 162 SC 162.3 P143 L43 # 143

Kochuparambil, Beth Cisco

Comment Type E Comment Status X

The PMD does not reside ON the MDI.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "on" to "for"

Resulting text would read "The PMD converts these streams of symbols into appropriate signals for the MDI."

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 162 SC 162.8.11 P151 L 24 # 144

Kochuparambil, Beth Cisco

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Current text: "The terminal count of max\_wait\_timer as specified in 136.8.11.7.3 is 12s." Given a value is specified within the clause/statement makes the phrase "specified in 136[. . .]" incorrect.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "specified" to "defined" or "described" This is a semi-pervasive issue.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 162 SC 162.9.3.1.1 P 155 L 47 # 145 C/ 162 SC 162.9.3.6 P 159 L 18 # 148 Kochuparambil, Beth Cisco Cisco Kochuparambil, Beth Comment Type E Comment Status D Comment Type E Comment Status X "M should be an integer not less than 32" Description may or may not be helpful for those reading the standard. I do, however, note May be easier for the reader to avoid the double negative. that previous clauses (examples are 92.10.6 and 110.10.6) do NOT describe why we limit CM return loss, but instead just define the limit. Perhaps this description of the re-SuggestedRemedy reflections concept is helpful to readers, it was somewhat confusing until reading it multiple Change "not less than" times. to "greater than or equal to" SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Remove the first paragraph of this section. "Common-mode signals can be returned [...] [Editor's note: Change page from 154 to 155.] To reduce this effect, a minimum common-mode to common-mode return loss is specified." Proposed Response Response Status O L 6 C/ 162 SC 162.9.3.1.3 P 157 # 146 Kochuparambil, Beth Cisco Comment Type E Comment Status X C/ 162 SC 162.11.3 P 167 L 49 # 149 Initial is capitalized mid sentence, however is lower case in Table 162-11's title. Kochuparambil, Beth Cisco SuggestedRemedy Comment Type Comment Status X Make "Initial" lower case The location of the Tfx not is not consistant with other clauses (namely 162.9.4.5 & 162.9.3.5) Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Move this note to line 28 (after the description of where to find the parameters) SC 162.9.3.5 C/ 162 P 158 L 46 # 147 Proposed Response Response Status O Kochuparambil, Beth Cisco Comment Type E Comment Status X

SuggestedRemedy

Sentence is poor english

Change "Parameters that do not appear in Table 162-12 take values from Table 162-18." to "Take parameter values that do not appear in Table 162-12 from Table 162-18."

Do the same for 162.9.4.5, pg 164, ln 40 and 162.11.3, pg 167, ln 26 163.9.2.1.2, 163.9.2.2, 163.9.3.2 163.10.3 120F.3.1.1, 120F.3.2.1, 120F.4.3 162B.1.3.2

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 162 SC 162.11.7 L 44 # 150 P 169 Cisco Kochuparambil, Beth Comment Type E Comment Status X We've lost a bit of the description of doing COM with 2 package test cases. Someone

reading this section in isolation may be confused.

93.9.1 States "The Channel Operating Margin (COM) is computed using the procedure in 93A.1 with the Test 1 and Test 2 values in Table 93–8. Test 1 and Test 2 differ in the value of the device package model transmission line length zp.

### SuggestedRemedy

Use editorial licence to modify paragraph to say something like.

"COM shall be computed twice, Test 1 and Test 2, which differ in the value of the device package model transmission line length zp."

Similarly, modify the COM table from "Rx Test 2" and "TX Test 2" to "Test 2. RX" and "Test 2. TX"

Replicate in COM description and tables for 163 & 120F

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 163 SC 163.9.3.4 P 191 / 48 # 151

Kochuparambil, Beth Cisco Comment Type E Comment Status X

There are 2 different "Test 1 and Test 2" in the interferance tolerance test. In the interferance tolerance test description and in step h for COM.

#### SuggestedRemedy

Change the interferance tolerance test cases to "Setup 1" and "Setup 2" in both the proceedure and the table.

Do similar for 120F.

Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 163 SC 163.10 P 193 L 43 # 152

Cisco Kochuparambil, Beth Comment Type E Comment Status X

Introduction to channel characteristics mention IL and ERL, but not COM.

### SuggestedRemedy

Add "and COM 163.10.1" to the end of this paragraph.

Resulting sentence would read: "Channels shall meet the ERL requirements in 162.10.3 and COM requirements in 163.10.1."

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 120F SC 120F.4 P 225 L 48 # 153

Kochuparambil, Beth Cisco Comment Type E Comment Status X

There is no overview paragraph in the channel characteristics

### SuggestedRemedy

Insert a similar paragraph to 163.10 with appropriate modifications. "Channels are recomments to meet... Channels shall meet..."

Proposed Response Response Status O

SC 162.1 C/ 162 P 140 L 13 # 154

Kochuparambil, Beth Cisco Comment Type E Comment Status X

Annex 162D is the only description that restates the PMD. CR1, CR2, and CR4 seem to already be implied.

### SuggestedRemedy

Remove "100GBASE-CR1, 200GBASE-CR2, and 400GBASE-CR4" which would leave "Annex 162D describes host and cable assembly types."

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 162 SC 162.1 P 140 Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.110 P 43 L 13 L 31 # 155 # 158 Kochuparambil, Beth Cisco Zimmerman, George CME Consulting/ADI, APL Gp, Cisco, CommScope, Comment Type Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X I may just be confused, but seems odd that both RS-FEC and RS-FEC-Int are required, but Description text indicating Clause 91 and Clause 161 should be cross references (2) the Inverse RS-FEC is optional, however required to convert between the other 2 required instances of each) interfaces. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change "Clause 91" and "Clause 161" text in descriptions to active cross references. Make Inverse RS-FEC required Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 1 SC 1.5 P 34 L 18 # 159 C/ 162 SC 162.1 P 142 L 41 # 156 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting/ADI, APL Gp, Cisco, CommScope, Kochuparambil, Beth Cisco Comment Type E Comment Status D Comment Type E Comment Status X "FEC AM lock" While the abbreviation "AM" has been used for "Alignment Marker" in MAC = MEDIA ACCESS CONTROL is listed twice in the key. many multi-lane PHYs, it somehow was never entered in the abbreviations list (at least not that I can find, having checked 802.3-2018, where it is used, and 802.3cd). Because it has SuggestedRemedy other common meanings, and this one is specific to IEEE Std 802.3, it should be in the Remove 1 of the MAC definitions list... (simple things like FEC are). I plan to submit maintenance on this just to make it clear - but since it is an issue in this draft, you can fix it here... Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Add "AM Alignment Marker" to the list of abbreviations in 1.5 (page 34 of draft) C/ 30 SC 30.5.1.1.16 P 35 L 48 # 157 Proposed Response Response Status O Zimmerman, George CME Consulting/ADI, APL Gp, Cisco, CommScope, [Editor's note: Changed clause, subclause, page, line from {45,0,44,22} to {1,1.5,34,18}.] Comment Type T Comment Status X Cl 91 SC 91.6.2f P 86 L 5 # 160 "RS-FEC-Int enabled RS-FEC-Int enabled" - gives absolutely NO useful information in the description. Please at least expand a little or give a cross reference to give the reader a Zimmerman, George CME Consulting/ADI, APL Gp, Cisco, CommScope, clue. (other places where this abbreviation are used, such as 45.2.1.110.ab, generally do Comment Type E Comment Status X give more information) "For PHYs supporting RS-FEC-Int operation" should have a reference, especially because SuggestedRemedy it would send the reader searching this clause (RS-FEC) for RS-FEC-Int, and not find it. Change the description "RS-FEC-Int enabled" to "Clause 161 Codeword-interleaved Reed-SuggestedRemedy Solomon Forward Error Correction enabled". change "RS-FEC-Int operation" to "RS-FEC-Int operation (see Clause 161)" similar to other Proposed Response Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 160

references, where Clause 161 is a cross-ref.

Response Status O

Proposed Response

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Cl 91 SC 91.7.3 P87 L38 # 161

Zimmerman, George CME Consulting/ADI, APL Gp, Cisco, CommScope,

Comment Type T Comment Status X

\*FINT indicates RS-FEC-Int and should reference clause 161 as the relevant clause for the capability

SuggestedRemedy

Add cross-ref to clause 161 under subclause

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 161 SC 161.5.2.6 P122 L 52 # 162

Zimmerman, George CME Consulting/ADI, APL Gp, Cisco, CommScope,

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

"The alignment markers shall be mapped to am\_txmapped<1284:0> in a manner that yields the same result as the following process." Where the process begins and ends isn't really clear in the text since the text just runs in paragraphs of descriptive text intermingled with the text and multiple sets of either pseudocode or alphabetic steps. I THINK it ends at P 123 line 38, but that was only after first thinking it ended at other places a few times. This section is technically quite important and needs to be crystal clear, hence my comment is technical, as it is currently not clear to those outside the group.

Descriptive, non-process text should be set out, and the process itself should be either all in steps or all in pseudocode, and set out by its own section. (in my remedy I have used the existing text and put it all in text).

Being a little confused by the text, take caution, as I may have gotten it wrong in my proposed remedy.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "same result as the following process" to "same result as the process in 161.5.2.6.1." Insert new section "161.5.2.6.1 Alignment Marker Mapping Process" following line 54, with content from page 123 lines 1 through 10, and add step e) using text from page 123 lines 18 through 21, and step f) using the text at lines 23 ("The variable am\_txmapped...) through line 33. Add step g) with text at page 123 lines 34 through 38.

Move descriptive (and non-process requirement) text at page 123 lines 12-17 and page 123 lines 39 -page 124 line 46 (end of the existing section) ahead of the new section with just the process.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 161 SC 161.5.2.9 P125 L8 # 163

Zimmerman, George CME Consulting/ADI, APL Gp, Cisco, CommScope,

Comment Type E Comment Status X

"has been FEC encoded, two FEC codewords... each FEC lane... Once the data has been Reed-Solomon encoded and interleaved... FEC lanes... highest FEC lane." - use consistent nomenclature. You go from FEC, to Reed-Solomon, and as much as I love to remember Gus Solomon by name, it suggests there may be 2 different things youre talking about here.

I didn't name it in my remedy, but the editor may wish to review instances of FEC where RS-FEC is meant to be clear - the same thing shows up in 161.5.3.1, 161.5.3.2, and 161.5.3.3. (note RS-FEC is an abbreviation in 802.3-2018 for Reed-Solomon Forward Error Correction)

SuggestedRemedy

Suggest replace instances on lines 8 through 22 of "FEC" with "RS-FEC", and "Reed-Solomon encoded" on line 21 with "RS-FEC encoded".

Additionally suggest editor review usage of "FEC" for possible replacement with RS-FEC elsewhere in clause 161 (I note this doesn't look globally feasible)

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 161 SC 161.5.3.3 P127 L31 # 164

Zimmerman, George CME Consulting/ADI, APL Gp, Cisco, CommScope,

Comment Type T Comment Status X

"The probability that the decoder fails to indicate a codeword with t+1 errors as uncorrected is

not expected to exceed 10–16." This statement is not technically correct without reference to an underlying raw symbol error rate. The probability of a failed decode can be anything if the raw symbol error rate is left unpinned. Since this subclause stands alone and could be reused with different PHYs in different scenarios, it isn't appropriate to pin the raw SER. Additionally, the descriptive sentence is unnecessary.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete the last two sentences of the 2nd paragraph of 161.5.3.3 ("The probability...").

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 1 SC 1.1.3.2 P 31 L 18 # 165

Zimmerman, George CME Consulting/ADI, APL Gp, Cisco, CommScope,

Comment Type E Comment Status X

"For each of chip-to-chip and chip-to-module interfaces" awkward wording, subject/verb agreement - also leaves open whether the definition is different if other than chip-to-chip or chip-to-module interfaces are used here - which does not seem to be the case. Seems it would be cleaner and clearer just to say "for each interface" and the extra words are unnecessary. This same problem exists 6 places on page 31 lines 18, 35, and 50; page 33, lines 5 and 33, and page 34 line 5

#### SuggestedRemedy

Change "For each of chip-to-chip and chip-to-module interfaces" to "For each interface" in all 6 instances (page 31 lines 18, 35, 50; page 33 lines 5 & 33; and page 34 line 5)

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 162 SC 162.9.3 P154 L 21 # 166

Dawe, Piers Nvidia

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The draft loss budget wastes over 3 dB in nearly every case.

The recommended maximum insertion loss allocation for the host traces plus BGA footprint and host connector footprint, of 6.875 dB, compares very poorly with C2M's host insertion loss up to 11.9 dB, making passive copper expensive and unattractive for a switch, while a full range of NICs can be made within only 3.75 dB. Server-switch links will get made with an asymmetric loss budget, so it would be better for the standard to regularise what will happen anyway. By the way, many server-switch links will be asymmetric anyway (different form factors at server and switch ends), and that's already allowed in this draft.

This change would also benefit CR switch-switch links because the shortest ports would get credit for their low loss.

### SuggestedRemedy

As we have done for C2M, create two kinds of CR ports. Host loss allocations of 3.75 dB and 10 dB. Short can connect to short or long with same cable as today; long to long is not supported. Add entries in Clause 73 Auto-Negotiation to advertise short and long to the other end.

In Table 162-10, provide separate limits for Linear fit pulse peak (min).

In Table 162-14, provide separate rows for Test channel insertion loss: for testing the short host input the values for Test 2 are 10-6.875 = 3.125 dB higher (26.75 dB and 27.75 dB), while for the long host input the values for Test 2 are 6.875-3.75 = 3.125 dB lower (20.5 dB and 21.5 dB). No change needed for Test 1.

In 162A.4, provide two equations for each of IL\_PCBmax and for ILHostMax and show them in Fig 162A-1 and 2. In 162A.5, provide two Value columns in Table 162A-1. Adjust figures 162A-3 and 4.

For discussion: should a "long" cable, 19.75+2\*(6.875-3.75) = 19.75+6.25 = 26 dB max (maybe 3 m) be defined? A CR link could have no more than one of the three host, cable, and host being "long".

We could choose other names than "short" and "long" for the ports, possibly "short" and "medium" (as a C2M host can be "longer"), or A and B, somewhat like USB.

In 162.11.7.1.1, zp, representing the extra loss a host has above an MCB, could be made asymmetric but I believe that would not bring an improvement in accuracy.

There could be a third kind of CR port with 6.875 dB but this would not be useful for serverswitch links, would be useful for only a subset of switch-switch links, for which passive copper is a subset anyway, so it doesn't seem worthwhile.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 162 SC 162.9.3 P154 L21 # 167

Dawe, Piers Nvidia

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Clumsy "x vf" way of defining linear fit pulse peak (min)

SuggestedRemedy

Use "Linear fit pulse peak ratio" as in 163 and 163A.3.2.1. Note the unit in the table changes to V/V.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 162 SC 162.9.4.6 P164 L46 # 168

Dawe, Piers

Nvidia

Comment Type

E

Comment Status X

Most such RL equations are graphed out to help the user see what is meant.

SuggestedRemedy

Please illustrate this receiver differential to common-mode return loss too. This would be best done in in Figure 162-4, presently "Transmitter common mode to differential return loss" so that the reader can compare the two.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 162 SC 162.9.3.6 P 159 L 30 # 169

Dawe, Piers Nvidia

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

- 1. This paragraph claims that the minimum common-mode to common-mode return loss is specified to reduce reflections of signals that were generated originally as differential and end up as differential. This is not the case: it is included to contain a gross build-up of CM voltage on the line caused by repeated reflections, that is otherwise unbounded. If it had been intended to address mixed-mode issues it would be a tighter spec, but that's not viable for front-panel connectors. Other specs such as Rx Differential to common-mode return loss and Tx Common-mode to differential mode return loss (both 12 dB at Nyquist, total 24) and Differential to common-mode cable assembly conversion loss (10 dB each way) are there to address the mixed-mode issues, and this spec at only 2 dB won't make much difference to them.
- 2. This is a standard, not an attempt at a textbook. We don't give any justifications for most other specs; there is no reason that this one should be different.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete the paragraph

Proposed Response Response Status **0**[Editor's note: Changed page from 157 to 159.]

Cl 163 SC 163.10.2 P195 L49 # 170

Dawe, Piers Nvidia

Comment Type T Comment Status X

51.8 dB at 40 GHz, at least 23.3 dB beyond the loss at Nyquist and further filtered by the transmitter and receiver, is unlikely to affect performance and may exclude some acceptable channels which are good to 30 GHz then less good at 40.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace the straight part of the limit with one that curves down (with an f^2 term), with a reduced fmax.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 120G SC 120G.3.2 P 240 L 9 # 171

Dawe, Piers Nvidia

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

For a reasonably clean module (or test equipment in a host stressed eye test), the driver swing has to be aggressively reduced to deliver only 15 mV at near end, short mode. 120E has 70 mV, and the previous draft had 24 mV. Yet a host designer knows whether the host wants the short or long setting, and can usefully optimise for e.g. different crosstalk or noise or BER if given a reasonable signal strength. There is room to increase this weak signal without overloading the receiver.

#### SuggestedRemedy

Increase the eve height, short mode, from 15 mV to 18 mV

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 162 SC 162.9.4.6 P164 L46 # 172

Dawe, Piers Nvidia

Comment Type E Comment Status X

In C2M-like specs the Rx Differential to common-mode return loss and Tx Common-mode to differential mode return loss differ by 3 dB at low frequency, for a good reason, but in this clause they are the same. Also, the Differential to common-mode cable assembly conversion loss is more lenient than these specs.

# SuggestedRemedy

Review the relation between these three limits and adjust if necessary.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 162 SC 162.9.4.6 P165 L2 # 173

Dawe, Piers

Nvidia

Comment Type

E

Comment Status X

Italic >=

SuggestedRemedy

Non-italic >= Also 162-10, 162-11, 162-11, possibly others.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 120G SC 120G.3.1.2 P 238 L 41 # 174

Dawe, Piers Nvidia

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

This fixed time value of time-gated propagation delay Tfx is unworkable because the HCB is defined by its loss not its transit time. While HCBs for connectors with few lanes such as SFP+ may be constructed from PCB, those for connectors with many lanes such as QSFP-DD are challenged by fanout and therefore may use a cabled construction with the same loss and a much greater delay than a PCB. The discontinuity at cable-PCB interface should be windowed out just like the coax connector, but would reasonably be much more than 0.2/2 ns (or ~20 mm?) from the coax connector. The HCB transit time is known well enough, just as its loss is, so we can use that in the windowing. Notice that in 163 and 120F. "The value of Tfx is twice the delay from TP5v to TP5", so it's known there.

#### SuggestedRemedy

Change 0.2 ns to twice 0.8 times the delay between the test fixture test connector and the near side of the test fixture host-facing connector on the HCB. Make a similar change in 162.9.3.5 (HCB for CR). Although there may be less pressure to use a cabled technique for MCBs, for consistency, make similar changes in 120G.3.2.3 and 162.11.3 (MCB).

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 120G SC 120G.3.2.1 P 240 L 27 # 175

Dawe, Piers Nvidia

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The module output doesn't have to "support" two modes (e.g. receive, co-operate, enable, or similar), it has to actually do them. They are abilities of the module.

#### SuggestedRemedy

Change "The module output shall support two modes: short and long." to "There are two module output modes: short and long."

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 162 SC 162.1 P141 L 23 # 176

Dawe, Piers Nvidia

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Tables 162-2 and 162-3 are essentially the same, and it benefits the reader to see that.

#### SugaestedRemedy

Combine into one table with columns for clause/annex no., description for 200G, description for 400G, and required/optional status. Similarly for tables 163-2 and 3.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 162 SC 162.11.6 P169 L 27 # 177

Dawe, Piers Nvidia

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Relaxing the already very loose CM RL spec from 2 dB to 1.8 dB at all frequencies isn't justified. This spec becomes useless at the frequency when the MCB loss is 0.9 dB!

SuggestedRemedy

Restore it to 2 dB or use a frequency-dependent mask e.g. 1.8 + 0.01f

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

As a lot of the channel for TP4 far-end is known exactly, one would expect that a known subset of gDC, gDC2 combinations would be the only candidates to try. As for TP1a, I believe the strongest gDC and gDC2 should add to a constant.

SuggestedRemedy

For Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP4 far-end (gDC), change to a set of limits that depend on gDC2 in the same style as for TP1a, with the strongest gDC and gDC2 adding to a constant. The allowed values should be a subset of those for TP1a.

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.5.2 P 252 L 12 # 179

Dawe, Piers

Nvidia

Comment Type

TR

Comment Status X

By allowing stronger gDC with stronger gDC2, we can have up to 12 dB of peaking for gCD2 = -1 but up to 16 dB for gDC2 = -3 - yet we don't expect the maximum channel loss to vary like that.

SuggestedRemedy

For TP1a, change the second -12 to -11, and -13 to -10 (so the strongest "CTLE peaking" is 13).

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 120G SC 120G.5.2 P 253 L 23 # 180

Dawe, Piers

Nvidia

Comment Type

TR

Comment Status X

This draft has a primitive rectangular eye mask (H = either EHmin or EA/VECmax), although it is described as a histogram. It's an inefficient/inaccurate way of measuring a signal quality vertically and provides weak and uncertain protection against too much jitter. This is worse with the higher VEC limit in the latest draft that allows worse and more varied signals, and is a particular concern for very short host channels (see Mike Dudek's work) that can have faster edges than higher loss ones.

SuggestedRemedy

Change from a 4-cornered mask with corners at t = ts+/-0.05, V = k +/-H/2 to a 10-cornered mask with corners at t = ts+/-0.05, ts+/-1/16, ts+/-3/32, V = k +/-H/2, ts+/-H\*0.4, ts+/-H\*

In case it's not clear, H is either EHmin or Eye Amplitude \* 10^(-VECmax/20). This simple scalable method can remain as the EH and VEC limits are revised. Scopes have been measuring with 10-sided masks for many years, it's not more difficult than a rectangular mask.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.1.1 P 237 L 36 # 181

Dawe, Piers Nvidia

Comment Type E Comment Status X

In other specs such as CEI-56G-VSR-PAM4 and CEI-56G-VSR-PAM4, the output differential to common-mode return loss is 3 dB better than the input common-mode to differential mode return loss at low frequency, for a good reason, but in this annex they are the same.

SuggestedRemedy

Unless we find a reason not to, offset the specs in the usual way.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 162A SC 162A.4 P 260 L 40 # [182

Dawe, Piers

Nvidia

Comment Type

T

Comment Status X

This section, for CR, says "the recommended minimum insertion loss allocation for the transmitter or receiver differential controlled impedance PCBs is 2.3 dB at 26.56 GHz". This is the same as the 2.3 dB MCB PCB IL (but why?), and (ignoring connector via loss) 1/3 of the maximum host trace loss (6.875 dB). 92A.4 and 136A.4 use a ratio of 0.086/0.5 or 1/5.8 which allows more flexibility in host layout than 1/3 does. 120G has Host insertion loss up to 11.9 dB, and I didn't find a minimum host loss, although very low loss could be more of a concern in C2M than CR.

#### SuggestedRemedy

Reduce the recommended minimum insertion loss allocation for the CR transmitter or receiver differential controlled impedance PCBs to whatever is justified. If the reasonable limit is a strong function of host package reflection, state whether the recommendation is for a "nominal worst" package, or what. Add a recommended minimum insertion loss for C2M host traces as appropriate.

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.5.2 P 252 L 16 # 183

Dawe, Piers

Nvidia

Comment Type

TR

Comment Status X

The limits for TP4 gDC, gDC2 should not be the same for short and long output modes.

SuggestedRemedy

Create separate limits for TP4 short and long output modes.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 162 SC 162.9.3.5 P159 L13

Dudek, Mike Marvell

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Investigations of the effect of the Time-gated propagation delay on practical HCB's has shown that the input RF connector is affecting the ERL unless the 200 ps is increased to approx 300ps. 300ps is still adequately short to not affect the measurement of the device under test. i.e. The value used for Tfx does not sufficiently mitigate the effects of reflections from the test connector. See dudek 3ck adhoc 01a 041421

SuggestedRemedy

Change the value from 0.2ns to 0.3ns. Also on page 167 line 44.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 120G SC 120G.3.1.2 P 238 L 41 # [185

Dudek, Mike Marvell

TR

Investigations of the effect of the Time-gated propagation delay on practical HCB's has shown that the input RF connector is affecting the ERL unless the 200 ps is increased to approx 300ps. 300ps is still adequately short to not affect the measurement of the device

Comment Status X

under test. i.e. The value used for Tfx does not sufficiently mitigate the effects of reflections from the test connector. See dudek 3ck adhoc 01a 041421

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

Change the value from 0.2ns to 0.3ns also on page 242 line 41

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 163 SC 163.10 P193 L43 # 186

Dudek, Mike Marvell

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Why is the Channel ERL listed here with a duplicate "shall" to 163.10.3 but COM (or the other normative channel requirements aren't listed.

SuggestedRemedy

Either delete the two sentences here or change the second sentence to "Channels shall meet the requirements in 163.10.1 and 163.10.3 to 163.10.7."

Proposed Response Response Status O

# 184

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.2 L 8 # 187 C/ 162C SC 162C.1 P 277 L 54 P 240 # 190 Dudek, Mike Marvell Dudek, Mike Marvell Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X The 900mV output amplitude allowed for the module is larger than necessary for a short For interoperability it would be good to specify which signals are assigned in a partially utilized connector. channel and makes it more difficult for the host receiver to avoid being overloaded. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Provide two rows for Differential peak-to-peak output voltage (max) one for "long mode" Add a sentence. "When a connector is not fully utilized the lower PMD numbers should be and one for "short mode". Leave the "long mode" at 900mV. Make the "short mode" used" 600mV Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O SC 116.1.4 C/ 116 P 92 L 54 # 191 SC 120G.3.2.2 P 241 L 13 # 188 C/ 120G Dudek, Mike Marvell Dudek, Mike Marvell Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X The Optical PMD's are not listed using the new chip to chip and chip to module AUI's It is unlikely that a host that is asking for a "long mode" will have a fast risetime, and SuggestedRemedy therefore the crosstalk will be less, helping the module achieve better VEC and VEO bring the tables for the 200G and 400G from clause 116 into the document and add the SuggestedRemedy new AUI interfaces to the tables. Change to "transition time of 10ps with short mode and 15ps with long mode". Also in Proposed Response Response Status O table 120G-1 Change the existing row to be for "when requesting short mode" and add another row with value 15ps for "transition time (min 20% to 80%) when requesting long mode." and on page 245 line 53 change to "and transition time of 10ps with short mode and 15ps with long mode as measured at TP1a" C/ 162 SC 162.7 P 147 L 34 # 192 Proposed Response Response Status O Dudek, Mike Marvell Comment Type E Comment Status X Improve English C/ 163 SC 163.9.2 P 187 L 45 # 189 SuggestedRemedy Dudek, Mike Marvell change "provide" to "provided" Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Proposed Response

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

The allowed value of dERL of -3dB allows complinat transmitters with substantially worse reflections than the reference transmitter used in COM. I expect to have a presentation

Change dERLmin to -1dB also for C2C in Table 120F-1

Response Status O

showing this.

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

Comment ID 192

Response Status O

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C/ 162 SC 162.7 L 28 # 193 C/ 162 SC 162.9.4.3.3 P 162 L 18 P 146 # 196 Dudek, Mike Marvell Dudek, Mike Marvell Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X Draft should be consistent format for the PMD control and status registers. There are no mofications to COM paramters in Table 162-14. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Delete the "to" to match table 162-5. Delete this bullet. (Note that if this is done then step f on page 162 line 20 will become step e). Proposed Response Response Status 0 Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 162 # 194 SC 162.9.3.1 P 155 L 31 C/ 162 SC 162.9.4.3.3 P 162 L 36 # 197 Dudek, Mike Marvell Dudek, Mike Marvell Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X There are now five preset conditions SNDR should be measured as appropriate for this clause not as for C2C at 25G. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change "three" to "five" Change "SNDR is measured at the Tx test reference using the procedure in 120D.3.1.6, Proposed Response Response Status O with the exception that the linear fit in120D.3.1.3 is performed with a pulse length (Np) of 15 UI." to "SNDR is measured at the Tx test reference using the procedure in 162.9.3.3" Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 162 SC 162.9.4.3.2 P 162 L4 # 195 Dudek, Mike Marvell C/ 162 SC 162.9.4.3.3 P 162 L 42 # 198 Comment Type T Comment Status X An extra exception is needed for the test channel loss. Dudek, Mike Marvell Comment Type Ε Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy 93A.1.2.1 and 93A.1.2.4 have been brought into this amendment. Change to "The test channel is the same as the one defined in 110.8.4.2.2, except that the cable assembly meets the requirements of 162.11, the test channel loss meets the SuggestedRemedy requirements of table 162-14 and the cable assembly test fixture meets the requirements Make these references standard hot links. of 162B.1.2." Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status 0

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 162 SC 162.9.4.6 C/ 162 SC 162.11.7 L 39 P 165 L 9 # 199 P 169 # 202 Dudek, Mike Marvell Dudek, Mike Marvell Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X It would be helpful to have a graph showing this equation. 93A.1 is in this amendment. It should be a hot link SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy fix it. Either add a separate graph or reference figure 162-4 and change the figure title to Transmitter common mode to differential return loss and Receiver differential to common Proposed Response Response Status O mode return loss. Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 162 SC 162.11.7.1 P 171 L 42 Dudek, Mike Marvell C/ 162 SC 162.11.3 P 167 L 25 # 200 Comment Type T Comment Status X Dudek, Mike Marvell There is ambiuity as to whether the transmitter and receiver PCB signal paths include the Comment Type Ε Comment Status X capacitors or not. Here the description implies that they don't but on page 172 (e.g. 93A.5 should be a hot link equation 162-14) they do. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy fix it. Change "The transmitter and receiver PCB signal paths are calculated using the method defined in 93A.1.2.3. The scattering parameters for a PCB transmission line are defined by Proposed Response Response Status O Equation (93A-13), Equation (93A-14) and the parameter values given in Table 162-19. "to "The scattering parameters for a PCB transmission line are calculated using the method defined in 93A.1.2.3 using Equation (93A–13). Equation (93A–14) and the parameter values given in Table 162-19." C/ 162 SC 162.11.5 # 201 P 168 L 41 Proposed Response Response Status O Dudek, Mike Marvell Comment Type TR Comment Status X The differential to common mode conversion loss specification is very relaxed particularly C/ 162 SC 162.11.7.2 P 174 L 1 # 204 at higher frequencies. As an example at 25GHz this specification is only approx 6dB more than the insertion loss. There is no specification for the common mode to common mode Dudek, Mike Marvell return loss of the Rx so all this common mode energy can be reflected back to the cable Comment Type E Comment Status X where through common mode to differential conversion it then becomes a differential It is confusing to state the aggressors are in column two through four because there are signal interferer. Assuming this common mode to differential mode has approximately the separate columns for next and fext. same value as the differential to common mode conversion of approx 12.5dB this unwanted interferer is only 18.5dB below the wanted signal and will severely degrade the SuggestedRemedy BER. Change to "the crosstalk paths are from the

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

Add 10dB to this equation

Response Status O

Comment ID 204

aggressors listed horizontally to the victims listed vertically.

Response Status O

Proposed Response

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# 205

Cl 163 SC 163.10.1 P195 L21

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The bmax limit is very generous (0.2) for taps up to Nb. Channels considered by the Task Force do not justify such a high limit. The limit should be tightened to reduce the chance that unexpected channels will meet the minimum COM threshold but contain large reflections that are difficult to handle.

Broadcom Inc.

SuggestedRemedy

Healey, Adam

Change the bmax limit for n = 7 to Nb to be 0.1. Make a similar change to Table 162-16.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.2 P 240 L 8 # 206

Healey, Adam Broadcom Inc.

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The maximum differential peak-to-peak output voltage for the "short" module output mode should be reduced. A lower output amplitude for "short" mode would reduce the input dynamic range that the host receiver needs to support. This was part of the original proposal for multiple module output modes. However, the feature has not yet been included in the standard.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the maximum differential peak-to-peak output voltage to 600 mV for the "short" module output mode.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 162 SC 162.9.4.3.4 P 163

Healey, Adam Broadcom Inc.

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The spectrum of the broadband noise that is added at the pattern generator output is undefined. Since noise injected at the pattern generator output is filtered by the channel, "broadband" noise will be low-pass filtered at the input to the receiver under test. This is a different stress from the "broadband" noise (with bounded spectral density) injected at the receiver for the Clause 163 interference tolernace test. It could also be argued that the low-pass filtered noise is less "realistic" and test results may not represent receiver peformance under normal operating conditions.

L 23

# 207

SuggestedRemedy

Bound the spectrum of the broadband noise in a manner similar to what is done in 93C.1. The spectrum should be bounded to be more high-pass in nature so that band-pass noise is presented to the receiver (similar to Clause 163 stress).

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 120G SC 120G.3.3.3.1 P 246 L 13 # 208

Healey, Adam Broadcom Inc.

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The stressed input signal calibration procedure states that "random jitter and the pattern generator output levels are adjusted (without exceeding the differential peak-to-peak input voltage tolerance specification as shown in Table 120G–7) to result in the eye height for all three eyes given in Table 120G–8 with the setting of the CTLE that minimizes the vertical eye closure." The term "output levels" is ambiguous. It could be interpreted to be "pattern generator output amplitude" or "individual PAM-4 signal levels". This needs to be clarified.

SuggestedRemedy

Change:

"Random jitter and the pattern generator output levels are adjusted (without exceeding the differential peak-to-peak input voltage tolerance specification as shown in Table 120G–7) to result in the eye height for all three eyes given in Table 120G–8 with the setting of the CTLE that minimizes the vertical eye closure."

To

"Random jitter and the pattern generator differential peak-to-peak output voltage are adjusted so that the height of the smallest eye matches the value in Table 120G-8. The differential peak-to-peak input voltage tolerance given in Table 120G-7 is not exceeded."

Make a similar change to 120G.3.4.1.1 (page 249, line 10).

Proposed Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 208

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Cl 162 SC 162.9.4.3.3 P163 L6 # 209

Comment Status X

Healey, Adam Broadcom Inc.

TR

For values of J3u/Jrms where the condition stated in NOTE 1 is satisfied, The Q3 value should be derived from 10^(-3) and not 10^(-3)/2. The A\_DD and sigma\_RJ derived for the given value of Q3 will correspond to a dual-Dirac distribution with a smaller value of J3u than what is measured from the pattern generator. The calibrated interference amplitude (based on COM) will in turn be somewhat higher resulting in a level of overstress. This issue has been pointed out in

<a href="https://www.ieee802.org/3/ck/public/adhoc/apr14">https://www.ieee802.org/3/ck/public/adhoc/apr14</a> 21/hidaka 3ck adhoc 01 041421.pdf>.

#### SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

Change the value of Q3 to 3.0902. Change NOTE 1 to begin "Q3 is an approximated solution of Q(Q3) =  $10^{-3}$ , where...". Make a similar change to 163.9.3.4 (page 192, line 14). In 120F.3.2.3 (page 224, line 2), note that Q4 (an approximated solution of Q(Q4) =  $10^{-4}$ ) is 3.719 as an exception to the use of Equation (120D-10) and Equation (120D-11).

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 162B SC 162B.1.3.6 P 273 L 30 # 210

Kocsis, Sam Amphenol

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

NEXT\_loss(f) range specified is 50MHz-40.000MHz. I believe this is just a typo given the discussion on this topic. This could be deemed editorial, but there is tehcnical impact to the change.

SuggestedRemedy

Change be 40.000 GHz

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 162B SC 162B.1.3.6

P **273** 

L 42

# 211

Kocsis, Sam Amphenol

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Table 162B-2 rise and fall time specified as 7.5ps (1 instance. The group determined during D1p4 comment resolution that 8.5ps was a more practical value for the rise and fall time for FOM\_ILD calculations. Its logical that the same rise time should be applied to ICN calculations.

SuggestedRemedy

Change to 8.5ps to match the FOM\_ILD definitions in 162B.1.3.1

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 162B SC 162B.1.3.6 P274 L2 # 212

Kocsis, Sam Amphenol

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

NEXT\_loss(f) range specified is 50MHz-40.000MHz. I believe this is just a typo given the discussion on this topic. This could be deemed editorial, but there is tehcnical impact to the change.

SuggestedRemedy

Change to 40.000 GHz

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 162B SC 162B.1.3.6 P 274 L 18 # 213

Kocsis, Sam Amphenol

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Table 162B-4 rise and fall time specified as 7.5ps (2 instances). The group determined during D1p4 comment resolution that 8.5ps was a more practical value for the rise and fall time for FOM\_ILD calculations. Its logical that the same rise time should be applied to ICN calculations.

SuggestedRemedy

Change to 8.5ps to match the FOM\_ILD definitions in 162B.1.3.1

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.126a P 53 # 214 C/ 162D SC 162D.1 P 289 L 14 # 216 L He, Xiang Huawei MC Communications DiMinico, Christopher Comment Status X Comment Type Т Comment Type ER Comment Status D 32-bit counter may be too short for some of the codeword error bins. A brief calculation There are six MDI connector "receptacles" destinguished uniquely by name, referring to below shows the saturation time for the lower bins for 400 Gb/s rate, if the overall BER is them by "type" is unecessary. 2E-4 (random). SuggestedRemedy P289; Line 14 delete "types of" in the sentence "There are six types of MDI Bin# Minutes to saturate connectors "receptacles" specified for hosts." 2.5 P289; Line 32 change sentence to "This enables multiple cable assembly types with 2 4.6 different combinations of the plug connectors at each end." 3 12.7 P290: Line 4 in Table 162D-2 delete "type" two places "Receptacle/Plug type" 46.9 4 P290; Line 32 in Table 162D-3 delete "type" two places "Receptacle/Plug type" 5 217 P291: Line 20 in Table 162D-4 delete "type" two places "Receptacle/Plug type" If considering burst errors, bin 2 and 3 will saturate even faster. Proposed Response Response Status W Bins saturated too early may not be able to provide useful information. SuggestedRemedy Increase the size of counters for bin 1~3, if not for all, to 48 bits. C/ 162B SC 162B.1.3.1 P 269 L 1 # 217 Proposed Response Haser, Alex Molex Response Status O Comment Status X Comment Type T IL MTFref(26.56 GHz) does not match the 6.60 dB specified in 162B.1 (page 266 line 20). C/ 120F SC 120F.3.1 P 219 L 22 # 215 SuggestedRemedy He, Xiang Huawei Update Equation 162B-5; change coefficient out front from 0.9505 to 0.942 to get correct Comment Status X Comment Type Ε 6.60 dB value at 26.56 GHz A dot is added to the abbreviated word "abs" in this table but not in the others. Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Change "abs." to "abs" or add the dot for all other occurances. C/ 162B SC 162B.1.3.1 P 269 L 36 # 218 Proposed Response Response Status O Molex Haser, Alex Comment Type T Comment Status X FOM ILD limit is too strict for measured data SugaestedRemedy Relax FOM ILD to 0.18 dB (see slide 11 of kocsis 3ck adhoc 01 011321.pdf) Proposed Response Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 218

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C/ 120G C/ 162 SC 162.14.4.3 P 178 L 43 # 219 SC 120G.3.1.5 MediaTek Inc. Wu, Mau-Lin Wu, Mau-Lin Comment Type ER Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X The 'Feature' of 'TC5' is not correct. SuggestedRemedy Change "Differential mode to common-mode output return loss" to "Common-mode to 102G.5.2." differential output return loss" for the 'Feature' of 'TC5'. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response C/ 163 SC 163.1 P 181 L 9 # 220 Wu, Mau-Lin MediaTek Inc. C/ 120G SC 120G.3.2.1 P 240 Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Wu, Mau-Lin There are no descriptions for Annex 163B in the paragraph. Comment Type TR SuggestedRemedy Add the following sentence at the end of the 1st paragraph of 163.1 Overview. "Annex 163B provides informative information of an example test fixture meeting the requirements for TP0v" Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy 120G-4. C/ 120G SC 120G.1 P 235 L 36 # 221 Proposed Response Wu. Mau-Lin MediaTek Inc. Comment Status X Comment Type Ε C/ 120G SC 120G.3.4.1.1 The sentence below refers to CEI-112G-VSR-PAM4 defined in OIF-CEI-05.0 [B55a]. "The C2M interface is defined using a specification and test methodology that is similar to Wu, Mau-Lin that used for CEI-112G-VSR-PAM4 defined in OIF-CEI-05.0 [B55a]." Comment Type TR Comment Status X However, OIF-CEI-05.0 doesn't exist yet.

SuggestedRemedy

Propose to remove this sentence

Proposed Response Response Status O P 239

L 10

# 222

MediaTek Inc.

Vertical eve opening is not used as a specification in 120G, vertical eve closure is used instead. Therefore, the following sentence is not appropriate.

"Eye height and Vertical eye opening are measured according to the method described in

Change "vertical eye opening" to "vertical eye closure".

Response Status O

L 37

# 223

MediaTek Inc.

Comment Status X

In Table 120G-4, Module output mode mapping, there are 100GAUI-1-S C2M, 100GAUI-1-L C2M, and etc. defined for "Host electrical interface". However, no definitions of those "Host electrical interface" were found in the whole specification. Based on that, the information provided by this Table may be confusing for the readers.

We shall either add the definitions of 100GAUI-1-S & 100GAUI-1-L C2M or remove Table

Response Status O

P 249

L 8

# 224

MediaTek Inc.

The frequency-dependent attenuation added from output of the pattern generator to TP1a is 18.2 dB, which is 16 dB channl loss with 2.2 dB for host transmitter package loss. However, 2.2 dB is too small a value for host transmitter package loss with 31 mm package trace length.

SugaestedRemedy

By leveraging what adopted in OIF CEI-112G-VSR-PAM4, propose to adopt the 19.5 dB value to replace 18.2 dB, where 3.5 dB representing host transmitter package loss is reasonable.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 224

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C/ 163B SC 163B.2 P 297 L 25 # 225 C/ 162 P 162 L 36 SC 162.9.4.3.3 # 228 MediaTek Inc. MediaTek Inc. Wu, Mau-Lin Wu, Mau-Lin Comment Type ER Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X Equation (163-1) is the wrong reference. It shall be "Equation (163B-1)". For the calculation of SNDR measured at the Tx test reference, the linear fit in 120D.3.1.3 is performed with a pulse length (N p) of 15 UI. The pulse length (N p) shall be long SuggestedRemedy enough to cover all 'linear response', such as reflection due to package length. In this case, Change "Equation (163-1)" to "Equation (163B-1)" in the following sentence. the calculated SNDR includes nonlinearity only, instead of the far-away 'linear' reflection. "The insertion loss of the example test fixture is approximated by Equation (163-1) which is The 15 UI spec here is the same as 50GBASE-CR, which is not reasonable for 100GBASEillustrated in Figure 163B-1." CR1. We shall need a larger value of N p here. In 'li 3ck 01 1020', the authors proposed to consider TX + RX EQ capability to decide N p Proposed Response Response Status O value. In that contribution, N p = 29 was proposed for Clause 163. I found no clues why we have different N p value for Clause 162, since their TX + RX EQ capability are similar. SugaestedRemedy C/ FM SC 0 P3 L 2 # 226 By considering the pulse length to at least cover reflection due to package trace length. MediaTek Inc. Wu. Mau-Lin whose maximum value is 31 mm. By considering the dielectrics constant, D k, as in the Comment Type ER Comment Status D range of 3.5 ~ 4.0, the location of reflection due to 31 mm trace length is around 22 ~ 24 taps after main cursor. Therefore, adopt N p = 29 as Clause 163 seems reasonable. Annex 163A through Annex 163B are lost here. Proposed to N p value from 15 to 29. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Change the setence to "This amendment to IEEE Std 802.3-2018 adds Clause 161 through Clause 163, Annex 120F. Annex 120G. Annex 162A through Annex 162D, and Annex 163A through Annex C/ FM SC FM P 1 L 10 # 229 163B." Grow. Robert RMG Consulting Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type Comment Status X Ε [Editor's note: Changed clause from 00 to FM.] From the amendment list starting at line 28, it appears the TF is planning to be included in # 227 C/ FM SC 0 P 14 L 29 the current revision project. SuggestedRemedy Wu. Mau-Lin MediaTek Inc. Comment Status D Add assigned amendment number 16. Comment Type ER Annex 163A through Annex 163B are lost here. Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Change the setence to C/ FM SC FM P 4 L8 # 230 "This amendment to IEEE Std 802.3-2018 adds Clause 161 through Clause 163, Annex 120F, Annex 120G, Annex 162A through Annex 162D, and Annex 163A through Annex Grow, Robert RMG Consulting 163B." Comment Type E Comment Status X Proposed Response Response Status 0 IEEE style has changed (2020 IEEE Standards Style Manual, 11.1). [Editor's note: Changed clause from 00 to FM.] SuggestedRemedy

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 230

Delete 2nd paragraph of the Editor's Note.

Response Status O

Proposed Response

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Proposed Response

C/ FM SC FM P8 L 21 # 231 C/ 120G SC 120G.1 P 235 L 38 **RMG** Consulting Dawe, Piers Nvidia Grow, Robert Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X The ballot group is now known. Up to now, the optical PMD channels have not needed a very strong DFE, and the C2M loss (10 dB for C2M CAUI-4, 10.2 for 200GAUI-4 C2M, 16 for 400GAUI-4) is low enough SuggestedRemedy that CR and KR PMDs don't need a very strong DFE when used as C2M. Therefore, we Add WG members list at start of P802.3ck WG ballot. never have precoding on C2M at 50G/lane - simple. At 100G/lane, links such as active copper cables will benefit from a very strong DFE in the receiver in the cable end that's Proposed Response Response Status O receiving from a higher loss in the cable. 802.3 enables such active cables via the C2M specs: up until now there was nothing more to say, so they don't get a mention in 802.3. Adding precoding after the signal has been serialised is best avoided, so it should be added in the host, so for the first time, there is something that 802.3 should do specifically C/ FM SC FM P 11 L4 about active cables. **RMG** Consulting Grow. Robert SuggestedRemedy Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Allow optional precoding abilities in 100G/lane C2M transmitters and receivers in the host. Amendment title missing. Add MDIO registers to advertise these abilities and to enable them. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status 0 Replace "Amendment title (copy from PAR)" with the title. Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 162 SC 162.11.7 P 171 L 31 Dawe, Piers Nvidia SC 120G.3.3.3 P 244 L 46 # 233 C/ 120G Comment Type TR Comment Status X Dawe. Piers Nvidia The spec allows a channel to have its COM calculated with 9 taps in the range 13 to 24 Comment Status X clipped at +/-0.05 - which means that the channel's pulse response could be a little worse Comment Type Ε than +/-0.05 for all these 9 taps. That's a very bad cable! and not likely to get made. We It would be better to put the crosstalk parameters in the stressed input parameters tables don't need to provide all the receiver power and complexity to cope with it. rather than scattered through the text. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Use another DFE root-sum-of-squares limit for positions 13-24. Similarly in 163, but as Move the peak-to-peak voltage and transition time numbers from the text of 120G.3.3.3.1 163 specifies the complete channel while 162 uses clean synthetic host traces, the limit and 120G.3.4.1.1 to Table 120G-8 and 120G-11 miaht differ. Proposed Response Response Status O

Response Status O

# 234

# 235

C/ 162 SC 162.9.3.4 P 158 # 236 L 34 Li, Mike Intel Comment Type TR Comment Status X PRBS9Q pattern definition is incomplete, and PRBS9Q symbol transition definition for EOJ measurement is missing. SuggestedRemedy 1.) change "PRBS9Q is defined in a similar way to PRBS13Q (see 120.5.11.2.1) except that the polynomial in Table 68-6 is used instead of the polynomial in Equation 94-3." to "PRBS9Q is defined in 162.9.3.4.1, a similar way to PRBS13Q (see 120.5.11.2.1), except that the polynomial in Table 68-6 is used instead of the polynomial in Equation 94-3."; 2.) Add a new sentence of "The symbol transition definition for jitter measurement and even-odd litter calculation with PRBS9Q is provided in 162.9.3.4.1: 3.) Create a new section 162.9.3.4.1 entiled "EOJ measuement with PRBS9Q", with contents from slides 5, 6 of li\_3ck\_01\_0521 Proposed Response Response Status 0 C/ 162C SC 162C.2.4 P 283 L 41 # 237 Zhang, Bo Inphi Comment Type T Comment Status X QSFP+ is meant for 4x10G 40G pluggable connector transceivers. I believe this section is meant for QSFP families such as QSFP28, QSFP56, QSFP-DD etc. SuggestedRemedy Suggest replace QSFP+ with QSFP families. Also please provide similar references to the 'QSFP+' such as those in section 1.3 normative references footnotes. Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 162 SC 162.1 P 140 L7 # 238 Zhang, Bo Inphi Comment Type Ε Comment Status X When -CRx interfaces are first introduced in the overview section of clause 162. It's not clear the definition is properly referenced. SuggestedRemedy Suggest provide linkage of the definition of -CRx with -CRx interfaces when they are first introduced. Proposed Response Response Status 0

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID