

PCS, FEC and PMA Sublayer Baseline Proposal

IEEE P802.3ck

March 2019

Vancouver

Mark Gustlin – Cisco

Gary Nicholl – Cisco

Dave Ofelt – Juniper

Jeff Slavick – Broadcom

Supporters

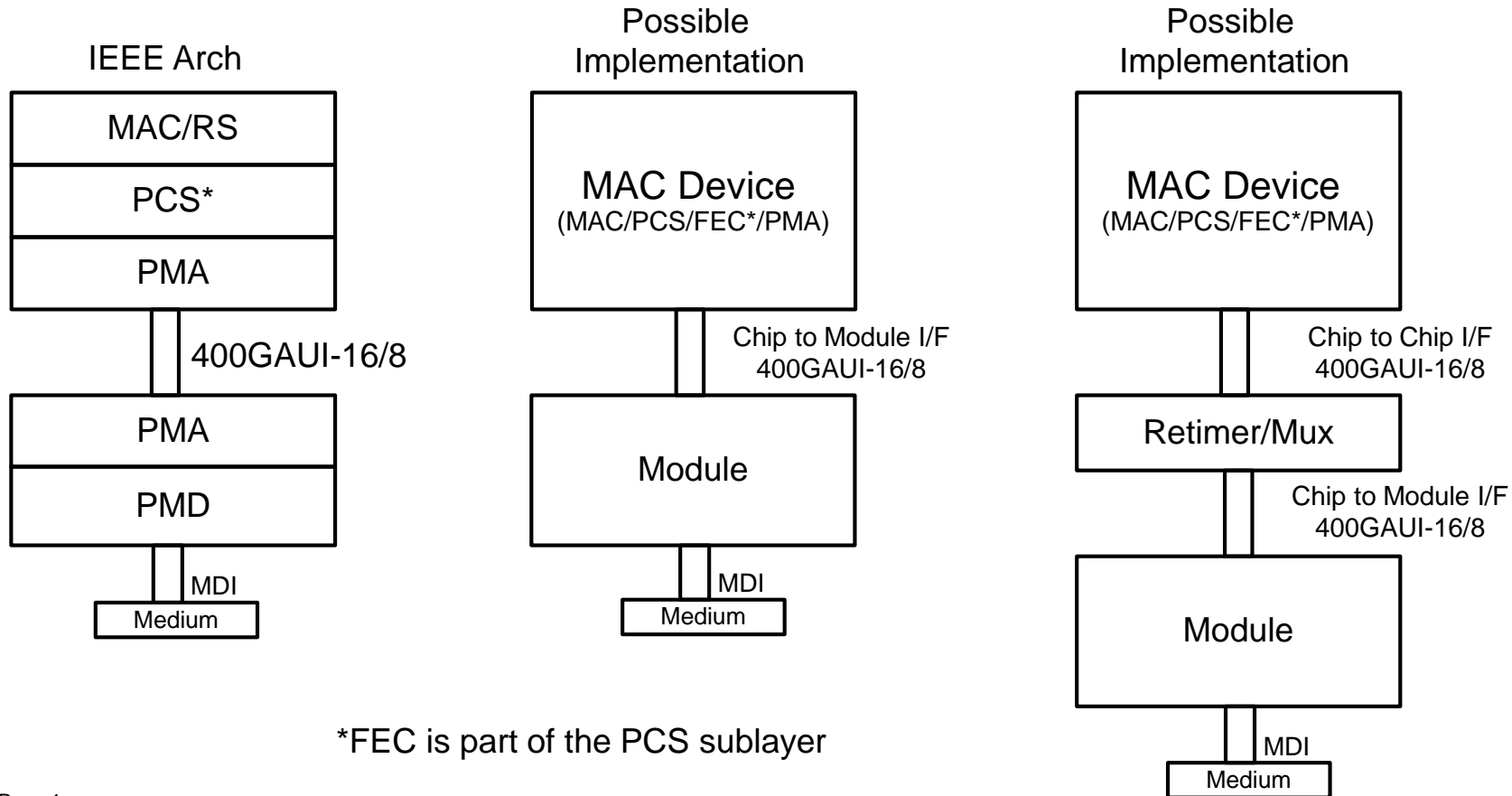
- Rob Stone – Broadcom
- Eric Baden – Broadcom
- Paul Brooks – Viavi
- Kapil Shrikhande – Innovium
- Shawn Nicholl - Xilinx

Introduction

- This describes a possible PCS/FEC/PMA baseline proposal for the various Ethernet speeds covered by the 802.3ck task force
- It proposes to reuse existing PCS/FEC/PMA sublayers that have been defined in 802.3bs and 802.3cd
- It leaves the decision for 100GBASE-KR1/CR1 for the future
 - Discussions are ongoing if interleaving is necessary or not for these channels

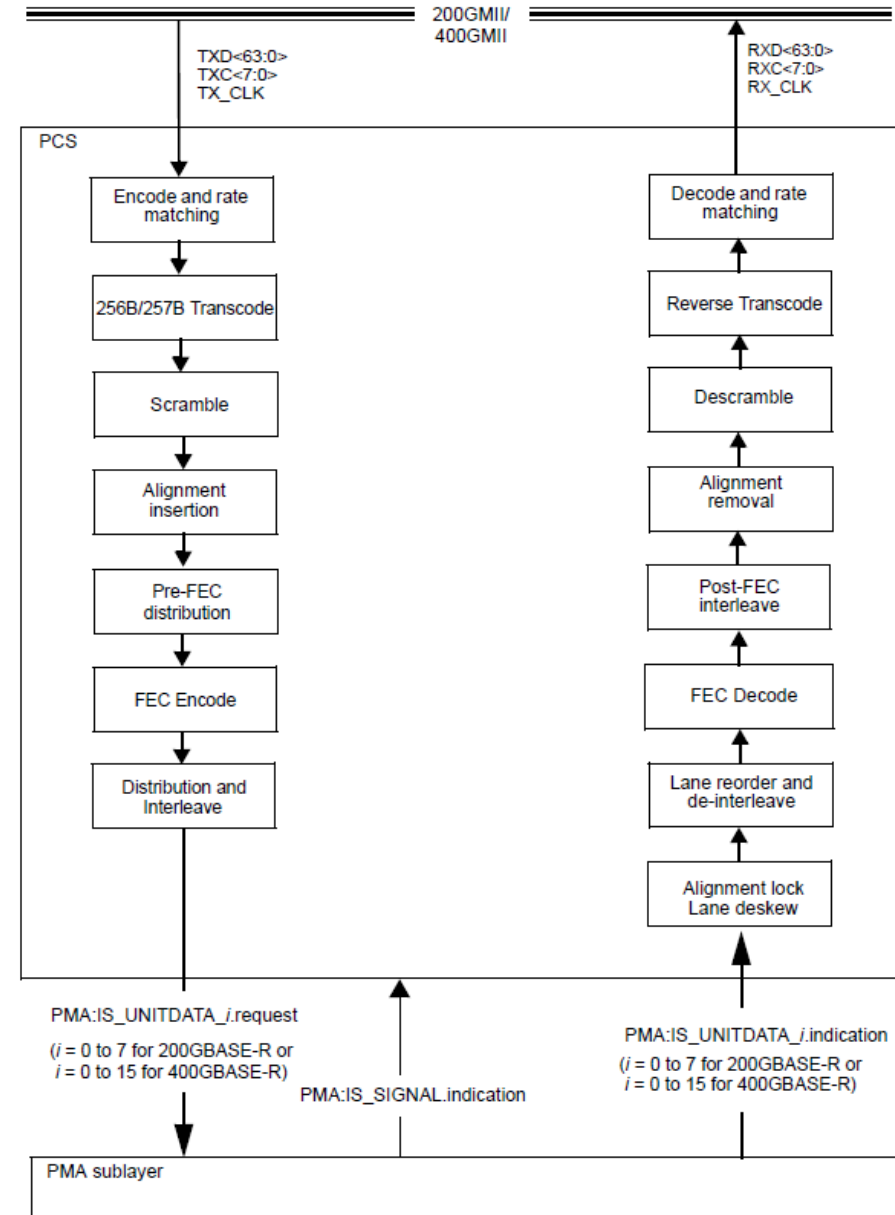
802.3bs Architecture – 200GbE and 400GbE

- Adopted architecture and possible implementations are shown below for 400GbE
 - 200GbE is identical except for # lanes and MAC rate
- FEC is part of the PCS sublayer utilizing the RS(544,514) aka “KP4” FEC code.
- An extender sublayer is also defined



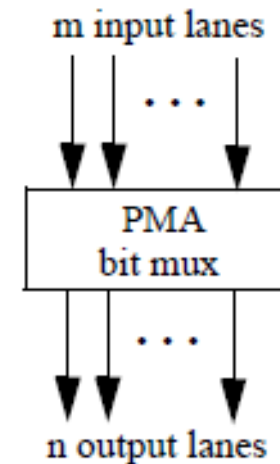
802.3bs PCS

- PCS processing flow is shown in the figure
- The PCS distributes data to 16 PCS lanes for 400GbE and 8 PCS lane for 200GbE
- Pre-FEC distribution plays the data out to two FEC codewords



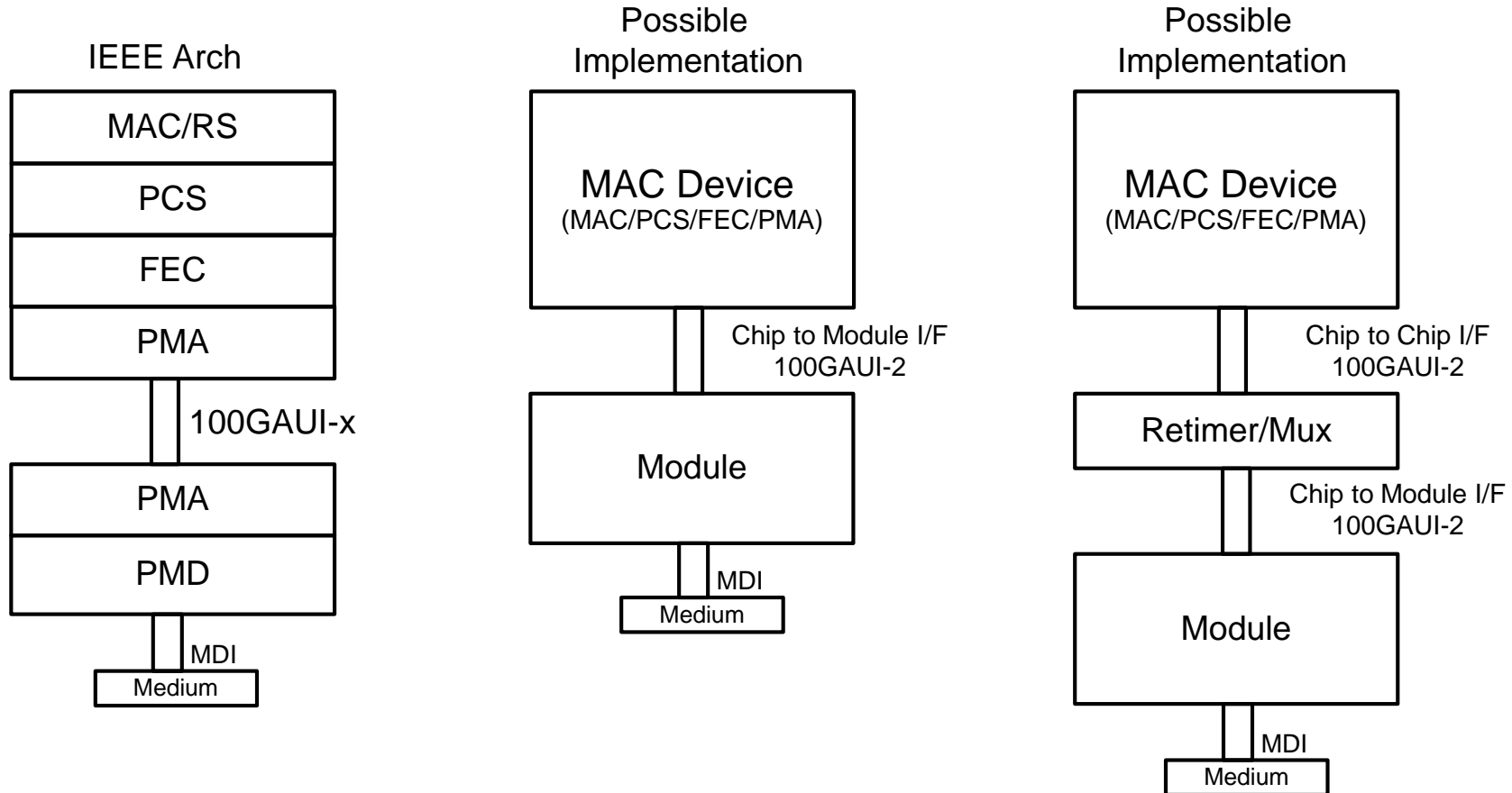
802.3bs PMA

- From a muxing point of view, the PMA is simple, m input lanes are bit muxed to n output lanes
- Bit muxing is blind, lanes can move around, the RX PCS sorts things out
- Clock content and baseline wander simulations have been performed for 1:1, 2:1 and 4:1 muxing scenarios
- Precoding supported on KR/CR PMDs
 - Added by 802.3cd for 200G-KR4/CR4
 - Must implement in TX, optional to implement in RX and the feature is optional to enable



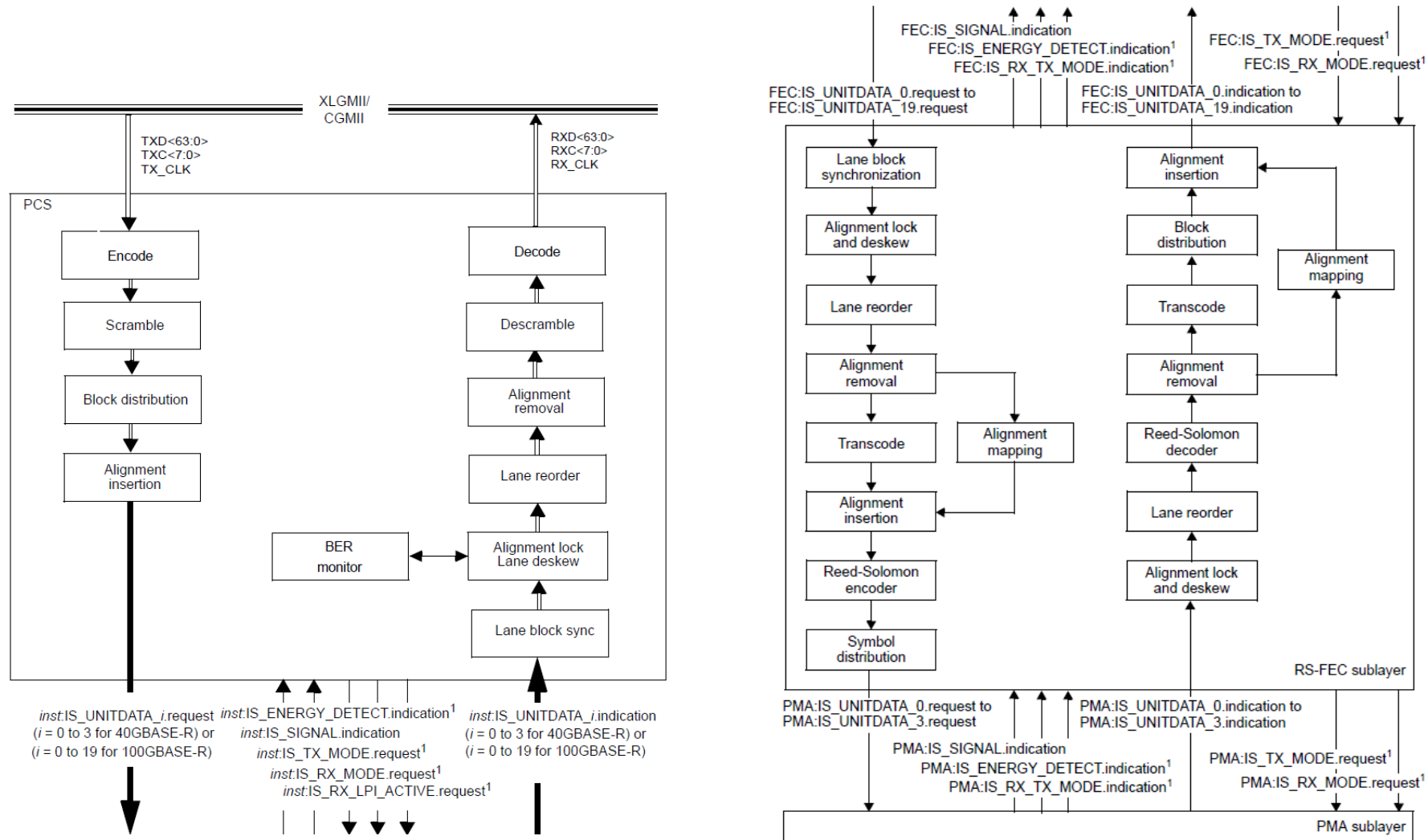
802.3cd Architecture – 100GbE

- Adopted architecture and possible implementations are shown below for 100GbE
- FEC is in the FEC sublayer, RS(544,514) aka “KP4” FEC
 - An AUI may exist between the FEC and PCS sublayers



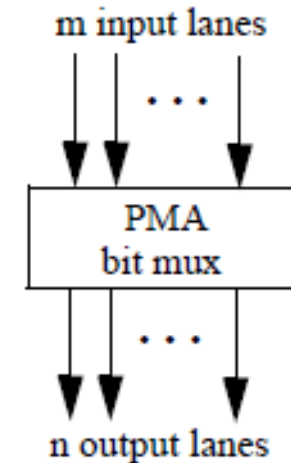
802.3cd PCS/FEC Sublayers

➤ PCS processing flow is shown in the figure to the left, FEC to the right



802.3cd PMA

- From a muxing point of view, the PMA is simple, m input lanes are bit muxed to n output lanes
- Bit muxing is blind, lanes can move around, the RX PCS sorts things out
- Clock content and baseline wander simulations have been performed for 1:1, 2:1 and 4:1 muxing scenarios
- Precoding supported on C2C and KR/CR PMDs
 - Must implement in TX, optional to implement in RX and the feature is optional to enable



Proposal

- Adopt Clause 119 as the PCS/FEC and Clause 120 as the PMA for all 200 Gb/s and 400Gb/s interfaces for this project (AUIs, backplane and copper cable interfaces).
- Adopt Clause 82 as the PCS, Clause 91 as the FEC (RS544), and Clause 135 as the PMA for 100 Gb/s Attachment Unit interfaces (both Chip-to-module and Chip-to-chip) for this project.
 - Leave the PCS/FEC/PMA decision for 100GBASE-KR1/CR1 open for further discussion
 - C2C here is meant to be the C2C-S that has been discussed, similar loss budget to C2M

Thanks!