

IEEE P802.3ck D3.3 3rd Sponsor recirculation ballot comments

Cl **93A** SC **93A.5.1** P**234** L**3** # **R3-11**

Dawe, Piers J G NVIDIA
 Comment Type **T** Comment Status **R** ERL filter

The reflection response for ERL is filtered by the transmitter Ht and receiver Hr. Part of Hctf is not static, so rightly it is not included here, but the effect of fp2 is always there, so it should be included in ERL.
 Including it will improve the accuracy and relevance of ERL measurements by making them more like the use-case and less susceptible to high-frequency measurement artifacts.

SuggestedRemedy

Define a first order low-pass filter $H2 = 1/(1+jf/fp2)$. Modify Eq 93A-58 to include H2, with text saying that if a clause does not specify fp2 for ERL, Hp2 is set to 1. Adjust the ERL limits appropriately.
 162, 163 and 120F will pick up the fp2 value from the COM tables. For 120G, because we have the same ERL limit as 162, and 120F has the same fp2 as 162, but 120G has a different fp2, we should set fp2 explicitly, overriding Table 120F-8, and value of the ERL will be different for the same reflection response and the revised limit will be different accordingly.
 Modify figures 163A-2 and 4 to show H2.

Response Response Status **C**

REJECT.

The comment does not provide sufficient evidence to support the proposed change.

Cl **120F** SC **120F.5.2** P**250** L**36** # **R3-3**

Ran, Adeo Cisco Systems, Inc.
 Comment Type **E** Comment Status **D** PICS

The PICS for annex 120G is missing the "Protocol summary" and "Date of Statement" tables that appear in all other PICS sections.

SuggestedRemedy

Add these tables as appropriate.

Proposed Response Response Status **Z**

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Cl **120G** SC **120G.3.1** P**257** L**22** # **R3-13**

Dawe, Piers J G NVIDIA
 Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **R** eye width

As comments I-107, I-108, I-115, I-116, I-211, I-212, R1-55, R2-17, R2-19, https://iee802.org/3/ck/public/22_06/dawe_3ck_01a_0622.pdf and https://iee802.org/3/ck/public/20_10/healey_3ck_01a_1020.pdf discuss, the draft does not ensure adequate eye width because eye width does not correlate well to the weakened definition of VEC in the draft. In experiments we have seen eye widths between 90 mUI and 160 mUI for VEC = 12 dB, even before the effect of reflections shown in https://iee802.org/3/ck/public/21_09/dudek_3ck_01_0921.pdf slide 7. This is way too much variation, and too low, for a spec limit. There can be a great variety of eyes for only slightly different channels, and unsymmetric eyes are possible (significantly different to left and right) as in [dawe_3ck_01a_0622](https://iee802.org/3/ck/public/22_06/dawe_3ck_01a_0622.pdf). The draft spec skews the spec to passing signals with bad eye width, which endanger the link BER, while failing usable signals with better eye width.

SuggestedRemedy

Add ESMW spec limits:
 Host output and module stressed input ≥ 110 mUI;
 Module output and host stressed input ≥ 130 mUI.
 ESMW is defined around ts in the same way that ESMW is defined around Tcmid in 120E.
 For the stressed input calibration, these are limits not targets.

The reason for host spec being less than module is that almost all the bad stuff is in the host measurement, but not all the host channel and package impairments are in the module measurement, even "far end".
 The limits in 120E are host 220 mUI, module near 265 mUI, module far 200 mUI (with a less capable equaliser), so these specs are allowing much worse eyes than 120E, but (if ESMW is added) not totally out of control.

Response Response Status **U**

REJECT.

This comment is a restatement of Draft 3.0 comments I-107, I-108, I-115, I-116, I-211 and I-212, Draft 3.1 comment R1-55, and Draft 3.2 comment R2-17. The resolutions to these comments is provided in the following files:
https://www.iee802.org/3/ck/comments/draft3p0/8023ck_D3p0_final_closedcomments_sor tedByNumber.pdf
https://www.iee802.org/3/ck/comments/draft3p1/8023ck_D3p1_final_closedcomments_sor tedByNumber.pdf
https://www.iee802.org/3/ck/comments/draft3p2/8023ck_D3p2_final_closedcomments_sor tedByNumber.pdf

These comments were closed on the basis of no consensus to make the related changes.

The result of straw poll #7 recorded in the response to comment R2-17 (see https://www.iee802.org/3/ck/comments/draft3p2/8023ck_D3p2_final_closedcomments_sor tedByNumber.pdf) indicated consensus to not make these proposed changes.

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This new comment provides an alternative suggested remedy, but no new evidence is provided.

There is no consensus to make the proposed changes.

CI **120G** SC **120G.3.2** P**260** L**8** # **R3-6**
 Dawe, Piers J G NVIDIA
 Comment Type **T** Comment Status **R** MO AC CM noise

A module is allowed to make 80 mV pk-pk AC common-mode voltage yet its differential pk-pk voltage is limited to 845 or 600 mV, so pmax must be less than 422.5 or 300 mV. Taking off 15 dB (as for one interpretation of the SCMR formula) gives 75 or 53 mV, which seems high anyway. A module contains very sensitive amplifiers (so is motivated to be quiet), and does not contain the long paths that might have skew which cables and hosts have. The host has to suffer all this AC CM, unlike when it's receiving from a CR cable with significant attenuation - yet the next i/o in the host ASIC might be trying to receive from a CR cable. This is bad for crosstalk. https://ieee802.org/3/ck/public/22_06/ghiasi_3ck_01c_0622.pdf and comment R2-9 give more information. Summary: the changed definition of VCM_FB gives a welcome reduction in pk-pk AC common-mode voltage yet it is still too large.

SuggestedRemedy

Reduce the max. module output full-band peak-to-peak AC common-mode voltage, VCM_FB, from 80 mV to 65 mV (50 mV would be better). Make the same change for the min host input full-band peak-to-peak AC common-mode voltage tolerance, VCM_FB. Or, different limits for short and long modes could be used.

Response Response Status **C**
 REJECT.

The value specified was arrived at through discussion and consensus building at the previous comment resolution meeting. See the response to comment R2-20, where Straw Poll #2 shows consensus for the current value of 80 mV, in the following file: https://www.ieee802.org/3/ck/comments/draft3p2/8023ck_D3p2_final_closedcomments_sor tedByNumber.pdf

The comment does not provide sufficient evidence to support the proposed changes.

CI **120G** SC **120G.5.2** P**274** L**44** # **R3-7**
 Dawe, Piers J G NVIDIA
 Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **R** MO gDC values

I-209: the range of gDC, gDC2 combinations for TP4 should be a subset of the TP1a ones, because the range of channels is a subset of the TP1a ones.
 I-206: The limits for TP4 gDC, gDC2 should not be the same for short and long output modes.

SuggestedRemedy

Fix. Use values in I-208 and I-209 or choose better values.

Response Response Status **U**

REJECT.
 This comment is a restatement of Draft 3.0 comments I-206, I-208, and I-209. The resolution to these comments is provided in the following file: https://www.ieee802.org/3/ck/comments/draft3p0/8023ck_D3p0_final_closedcomments_sor tedByNumber.pdf
 No additional evidence or alternate changes are provided by this new comment.

There is no consensus to make any of the proposed changes.

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CI 162 SC 162.9.4.8 P173 L20 # R3-10

Dawe, Piers J G NVIDIA
 Comment Type TR Comment Status R M/ERL frequency parameters

R2-16: the draft spec does not provide a precise reproducible definition of ERL because 93A.5.1 refers to 93A.1.1 which recommends including frequencies up to at least 53.125 GHz while the test fixtures of specified in Annex 162B are specified to 50 GHz. Including out-of-spec elements in a measurement is bad practice; it is better to stop at 50 GHz and use consistent extrapolation. As we have agreed the test fixture frequency range fmax after plenty of discussion, no more information is needed. We have to use it in the spec. The reflection response is filtered by the sinc function for NRZ signalling (21 dB at 50 GHz) + driver Gaussian filter Tr (15) + Butterworth filter (8.5) + Tukey filter (17.7) + twice the test fixture trace loss. So there can be very little energy between 50 GHz and 53.125 GHz where the Tukey filter cuts off.
 The ambiguity of "93A.1.1 "It is recommended ... from a start frequency no larger than fmin" is either building inaccuracy into the spec, or is unnecessary. For ERL, it's probably unnecessary: it's a tiny fraction of the bandwidth and reflections should be low there. Whichever, it should be avoided. Measurements from 50 MHz are commonplace, particularly with the higher bandwidth VNAs that go to 50 GHz.
 A 10 MHz step should be good enough: probably coarser would work, but we can leave such cost reduction to implementers.

SuggestedRemedy

Because 93A.1.1 doesn't enforce the start, step and stop frequencies, we could add text in our ERL definitions to do so, or, better and more forward-looking, modify the sentence in 93A.5.1 from:
 See 93A.1.1 for scattering parameters measurement recommendations including frequency step, start frequency, and stop frequency.
 to
 Some clauses define some ERL parameters by reference to COM parameter tables, which take precedence over the scattering parameters measurement recommendations including frequency step, start frequency, and stop frequency in 93A.1.1.
 Then the modifications for COM definition in another comment will apply to ERL in all clauses too.

Response REJECT. Response Status C

This comment is a restatement of Draft 3.2 comment R2-16, Draft 3.1 comment R1-52, and Draft 3.0 comment I-186. The resolutions to these comments are provided in the following files:
https://www.ieee802.org/3/ck/comments/draft3p2/8023ck_D3p2_final_closedcomments_sortedByNumber.pdf
https://www.ieee802.org/3/ck/comments/draft3p1/8023ck_D3p1_final_closedcomments_sortedByNumber.pdf
https://www.ieee802.org/3/ck/comments/draft3p0/8023ck_D3p0_final_closedcomments_sortedByNumber.pdf

For this new comment no new evidence is provided and the suggested remedy is

somewhat modified.

There is no consensus to make the proposed changes.

CI 162 SC 162.11 P187 L33 # R3-8

Dawe, Piers J G NVIDIA
 Comment Type E Comment Status R wording

There are many more than "three cable assembly types". There should be two loss categories (see comment I-180), and according to 162D.1.1 there are multiple cable assembly types, as 162D.1 says. Some cables can be in all of a, b and c.

SuggestedRemedy

I think what we have here are "cable assemblies for three PHY types". Also at lines 44. At page 187 line 33, "for the three cable assembly types" could be deleted, or changed to "for 100GBASE-CR1, 200GBASE-CR2, or 400GBASE-CR4"

Response REJECT. Response Status C

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3ck D3.2 and D3.3 or the unsatisfied negative comments from previous drafts. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

There is no consensus to make the proposed changes.

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Cl 162 SC 162.11.7 P187 L35 # R3-9
 Dawe, Piers J G NVIDIA
 Comment Type TR Comment Status R M/ERL frequency parameters

R2-16: the draft spec does not provide a precise reproducible definition of cable COM because 93A.1.1 recommends including frequencies up to at least 53.125 GHz while the test fixtures of specified in Annex 162B are specified to 50 GHz. Including out-of-spec elements in a measurement is bad practice; it is better to stop at 50 GHz and use consistent extrapolation. As we have agreed the test fixture frequency range fmax after plenty of discussion, no more information is needed. We have to use it in the spec. The responses are filtered by the sinc function for NRZ signalling + driver Gaussian filter Tr (8.5 dB at 50 GHz) + minimum ~16 dB cable loss even at 40 GHz + PCBs + packages + Butterworth filter (8.5) + p2 of the CTLE. So there is very little energy above 50 GHz and the COM result is quite tolerant to the extrapolation. The ambiguity of "93A.1.1 "It is recommended ... from a start frequency no larger than fmin" is either building inaccuracy into the spec, or is unnecessary. Whichever, it should be avoided. Measurements from 50 MHz are commonplace, particularly with the higher bandwidth VNAs that go to 50 GHz. For these cable lengths, a 10 MHz step should be good enough.

SuggestedRemedy

In Table 162-11, insert a row for fmax, value 50 GHz. At the beginning of this paragraph, insert "COM is based on measurements with uniform frequency step Delta f from fmin to fmax. The cable responses at lower and higher frequencies are estimated by careful extrapolation as necessary". For 162 and 120F: Add fmax row in Table 163-11 and 120F-8. 163A.3.1 refers to 93A.1.1, so add similar clear reference to fmin, Delta f and fmax there. In Table 93A-1, add a row for fmax, with a note that for clauses that don't provide an explicit fmax, there is a recommendation in 93A.1.1.

Response REJECT. Response Status C

This comment is a restatement of Draft 3.2 comment R2-16, Draft 3.1 comment R1-52, and Draft 3.0 comment I-186. The resolutions to these comments are provided in the following files:
https://www.ieee802.org/3/ck/comments/draft3p2/8023ck_D3p2_final_closedcomments_sortedByNumber.pdf
https://www.ieee802.org/3/ck/comments/draft3p1/8023ck_D3p1_final_closedcomments_sortedByNumber.pdf
https://www.ieee802.org/3/ck/comments/draft3p0/8023ck_D3p0_final_closedcomments_sortedByNumber.pdf

For this new comment no new evidence is provided and the suggested remedy is somewhat modified.

There is no consensus to make the proposed changes.

Cl 162 SC 162.14.3 P194 L23 # R3-1
 Ran, Adee Cisco Systems, Inc.
 Comment Type E Comment Status D PICS

Item "AUIFEC" is relevant only for 100GBASE-CR1 and only with CAUI-n (AUI-n is irrelevant, it cannot be above the FEC) . Item "PCS400" feature name is "400GBASE-R PCB".

SuggestedRemedy

Change "AUIFEC" feature to "CAUI-n C2C" and status "CR1:O". Change "PCS400" feature name to "400GBASE-R PCS".

Proposed Response REJECT. Response Status Z

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Cl 162B SC 162B.5.1 P298 L8 # R3-4
 Ran, Adee Cisco Systems, Inc.
 Comment Type E Comment Status R Cross-reference

Cross-reference "Figure 162B" should be "Annex 162B".

SuggestedRemedy

Change per comment.

Response REJECT. Response Status C

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3ck D3.2 and D3.3 or the unsatisfied negative comments from previous drafts. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

A clarification of the suggested remedy is as follows:

Change the cross-reference from "Figure 162B" to "Annex 162B".

Although the suggested remedy as clarified above is an improvement to the draft it is an editorial issue that may be addressed by referral to the IEEE SA Editorial staff.

This change will be passed to the IEEE staff editor for consideration during final editing.

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Cl 162C SC 162C.3.1 P313 L8 # R3-5

Ran, Adee Cisco Systems, Inc.

Comment Type E Comment Status R Cross-reference

Cross-reference "Annex 162C.3" should be "Annex 162C".

SuggestedRemedy

Change per comment.

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3ck D3.2 and D3.3 or the unsatisfied negative comments from previous drafts. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

A clarification of the suggested remedy is as follows:

Change the cross-reference "Annex 162C.3" to "Annex 162C".

Although the suggested remedy as clarified above is an improvement to the draft it is an editorial issue that may be addressed by referral to the IEEE SA Editorial staff.

This change will be passed to the IEEE staff editor for consideration during final editing.

Cl 163 SC 163.9.2.6 P208 L24 # R3-14

Dawe, Piers J G NVIDIA

Comment Type T Comment Status R SCMR

This formula for SCMR divides a 1-sided peak voltage by a 2-sided peak-to-peak voltage, which is comparing apples to oranges. The reader doesn't know if what is really meant is literally what's printed, which would be strange, or the ratio of the 2-sided quantities (or the ratio of the 1-sided quantities, which would be near enough the same), which would be normal.

SCMR should be defined on an apples-to-apples basis so we can re-use it in a future project.

If v_peak is 237 mV as in the example in Table 163B-1 (a minimum for that example test fixture), 15 dB implies a VCM_FB of 42 or 84 mV depending. If v_peak is, say, 400 mV, 15 dB implies a VCM_FB of 71 or 142 mV. I expected something around 80 mV pk-pk but that's near to both alternatives so even after some investigation, I can't tell which is meant.

SuggestedRemedy

Define SCMR as $20 \cdot \log_{10}(2 \cdot v_{\text{peak}} / \text{VCM_FB})$. Depending on what is intended, change the limit from 15 dB to 21 dB, in tables 163-5 and 120F-1.

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

The existing specification is adequate. The proposed changes don't change the requirements, only the form. The existing Equation 163-1 is sufficiently clear as it is currently written.

The comment does not provide sufficient justification for the proposed changes.

Cl 163 SC 163.13.3 P220 L16 # R3-2

Ran, Adee Cisco Systems, Inc.

Comment Type E Comment Status D PICS

There is no 200GBASE-P PMA.

There are two items named PMA200, the second should be for 400GBASE-R PMA. Item PCS400 has incorrect subclause reference, 162.9.4.8.

SuggestedRemedy

In the first "PMA200" item, change feature to "200GBASE-R PMA".

In the second one, change item to "PMA400", and feature to "400GBASE-R PMA".

Change subclause reference for item PCS400 to "162.1".

Proposed Response Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

IEEE P802.3ck D3.3 3rd Sponsor recirculation ballot comments

CI 163A SC 163A.2 P319 L4 # R3-12
Dawe, Piers J G NVIDIA
Comment Type E Comment Status R editorial

4.Test

SuggestedRemedy

Insert space

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3ck D3.2 and D3.3 or the unsatisfied negative comments from previous drafts. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

A clarification of the suggested remedy is as follows:

Change "4.Test" to "4. Test" (i.e., insert a space before "Test")

Although the suggested remedy as clarified above is an improvement to the draft it is an editorial issue that may be addressed by referral to the IEEE SA Editorial staff.

This change will be passed to the IEEE staff editor for consideration during final editing.