

C2M module R_{peak}

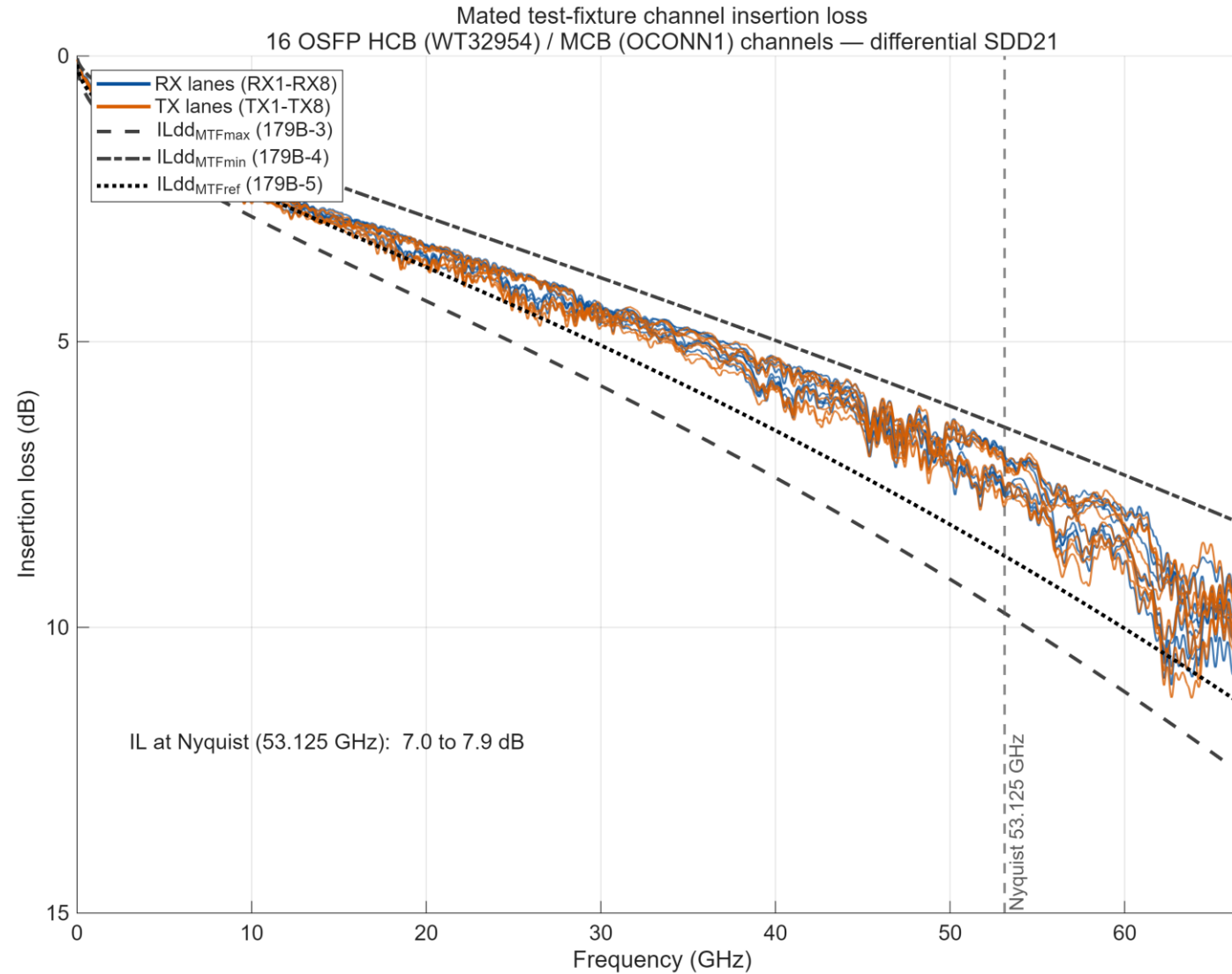
D3.1 comment #240

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Introduction

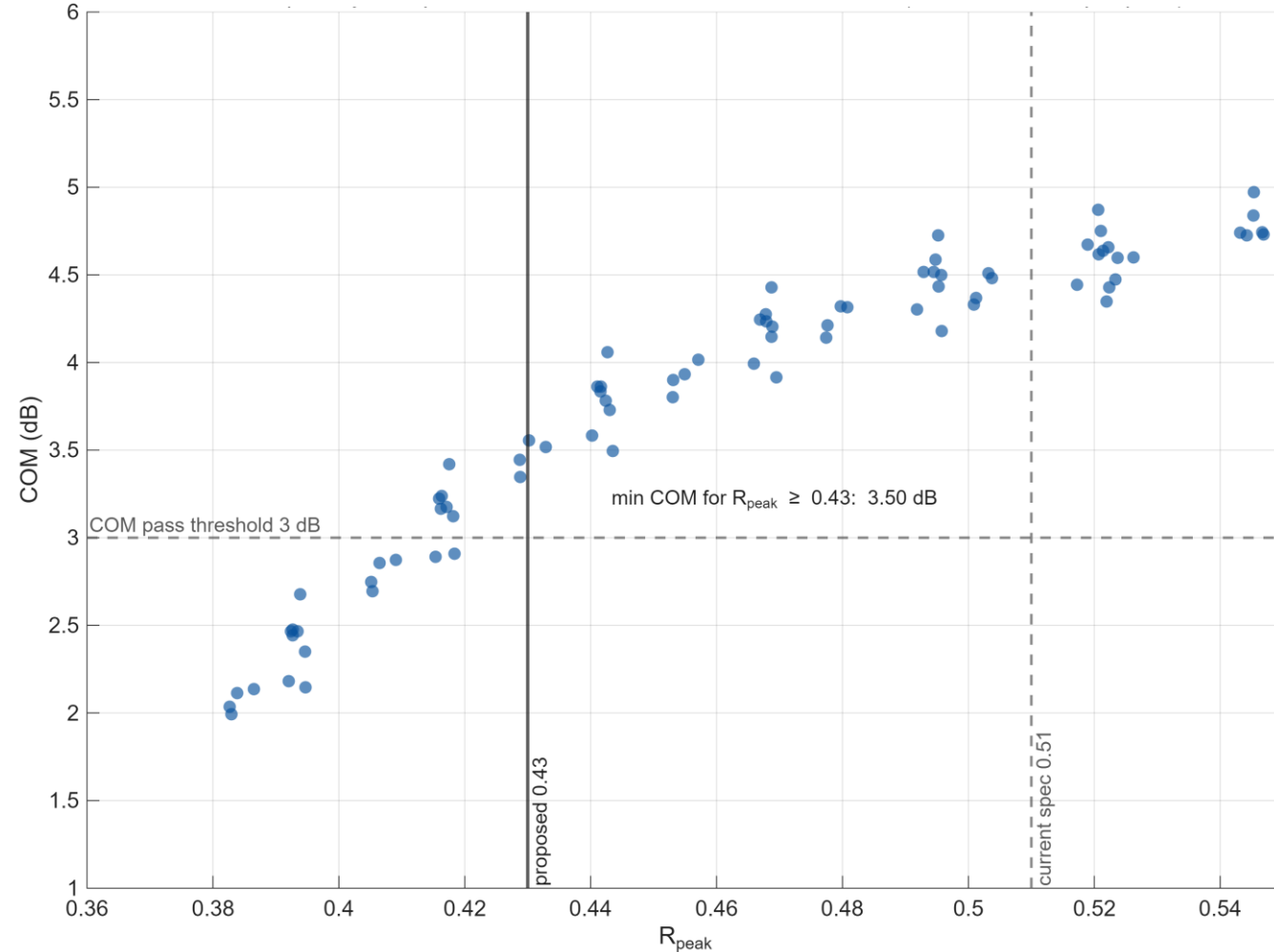
- R_{peak} = linear fit pulse peak ratio (176D.8.4, method of 179.9.4.2.2), specified for the module output at TP4.
 - Table 176D-3 today: R_{peak} (min) = 0.51, together with v_f (range) = 0.392 to 0.5 V.
- History: 0.567 (placeholder) -> 0.456 (mi_3dj_02a_2507) -> 0.46 (healey_3dj_01a_2511) -> 0.51 (healey_3dj_01_2601).
- The current limit is based on the COM reference model, but cannot be met even for slight deviation from this model.
- Data from recent interoperability events (e.g. calvin_3dj_01a_2601) show that most tested modules cannot meet the R_{peak} and v_f specifications together for the same TX preset. With that, these modules exhibited good interoperability with compliant hosts.
- Related to comment 240.

Simulation setup - tested channels (mammenga_3dj_01_2601)



Simulation: COM vs R_{peak} , D3.1 reference model

- Numerous mated pair channels
- R_{peak} was altered by TX transition time sweep
- At the reference $T_r = 4$ ps, $R_{\text{peak}} = 0.52$ to 0.55
 - Marginal to the current limit
- Min COM at R_{peak} of 0.51 is 4.35 dB
- Min COM at R_{peak} of 0.43 is 3.5 dB
 - well above the 3.0 dB requirement

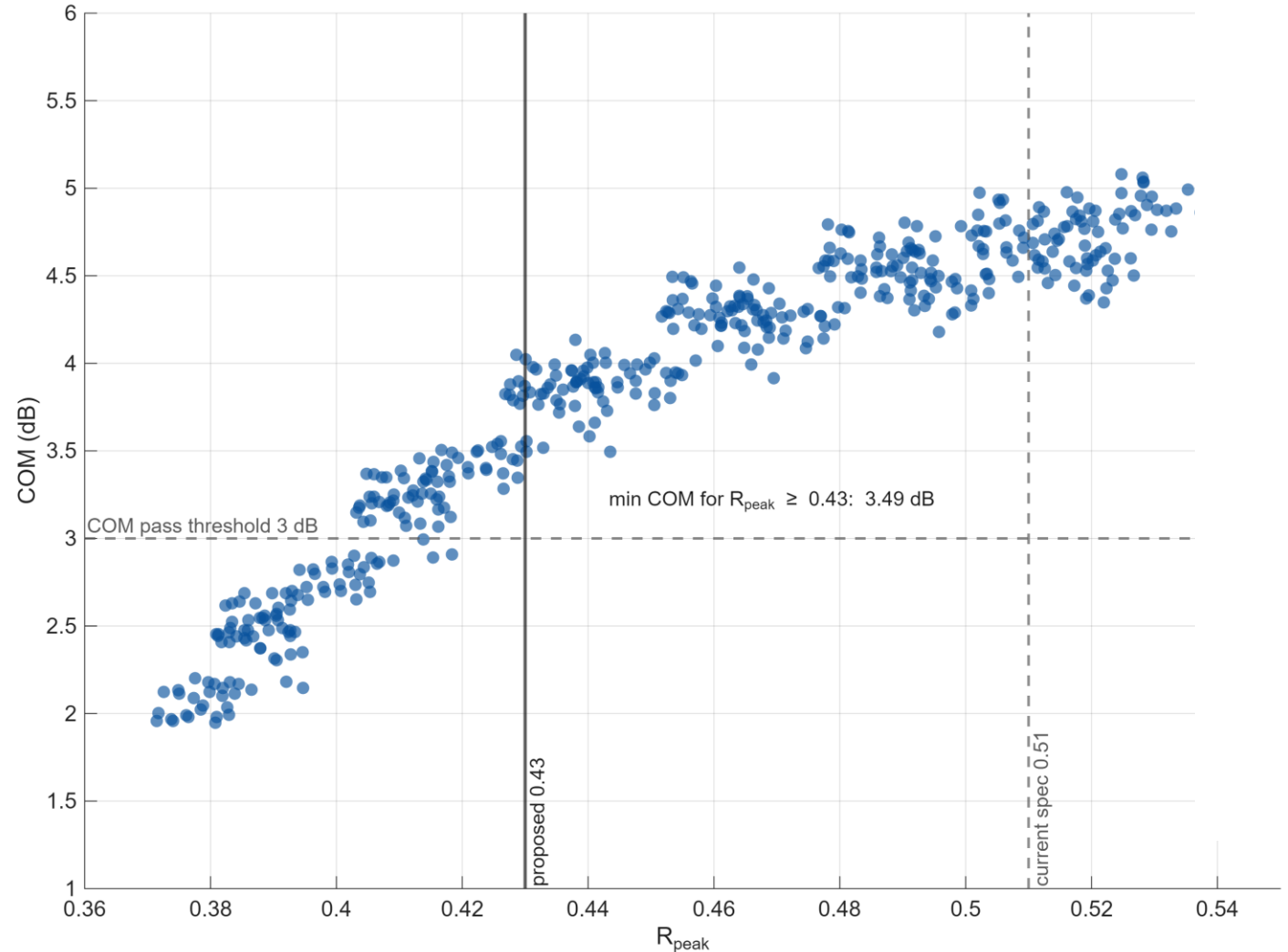


Notes:

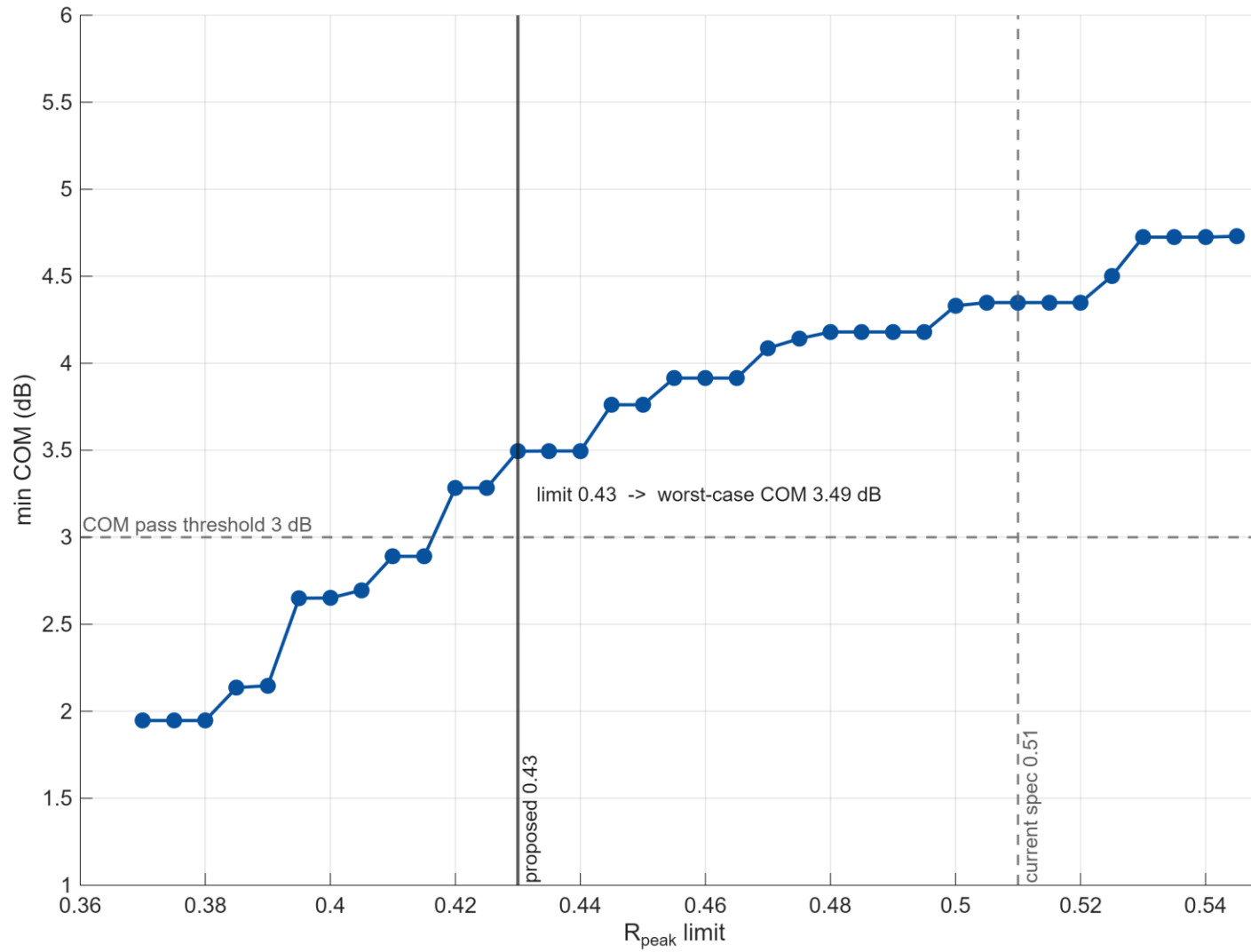
1. COM was measured for the complete channel, including a module, a mated pair, the partial host channel model and the host device package model.
2. R_{peak} of ~ 0.43 was achieved for T_r of 7 ps.

Same conclusion with a module package (informative)

- Same sweep, adding the module device package from the pre-D3.1 draft:
 - informative only: D3.1 removed the module package from the reference model
- COM-vs- R_{peak} relationship is unchanged.



Minimum COM vs. R_{peak} limit



* min COM = worst COM among all simulated points with $R_{\text{peak}} \geq \text{limit}$

Field data: modules that fail the spec interoperate

- EA plugfest, Dec 2025: 22 modules measured at TP2/TP4
- v_f (preset 1) vs R_{peak} (figure):
 - most modules cannot meet v_f and R_{peak} at the same preset
 - note: tested against $R_{peak} = 0.46$
- Same modules against compliant systems:
 - 43/45 link-up (95%), zero FLR failures
- The current spec fails modules that demonstrably interoperate
- Similar results were observed in the recent IBTA Plugfest

V_f (Preset 1) –vs- R_{peak}

Steady-state voltage (v_f) and linear fit pulse peak ratio (R_{peak})

Transmitter steady-state voltage, v_f (range)	176D.8.5	0.389 to 0.5	V
Linear fit pulse peak ratio, R_{peak} (min)	176D.8.5	0.46	—



Source: calvin_3dj_01a_2601 (Ethernet Alliance 224G plugfest, Dec 2025), slide 23

-  Modules that pass or likely to pass v_f and R_{peak}
-  Modules that may pass v_f and R_{peak}
-  Modules that are likely to fail v_f or R_{peak}

Why R_{peak} limit of 0.43 is safe?

- Host RX test is unchanged
 - the host RX interference tolerance test (176D.8.12) is calibrated via COM, independent of the module R_{peak} limit
- TX signal quality remains bounded
 - SNDR, output jitter, v_f , RLM
- System-level metric stays healthy
 - worst COM at $R_{\text{peak}} = 0.43$ is ≥ 3.49 dB, vs the 3.0 dB requirement

Conclusions

- The current R_{peak} limit cannot be met even for slight deviation from the COM reference model.
- Data from recent interoperability events (e.g. calvin_3dj_01a_2601) show that most tested modules cannot meet the R_{peak} and v_f specifications together for the same TX preset. With that, these modules exhibited good interoperability with compliant hosts.
- R_{peak} limit of 0.43 will ensure compliance of modules that proved proper interoperability without compromising the link quality.
- Suggested remedy – change the module output R_{peak} limit (Table 176D-3) to 0.43.

Thank you!