## Further test results for 400GBASE-LR4

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## EML Transmitttr at High Temperature

- Uncooled transmitters are tested with different chromatic dispersion in 1328 nm , compared to the proposed spec in lewis 3cu adhoc 061919 v2 :
- The TDECQ is excessively high at 10 km positive dispersion
- The penalty introduced by high temperature is expected to be about 0.5 dB
- Optimization for best TDECQ will increase SECQ by at least 0.2 dB


Measured TDECQ-SECQ


## SiP Transmitter at Room Temperature

- In mazzini_3cu_adhoc_070319 and mazzini_3cu_adhoc_082119, a SiP transmitter at a CWDM wavelength was tested with 10km worst case negative chromatic dispersion, compared to the proposed spec in lewis_3cu_adhoc_061919_v2 :
- The TDECQ value is 3.49 dB with only 0.41 dB margin
- Tx OMA - TDECQ fails to meet the proposed spec due to insufficient optical launching power.

|  | Measurement <br> (BOL in lab) | Proposed Spec <br> $($ EOL) | Margin |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TX OMA (dBm) | $2.23^{*}$ | $>0.5$ |  |
| TDECQ - SECQ (dB) | 2.03 | -- | 0.41 |
| TDECQ (dB) | 3.49 | $<3.9$ | -0.36 |
| TX OMA-TDECQ $(\mathrm{dBm})$ | -1.26 | $>-0.9$ |  |

## Observation \& Thoughts

- The TDECQ measurements for a SiP transmitter with CWDM grid indicate :
- Small manufacturing margin ( 0.4 dB );
- Insufficient power budget to close the 10 km fiber transmission ( 0.36 dB gap)
- The TDECQ of EML transmitters at CWDM grid are excessively high at 10 km positive dispersion.
- Possible choices for 400GBASE-LR4:
- Adopting CWDM as a baseline for 6.3 dB loss with around $6-7 \mathrm{~km}$ reach.
- Adopting LWDM as a baseline for 10 km reach.


## Appendix


$E R=10.5 \mathrm{~dB}$


Source:
http://www.ieee802.org/3/cu/public/cu_adhoc/cu_archive/mazzini_3cu_adh oc_070319.pdf


