Discussion Slides -Annex 120G gdc

Beth Kochuparambil

120G	MI SI calibration + gdc	72, 131, dudek_01
120G	EO RR bbmax/gdc	100, 98(R+), 99(R+), 115, 72

Wording

120G.3.4.3.2 Module stressed input test calibration

The stressed input signal is calibrated by the following procedure.

 $[\ldots]$

with the exception for the high-loss case that the reference receiver CTLE setting that minimizes VEC has gDC +gDC2 less than or equal to -13 dB. 13

Eye height and VEC are measured at TP1a as described in 120G.5.2. The pattern generator random jitter and differential peak-to-peak voltage are adjusted so that the eye height of the smallest eye matches the target value and VEC is within the limits in Table 120G–10. The differential peak-topeak input voltage tolerance given in Table 120G-9 is not exceeded. For the high-loss case, the reference receiver CTLE is limited to settings where $g_{DC} + g_{DC2}$ is less than or equal to -13 dB. This restriction does not apply for the low-loss case. The pattern generator pre-emphasis and reference receiver settings that minimize VEC are used.

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.4.3.2 P 274 L 17 # 131 Dawe, Piers Nvidia Comment Type Comment Status D MI SI calibration

This is open to misinterpretation: "For the high-loss case, the reference receiver CTLE is limited to settings where gDC + gDC2 is less than or equal to -13 dB. This restriction does not apply for the low-loss case." Even the previous text, "The CTLE setting, gDC+gDC2, has to be less than or equal to -13 dB" was misinterpreted to mean that there is no constraint on gDC + gDC2 for the low loss case. Yet the limits for the appropriate test point in Table 120G-11 still apply.

Actually, for a stressed signal calibration, we are looking for a signal where the optimum CTLE setting obeys the rules (so that the signal is not low stress but outside the expected range, but right stress and in the expected range).

See another comment for whether -13 dB is the right value.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "Eye height and VEC are measured at TP1a as described in 120G.5.2." to "Eye height and VEC are measured at TP1a as described in 120G.5.2, with an additional constraint for the high-loss case: the reference receiver CTLE setting that minimizes VEC has gDC + gDC2 less than or equal to -13 dB."

Delete "For the high-loss case, the reference receiver CTLE is limited to settings where gDC + gDC2 is less than or equal to -13 dB. This restriction does not apply for the low-loss case."

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GDC Values

Slides 5-9 Comment walk through

Slides 10-11 All together

Slide 12 Proposed Response

120G.3.4.3.2 Module stressed input test calibration

The stressed input signal is calibrated by the following procedure.

 $[\ldots]$

with the exception for the high-loss case that the reference receiver CTLE setting that minimizes VEC has gDC +gDC2 less than or equal to -13 dB.

Table 120G-11—Eve opening reference receiver parameter values

Eye height and VEC are measured at TP1a as described in 120G.5.2. The pattern generator random-10.5 13 14 jitter and differential peak-to-peak voltage are adjusted so that the eye height of the smallest eye 15 matches the target value and VEC is within the limits in Table 120G-10. The differential peak-to-

MI SI calibration

120G.5 Measurement method	ology radic 1200-11—Lye opening rele	rende rederver parame	tter varaes	
scurement meure	nent method	Symbol	Value	Units
120G.5 Measurement method	Signaling rate	fb	53.125	GBd
120G.5.2 Z	Receiver 3 dB bandwidth	$f_{ m r}$	$0.75 \times f_{b}$	GHz
	Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP1a Range for $g_{DC2} = 0$ Range for $-1 \le g_{DC2} < 0$ Range for $-2 \le g_{DC2} < -1$ Range for $-3 \le g_{DC2} < -2$ Step size	$g_{ m DC}$	-2 to -9 -2 to -12 -4 to -12 -6 to -13 1.0	10 dB

C/ 120G SC 120G.3.4.3.2 P 274 L 17 # 72 Dudek, Mike Marvell

Comment Status D

The optimum value of CTLE peaking (gdc+gdc2) when calibrating the high loss stressed module receiver test is only 10.5dB. See Dudek 3ck 01 0921. Requiring at least 13dB is degrading the signal making it difficult to generate the signal (see e.g. Snapshot of Receiver Module Input Tests (no convergence on high-loss TP1a channel) and private Note also that the maximum allowed peaking for testing the host output discussions). should not be significantly different from this value. A presentation will be made.

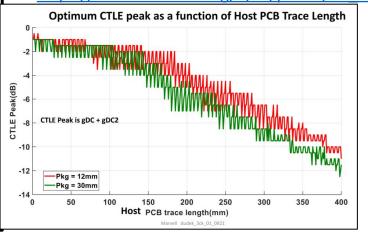
SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

TR

Change -13dB to -10.5dB. Also in Table 120G-11 change the gdc values for TP1a range for -1<GDC2 <0 to -2 to -11, the range for -2<GDC2 <-1 to -4 to -10, and the range for -3<GDC2 <-2 to -4 to -9

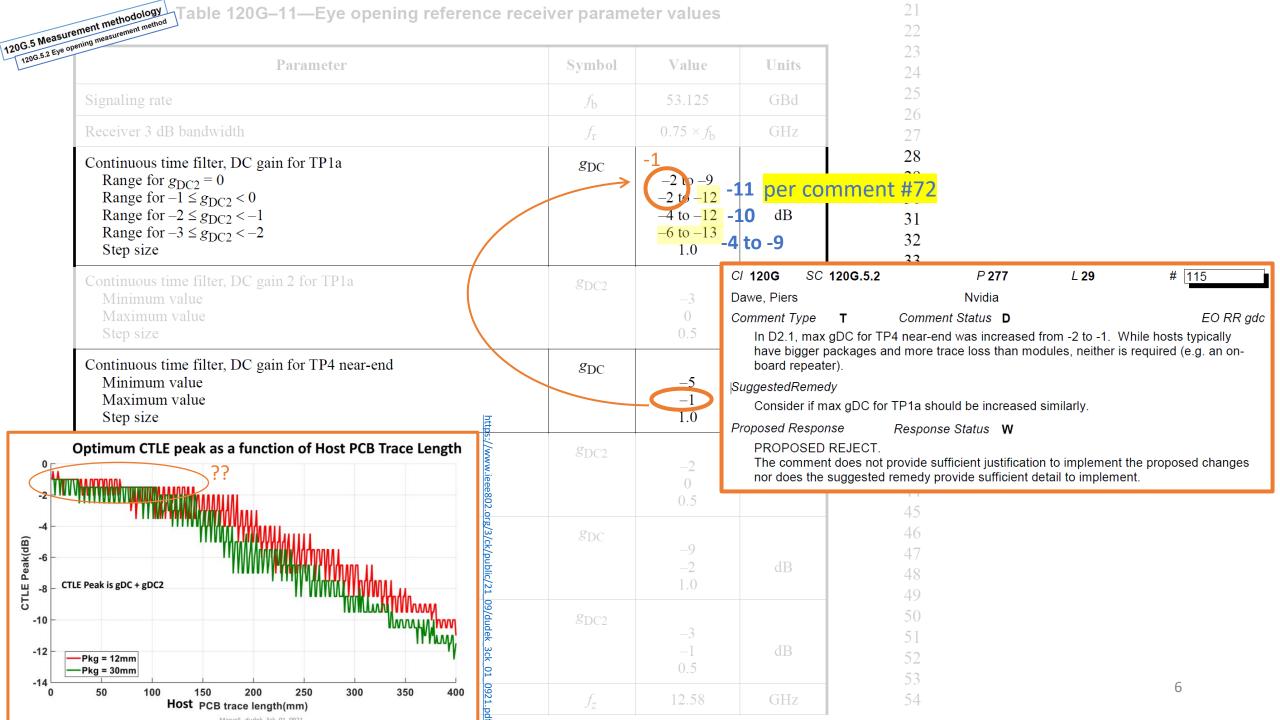
https://www.ieee802.org/3/ck/public/21 09/dudek 3ck 01 0921.pdf



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23 24

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	Symbol	Valu
ment methodology Table 120G–11—Eye opening reference Parameter	Symbol	v aru
Signaling rate	₽	53.12
Receiver 3 dB bandwidth	$f_{ m r}$	0.75 ×
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP1a Range for $g_{DC2} = 0$ Range for $-1 \le g_{DC2} < 0$ Range for $-2 \le g_{DC2} < -1$ Range for $-3 \le g_{DC2} < -2$	goc Vie of Tp1a"	-2 to - -2 to - -4 to - 7 -6 to -
Step size		1.0
Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP1a Minimum value Maximum value Step size	g _{DC2}	-3 0 0.5
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP4 near-end Minimum value Maximum value Step size	$g_{ m DC}$	-5 -1 1.0
Continuous time filter DC gain 2 for TDA moon and	g _{DC2}	-2 0
Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP4 near-end Minimum value Maximum value Step size		0.5
Minimum value Maximum value	$g_{ m DC}$	-9 -2 1.0
Minimum value Maximum value Step size Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP4 far-end ivinimum value Maximum value	gDC	-9 -2

Cl 120G	SC 120G.5.2	P 277	L 38	# 98
Dawe, Piers	3	Nvidia		

, Piers

Comment Status D ment Type TR

EO RR gdc

The limits for TP4 gDC, gDC2 should not be the same for short and long output modes. Obviously, different channels will need different CTLE settings. Obviously, CTLE settings hat only signals outside what the spec is designed for use, should be excluded, to make mplementers set up their product correctly.

estedRemedy

Create separate limits for TP4 short and long output modes, so 4 sets for TP4+, in the style of TP1a. I<mark>f you don't have any better numbers, create them anyway with the same</mark> numbers in each set - but see another comment.

osed Response

Response Status W

ROPOSED REJECT.

his comment is a restatement of D2.1 comment #103 and D2.0 comment #183, which vere rejected on the basis of providing insufficient justification and detail.

This comment provides expanded justification, but the suggested remedy does not provide sufficient detail to implement.

Sumoient a	etan to implement.
UD	36
	37
	38
15	39
dB	40
	41
	42
475	43
dB	44

Response Status U Response REJECT.

Draft 2.1, #103

This comment is a restatement of D2.0 comment #179, which was rejected on the basis of insufficient justification and detail. It adds request to provide 4 sets of values in the style used for TP1a but does not provide specific values. No further justification is provided.

The comment does not provide sufficient justification for the proposed changes nor does the suggested remedy provide sufficient detail to implement.

esponse REJECT. Response Status U

suggested remedy does not provide sufficient detail to implement.

Draft 2.0, #183

The comment does not provide sufficient justification to support any changes and the

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12.58

Table 120G–11—Eye opening reference pering measurement method Parameter	Symbol	Value
Signaling rate	fb	53.12
Receiver 3 dB bandwidth	$f_{\rm r}$	0.75 ×
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP1a Range for $g_{DC2} = 0$ Range for $-1 \le g_{DC2} < 0$ Range for $-2 \le g_{DC2} < -1$ Range for $-3 \le g_{DC2} < -2$ Step size	Ate separate limit	-2 to -2 to -2 to -7 Th
Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP1a Minimum value Maximum value Step size	\$DC2	-3 0 0.5
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP4 near-end, Short Minimum value Maximum value Step size	g_{DC}	-5 -1 1.0
Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP4 near-end, short Minimum value Maximum value Step size	g _{DC2}	-2 0 0.5
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP4 far-end, Short Minimum value Maximum value Step size	$g_{ m DC}$	-9 -2 1.0

Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP4 far-end, **short**

Continuous time filter, zero frequency for $g_{DC} = 0$

Minimum value

Maximum value

Table 120G-11—Eye opening refe	rence receiver parame	eter values		21		
Table 120G–11—Eye opening refe			CI 120G SC 1200	G.5.2 P 277	L 46	# 99
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Dawe, Piers Comment Type TF	Nvidia Comment Status)	EO RR go
Signaling rate	fb	53.125	As a lot of the cha less than to TP1a	annel for TP4 far-end is know , the range of gDC, gDC2 co	vn exactly and the max ombinations should be	loss to TP4 far end is a subset of the TP1a
Receiver 3 dB bandwidth	$f_{ m r}$	$0.75 \times f_{\rm b}$	ones. SuggestedRemedy			
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP1a Range for $g_{DC2} = 0$ Range for $-1 \le g_{DC2} < 0$ Range for $-2 \le g_{DC2} < -1$	$g_{ m DC}$	-2 to -9 -2 to -12 -4 to -12	For Continuous tir depend on gDC2 those for TP1a. F TP1a; for TP4 sho	me filter, DC gain for TP4 far in the same style as for TP1 For TP4 long far end, use min ort far end, 3 dB higher than	 a. The allowed values nimum gDC 1 dB higher 	should be subsets of
Range for $-3 \le g_{DC2} < -2$ Step size		-6 to -13 1.0		Response Status V ECT. a restatement of D2.1 comm the basis of providing insuffic	ent #104 and D2.0 cor	
Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP1a Minimum value Maximum value Step size	g_{D}	-3	This comment pro implementation.	Current TP4 far-end	ut does provide more o	details for
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP4 near-end Minimum value	$g_{ m DC}$	Range for	gDC2 = 0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Maximum value Step size		Range for	-1 < gDC2 < 0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP4 near-end	g _D (2	_	-2 ≤ gDC2 ≤ -1	-2 to -9	-4 to -9	-4 to -11
Minimum value Maximum value Step size		Range for	-3 ≤ gDC2 < -2	-2 to -9 44 45	-6 to -10	-6 to -12
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP4 far-end Minimum value	g _{DC}	-9	Response	A.C	U DI	 raft 2.1, #104
Maximum value Step size		$\begin{array}{c} -2\\1.0\end{array}$	insufficient just	is a restatement of D2.0 com tification and detail. No furthe	ـــــــ ا ment #178, which was	rejected on the basis of
Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP4 far-end Minimum value	g_{DC2}	-3		does not provide sufficient jus remedy provide sufficient det		ed changes nor does
Maximum value Step size		$-1 \\ 0.5$	Response REJECT.	Response Status	U DI	raft 2.0, #178
Continuous time filter, zero frequency for $g_{DC} = 0$	f_z	12.58		does not provide sufficient just nedy does not provide sufficie		y changes and the

120G.5 Measurement methodology 70G-11—Eye opening reference receiver parameter values

120G.5.2 Eye opening Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Signaling rate	f_{b}	53.125	GBd
Receiver 3 dB bandwidth	$f_{\rm r}$	$0.75 \times f_{\rm b}$	GHz
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP1a Range for $g_{DC2} = 0$ Range for $-1 \le g_{DC2} < 0$ Range for $-2 \le g_{DC2} < -1$ Range for $-3 \le g_{DC2} < -2$ Step size	$g_{ m DC}$	-2 to -9 -2 to -12 -4 to -12 -6 to -13 1.0	dB
Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP1a Minimum value Maximum value Step size	g _{DC2}	-3 0 0.5	dB
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP4 near-end Minimum value Maximum value Step size	$g_{ m DC}$	-5 -1 1.0	dB
Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP4 near-end Minimum value Maximum value Step size	g _{DC2}	-2 0 0.5	dB
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP4 far-end Minimum value Maximum value Step size	$g_{ m DC}$	-9 -2 1.0	dB
Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP4 far-end Minimum value Maximum value Step size	g_{DC2}	-3 -1 0.5	dB
Continuous time filter, zero frequency for $g_{DC} = 0$	f_z	12.58	GHz

For your reference, Draft 2.2 (as it sits today)

120G.5 Measurement methodology 70G-11—Eye opening reference r	eceiver parame	eter values		21 22	If we acc	cept them a	all
120G.5 Meeting miles 120G.5.2 Eye opening miles	Symbol	Value	Units	23 24			
Signaling rate	f_{b}	53.125	GBd	25 26			
Receiver 3 dB bandwidth	$f_{ m r}$	$0.75 \times f_{b}$	GHz	27			
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP1a Range for $g_{DC2} = 0$ Range for $-1 \le g_{DC2} < 0$ Range for $-2 \le g_{DC2} < -1$ Range for $-3 \le g_{DC2} < -2$ Step size	g _{DC}	-1 to -9 -1 to -11 -4 to -10 -4 to -9 1.0	#72 dB	28 29 30 31 32 33			
Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP1a Minimum value Maximum value Step size	g_{DC2}	-3 0 0.5	dB	34 35 36 37			
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP4 near-end, Short Range for -2 ≤ gDC2 < 0 Step size	$g_{ m DC}$	-1 to -5		me filter, DC gain for TP4 near-6 2 ≤ gDC2 < 0	end, long	$g_{ m DC}$	-1 to -5
Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP4 near-end, Short Minimum value Maximum value Step size	$g_{ m DC2}$	-2 0 0.5	Continuous tin Minimum v Maximum Step size		r-end, long	g_{DC2}	-2 0 0.5
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP4 far-end, short Range for -2 ≤ gDC2 < -1 Range for -3 ≤ gDC2 < -2 Step size	$g_{ m DC}$	-4 to -9 -6 to -10 1.0	Range for -2	me filter, DC gain for TP4 far-en $2 \le gDC2 < -1$ $3 \le gDC2 < -2$	d, long	$g_{ m DC}$	-4 to -11 -6 to -12 1.0
Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP4 far-end, short Minimum value Maximum value Step size	g _{DC2}	-3 -1 0.5	Continuous tin Minimum v Maximum s Step size		end, long	g_{DC2}	-3 -1 0.5
Continuous time filter, zero frequency for $g_{DC} = 0$	f_z	12.58	GHz	54		11	

)G.5 Measurement methodology 70G-11—Eye opening reference receiver parameter values

120G.5 Measure opening measure 120G.52 Eye opening measure 120G.52 Eye opening measure 120G.52 Eye opening measure 120G.5 Eye opening measure	6 1 1	***	T T •4
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Signaling rate	f_{b}	53.125	GBd
Receiver 3 dB bandwidth	$f_{\mathbf{r}}$	$0.75 \times f_{\rm b}$	GHz
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP1a Range for $g_{DC2} = 0$ Range for $-1 \le g_{DC2} < 0$ Range for $-2 \le g_{DC2} < -1$ Range for $-3 \le g_{DC2} < -2$ Step size	$g_{ m DC}$	-2 to -9 -2 to -11 -4 to -10 -4 to -9 1.0	dB
Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP1a Minimum value Maximum value Step size	g _{DC2}	-3 0 0.5	dB
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP4 near-end Range Step size	$g_{ m DC}$	-1 to -5	dB
Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP4 near-end Minimum value Maximum value Step size	g _{DC2}	-2 0 0.5	dB
Continuous time filter, DC gain for TP4 far-end Range Step size	$g_{ m DC}$	-2 to -9 1.0	dB
Continuous time filter, DC gain 2 for TP4 far-end Minimum value Maximum value Step size	g_{DC2}	-3 -1 0.5	dB
Continuous time filter, zero frequency for $g_{DC} = 0$	f_z	12.58	GHz

Editor's Recommendation

Comment	Response
72	Accept, analysis/presentation is justification
115	Reject, limited justification
99	Reject, limited justification
98	AIP; accept editorial change of the TP1a style makes it easier to read. With 99 rejected, no justification requiring separate entries for short/long.

120G.3.4.3.2 Module stressed input test calibration

The stressed input signal is calibrated by the following procedure. $[\dots]$

g) Eye height and VEC are measured at TP1a as described in 120G.5.2 with the exception for the high-loss case that the reference receiver CTLE setting that minimizes VEC has gDC +gDC2 less than or equal to -10.5 dB.

bbmax Value

Cl 120G SC 120G.5.2 P 277 L 32 # 100

Dawe, Piers Nvidia

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

My recent simulations don't use gDC as strong as the table allows, but occasionally, the first DFE tap hits the limit of 0.4

SuggestedRemedy

Increase bbmax(1) from 0.4 to 0.5, increase the minimum for gDC at TP1a and TP4 long far end.

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3ck D2.2 and D2.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from previous drafts. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

The comment provides only annecdotal evidence.

For task force discussion.

Table 120G–11—Eye opening reference receiver parameter values (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Continuous time filter, pole frequencies	f_{p1} f_{p2}	20 28	GHz GHz
Continuous time filter, low-frequency pole/zero	$f_{ m LF}$	f _b / 40	GHz
Decision feedback equalizer (DFE) length	N _b	4	UI
Normalized DFE coefficient maximum limit $n = 1$ $n = 2$ $n = 3$ or 4	$bb_{\max}(n)$	0.4 0.15 0.1	_ _ _
Normalized DFE coefficient minimum limit $n = 1$ $n = 2$ $n = 3$ or 4	bb _{min} (n)	0.1 -0.15 -0.05	_ _ _
One-sided noise spectral density	η_0	4.1 × 10 ⁻⁸	V ² /GHz

Proposal has 3 parts

EO RR bbmax

- Increase bbmax(1) from 0.4 to 0.5
- Increase minimum gDC values for TP1a
 - No proposal given here
 - Done by Mike Dudek in comment 72
- Increase minimum gDC values for TP4
 - No proposal given here
 - Proposal given in comment 99